ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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Telephone: Central 2001

THE TIMES, Wednesday, May 7, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIX-PENCE for every additional line. A special rate for first and ten years' anniversary insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their criority. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" District Office, 93, Bath-street, Glasgow, or to the Barclays Bank Limited, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

ARCHIBALD.—On May 5, 1930, at Chudleigh, Farnborough, to NANCY (*née* Ravenhill), wife of MAJOR S. C. M. ARCHIBALD, M.C., R.A.—a daughter.

AUBREY-FLETCHER.—On Tuesday, May 6, 1930, at 19, Bentinck-street, the wife of HENRY LANCELOT AUBREY-FLETCHER, Chilton House, Thame, of a son.

AUSTIN.—On May 5, 1930, at Tanyard Farm, Horley, Surrey, to CONSTANCE IRENE (*née* Phillips), the wife of CECIL AUSTIN—a daughter.

BEESON.—On May 4, 1930, at "Boxholme," Caseldon-road, Stonebridge Park, N.W.10, to CELIA (*née* Garofalo), wife of CAPTAIN L. F. BEESON—a daughter.

BEST.—On May 3, 1930, at Hinckknowle, Melplash, Dorset, the wife of the HONBLE. JAMES WILLIAM BEST, O.B.E. (late India Forest Service), of a son.

BLOND.—On May 1, 1930, to Mr. and Mrs. HORACE L. BLOND, 18, Belfield-road, Didsbury, Manchester—a son.

BRAXTON.—On May 1, 1930, at "Bracondale," East Molesey, Surrey, to KATHLEEN, wife of ALFRED G. BRAXTON—a son.

CAMMELL.—On May 5, 1930, at Warren Lodge, Guildford, to MURIEL, wife of VERE B. CAMMELL—a daughter.

de LACY BACON.—On May 5, 1930, at Dulas Court, Pontrilas, Herefordshire, to DIANA, JOAN (*née* Barker), wife of MAJOR HUGH DE LACY BACON, R.E.—the gift of a daughter.

DEVEREUX.—On May 3, 1930, at the Louise Margaret Hospital, Aldershot, to ENID, wife of CAPTAIN R. DE R. DEVEREUX, The Royal Scots, of Abbeyfields, Farnborough, Hampshire—a son.

HODGSON.—On April 29, 1930, at Ditchingham Hospital, to ENID MARY (*née* Rhodes), the wife of CLAUDE HODGSON, of Earsham Park—a son.

JAMES.—On May 5, 1930, at Hill End, Henbury, Bristol, to JEAN (*née* Robberds), wife of GILBERT S. JAMES—a daughter.

KING.—On May 3, 1930, at Trevine Amble, Wadebridge, Cornwall, to NANCY (*née* Trethenry), wife of HENRY SMILSON KING—a daughter (still-born).

KIRKE.—On March 19, 1930, at the British Consulate-General, Yunnanfu, China, to MYRTLE ERNST (*née* Sandys), the wife of C. C. A. KIRKE, C.B.E., H.M. Consul-General—a son.

MAURICE-SMITH.—On May 4, 1930, at Ethelbreda House, Ely, Cambs, the wife of DR. K. S. MAURICE-SMITH, of a son.

ROBINSON.—On May 4, 1930, at Cote, Westbury, Bristol, to RUTHENDA, wife of HAROLD G. ROBINSON—a son.

SAYER.—On May 6, 1930, to SYLVIA, wife of LIEUTENANT G. P. SAYER, R.N., 19, Hendon-lane, Finchley—twin sons.

STANIER.—On May 3, 1930, at Liskeard, to Mr. and Mrs. T. M. STANIER, Duchy of Cornwall Office—a son.

TEMPLE.—On May 3, 1930, at Firdale, Farnham, the wife of W. T. TEMPLE, Royal Artillery—a daughter.

TERRY.—On May 2, 1930, at Headington, Oxford, to DR. and Mrs. W. R. TERRY (LEILA MARY, *née* Haskell)—a son.

THEVENARD.—On April 19, 1930, at Potonga Falls, E. Africa, the wife of CAPT. THEVENARD (daughter of John Fox, R.I.P.S., of Mombasa)—a daughter.

WILD.—On May 1, 1930, at Lone Oak, Oxshott, to Mr. and Mrs. H. C. WILD—a son.

WRIGHT.—On May 5, 1930, to IVY, wife of G. L. WRIGHT, Streatham Park—a son (JOHN GEORGE).

YORATH.—On May 5, 1930, to ALISON, wife of JOHN HUMPHREY YORATH, Kinver, Ridgeway, Pyrford, Surrey—the gift of a daughter.

MARRIAGES

BATES : WRIGHT.—On May 3, 1930, at St. Mark's, Surbiton, FREDERICK OLDHAM, son of the late Mr. C. A. and of Mrs. BATES, of Surbiton, to BETTY, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. WRIGHT, of Hampton Court Palace, W.

FINELLI : MOSS.—On March 6, 1930, at Ratnapura, Ceylon, CHARLES WILMER FINELLI, Aigburth, Rakwana, to MARGARET ELEANOR RUTH, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. BUCKTON MOSS, Wribbenhall House, Bewdley.

HAMMOND : DIX.—On April 29, 1930, at St. Michael's, Bournemouth, LIEUT.-COLONEL REGINALD CHARMER HAMMOND, D.S.O., to MISS JOSEPHINE DIX.

OLIVANT : RITCHIE.—On April 30, 1930, MAJOR G. E. OLIVANT, late 12th Royal Lancers, to MRS. E. V. RITCHIE, widow of K. L. RITCHIE, Esq.

THOMPSON : McCAUSLAND.—On April 30, 1930, at Drumachose Parish Church, by the Lord Bishop of Derry and Raphoe, assisted by the Very Rev. the Dean of Derry and of the Rev. A. E. Thompson, Rector of the parish, THE VERY REVEREND elder son of SIR JOHN ERASMUS WILSON THOMPSON, BART., C.B.E., and Lady Thompson, to HELEN LAURA, elder daughter of the M. M. McCAUSLAND, H.M.L., and Mrs. McCausland, of Drenagh, Limavady, Co. Londonderry.

DIAMOND WEDDING

BANKS : BELSHAM.—On May 7, 1870, at St. Andrew's Church, Holborn, FRED BANKS, of King's-mews and 4, John-street, Bedford-row, W.C., to ELIZABETH BELSHAM.

DEATHS

ALLNUTT.—On May 5, 1930, at 75, The Close, Norwich, EMILY MARY, widow of the REV. M. E. ALLNUTT, in her 75th year.

AMPHLETT.—On Sunday, May 4, 1930, at Worthing, after a very short illness, EDWARD GREENHILL AMPHLETT, M.A., J.P., aged 76. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday) at 3 o'clock at St. Paul's Church.

BENNETT.—On May 4, 1930, at Park Brook, Macclesfield, MARGARET BENNETT, widow of Frederick Bennett, aged 86.

BRAND.—On May 8, 1930, at "Melbury," West Byfleet, Surrey, FREDERICK GEORGE HILL BRAND, late of Dundee and Calcutta. Funeral at 2 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday) at Brookwood Cemetery; train at 2 p.m. from Waterloo to Brookwood Station.

CARSON.—On Monday, May 5, 1930, at King's College Hospital, after patient suffering, the HONBLE. HUGH CARSON, aged 49. R.I.P. Funeral private.

CAVE.—On May 4, 1930, at The Rocks, Seaview Hill, Sussex, ELSIE CLEERE, dearly loved wife of CECIL GORDON CAVE and elder daughter of the late R. T. F. Paske-Hazelfoot and Mrs. Paske-Hazelfoot, of 21, Lewes-crescent, Brighton.

CHAPMAN.—On May 5, 1930, at a nursing home in London, FANNY GEORGIANA, the dearly-loved wife of MAJOR HENRY CHAPMAN, late Enfield Park, Taunton, third daughter of the late LT.-COLONEL TRITTON, 10th Royal Hussars, aged 69 years. Funeral at Kingston, Taunton, to-morrow (Thursday). No flowers, by request.

CHATTOCK.—On May 4, 1930, at 23, Ansley-road, Clifton, Bristol, FRANCES GEORGINA, dearly beloved wife of HERBERT EDGER CHATTOCK, in her 69th year. Cremation private. Memorial service Emmanuel Church, Clifton, to-morrow (Thursday), 2.30 p.m. No flowers, by request.

CLEEVE.—On May 4, 1930, at Torquay, JANE HOSFORD, wife of the late FREDERICK CLEEVE, of Fern Bank, Limerick.

CROSSHAW.—On May 5, 1930, after an operation HERBERT PRIESTLEY CROSSHAW, Canon of Worcester and Chaplain to H.M. the King, aged 66. No flowers, by request. Funeral, Worcester Cathedral, to-morrow, (Thursday), 2.30 p.m.

DAWBARN.—On May 5, 1930, at "Bowthorne," Queen's-avenue, Maxwell-hill, London, MARGARET MARIA DAWBARN. Interment at Great Northern Cemetery, Southgate, to-morrow (Thursday), at 3.15. No flowers at her request.

de ROBECK.—On May 3, 1930, at 31, Marlborough-road, Dublin, MAJOR C. DE ROBECK.

DICKEN.—On May 4, 1930, at Torquay, EDITH ELIZABETH DICKEN. Funeral service at St. Mark's Church, Torquay, at 2.15 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday).

DODS.—On May 3, 1930, at St. Heliers, Wells, Norfolk, JOSEPH BLYTH DODS, dearly loved husband of Ada Jessie Dods, second and eldest surviving son of the late William Dods, of Denburton, near Spalding, aged 70 years. Funeral at St. Nicholas Church, Wells, to-day (Wednesday), 2.30.

DONALD.—On May 4, 1930, suddenly, at Quarry Hill, Meadowgate, Cumberland, the REV. MATTHEW MAN BRODIE DONALD, aged 66.

DOWDALL.—On May 4, 1930, at 4a, Portman-Buildings, W.1, DOROTHY, widow of LIEUT.-COLONEL L. E. DOWDALL, Royal Dublin Fusiliers and A.F.D.

FRY.—On May 6, 1930, at the Cancer Hospital, Fulham-road, HUBERT JOHN BUSHELL FRY, M.D., aged 44. Cremation, Golders Green, to-morrow (Thursday), 11.30 a.m.

GRACE.—On May 5, 1930, at Beaulieu, France, MRS. M. J. GRACE, of 40, Belgrave-square, S.W.1, widow of the W. P. GRACE.

HARCOURT-CLARKE.—On May 5, 1930, very suddenly, on Sandy Lodge Golf Links, Denys, the beloved husband of DOROTHY HARCOURT-CLARKE, late of Packwood Haugh, Warwickshire, in his 51st year. Funeral arrangements later.

HARDY.—On May 5, 1930, at Heathercliff, Portland-road, Bournemouth, JOHN HASLER HARDY, in his 78th year. Most dearly beloved.

HARRISON.—On May 6, 1930, at 21, Brunswick-terrace, Hove, ANNIE WIDDRIF, second daughter of the late WILLIAM HARRISON, of Newcastle-on-Tyne. Funeral at Benfordon Cemetery, on Saturday, May 10, at 2.30.

HEAL.—On April 30, 1930, at 81, Rue Percire, 81, Saint-en-Laye, France, the REV. HERBERT W. HEAL, of Station Beach, St. Germains-en-Laye.

HINDLE.—On May 5, 1930, at 93, Leyland-road, Southport, HETTIE, widow of FREDERICK GEORGE HINDLE of Astley Bank, Darwen, aged 77 years.

DEATHS (continued)

HOOKER.—On May 6, 1930, AUBREY HENHAM HOOKER, F.I.C., F.C.S., of Brichtleigh, Outwood, near Redhill, late of Cairo, aged 76. Funeral at Yalding Church at 3 on Saturday, May 10. Flowers to Brightleigh, Friday.

HOREY.—On May 5, 1930, at Merrington, Kingsgate, Bridlington, EDWARD JAMES HOREY, aged 65.

MACHIN.—On May 4, 1930, the REV. BERTRAM WILLIAM MACHIN, rector of Broughton Astley, Leicestershire. Funeral service at St. Mary's, Broughton Astley, to-morrow (Thursday), at 2 p.m.

MASINA.—On May 6, 1930, at Hill Station, Mahabaleshwar, Bombay, JERRAL, dearly beloved wife of H. M. MASINA, F.R.C.S., of 18, Grantchester-road, Cambridge, and Bombay.

MATHESON.—On May 5, 1930, at 38, Priory-road, Hastings, JANET MATHESON, widow of Donald Fraser Matheson, formerly of Clapton, N.E. Interment, Abney Park Cemetery, to-morrow (Thursday), at 2.30 p.m.

MIDDLETON.—On May 3, 1930, at Worthing, OSBORNE MIDDLETON, late of Shanghai, in his 84th year. (Shanghai papers, please copy.)

MONEY-KYRLE.—On May 5, 1930, at 25, Pelham-crescent, S.W., FLORENCE CECILIA, widow of MAJOR A. W. W. MONEY-KYRLE, of Homme House, Hereford-shire, and Whetham, Wiltshire, and daughter of the late Horace Smith-Rosanquet, Esq., of Broxbornebury, Herts. Funeral at North Marcle, Herefordshire, to-morrow (Thursday), 2 p.m.

MOORE.—On May 6, 1930, at her residence, Kingston House, Leatherhead, EMILY MOORE, in her 87th year.

NICHOLSON.—On May 3, 1930, at a nursing home in London, MARIA LOUISA (*née* Sheridan), widow of ROBERT NICHOLSON, of Sydney, Australia, aged 68. Service from a settler in South Africa to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association, 199, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

RETIRED REGULAR OFFICER (38). Oxford Graduate, expert horseman (Weedon trained), some knowledge of showing (including Olympia, Richmond and Islington), knowledge of farming and estate management, some means, seeks occupation that will add to them. Write Box S.784. The Times, E.C.4.

COODEN CHILDREN'S HOTEL, opening July 31st, ninth year; grounds leading to beach; tennis, play rooms; garage; nurses' requirements studied.—58, Guzbury-road, Barons Court, London. Fulham 1740.

COMBAT CANCER.—Any donation to the BRITISH EMPIRE CANCER CAMPAIGN (President H.R.H. the Duke of York, K.G.) will help the work of endeavouring to discover the cause of cancer and its cure. Please remit contributions to Sir Richard Garton, C.B.E., Honorary Secretary, 12, Grosvenor-crescent, Hyde Park-corner, London, S.W.1.

MONTE CARLO (Marvellous views). Airy FLAT to be LET, FURNISHED, July, August, September; large dining and drawing, six bed rooms, four bath, &c., SUPERB CONVENIENCE.—Write Box G.1556, The Times, E.C.4.

N.S.P.C.C. Constantly needs Surgical Aid Society Letters.—Please send to William J. Elliott, Director, Leicester-square, W.C.2.

LADY, own charming Surrey Estate, seeks two young Gentlepeople HALF-CHARGE possible country interest 2hrs. weekly. Opportunities of earning; interview London.—SM/JDSM. London, W.C.1.

THE CHILDREN'S COUNTRY HOLIDAYS FUND (Incorporated) HAVE STILL SOME CHILDREN (mostly orphans) a poor delicate London child to enjoy a fortnight's holiday in the country during the summer. Please send what you can to Earl of Aylesford (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand, W.C.2. In 1929 £2,000 was required.

KENYA. N. Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Tanganyika, Uganda, Zanzibar.—Pupils possessed of the necessary capital can be given introductions to farmers in East Africa.—Address, Secretary, Govt. Immigration Office, Royal Mail-buildings, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.

LADY of TITLE desiring to take interest (not financial) in a West-End business of an original and attractive nature, invited write Box A.926, The Times, E.C.4.

COLLOQUIAL FRENCH CLASS — Mondays, 8.15. Beginners' class, 12 Thursdays and 6.15 Fridays; also private lessons.—Write Box M.1546, The Times, E.C.4.

COUNTRY, WITHIN HUNDRED YARDS OF SEA. — Surely you would not object to this in one of the healthiest and most select spots because you are a mile or so from the universal whipper-in-hunt? Detached house, eight weeks only out of the 52. If I am right, you might be interested in the House and secluded, timbered grounds in the Isle of Thanet, part of the Estate now advertised and illustrated to-day. Two hours of Town. Very low upkeep. Very reasonable and not depreciating. —Write Box G.1580, The Times, E.C.4.

£1 SENDS ONE EAST END CHILD from the dirt and squalor of London to the SEA for FIFTEEN WEEKS. Good food, fresh air work wonders.—Address Rev. W. Noel Lambert, St. Gabriel's Vicarage, Poplar, E.14.

OLD MASTERS.—Advertiser, knowing and in touch with many of the world's wealthiest private collectors, American, &c., wishes to meet those able to influence the private sale of important works in private collections.—Write Box A.1574, The Times, E.C.4.

NATIONAL ADOPTION SOCIETY (registered 1917). Only addresses, 4, Baker-street, W.1 (Welbeck 7211), and West of England Branch, 8, Bennett-street, Bath.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY, eminently suitable as Private Coaching School, situate close to BEXHILL, having 12 large rooms, 3 reception, 2 bathrooms, good offices; raquet and hard tennis courts; adjoining golf course. For SALE at a low figure.—Particulars of MR. SIDNEY JOHNSON, Chapel-street, S.W.1.

PUTNEY.—CORNER RESIDENCE. Freehold, semi-detached, £2,500 or near offer; four bed, three reception; large garage; garden, conservatory; suitable doctor, conversion flats.—'Phone Putney 3707.

BRAND NEW CRUISER CARAVAN for SALE; exceptionally well appointed; accommodates four persons; unable to use it; weight 10cwt.; suit 12 h.p. car; can be inspected at Torquay; price £100.—Write Box G.1594, The Times, E.C.4.

AN attractive MAISONNETTE in MAYFAIR for DISPOSAL, which could be easily converted into three flats; let 3 bed rooms, two reception rooms, and excellent offices; lease about 19 years; £500. Moderate price.—Write Box G.1595, The Times, E.C.4.

SALMON and SEA TROUT FISHING. June and July.—See under Shooting and Fishing, page four.

FOR HIRE by the month, 40.50 ROLLS-ROYCE. Very small, privately owned car. Moderate price.—Telephone Sloane 4780, or write Box 1320 B, 9 p.m.

BEAUTIFUL WOODLAND SITE in SURREY. Magnificent views across Lake to Leith Hill. ONE ACRE.—Write Box N.785, The Times, E.C.4.

OLD-HARROVIAN, 50, having retired from business (12 months), two friendless schoolboys; wide business experience and would welcome congenial OCCUPATION, organizing or secretarial nature; no canvassing.—Write Box G.1574, The Times, E.C.4.

AMOUNTING THEOBALD'S PARK, HERTS.—To be LET, Unfurnished, perfect Jacobean RESIDENCE; 14 bed rooms, four reception; nice gardens, tennis lawn, &c.—Write Box E.512, The Times, E.C.4.

FOR SALE, cheap, few SPORTING PICTURES, also Old Prints, Engravings, Water Colours. No dealers.—Write Box G.1549, The Times, E.C.4.

CAMPDEN HILL.—Ideal BACHELOR SUITE. Furnished; sitting, bed, bath, service, meals.—Park 4465.

VOISIN four-seater Coupé, 1929; splendid Park Ward body; 8,000 miles, or terms.—Museum 6229, or write Box N.751, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY LAWRENCE wishes to SELL her WEEK-END FREEHOLD semi-detached COTTAGE, five minutes from Walton Heath Golf Club; two reception, five bed, two bathrooms, garage, &c.—10 acres of old apple orchard.—Write Box E.506, The Times, E.C.4.

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY (lady) requires POSITION; fluent French, German, shorthand, typing; part or full time.—Write Box R.702, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, RENT or BUY, COTTAGE, near good golf course; five bed rooms.—Write Box G.1557, The Times, E.C.4.

AUGUST HOLIDAY REQUIRED by large family as PAYING GUESTS at seaside; preferably school or cricketing; £10 to £20 for the four weeks.—Weller, "Glastonbury," Watford.

THAMES RIVERSIDE.—See advertisement under Houses for Sale.

MOTOR YACHT, 46ft., by 10ft., built double teak, 1926; three double cabins, Thornycroft engine starter, &c.; cost £2,500. £1,450.—Liddell, 25, Cleveland-square, W.2.

SMART SALOON CAR HIRE 35s. day, 15s. evening; no extras.—Hounslow 2857.

HAMPSTEAD.—SUITE of three rooms; third floor, £85.—127, Fellows-road, N.W.3. Primrose 4830.

HAMPSTEAD.—Sunny balcony FLAT, £104.—127, Fellows-road, N.W.3. Primrose 4830.

EASTBOURNE.—GROUND-FLOOR FLAT to be LET Unfurnished; five rooms; £160 inclusive; would let furnished to careful tenants.—Write Box 0558, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

OLD CHINESE JADE (1813) DESSERT SERVICE. Unusual opportunity.—31, Basil-street, S.W.

JAPANESE GENTLEMAN REQUIRED, very experienced and well known to leading business houses and manufacturers in Japan, to conduct Sales campaign in writing from London; also to call on clients; interference essential.—Write Box N.758, The Times, E.C.4.

PIANO REQUIRED, BECHSTEIN, BLUTHNER, or equal make.—Write M., care of 7, Davies-street, W.1.

VERY CHOICE WINES.—Please write for full list of Wines and Spirits to HEDGES and BUTLER, Ltd., 153, Regent-street, London, W.1.

FORTNUM and MASON'S new beauty sprays blow an imperceptibly fine mist of powder on to the complexion like a fairy's breath—delightful. In new geometrical designs, 25s. 6d. and 42s. Lingerie Department, Fortnum and Mason, 182, Piccadilly, W.1.

EVERYONE APPRECIATES GOOD CLOTHES, but LESS not every one can pay their original cost; we have enormous demands from our various branches for partly worn clothing, such as gentlemen's lounge or dress suits, overcoats, &c., ladies' dresses, furs, costumes, shoes, &c., and therefore pay far above the average prices for all unrequired effects.—Cash by return for parcels, or call at PETER DEAN and Co., 134-5, EDGWARE-ROAD, W.2. Padd. 4320. Buyers attend free of charge anywhere.

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PERSONAL

T.—Do not worry, I shall catch up.—M.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

MRS. KYRE LLOYD graciously ACKNOWLEDGES all the kind LETTERS and TELEGRAMS of SYMPATHY she has received, also the beautiful flowers. She hopes in time to thank all personally.

ASSAM LADIES' ANNUAL DINNER.—This dinner will take place at the PICCADILLY HOTEL on MONDAY, June 2nd.—For information apply to MRS. J. E. D. MOORE, Summercroft, River-road, Taplow, Bucks.

THE BOARD of INLAND REVENUE ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT of £25 conscience money from "Epsilon."

VERY LIKELY THERE ARE FAIRIES at the bottom of the garden. If we have you, any right to expect three gracious visitations unless you listen to what the fairies whisper: Beauty and tenderness are only for those with gentle understanding. The fairies' brief message this evening was: "Send a gift to the Royal Hospital and Home for Incurables, Putney." The need is really urgent and the fairies softly proclaim it.—City Offices, Bond Court House, Walbrook, E.C.4.

"I AM WELL SATISFIED with farming in this country (South Africa), and one can undoubtedly do more with limited capital here than elsewhere." From a settler in South Africa to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association, 199, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

RETIRED REGULAR OFFICER (38). Oxford Graduate, expert horseman (Weedon trained), some knowledge of showing (including Olympia, Richmond and Islington), knowledge of farming and estate management, some means, seeks occupation that will add to them. Write Box S.784, The Times, E.C.4.

COODEN CHILDREN'S HOTEL, opening July 31st, ninth year; grounds leading to beach; tennis, play rooms; garage; nurses' requirements studied.—58, Guzbury-road, Barons Court, London. Fulham 1740.

COMBAT CANCER.—Any donation to the BRITISH EMPIRE CANCER CAMPAIGN (President H.R.H. the Duke of York, K.G.) will help the work of endeavouring to discover the cause of cancer and its cure. Please remit contributions to Sir Richard Garton, C.B.E., Honorary Secretary, 12, Grosvenor-crescent, Hyde Park-corner, London, S.W.1.

MONTE CARLO (Marvellous views). Airy FLAT to be LET, FURNISHED, July, August, September; large dining and drawing, six bed rooms, four bath, &c., SUPERB CONVENIENCE.—Write Box G.1556, The Times, E.C.4.

N.S.P.C.C. Constantly needs Surgical Aid Society Letters.—Please send to William J. Elliott, Director, Leicester-square, W.C.2.

LADY, own charming Surrey Estate, seeks two young Gentlepeople HALF-CHARGE possible country interest 2hrs. weekly. Opportunities of earning; interview London.—SM/JDSM. London, W.C.1.

THE CHILDREN'S COUNTRY HOLIDAYS FUND (Incorporated) HAVE STILL SOME CHILDREN (mostly orphans) a poor delicate London child to enjoy a fortnight's holiday in the country during the summer. Please send what you can to Earl of Aylesford (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand, W.C.2. In 1929 £2,000 was required.

KENYA. N. Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Tanganyika, Uganda, Zanzibar.—Pupils possessed of the necessary capital can be given introductions to farmers in East Africa.—Address, Secretary, Govt. Immigration Office, Royal Mail-buildings, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.

LADY of TITLE desiring to take interest (not financial) in a West-End business of an original and attractive nature, invited write Box A.926, The Times, E.C.4.

COLLOQUIAL FRENCH CLASS — Mondays, 8.15. Beginners' class, 12 Thursdays and 6.15 Fridays; also private lessons.—Write Box M.1546, The Times, E.C.4.

COUNTRY, WITHIN HUNDRED YARDS OF SEA. — Surely you would not object to this in one of the healthiest and most select spots because you are a mile or so from the universal whipper-in-hunt? Detached house, eight weeks only out of the 52. If I am right, you might be interested in the House and secluded, timbered grounds in the Isle of Thanet, part of the Estate now advertised and illustrated to-day. Two hours of Town. Very low upkeep. Very reasonable and not depreciating. —Write Box G.1580, The Times, E.C.4.

£1 SENDS ONE EAST END CHILD from the dirt and squalor of London to the SEA for FIFTEEN WEEKS. Good food, fresh air work wonders.—Address Rev. W. Noel Lambert, St. Gabriel's Vicarage, Poplar, E.14.

OLD MASTERS.—Advertiser, knowing and in touch with many of the world's wealthiest private collectors, American, &c., wishes to meet those able to influence the private sale of important works in private collections.—Write Box A.1574, The Times, E.C.4.

NATIONAL ADOPTION SOCIETY (registered 1917). Only addresses, 4, Baker-street, W.1 (Welbeck 7211), and West of England Branch, 8, Bennett-street, Bath.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY, eminently suitable as Private Coaching School, situate close to BEXHILL, having 12 large rooms, 3 reception, 2 bathrooms, good offices; raquet and hard tennis courts; adjoining golf course. For SALE at a low figure.—Particulars of MR. SIDNEY JOHNSON, Chapel-street, S.W.1.

PUTNEY.—CORNER RESIDENCE. Freehold, semi-detached, £2,500 or near offer; four bed, three reception; large garage; garden, conservatory; suitable doctor, conversion flats.—'Phone Putney 3707.

BRAND NEW CRUISER CARAVAN for SALE; exceptionally well appointed; accommodates four persons; unable to use it; weight 10cwt.; suit 12 h.p. car; can be inspected at Torquay; price £100.—Write Box G.1594, The Times, E.C.4.

AN attractive MAISONNETTE in MAYFAIR for DISPOSAL, which could be easily converted into three flats; let 3 bed rooms, two reception rooms, and excellent offices; lease about 19 years; £500. Moderate price.—Write Box G.1595, The Times, E.C.4.

SALMON and SEA TROUT FISHING. June and July.—See under Shooting and Fishing, page four.

FOR HIRE by the month, 40.50 ROLLS-ROYCE. Very small, privately owned car. Moderate price. Telephone Sloane 4780, or write Box 1320 B, 9 p.m.

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LADY LAWRENCE wishes to SELL her WEEK-END FREEHOLD semi-detached COTTAGE, five minutes from Walton Heath Golf Club; two reception, five bed, two bathrooms, garage, &c.—10 acres of old apple orchard.—Write Box E.506, The Times, E.C.4.

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY (lady) requires POSITION; fluent French, German, shorthand, typing; part or full time.—Write Box R.702, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, RENT or BUY, COTTAGE, near good golf course; five bed rooms.—Write Box G.1557, The Times, E.C.4.

AUGUST HOLIDAY REQUIRED by large family as PAYING GUESTS at seaside; preferably school or cricketing; £10 to £20 for the four weeks.—Weller, "Glastonbury," Watford.

THAMES RIVERSIDE.—See advertisement under Houses for Sale.

MOTOR YACHT, 46ft., by 10ft., built double teak, 1926; three double cabins, Thornycroft engine starter, &c.; cost £2,500. £1,450.—Liddell, 25, Cleveland-square, W.2.

SMART SALOON CAR HIRE 35s. day, 15s. evening; no extras.—Hounslow 2857.

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HAMPSTEAD.—Sunny balcony FLAT, £104.—127, Fellows-road, N.W.3. Primrose 4830.

EASTBOURNE.—GROUND-FLOOR FLAT to be LET Unfurnished; five rooms; £160 inclusive; would let furnished to careful tenants.—Write Box 0558, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

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May 8.—THE HOLY LAND, EGYPT, GREECE, &c.
26 days; from 50 guineas.

May 30.—SPAIN, ALGERIA, MOROCCO.
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15 days; from 24 guineas.

June 28.—SPAIN, MONTE CARLO, ALGERIA.
15 days; from 24 guineas.

July 26.—AROUND BRITAIN.
15 days; from 24 guineas.

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P. & O.

(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers † for Malta, † for Port Said.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Mseilles.
Naldera ..	16,000	Harrison	—	May 9
†Osmonia ..	16,000	Cartwright	May 9	May 16
Morea ..	11,000	Holland	May 16	May 23
†Razmak ..	11,000	Thornton	May 23	May 30
Narkunda ..	16,500	Parker	May 30	June 6
†Malwa ..	11,000	Britten	June 6	June 13
Rajputana ..	16,600	Cadiz	June 13	June 20
†Rawalpindi ..	16,600	Stringer	June 20	June 27
Mooltan ..	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Kaisar-i-Hind ..	11,500	Headlam	July 4	July 11
Mantua ..	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
†Macedonia ..	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin ..	11,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Rampura ..	16,000	Furlong	Aug. 1	Aug. 8

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.

From London and Marseilles.

Naldera ..	16,500	Harrison	—	May 9
†Mongolia ..	16,000	Rhodes	May 16	May 22
Narkunda ..	16,500	Parker	May 30	June 6
Chitray ..	15,000	Griffin	June 13	June 19
Mooltan ..	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
*Bendigo ..	13,000	Wyatt	July 11	July 17
Comorin ..	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Mokhavia ..	16,500	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14

‡ Taking also 3rd cabin passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Calling at Southampton.

Rankin (cargo)	7,000	Tickell	May 9	—
Pechsa (cargo) ..	7,726		June 6	—
Bhutan (cargo) ..	6,000		June 20	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Mores ..	11,000	Holland	May 16	May 23
Kalyan ..	9,000	Cochrane	May 29	—
Rajputana ..	16,600	Cadiz	June 13	June 20
Sahnir ..	5,000	Mallow	June 26	—
Mantua ..	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18

BRITISH INDIA.

(Under contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON
*WARWICK ..	8,060	—	May 10	May 16
*HATIPARA ..	8,182	May 24	May 21	May 31
*A STEAMER ..	—	June 14	June 11	June 21
DOMALA ..	8,441	July 5	July 2	July 12

* Cargo Steamer.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON
*MORVADA ..	8,193	—	May 10	May 17
†*MULDERA ..	8,150	—	May 24	May 31
*MANTOLA ..	9,068	May 28	June 7	June 14
*MASHOBRA ..	9,224	June 11	June 21	June 28

* Calls Tangier. † Calls Malta and Jeddah.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Middsbro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
MADURA ..	9,077	—	—	May 9	May 17
MATIANA ..	9,067	May 17	May 28	June 6	June 13
MALDA ..	8,900	June 14	June 25	July 4	July 12
MODASA ..	9,070	July 12	July 23	Aug. 1	Aug. 9

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Immingham	LONDON
A STEAMER ..	—	—	—	—

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VIA PANAMA CANAL.

Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ships.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITANE (motor vessel)	17,000	May 7
ROTORUA ..	12,500	June 6
*REMUERA ..	11,500	June 13
MATAROA (new motor vessel)	16,900	July 4
TEUCAPERU ..	9,000	Aug. 1

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suva.
Apply the N.Z.S. Co., Ltd. (J. R. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 156, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele., Avenue 1220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd., (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724).

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By way of Pacific Ports in Canada and U.S.A., thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From ‡Vancouver.	From ‡San Francisco.
AORANGI	May 28	June 11
MAKURA	—	—
NIAGARA	June 25	July 9
TAHITI	—	—

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.
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ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

	Tons.	London.	Plym'th.
BARRABOOL ..	13,000	9 May	16 May
SALSANALD ..	13,000	30 May	7 June
BALLARAT ..	13,000	4 July	5 July
†BENDIGO ..	13,000	11 July	—

† Calls Marseilles 17th July, omitting Malta.
Also 2nd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MONGOLIA ..	16,500	May 16	May 22
R.M.S. HOLDAVIA ..	16,500	Aug. 8	Aug. 14

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CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORONSAY ..	20,000	May 24	May 30	June 1
ORAMA ..	20,000	June 27	June 30	July 1
OTRANTO ..	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE ..	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO ..	12,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
ORONTES ..	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY ..	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA ..	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19

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CITY HALL

BUCKNALL

FAST REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
City of Cairo ..	7,906	June 5	Calcutta
at Sir of Venice ..	8,208	June 19	Bombay and Karachi
City of York ..	7,844	July 5	Calcutta.
sCity of Baroda ..	7,129	July 15	Bombay and Karachi

(a) Calls Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Sparta ..	5,416	May 10 (C. Town, Algoa Bay.
City of Alexandria ..	4,712	June 7) E. London, Natal.

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Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing from Liverpool	Sailing Marseilles.
Gloucestershire ..	12,500	—	May 10
Cheshire ..	15,000	May 16	May 24
Yorkshire ..	13,500	May 30	June 7
Leicestershire ..	12,000	June 13	June 21

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U.S.A.—CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

MAURETANIA - - May 10
*CARMANIA .. May 10 AQUITANIA .. May 17
* Via Havre and Cobh, not Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.
*SAMARIA - - - - MAY 10
†CARINTHIA .. May 17 *LACONIA .. May 24
† Calls Boston. * Via Belfast, not Cobh.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
AURANIA - - - - MAY 9
ASCANIA .. May 17 ALAUNIA .. May 24
* Calls Cobh.
LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
*ANDANIA - - - MAY 9
†ATHENIA .. May 17 ANTONIA .. May 23
† From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.
* Calls Belfast prior to Glasgow.

Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.2; 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

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THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.

SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg

Majestic ..	Wed., May 7	Olympic ..	Wed., May 21
Homeric ..	Wed., May 14	Majestic ..	Wed., May 28

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.

Arabic ..	Sat., May 10	Cedric ..	Sat., May 24
(2) Baltic ..	Sat., May 17	†(2) Adriatic ..	Sat., May 31

† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Albertic ..	Fri., May 9	Doric ..	Fri., May 30
Laurentic ..	Fri., May 16	Albertic ..	Fri., June 6

SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Calgaric .. .. Sat., May 17
(Via Queenstown.)

LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, Via Panama.
Tamarca (Passengers from Southampton only), Fri., May 23

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.

(4) Westernland .. .. .. May 10
(6) Belgenland .. .. .. May 17

TO CANADA.

SOUTHAMPTON to HALIFAX, N.S.

(4) Westernland .. .. .. Sat., May 10
(4) Pennland .. .. .. Sat., May 24
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE,

LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.

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*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons	.. ..	May 10	June 7
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TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

†Minnekhada, 17,281 tons	.. ..	May 17	June 14

* Carrying Cattle, including refrigerated cargo.
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REGULAR FIRST AND SECOND-CLASS EXPRESS FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES from

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" THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER "
BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
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" DE GRASSE " (c) ..	May 10	May 16
" PARIS " (c) ..	May 14	May 20
" LAFAYETTE " (c) ..	May 17	May 23

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.

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HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
Also
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S.S. " PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE " ..			May 19
S.S. " FLANDRE " ..			June 16

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	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
HARUNA MARU	10,500	May 17	May 24	May 26
KAMO MARU	8,000	May 30	June 7	June 9
KATORI MARU	10,000	June 14	June 21	June 23

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.

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Fortnightly passenger and mail service to Barbados, Trinidad, La Guaira, Pto. Cabello, Curaçao, Pto. Colombia, Cartagena, and Pto. Limon.

Next Sailings from Dover :—

S.S. " SIMON BOLIVAR " ..	May 24
S.S. " RYNSDIJK " ..	June 7
S.S. " STUYVESANT " ..	June 21

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.

S.S. " COTTICA " ..	May 10
S.S. " CRIJNSSEN " ..	May 31
S.S. " PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK " ..	June 21

For Passage Rates and full particulars apply to :—
Phs. Van Ommeren (London), Ltd., 19, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. (Phone : Regent 4529.)
Or to CITY OFFICE : 27, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3. (Phone : Monument 0021.)

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.
TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.

†ROTTERDAM (First-class fare from £42 10s.) ..	May 17
VOLENDAM (First-class fare from £35) ..	May 24

HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.

18.S. STATENDAM 30,000 tons.

Next Sailing .. .. May 10

TO CUBA AND MEXICO

*LEERDAM ..	May 24	*MAASDAM ..	June 21

* From Boulogne. † Not calling Halifax.
Apply 19, Pall Mall, S.W.1 (Tele. No. Gerr. 5440.) or to 37, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. No., Mon. 0021.)

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.

CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

*ELYSIA ..	May 16	†*CASTALIA ..	July 1
†*CIRCASSIA ..	May 30	†*CIRCASSIA ..	Aug. 29

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan.
Vessels recognized by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS,
carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 27, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

CALIFORNIA ..	May 10	CAMERONIA ..	May 23
CALEDONIA ..	May 16	TRANSYLVANIA ..	June 6

ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

UNITED STATES LINES.

AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES

TO NEW YORK.

U.S.L. A.M.L.
From Southampton Weekly. From London Weekly.
Famous Cuisine. From One class only £20 10s.
£38 Return (Tourist Cabin). With bath £25 10s.
Bookings, &c., free from your Agent or U.S. Lines. Offices, 14, Regent-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5820.)
George Washington May 9 LEVIATHAN .. May 13
President Roosevelt May 15 America .. May 22

HEALTH—PLEASURE—EDUCATION.
TO TRAVEL ROUND THE WORLD.
£257 10s. 0d. First Class. £152 8s. 6d. Special Class.
Fortnightly Sailings. Stop-over Privileges at all Ports.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AND AMERICAN MAIL LINE.

Complete Voyage—112 Golden Days of Travel or Voyage can be completed any time within two years.
For full particulars and accommodation apply to T. H. Duff and Co., General Agents, 22, Billiter-street, London, E.C.3 (Tele., Monument 0211), or to the Principal Passenger Agencies.

HENDERSON LINE.

GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL
To PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and RANGOON via MARSEILLES.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.

	Sails Liverpool.	Sails Marseilles.
" YOMA "	9th May	17th May
" AMARAPOORA "	23rd May	31st May

Galbraith, Pembroke and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3 ; Lamport and Holt, Ltd., 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3 ; P. Henderson and Co., 155, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

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REGULAR SAILINGS BETWEEN LIVERPOOL, LONDON, HULL, the CONTINENT, NEW YORK, ST. JOHN, N.B., and WEST AFRICAN PORTS (Passengers and Cargo).
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OCEAN PASSAGES TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
PLEASURE CRUISES AT ANY SEASON

for any period.
Full particulars of all Sailings, Fares, &c., gratis.
Official Agents ALL LINES. No Booking Fees.

J. D. HEWETT & CO.,
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101, LEADENHALL-STREET, E.C.3. Avenue 9870.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA by THE ROYAL MAIL LINE, BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS

to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
ALCANTARA (M.V.) ..	22,181	May 9	—
†DESEADO	11,477	—	May 10
*ARLANZA	14,930	May 23	—
DESNA	11,483	—	May 24
ASTURIAS (M.V.) ..	22,071	June 6	—
DEMERARA	11,484	—	June 7
*ALMANZORA	15,551	June 20	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.) ..	22,181	July 4	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE

to
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

CHILE, BERMUDA, HAVANA.	Via France, Spain.	PERU. PANAMA CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	May 15
ORCOMA (calls Azores)	17,580	May 29
ORITA (omits Bermuda)	9,298	June 12
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA.
ORDUNA, July 3.

R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"

CRUISES to
GIBRALTAR, TANGIER, CASABLANCA, LAS PALMAS, TENERIFFE, MADEIRA.
From SOUTHAMPTON .. 6th June .. 14 days
TO NORWAY, NORTHERN CAPITALS, LENINGRAD, MOSCOW, &c.
JUNE—AUGUST.
TO MEDITERRANEAN.
SEPTEMBER—DECEMBER.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1 / Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC CANADA & U.S.A.

SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
(Via Cherbourg).

MONTROSE (via Queenstown)	..	May 9
EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA (to Quebec only)	..	May 10
MONTCLARE	..	May 16
EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only)	..	May 17

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF ATHOLL (B.G.) ..	..	May 9
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND ..	..	May 16
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD (B.G.) ..	..	May 23
DUCHESS OF YORK ..	..	May 30

(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.
GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.
D. OF ATHOLL .. May 10 | MINNEDOSA .. May 15

JAPAN AND CHINA

VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF ASIA ..	May 29
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	May 17.
EMPRESS OF CANADA (via Honolulu) ..	June 12
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	May 31.

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA

Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
AORANGI .. May 28 | NIAGARA .. .. June 25

When travelling always carry Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.
Apply to CANADIAN PACIFIC,
62-65, Charing Cross, London, S.W.1;
103, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3;
Royal Liver Building, Liverpool;
31, Mosley-street, Manchester;
4, Victoria-square, Birmingham;
Canute-road, Southampton;
18, St. Augustine's-parade, Bristol;
25, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; or Local Agents.

AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.

ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Hobsons Bay	14,130 tons from Southampton	May 28
Esperance Bay	14,176 tons from Southampton	June 25
Jervis Bay	14,164 tons from Southampton	July 23

Fares from £38 to £52.

ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE.
Apply 2, Australia House, Strand, W.C.; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3; or Principal Booking Agents.

NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS BY "MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA" (oil burners).

SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE,

34, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.

ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS AND CHINA.
Holidays at sea to the South of France and Egypt.
Special Summer Return Rates :—Marseilles £22, Port Said £30.
Next sailings :—

AENEAS ..	24 May	ANTENOR ..	16 Aug.
SARPEDON ..	21 June	HECTOR ..	13 Sept.
PATROCLUS ..	19 July	ANCHISES ..	27 Sept.

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.2, or principal Travel Agents.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO

SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.

A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

(3) S.S. EURIPIDES	From Liverpool	23rd MAY
(1) S.S. ERIDAN	.. Liverpool	5th JULY
(1) S.S. CERAMIC	.. Liverpool	23rd AUG.

(1) First Class only. (3) First and Third Class Passengers.
For Rates, particulars apply to :—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool ; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3 ; 90, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool ; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1 ; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.

CHENONCEAUX ..	May 16 and May 30	ATHOS II.
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.		
EX. GRANDIDIER ..	May 9 and May 23	A. R. GARROS

PIRAEUS, ISTANBUL, IZMIR & BEYROUT.

ANGKOR ..	May 20 and June 3	LOTUS

EGYPT, PALESTINE, AND BEYROUT.

PIERRE LOTI ..	May 13 and May 30	MARIETTE PACHA

For passages and all particulars apply :—
LONDON : 2, Charing Cross-place, or 62, PALL MALL, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

UNION-CASTLE LINE.

SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
*KENILWORTH CASTLE ..	—	May 9
†DUNVEGAN CASTLE ..	May 15	—
*WINDSOR CASTLE ..	—	May 16
†LLANGIBBY CASTLE ..	May 22	—

* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
‡ Via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal.

TOUR TO SOUTH AFRICA.
30th May, 1930. Reduced return fares.
Apply to the Head Office, 3, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3, West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

THE
MEDITERRANEAN
in
MAY and JUNE.
CRUISES FROM BRITISH PORTS.

		Tons.	Days.	From
May 24 s.s.	" Otranto " ..	20,000	16	25gns.
May 31 s.s.	" Orford " ..	20,000	13	22gns.
May 31 s.s.	" Arandora Star " ..	15,000	17	34gns.
June 6 s.s.	" Atlantis " ..	16,000	14	25gns.
June 14 s.s.	" Viceroy of India " ..	19,700	18	34gns.
June 14 s.s.	" Orford " ..	20,000	16	25gns.
June 18 s.s.	" Arandora Star " ..	15,000	14	30gns.

Full particulars, cabin plans, Cruises Programme free from
DEAN & DAWSON, LTD.,
81, PICCADILLY, W.1,
And 50 Branches.

JAMAICA DIRECT FRUIT LINE.

REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE.
LONDON AND KINGSTON.

First-class accommodation all outside rooms. Private Bath Rooms, Swimming Pool, &c.
For further particulars apply to :—
Agents, KAYE, SON and Co., Ltd., 112, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3 (Monument 4587) ; or to West End Agents, Hickie, Borman, Grant and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, S.W.1 (Gerrard 2094) ; or local Agents.

CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.

OZEAN LINE.

	From Southampton.
HAVANA ..	
VERA CRUZ ..	RIO BRAVO .. .. May 28th
TAMPICO ..	RIO PANUCO .. .. July 16th
GALVESTON ..	Wainwright Bros. and Co., Ltd.,
HOUSTON ..	21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.

SHORT SEA VOYAGES

from SOUTHAMPTON fortnightly
TO ALGIERS AND GENOA
by the luxurious Dutch East Indian Mail Ships of the
NEDERLAND ROYAL MAIL LINE.
M.S. J. V. OLDENBARNEVELT .. .. 8th May
S.S. JOHAN de WITT .. .. 22nd May

D. H. DRAKEFORD, General Passenger Agent to Great Britain, 60, Haymarket, S.W.1. Gerrard 5633-4-5.

SOUTH AMERICA.

FROM BORDEAUX.

RIO SANTOS	s.s. " Lutetia " (14,654 tons)	May 24
MONTEVIDEO	s.s. " Massilia " (15,147 tons)	July 26
BUENOS AIRES	s.s. " Lutetia " (14,654 tons)	Aug. 21

Cie. de Nav. SUD-ATLANTIQUE and Chargeurs Reunis, U.K. Agents, Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., 52, Pall Mall, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 0736.

CRUISES TO NORWAY.

FULL PROGRAMME ON APPLICATION.
Best accommodation. Personal service.
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT & CO., LTD., 25, Cockspur-street, LONDON, S.W.1. Gerr. 2094-5.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA by BLUE STAR LINE BRITAIN'S LATEST & MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS

to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES (for Chile).

" AVILA STAR "	From London and Boulogne.	8 MAY
" ALMEDA STAR "		22 MAY
" AN

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY of LONDON.—ROBERT BLAIR FELLOWSHIPS in APPLIED SCIENCE and TECHNOLOGY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the award of TWO ROBERT BLAIR FELLOWSHIPS in APPLIED SCIENCE and TECHNOLOGY, each of the value of £450, tenable for one year. The fellowships are for post-graduate study or research in applied science and technology, and will be tenable in the Dominions, the United States or other foreign countries.

Candidates must be British subjects and at least 21 years of age.

Further particulars and application forms (T3)/307 may be obtained from the Education Officer (T.3), The County Hall, S.E.1 (stamped addressed envelope necessary), to whom the form must be returned by 18th June, 1930.

MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

APPLICATIONS are invited for a VACANT POST of JUNIOR SCIENTIFIC OFFICER in an Admiralty Establishment at Portsmouth.

Candidates should possess an Honours Degree in Physics or Electrical Engineering or its equivalent and should preferably have had research experience in Photometry and illumination problems, or on carbon arcs.

The Admiralty Scientific List, on a number of grades, the lowest of which is the Junior Scientific Officer grade, the scale of salary of which is £175, rising by annual increments of £10 to £235 a year, with Civil Service Bonus in addition. Entry will be made at the bottom of the scale, the bonus on which is at present £91.

Candidates must be natural born British subjects, and applications should be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty (C.E. Branch), Whitehall, London, S.W.1, not later than 23rd May. No application form is required.

ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR in FRENCH. Queen's, 1930. Salary $3,000 or upwards, according to qualifications; travelling allowance.—Applications, to the Canadian Trade Commissioner, Century Buildings, Liverpool, before May 15th.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.
EGYPTIAN MINISTRY of EDUCATION.
APPLICATIONS are invited for ASSISTANTSHIPS in the Existing Commercial subjects in the Intermediate Schools of Commerce.

Applicants must possess a Commercial University degree (preferably with honours) and some experience of teaching.

The salary offered is £E.450 a year for applicants with at least two years' experience, and £E.415 for applicants with less than two years' previous experience.

The appointments are on contract for five years and renewable at the end of that time.

Full particulars and form of application may be obtained from The Director, Egyptian Education Office, 39, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.
EGYPTIAN UNIVERSITY FACULTY of LAW.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of PROFESSOR of PUBLIC and INTERNATIONAL LAW.

The salary offered is L.E.1,140 a year (approximately £1,168), and the appointment will be on contract for three years and renewable.

Duties will begin on October 1st, 1930, and courses are to be given in English or French.

A transfer allowance equal to one month's salary will be paid on arrival at Cairo if successful applicant is resident in Europe.

Should the candidate appointed be already an Egyptian Government Official he will not be entitled to receive the salary advertised, except with the approval of the Finance Committee and Council of Ministers.

Applications, with details of qualifications and copies of publications, if any, should be addressed to the Dean of the Faculty of Law, Egyptian University, Cairo, and posted so as to be received before May 20th, 1930.

Information of administrative conditions of the appointments may be obtained from the Director, Egyptian Education Office, 39, Victoria-street, London, S.W.1.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.
EGYPTIAN MINISTRY of EDUCATION.
APPLICATIONS are invited for ASSISTANTSHIPS in Government Secondary Schools and Intermediate Schools of Commerce.

Applicants must either possess a Degree (preferably with Honours) from a University, and (preferably) have had some teaching experience in secondary schools, or possess a Teaching Certificate from the Board of Education and have had at least two years' experience as teachers.

The salary offered is £E.405 a year for Assistant Masters with a University Degree but no previous teaching experience or less than two years' experience, or with the Education Teaching Certificate and between two and five years' teaching experience, and £E.450 a year for those with a University Degree and with at least two years' previous experience or the Board of Education Teaching Certificate and at least five years' teaching experience.

The appointments are on contract for five years and renewable at the end of that time.

Full particulars and form of application may be obtained from The Director, Egyptian Education Office, 39, Victoria-street, London, S.W.1.

ROYAL CORPS of NAVAL CONSTRUCTORS.
COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION for a POST as PROBATIONARY ASSISTANT CONSTRUCTOR will be held at the Royal Naval College, Greenwich, during the first fortnight in July next.

Candidates must not be more than 24 years of age on 1st July next, and must then have been engaged in practical shipbuilding work for at least 18 months. Graduates from the Universities are preferred.

Full particulars and other conditions of service are given in full in the Regulations of the Royal Corps of Naval Constructors. The salaries during the two or three years' Greenwich course, including cost of living bonus combined as the present rate of 70, are approximately as follows:—

Probationary Assistant Constructors during second year of course, £220 in addition to mess allowance.

Probationary Assistant Constructors during second and third years of course £228 in addition to mess allowance.

Candidates successful at the end of the R.N. College course will be admitted into the Royal Corps of Naval Constructors as permanent Civil Servants, with commencing salary, expectations and other privileges; the salaries, including bonus as above, of the lower grades being approximately as follows:—

2nd Class Assistant Constructor (first three years) £320-£360.

1st Class Assistant Constructor (after three years), £340 rising to £710.

The salaries, for the higher grades are stated in the Regulations, which may be obtained from the Secretary of the Admiralty (C.E. Branch), Whitehall, London, S.W.1, to whom intending candidates must submit their names and full particulars of their educational and technical training and practical experience not later than Monday, the 26th instant.

FIVE STUDENTS of NAVAL ARCHITECTURE.

A qualifying examination will be held in conjunction with the above for the admission to the Royal Naval College, Greenwich, of Private Students of Naval Architecture who desire to receive instruction in the course laid down for Probationary Assistant Constructors. Applications for admission as Private Students should reach the Secretary of the Admiralty (C.E. Branch) not later than the 26th instant.

Private Students are required to pay a fee of £50 per session.

Applications for the Regulations should be accompanied by an addressed foolscap envelope.

MINISTRY of TRANSPORT.
ROADS DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS are invited for TWO APPOINTMENTS as JUNIOR ENGINEER in the Divisional Offices of the Roads Department of the Ministry of Transport at a commencing salary of £250 rising by annual increments of £15-£450, plus bonus, which is subject to revision according to the Cost of Living Index Figure. The present bonus on £250 is £111 and Assistant Engineers are eligible for promotion to higher posts. The appointments are on an established pensionable basis and will be subject to a probationary period of one year.

Candidates should be Chartered Civil Engineers or should hold some equivalent professional qualification. Experience in road and bridge construction is essential, and a knowledge of Highway Authorities' procedure is desirable. Candidates should be not more than 35 years of age, and, other things being equal, preference will be given to men who have served in His Majesty's Forces.

Forms of application can be obtained from the Establishment Officer, Ministry of Transport, 6, Whitehall-gardens, S.W.1. Applications can only be received on the recognised forms, and should reach the Ministry of Transport on or before the 17th May, 1930.

UNIVERSITY of BIRMINGHAM.
APPOINTMENT of ASSISTANT LECTURER in the DEPARTMENTS of GREEK and LATIN.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of ASSISTANT LECTURER in CLASSICS. Stipend £300 per annum. Duties to begin October 1st, 1930. Four copies of application, with testimonials or references, must be sent, on or before May 24th, to the undersigned, from whom further particulars may be obtained.

G. G. BURTON, Secretary.

The University, Edmund-street, Birmingham. May, 1930.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, SOUTHAMPTON.
Council invites APPLICATIONS for the following APPOINTMENTS:

1. ASSISTANT LECTURER in HISTORY.
2. ASSISTANT LECTURER (Male) in the Department of Zoology and Geology.

Particulars of the appointments may be obtained on application to the Registrar.

Last date for receiving applications, 26th May, 1930.

GEORGE GRANT, Registrar.

2nd May, 1930.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT

3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum). Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

APPLICANTS for situations are advised not to rend original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and in the event of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.

AN important firm of fruit salesmen in the South of England have a Vacancy for a General Manager, with prospects of Secretaryship; must be capable of taking charge of Warehouse and Books; knowledge of the trade not essential, but advantageous. Write full particulars.—Write Box 8.736, The Times, E.C.4.

A First-class British Life Office has one or two vacancies for full-time Inspectors in the London area. Applications are invited from men who possess selling capacity, and ambition to become Branch Managers. Salary and commission.—Write with full particulars of age, &c., in confidence, to Box N.748, The Times, E.C.4.

A Serious-minded man for permanent and progressive position on our Sales force. Good opportunity for the right type of man, with earnings above the average. Complete sales training given and retainer paid whilst training. Must be resident in Berks, Bucks, or Oxfordshire. Age 25-35.—Apply by letter only, giving full details of past five years, to Personnel Manager, Hoover, Ltd., 1, Hanover-street, W.1.

A World-wide organization requires real live Salesman on straight commission for London area. Speciality selling. Only those who have proved selling record need apply. Car an advantage.—Write Box A.928, The Times, E.C.4.

CLERK-TYPIST required at once, to act as salesman when required, for building estate near Harrow; low salary to commence.—Write Box N.778, The Times, E.C.4.

DISTRICT Representative wanted for selling range of Patented Speciality Advertising Devices; generous terms; state experience.—Write Box N.793, The Times, E.C.4.

ENGINEER required for talking film work; University training and experience in the theory and practice of telephone engineering, including high quality valve amplifiers and repeaters, is essential; the applicant should also be a qualified musician with professional experience, which should include conducting small orchestras, and orchestration for straight and jazz music; an intelligent knowledge of dramatic technique, especially as applied to sound films, is also a qualification.—Write, giving fullest details of past experience, age, and salary expected, to Box T.619, care of C. Mitchell and Co., 1, Snow-hill, E.C.1.

ENERGETIC young man, 23-25, good knowledge accounts, correspondence, for large tannery in India; experience in similar business preferred but not essential; small commencing graduating salary; good prospects for right man.—Apply A. E. P., 149, Upper Thames-street, E.C.4.

GOODLASS, Wall and Co. Ltd., Paint and Varnish &c., Manufacturers, Liverpool and London, require additional Representatives for the London area; applications from those with long-standing experience in the trade and established connections only will be considered. —Write, stating age, full details of experience, and salary &c., required to London Office, 34, Margaret-street, W.1.

LADIES required; interviewing work for all parts of London.—Apply to Telbe, Ltd. (second floor), 66, Victoria-street, S.W.1, 9.30 to 4 o'clock, to-day.

LADY, 25-40, for congenial work; good education, fair appearance, and complexion essential; experience not essential.—Write Box E.580, The Times, E.C.4.

A LARGE firm of merchants have vacancies in their London office for young men anxious for Eastern service later; age 18 to 22; Public School education.—Write with full particulars of school record and any business experience to Box A.910, The Times, E.C.4.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

LIVERPOOL.—Required, the services of a first-class man to organise in Liverpool a new branch for makers of Association electric lamps. Only men with intimate knowledge of the electric trade need apply. Applicants should not only be capable of selling personally, but be capable of supervising other representatives and directing the keeping of stock and other records.—Write, giving fullest possible details, age, position held, &c., to "Liverpool," care of Dixon's, 195, Oxford-street, London, W.1.

MIDLANDS.—Brewery Outside Manager.—Applicants only considered of wide similar experience with reputed firm, age 25-40. Unique opportunity for well-educated, energetic, and enterprising individual of permanency. Good salary and prospects.—Write fullest particulars to Box 8.546, The Times, E.C.4.

RETIRED Naval or Military Officers under 40 wishing to add substantially to pension or income (no investment required) are invited to communicate with Commander R. J. Buchanan, 23, Lockyer-street, Plymouth.

RUBBER Planting.—Junior Assistant required for Malaya, unmarried, about 22.—Write "Advertiser," care of Davies and Co., 95, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.

SALES Manager who is thoroughly familiar with Canned Fish trade required by leading important wholesale house which has a large staff of trained salesmen covering the whole of the United Kingdom. Duties would be to call upon large London buyers personally and supervise a staff of salesmen. The position calls for a high-class man and carries proportionate salary and prospects. Please state experience fully, age, and salary required.—Write Box A.898, The Times, E.C.4.

SALESMAN.—Exceptional opportunity immediately for a first-class Salesman in Brighton; good education and appearance essential; age 30-40; with world-wide organization; no travelling; prospects unlimited; salary commission; only first-class men need write for interview in London and Brighton.—Write Box 8.755, The Times, E.C.4.

THE Royal Asiatic Society invites applications for the post of Secretary and Librarian vacant in the early autumn. The stipend commences at £200. The duties include editing the Journal and Publications, attending meetings, conducting the Society's correspondence and addresses to the Director of Empoyment, quoting number of this paper.

THE Proprietors of "The Times" have placed this appointment at the disposal of the British Legion, Officers' Association Employment Bureau, 3-4, Clement's Inn, Strand, London, W.C.2 (Telephone: Holborn 5760), to whom all replies should be addressed, quoting number of advertisement, date of insertion, and the name of this paper.

ENGINEER, 43; mining, mechanical; expert surveyor; prospector alluvial and lode operations; success tabulating natives West Coast; financial, American, and ready for any appointment home or abroad, regardless of salary if good prospects. (11823.)

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LIEUTENANT, aged 44, requires post in representative capacity; 19 years' successful travelling experience, Midlands and East Coast (Norfolk and Suffolk) with reliable business which will sell anything. (Dis. 299.)

EX-OFFICER, 33, healthy, good general qualifications, seeks indoor or outdoor employment, not incurring bookkeeping; home or abroad; previous occupation telegraph and cable service, London and abroad; moderately good horsemanship; fair knowledge management dogs and cage birds. (11429.)

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JOURNALISTS, PRINTERS, &c.

A Young Man (25), with sound practical knowledge of all branches of advertising and selling, seven years' experience, desires change. Capable copywriter and correspondent. Would be a reliable, efficient assistant to sales executive.—Write Box G.1592, The Times, E.C.4.

ARE you looking for an experienced Woman Journalist, reading article, interviewing, lay-out, &c.? If so, write to Box N.749, The Times, E.C.4.

PRINTERS who believe they can meet competition by retaining an efficient "Ideas Service" have the chance of securing a really live man who thoroughly understands the job. A quick visualizer able to develop his own ideas in the rough, versatile, and a good interviewer, possessing knowledge of print and typography, is prepared to start right away.—Write "Print," care of Dixon's, 195, Oxford-street, W.1.

WOMAN graduate (Arts), 25, requires situation, journalistic or secretarial; shorthand, typing. French. Box 8.499, The Times, E.C.4.

JOURNALISTS, PRINTERS, &c.

WANTED for City office of London Newspaper, Journalist to help City Editor.—State qualifications and salary to Box N.781, The Times, E.C.4.

ARTICLED PUPILS

AUTOMOBILE Engineering Training College, Chelsea, London, S.W.3. (Day and Residential.) Founded specially to train boys of good education for the automobile industry; the curriculum combines a practical course at Chelsea, modern works experience with training in administration; apprenticeships for qualified students. Prospectus free from Principal.

BEAUTY and Figure Specialist (masseuse) has vacancy with prospects, in select salons for Student Assistant.—Write Box 8412, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

DESIGNER art fabrics has vacancy for Articled Pupil; premium.—Write W. Gordon Hunton, Knives Farm, Prestwood, Gt. Missenden, Bucks.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

JUNIOR Filing Clerk required.—Apply by letter only, stating age and experience (if any) to Manager, Regent Institute, 9, Palace-gate, London, W.8.

SECRETARY, shorthand-typist, required by director of limited company, West End; must have previous experience.—Write in first instance, giving age, experience, and salary required, to Box 09834, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

A excellent Secretarial Training for Educated Ladies; moderate fee to professional man; a position, good prospects; speed classes.—Apply Bedford-square, Secretarial College, 8, Bedford-square, W.C.1.

DRAPERS, DRESSMAKERS, AND MILLINERS

REQUIRED, smart young Lady to take full charge of small Ladies' Gown Shop; must be capable buyer with previous experience.—Write Le Vene, 52, Haven-green, Ealing, W.5.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED

3 lines 3s. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

ADVERTISER, Scotsman, experience naval architecture, ship, general furnishing, knowledge antiques, good manager, desires responsible position London, South, and overseas. (11,818.)

A Man (31) just returned from three years' contract in South America seeks re-engagement England or anywhere abroad; experienced costings and wages, mechanical accounts; able to control office and staff; speaks business Spanish; references excellent.—Write Box 09876, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

A Representative.—See Box D.R., care of Streets, 6, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3, under Business Offers (Page One).

AS Manager, Sales Manager, or Export Manager; seven years' experience engineering merchant business (home and abroad), including tractors, irrigation machinery, American road-making machinery, aircraft (captain, pilot, late R.A.F.); consider suitable position with progressive firm.—Write Box 8,719, The Times, E.C.4.

B.A. (Hon. Econ.), F.R.Econ.S., F.C.C.S., recommends Gentleman, 22 years; certified bookkeeper; studying Intermediate Secretarial Inter. exams. Economics, economics, accounting; any post requiring initiative, responsibility.—Box G.1581, The Times, E.C.4.

CAN any firm offer gentleman training as representation London area; Keen salesman; experience, commission basis.—Write Box A.920, The Times, E.C.4.

COMPETENT Executive and Works Manager, experienced in the organisation and establishment of industries and works on productive basis, desires appointment; opening; exceptional record.—Write Box G.1528, The Times, E.C.4.

CHARTERED Architect and Surveyor requires appointment with commercial or industrial undertaking with large building programme; considerable experience in all branches, including alterations, dilapidations, licensing, maintenance, &c.—Write Box G.1579, The Times, E.C.4.

CHARTERED Accountant, 33, 4½ years' experience with professional firm, four years with commercial firm, requires appointment as Secretary or Accountant to limited company; Public School and University education; four years' War service; excellent references; free immediately.—Write Box A.934, The Times, E.C.4.

CIVIL Engineer shortly retiring from public appointment desires employment to augment superannuation allowance; experienced in works of public water supplies.—Write Box 8.765, The Times, E.C.4.

EXPERT Letter Writer, with knowledge of shorthand, typewriting, and languages, seeks to join reliable firm as Correspondent or Secretary.—Write W. Shotton, 110, Warwick-road, Coventry.

ENGINEER, Public School man, requires position of trust, Assistant Manager or similar; 20 years' experience with leading engineering concerns; excellent testimonials; London district preferred but not essential. —Write Box N.772, The Times, E.C.4.

EXPERIENCED Tea and Rubber Planter, healthy, energetic, desires Appointment urgently; willing go to any part of the world; excellent credentials and references.—Write Box N.753, The Times, E.C.4.

GENTLEMAN (40) earnestly seeks position Manager or Shipping Clerk; 24 years' experience; regular service; hard worker with initiative.—Write Box E.575, The Times, E.C.4.

INCORPORATED Sales Manager (general trade association) desires change to speciality or production selling; first-class connections; ample experience; French.—Write Box 250, The Times, E.C.4.

OLD Cranleighan (24), used to hard work and responsibility, seeks post in London with living wage and good prospects; keen, energetic, reliable; any capacity.—Write Box E.586, The Times, E.C.4.

OPPORTUNITY required by young business man (26), of personality, to prove undoubted ability and tenacity of purpose. Thorough all-round business knowledge and experience as accounts inspector, and wholesale manager abroad with company of world repute; useful training and experience electricity; excellent education; fluent commercial French; keen, efficient; good appearance and address; height 6ft. 2in.; unimpeachable references.—Write Box E.570, The Times, E.C.4.

PLANTER, three years' experience cocoa, Cambridge graduate, age 25, wants re-employment.—Write Box G.1586, The Times, E.C.4.

SALES and Advertising Manager of wide and successful experience, whose trouble is that he cannot get delivery, offers his services. He is a man of keen judgment and has a fine record of success in organizing selling schemes, advertising, training of salesmen, and opening new territories, both home and export.—Write Box E.488, The Times, E.C.4.

SALES Organizer, experienced in all branches, marketing, management and control; highest references.—Write Box N.755, The Times, E.C.4.

SALESMAN.—Public school man, age 24, now earning £300, wishes change as present situation offers no scope for improvement.—Write Box 3211, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

TO Manufacturers and Others anxious to get the utmost out of a limited appropriation I can prove myself of inestimable value. I want a post where experience and hard work will be amply repaid; highest credentials. —Write "Effective," care of Dixon's, 195, Oxford-street, W.1.

UNIVERSITY Man (24) seeks good opening; economics, French, German, Italian, bookkeeping, shorthand.—Write Box E.581, The Times, E.C.4.

YOUNG Man, 24, Public School, good Oxford degree, fluent French, fair German, typing, seeks literary, commercial or secretarial post, preferably where knowledge languages useful.—Write Box E.574, The Times, E.C.4.

YOUNG Lady (23), addicted intellectual pursuits, desires interesting Post connected Arts or Sciences, or as personal Secretary to somebody who matters; shorthand and typing if necessary.—Write Box E.551, The Times, E.C.4.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED (continued)

EX-OFFICERS AND OTHER RANKS

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LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

EXPERIENCED Lady Secretary seeks part time work; excellent references; London only.—Write Box 09874, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

EXPERT Shorthand Typist desires to undertake private work; scientific, technical, German manuscripts, &c.—Miss K. Chapman, 50, Bow-lane, Cheapside, E.C.

EXPERIENCED Secretary requires work two or three evenings per week with professional or literary man. —Write Box 8.758, The Times, E.C.4.

HIGHLY intelligent Woman Secretary or Assistant, can work till 3 p.m. daily or by arrangement.—Write Box 8.680, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

LADY (33), fluent French and Spanish, good German, shorthand, typing, 15 years' secretarial business experience, open for engagement, secretarial or travelling.—Write Box 8.757, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY (28) requires engagement as Private Secretary; 10 years' experience with previous employer.—Write Box 8.529, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY of 29 requires post as Interpreter or Secretary-Interpreter; fluent French, German, Spanish; good small salary to start.—Write Box G.1409, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY requires position Secretary or Stenographer with principal or partner; excellent experience first-rate solicitors; well educated; initiative, quick, accurate.—Write Box 8.767, The Times, E.C.4.

PRIVATE Secretary, experienced and qualified young Lady desires post as Private Secretary; residential preferred; expert shorthand typing and files; excellent references.—Write Box N.783, The Times, E.C.4.

PRIVATE Secretary (24); shorthand, typing, book-keeping; business training household; salary 23 10s.—Interviews 12-2 or after 6. F. B., 52, The Circle, W.C.2.

SECRETARIAL work required by educated young lady with excellent experience; shorthand-typewriting and French.—Write Box 8.925, The Times, E.C.4.

SECRETARIAL Work required, full or part time, lady (27) seeking re-engagement; good experience; would consider any branch secretarial work; quick typist, own machine; good shorthand; salary £5-£6.—Write, 1, T. 52, Ashbourne-grove, S.E.22.

TWO friends, experienced (1) competent linguist, (2) Shorthand-Typist, Italian, German, R.A.C. certificate, translations, desire work permanently.—Write Box 8.760, The Times, E.C.4.

WELL-EDUCATED young Lady desires post as Secretary and/or Companion; live out; typewriting, fluent French, knowledge shorthand.—Browning, 79, Gloucester-street, Pimlico.

EFFICIENT Stenographers, temporary or permanent (junior and senior), day or evening; outdoor and indoor male staff; typewriting of every description.—Gerrard 1542. Stern and Grower, Employment Agents, 35, Churchstreet, Shaftesbury-avenue.

LADY Secretary.—Really intelligent, well-educated Secretaries can be obtained through the St. James's Secretarial College, 34, Grosvenor-place, S.W.1. Telephone, Sloane 4481.

DRAPERS, DRESSMAKERS, AND MILLINERS

COUNTESS recommends excellent Upholstress; worked for her country house; Town or country.—Write Box 0584, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

DRESSMAKER, French, visiting; first-class work.—12, Albert-street, Paddington, W.2.

DRESSMAKER, French, makes, renovates; ladies' materials; good cut; latest styles; reasonable estimates.—Jeanne, 77, Chaverton-street, S.W.1. Bus 24.

DRESSMAKING, visiting, 6s. 6d. daily (French cut); Knightsbridge experience.—T.,124, Warwick-road, W.14.

GOOD Visiting Dressmaker; 7s. 6d. daily.—C. H., 45, Gordon-road, S.E. Dulwich 2,042.

HIGH-CLASS Dressmaker; cut, fit, prepares dresses; visited 2s. 6d. hour; reduction daily.—Write Box 3797, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

DAILY Dressmaker, 7s. Town, free.—12 jobs from good references held by Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No booking fee.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT

3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum)

GOVERNESSES, COMPANIONS, MATRONS, AND LADY NURSES

CAN any lady recommend Nursery Governess, 25-30, for two girls, 7 and 5? Must be conscientious, gentle but firm, with a real love and understanding of children; knowledge lessons, P.N.E.U. preferred but not essential; country, near London.—Write Box E.560, The Times, E.C.4.

CAN any lady recommend young Nursery Governess over 20 for two children age 11 and 6? No lessons; fond of country life, games, dancing.—Sutton, Whitelovington, Bere Regis, Wareham, Dorset.

EXPERIENCED Nursery Governess required August or September for Oxford and country; girls 7, 8½, boy 5½; essentials, gentle manner, good teaching.—Mrs. Ainley-Walker, 13, Banbury-road, Oxford.

GOVERNESS or Norland or Princess Christian Nurse wanted for boy 7 and girl aged 3; under-nurse kept.—Telephone Maida Vale 3114, or call 1, Upper Hamilton-terrace, N.W.8.

NURSERY Governess wanted to take entire charge of delicate girl of 13 who goes to school mornings only; must be Roman Catholic, understand children's health, good needlewoman, middle-aged lady preferred, and willing to share large room with child; good salary. Apply personally Thursday next between 10 and 11 or 3 and 5 to Mrs. Pratt Barlow, 48, St. John's Wood-park, N.W.8.

WANTED for North Wales, Young Nursery Governess for two boys, 8 and 4; must be found of country life and games.—Write Box G.1554, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED, Governess-companion for young lady, slightly epileptic; of bright disposition; must be able to drive car preferred.—Write, stating age, experience, and salary required, Box 3220, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

YOUNG lady for three girls, school all day; good needlewoman.—Apply Mrs. Pollock, or write, 52, Compayne-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.6.

REQUIRED now, experienced Useful Woman, between 30 and 40, for small convalescent children in cottage home in Derbyshire; must be able to cook and take entire charge with help of young maid.—Reply Windyridge, Colemans Hatch, Sussex.

COLLEGE-TRAINED Nurse, 21-24, for Worthing; baby 20 months; two servants kept; £50; must be near Worthing for interview.—Apply Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. No engagement, no fee.

SEASIDE; £36; French or Swiss Nursery Governess or Useful Maid; look after lady and boy 7; English not necessary. Others; £24-£30.—Anglo-French Bureau, 308, Regent-street.

£60 (up to).—Trained Nurse for Forest Gate; baby 6 months; 25-30.—Apply Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No engagement, no fee.

HELPS AND NURSES

EXPERIENCED Mother's Help or Children's Maid; 25-35; small family; other maids kept.—Apply 33, West Heath-drive, N.W.11.

LADY Help, capable, quiet (not companion); small modern house, seaside town, Sussex; two ladies; experienced in good plain cooking, housework; help rough.—Write fully, references, experience, &c., Box E.562, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED, any nationality, to cook and work ground-floor small house near London; Swiss girl kept for child 5; salary £52.—Write Box G.1569, The Times, E.C.4.

CAN any lady recommend experienced Nurse to take baby from month? Required in August. No agents.—Mrs. John Mowbray, 19, Cheyne-gardens, Chelsea, S.W.3.

EXPERIENCED Children's Nurse wanted for two boys, 5 and 4 years and girl one year; to take baby from month in October in place of 5-year-old; London, N.W.—Write Box 8.764, The Times, E.C.4.

NANNIE, 20-35, for boy 4, to go to San Francisco, America, end of May, with Japanese Consul's family; good salary; personal references essential.—Mrs. Wakasugi, 57, The Ridgeway, Golders Green. (Speedwell 6840.)

NURSERY trained Nurse, aged about 25, for baby 4 months.—Apply Coward, "Waverley," The Avenue, Radlett, Herts.

RELIABLE Nannie wanted; three boys, two at school.—Mrs. Curtis, 1, Ashdown-terrace, Tidworth, Hants.

NURSE for California; one boy aged 4 years; £100. Another for Africa, baby six weeks. Many others for Town and abroad. No fees.—Jessie Fraser (Agent), 11a, Church-street, W.8. Western 6636.

£55, Nurse, for Hyde Park; girl 4½ years; two maids; last nurse there 4½ years; personal reference.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No engagement, no fee.

HOUSE, KITCHEN AND SCULLERY MAIDS

HEAD Housemaid of two wanted May 10th; call between 1 and 2 or 5 and 7.—Lady Beale, 49, Porchester-terrace, W.2.

WANTED, Under Housemaid of two, age 20; wages £38; some experience, good reference.—Write Lady du Maurier, Cannon Hall, Hampstead.

HOUSEMAID (second of two) wanted; age about 21; wages £36-£38, £3 rise yearly; three in family; six maids; personal interview essential.—Call any evening this week after 7, or write "G.," 25, Philimore-gardens, Kensington, W.8.

HOUSEMAID (head of two) wanted, middle of month; three in family; six servants; maid lady and daughter; good needlewoman and good personal references required.—Apply between 6-7 or write, stating full particulars, to Mrs. Maclachlan, 35, Cadogan-place, S.W.1.

CAN lady recommend Under Housemaid, able to help wait table and on school room?—Three in family, four in staff; good wages.—Write only Mrs. Pratt Barlow, 48, St. John's Wood-park, N.W.8, stating experience; good three personal references necessary.

GOOD Working Housemaid; London and Sussex; £35; five maids; family two; help wait occasionally.—Mrs. Prideaux, 12, Talbot-square, W.2.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

LADIES' MAIDS AND MAIDS

WANTED an experienced Maid-Housemaid; good needlewoman; one lady; four servants, including under housemaid.—Apply Lady Kennedy, Burnthouse, Cuckfield, Sussex.

CAN any lady recommend useful French Maid for country situation? Three young ladies (two at school); must speak good French and be good needlewoman.—Mrs. Hamilton, Henley Park, Henley-on-Thames.

CHILDREN'S Maid, experienced; boy 7 years; light duties; two other maids kept.—Apply after 3, 36, Hollycroft-avenue, Platts-lane, Hampstead.

LADY'S Maid (useful) required; experienced, good needlewoman; age 28-35; good wages; motor-bus passes. Putney nearest station.—Mrs. P., Fairlawn, 89, Park Side, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19.

USEFUL Maid or Maid-Housemaid wanted; willing to valet; family two; small country house; two other servants; very good needlewoman essential.—Particulars, photo, Mrs. Hardy Dent, Denton, Norfolk.

LONDON.—Good Lady's Maid. French or Swiss; good sewer, travelling; good post; £60-£70. Others. Also temporary Dressmakers urgently required. Town, country. —Anglo-French Bureau, 308, Regent-street.

LADY HOUSEKEEPERS, HOUSEKEEPERS, AND COOKS

WANTED, Working Housekeeper; good plain cook; good personal reference; fond of animals and children; two in family.—Apply Lady Kennedy, Burnthouse, Cuckfield, Sussex.

WANTED a Single-handed Cook; one lady; four servants.—Apply Lady Kennedy, Burnthouse, Cuckfield, Sussex.

COOK, single-handed; house-parlourmaid kept; modern non-basement house; family four.—Apply Mrs. Lyons, 5, Aberdare-gardens, W. Hampstead.

COOK willing help housemaid or cook-General wanted; country; C. of E.; family two; house-parlourmaid and boy also kept; references required.—Write Box E.528, The Times, E.C.4.

COOK, experienced, single-handed, wanted for Sunbroke, Petersfield; three maids.—Mrs. Pemberton Parr, Hotel, Weybridge.

COOK, experienced, English or foreign; three maids, four adults; modern house, beautiful kitchen; good wages.—Write 27, Christchurch-avenue, Brondesbury, N.W.6.

COOK (experienced) and Betweenmaid required immediately; family four and two; good wages.—Mather, Long Ridge, St. George's Hill, Weybridge, Surrey.

COOK (single-handed); £65; help given; two in family; three maids; no fees.—Jessie Fraser (Agent), 11a, Church-street, Kensington, Western 6636 (four lines). Buses stop at door.

YOUNG single-handed Cook; St. John's Wood; no late dinner, just lunch and light meal; three maids; professional family; £55 weekly.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Call, write, or 'phone Welbeck 7777. No charge to cook. 153 bus passes door.

COOK-GENERAL wanted on 24th; three in family; good wages and outings.—Apply 41, Arkwright-road, Hampstead, London, N.W.3.

COOK-GENERAL and House-Parlourmaid wanted by bachelor; good wages to willing, bright maids; age, ages and if Scotch; no housekeepers.—L. Priest, Esq., at Castle Agency, Windsor.

COOK-GENERAL required immediately; house-parlourmaid kept; good wages, outings; must have excellent references.—Mrs. Hulbert, 37, Wildwood-road, Hampstead Garden Suburb.

COOK-GENERAL (experienced) and young House-Parlourmaid wanted, May 22, 23, or 24; Scotch; family two; friends, sisters, mother and daughter.—Write Box 3,000, Alfred-place West.

COOK-GENERAL (or General Maid; plain cooking; daily maid kept); no children; good references essential.—Write Ashley, 3, Branstone-road, Kew Gardens.

REQUIRED for flat, Cook-General; two in family; two maids kept; Church of England; good wages.—Reply by letter only, stating age, wages required and full particulars to Miss Prescott, 72, Courtfield-gardens (Flat 9), Earl's Court.

TWO experienced Maids required, entire duties small convenient house; three adults.—Dowsett, Oaklands, Wensleydale-road, Hampton-on-Thames.

TWO Ladies' Cook-General and House-Parlourmaid; non-bas

CHAUFFEURS
(Continued from Page Three)

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—Age 33, married, no family; excellent Rolls, Minerva, &c., private experience; personal references; £4 a week.—Knightsbridge Agency, 7, Sloane-street. Sloane 3511.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC leaving owing death; good man; town and country; present situation eight years; married, age 34.—Lloyd, Hendon Hall Garage, Hendon, N.W.4.

GENTLEMAN wishes to recommend his Chauffeur, Mechanic, after eight years, six years previous; 17 years' experience; age 34; married, two children.—Bisley, 9, Wandsworth Bridge-road, S.W.6.

GENTLEMAN highly recommends his Chauffeur; life experience; married; accustomed to Town or country.—Write Box G.1541, The Times, E.C.4.

GENTLEMAN will highly recommend his Chauffeur-Mechanic; any car; used to Rolls; has lived London, Scotland and abroad; married, one child.—Cox, Chesham-mews, S.W.1.

Shaw, Esq., K.C. can thoroughly recommend his Chauffeur; "Daimler" referred; knows Rolls and Daimler cars; country preferred; married.—Halliday, Adderbury, Banbury, Oxon.

LADY thoroughly recommends her Chauffeur; having been through no fault; reliable driver and good mechanic; 15 years' chauffeur; understands electric plant; 39, married, one child; Town or country.—3, Meyer, 9, Brunswick-mews, Great Cumberland-place, W.1.

LADY recommends Chauffeur; leaving for situation in view of getting married; age 28; 11 years' experience; Minerva, Sunbeam, Austin, &c., also electric and pumping plants.—Personal interview from Mrs. Summers, Coombe Lodge, Kingston-on-Thames.

MRS. Arthur Rissado, Mayford, Surrey, can personally recommend for country post her late brother-in-law Brigadier-General Scudamore's Chauffeur-Mechanic, having only through death; three years' Rolls and Daimler; no objection to weekends; understands electric light plant; aged 45, married, one daughter in service; free end of May or by arrangement.—Apply W. Prior, Chauffeur, Cobtaway, Mayford.

PUBLIC School man, 21, tall, seeks Chauffeur-Secretaryship; careful driver; travelled.—Write Box 0598, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

TO-DAY, between 10 a.m. and 12 noon, about 10 excellent chauffeurs (ex-Service) should be interviewed at our offices; testimonials available for inspection.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No booking fee.

LONDON HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

ADMIRABLE LESSER HOTEL, debarred from advertising its address owing to exclusive situation off Portman-square, invites inquiries; 80 rooms; excellent cuisine, refined atmosphere, with charges from 3½ to 4½ guineas weekly inclusive. Excellent cuisine. Very special residential terms for families. Children specially welcomed.
Illustrated tariff post free from Monomark BCM/AB68, London, W.C.1, or 'phone Welbeck 2896.

THE PARK HOTEL,
AN EXCLUSIVE HOTEL, 20 bed rooms, public rooms. Convenient all parts of Town. Excellent cuisine and service. Terms from 3½ gns.—70, Kensington Park-road, Notting-hill-gate, W.11. 'Phone, Park 2396.

HOTEL BELGRAVIA,
Grosvenor Gardens, London, S.W.1.
250 Rooms and Suites with Hot and Cold Running Water. Telephone, &c. Illustrated Brochure on application.
Restaurant open to the Public.
DERBY DAY, June 4th.
Motor Coaches de Luxe to Epsom.
Tickets to include Light Refreshment, Champagne Luncheon and Afternoon Tea, £2 12s. 6d. each.
Telephone: Victoria 9640.
F. W. Kingsley, Managing Director
(late General Manager, Hotel Cecil).

BERKELEY HOTEL,
63-67, QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE,
HYDE PARK, W.2. Park 1797.
Two minutes Kensington Gardens, Buses and Tubes.
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Law Report, May 6

SUMMARY OF CASES

The hearing was continued, before Mr. Justice Wright and a City of London special jury, of the action in which Lever Brothers, Limited, and the Niger Company, Limited, claim damages against the former chairman and vice-chairman of the Niger Company, Limited, and the return of £30,000 and £20,000 which the defendants received respectively as compensation for loss of office when the Niger Company was amalgamated with the African and Eastern Trade Corporation. The plaintiffs allege that the defendants appropriated to themselves contracts which had originally been entered into on behalf of the Niger Company, Limited, or, alternatively, that the defendants had engaged in buying and selling cocoa on their own account in breach of the terms of their contracts of employment. The defendants deny the allegations. (LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED v. BELL AND ANOTHER.)

Mr. Justice Farwell had before him a test action in which the plaintiff, a weaver in Lancashire, claimed 1s. which had been deducted from his wages for work which the defendants, his employers, alleged was defective. The question was whether the defendants were justified in deducting the shilling either from the wages or in calculating them. (SAGAR v. RIDEHALGH AND SON, LIMITED.)

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
CLAIM AGAINST FORMER OFFICERS OF THE NIGER COMPANY
LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED v. BELL AND ANOTHER

(Before MR. JUSTICE WRIGHT *and a City of London Special Jury)*

The hearing was continued of the action in which Lever Brothers, Limited, of Port Sunlight, Cheshire, and the Niger Company, Limited, of Union House, London, E.C.1, claim against Mr. Ernest Hyslop Bell, of the Granby Hotel, Harrogate, Yorkshire, and Mr. Walter Edward Snelling, of St. Ronans, Putney Heath, London, formerly chairman and vice-chairman respectively of the Niger Company, Limited, damages for alleged fraudulent misrepresentation, breach of duty, and breach of contract in respect of their employment by entering into cocoa transactions on their own behalf. The plaintiffs further claim the return of £30,000 and £20,000 paid to Mr. Bell and Mr. Snelling respectively as compensation when their services were no longer necessary owing to the amalgamation of the African and Eastern Trade Corporation and the Niger Company, Limited.

The defendants deny the allegations except in so far as they admit that they made a profit of £1,360 in rspect of certain dealings in cocoa.

Mr. Stuart Bevan, K.C., Mr. Clement Davies, K.C., and Mr. Wilfrid Lewis appeared for the plaintiffs; Mr. D. N. Pritt, K.C., and Mr. Philip Vos for the defendants. Mr. Cyril Salmon held a watching brief for interested parties.

Continuing his evidence, Mr. D'Arcy Cooper, the chairman of Lever Brothers, Limited, in reply to Mr. LEWIS, said that on July 3, 1929, Mr. Bell came to see him. Mr. McDowell, one of the vice-chairmen of Lever Brothers, Limited, was also present. Mr. Bell confessed that he had been dealing in cocoa, and said that he was very much ashamed of himself; that he had no justification for doing such a thing; and that he had never done so before. Mr. McDowell asked Mr. Bell through whom the transactions were done, and he replied through Messrs. William Porter and Co., the Niger Company's brokers, and that he had received from them a cheque for £1,360.

Mr. LEWIS.—What did you say?—I asked him who was the tempter, and he replied, "Knowing the other man, need you ask it."

Mr. Cooper said that up to the time of the discovery of the cocoa transactions he was on extremely friendly terms with Mr. Bell. His relations with Mr. Snelling were also quite friendly.

Mr. LEWIS.—Why did you say that you would have dismissed the defendants instantly if you had known of their dealings in cocoa?—Because I do not think business could go on like that. If you have corruption at the top, it spreads right through the business, and the business is bound to fail.

MR. COOPER CROSS-EXAMINED

Mr. PRITT, cross-examining, asked: Was the Niger Company bought by Lever Brothers for £3,000,000 in 1920?—Yes.

Rightly or wrongly, it was criticized by shareholders in Lever Brothers as a most calamitous purchase?—I did not know that.

The financial newspapers, the witness added, might have criticized it, but he did not think that they had any influence on the opinion of the shareholders.

Mr. PRITT.—From the time that Lever Brothers, Limited, bought the Niger Company until the time the defendants were entrusted with the task of managing it, was the mismanagement, incompetence, and dishonesty exhibited in the carrying on of the Niger Company in West Africa unexampled?—I do not think so.

MR. JUSTICE WRIGHT.—How can he say whether it was unexampled or not?

Mr. PRITT.—Do you remember the report that the defendants made to Lord Leverhulme about the Niger Company after they had taken it over?—I heard about it when this case came on before.

Mr. Cooper said that in March, 1924, he was joint vice-chairman of Lever Brothers.

Mr. PRITT.—I suggest that the defendants' report gave an accurate account of the most appalling mismanagement and dishonesty that any company has ever suffered from?—I have not got the report.

Did you say to Mr. Bell that their report nearly killed Lord Leverhulme?—I have no recollection.

Lever Brothers were financing the Niger Company to the tune of many hundreds of thousands of pounds, and I shall suggest later to the tune of millions?—You can have the accounts later.

Mr. Cooper agreed that the Niger Company's losses for the three years 1920-23 were about £278,000. After 1924 the losses were converted into a profit.

He did not suggest that the defendants' report was inaccurate, but he thought that they had pointed out the worst and not the best.

Mr. PRITT.—Have you read every line of it?—No.

Were the recommendations in that report carried out?—I don't know; I had nothing to do with the management.

LORD LEVERHULME AND WEST AFRICA

Did not West Africa break Lord Leverhulme's heart and bring him to an early death?—He died at the age of 74, from pneumonia, I think.

Was West Africa, at any rate, the scene of Lord Leverhulme's few commercial misfortunes?—Yes.

The defendants, Mr. Cooper agreed, did undoubtedly do a very great deal of good work for the Niger Company.

Referring to the amalgamation between the African and Eastern Trading Corporation and the Niger Company, Limited, into the United Africa Company, Mr. PRITT asked the witness whether, to get the amalgamation through smoothly, he had in fact "sold" the defendants by omitting them from the new company and leaving it to be formed with other directors.

Mr. Cooper replied that he offered Mr. Bell a joint managing directorship.

Mr. PRITT.—I suggest that it was an offer which you did not desire and did not expect him to accept?—On the contrary, I was very anxious for him to accept it.

Mr. Snelling was in West Africa during most of the negotiations?—Yes.

Turning to the question of the actual transactions alleged to have been entered into by the defendants, Mr. PRITT asked:—You know that the transactions which the defendants have admitted are four transactions?—So I understand.

Both the plaintiff companies are launching very serious charges against the defendants, and you don't even know what the charges are?—You don't even know what the defendants' version is as to the four transactions into which they entered?—I have never heard it; I have had no explanation at all.

THE FOUR TRANSACTIONS

The four transactions, said Mr. PRITT, only covered a period of six weeks. The first was a bull transaction in which there was a loss of £75 apart from any question of brokerage. The second transaction (C.T.C.) was a bear speculation of 300 tons on which there was a profit of something over £1,200. The next (G.S.2) was a bear speculation of 600 tons, and showed a small profit if no brokerage was charged, but a loss if it was. The fourth and last transaction (R.T.D.) was also a bear speculation of 575 tons, and it also showed a small profit if no brokerage was charged.

Mr. PRITT.—If the true state of affairs is as my clients have said, then three of those transactions showed a loss?—Yes, if what you say is right.

The speculation which takes place in cocoa is called differences transactions?—Yes.

Counsel challenged Mr. Cooper to show him one book or document in which the defendants had concealed any transaction.

Mr. PRITT.—If the transactions, good or bad, were carried out by the defendants for themselves from the first as their own transactions, you would not expect them to appear in the company's books?—No.

Do you know that every one of these four transactions was done openly by the defendants in their own names?—No.

And that every contract bore the name of Mr. Bell or Mr. Snelling, and that every confirmation was signed by one of them?—No.

Do you know that your counsel when the case came on before said that never in the history of the Niger Company had initials been used in their contracts until the defendants gave such instructions?—Yes.

Do you know that that is untrue?—No.

Do you know that from August 31, 1927, onwards Niger Company's contracts were made in the name of the Niger Company or in the names of nominees, and were entered in the books not only of Messrs. William Porter and Co., but also in the Niger Company's books in initials long before the two defendants had embarked on any personal contracts that system was in use?—I did not know.

If it be right that every contract which the defendants say they carried out on their own behalf was signed by one of them, and that every other contract was signed by some other servant of the company, can you say how they could ever have hoped to steal one of those contracts?—I am not sufficiently familiar with the operations of the company; I cannot answer that question.

If you had known that every single contract outside those four personal transactions was made out in the name either of the company or of some honest servant of the company, and signed on behalf of the company by some honest servant, would you have used your influence to prevent this very serious charge being made against Mr. Bell and Mr. Snelling?—I would still have brought the action.

Mr. Cooper agreed that the cocoa market was a speculative one and that it would not be fair to blame the defendants for losses which were due to the general descending trend of prices.

The hearing was adjourned.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Pritchard, Englefield and Co., for Messrs. Simpson, North, Harley and Co., Liverpool; Messrs. Birkbeck, Julius, Edwards and Co.; Messrs. Kenneth Brown, Baker, Baker.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
CHANCERY DIVISION
WAGES IN THE LANCASHIRE WEAVING TRADE
SAGAR v. H. RIDEHALGH AND SON, LIMITED

(Before MR. JUSTICE FARWELL*)*

This action which, on the face of the pleadings, was a claim for 1s., raised a very important question of weavers' wages and the right of employers to make deductions under the Truck Act, 1831, and the Factory and Workshops Act, 1901.

The plaintiff, Thomas Sagar, was a weaver in the employ of the defendants, H. Ridehalgh and Son, Limited, who carry on business as manufacturers of cotton cloth at Nelson, Lancashire. The wages of weavers were calculated according to the amount of cloth woven by them in each week. By agreement between the Nelson Cotton Manufacturers' Association, which was a part of the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association, and of which the defendants were members, and the Nelson and District Weavers' Association, which was a part of the Amalgamated Weavers' Association, of which the plaintiff was a member, a uniform list of prices was agreed on for different cloths. That was contained in a book which was supplied to the employee, and the rate of wages depended on the inspection by a "cloth-looker" of each piece of cloth as it was completed to decide whether it contained any defect.

According to the list of prices the plaintiff was, in the week ending August 1, 1928, entitled to a wage of £2 6s. 6½d., from which there was to be deducted 1s. 4d. for insurance and an agreed sum of 2d. for hospitals, leaving a total of £2 5s. 0½d. The defendants, however, only paid him £2 4s. 0½d., alleging that they were entitled to deduct 1s. in respect of eight yards of cloth in which a fault had been found.

The question was whether there was any justification for the defendants either to deduct the shilling from the wages or to deduct the shilling in calculating the wages. The plaintiff brought this action to decide the question. The action came on for hearing in March, when it stood over for the amendment of their pleadings by the defendants.

The Hon. Stafford Cripps, K.C., and Mr. Laski, K.C., appeared for the plaintiffs; Mr. Cyril Atkinson, K.C., Mr. Darbyshire, K.C., and Mr. Ormerod for the defendants.

Mr. Stafford Cripps, in opening the plaintiff's case in March, said that under section 116 of the Factory and Workshops Act, 1901, the wages were impliedly to be as set out in the agreement between the associations of the masters and workmen. In the list of prices supplied according to the agreement there were different prices for different districts, of which Nelson was one. The defendants alleged that the engagement of the plaintiff was to be in accordance with the usages existing throughout the cotton weaving trade of Lancashire. Undoubtedly the list of prices applied only to cloth woven according to instructions given and to good marketable cloth. The defendants claimed that if the cloth produced was not good marketable cloth the wages should be calculated with such deductions as the masters should think reasonable.

On the question of the alleged Lancashire usages the following facts had to be considered:—(1) Whether there was any general practice throughout Lancashire. (2) Did the plaintiff know of the practice? (3) Did the practice amount to a usage or custom? (4) Was the practice certain, reasonable, and universal?

If the plaintiff knew of the practice it could only be unreasonable if contrary to justice. If the plaintiff did not know of the practice it must be such as not to alter the contract between the parties, but to provide means of carrying it out.

On the question whether the deduction would be illegal, counsel referred to Hart v. Riversdale Mill Company, Limited (43 *The Times* L.R., 396; [1928] 1 K.B., 176), which, he submitted, did not apply here, as in that case the practice was admitted. The alleged usage that the master was entitled to assess the penalty was unreasonable, as it was for the benefit of an individual.

THREE POINTS

There were three points:—

(1) Was there ever a defect? (2) did the defect arise from bad work? and (3) the amount of the penalty. All those matters the masters claimed to decide themselves.

At that point the action stood over for the defendants to make such amendment as would set out their real contention.

Mr. CRIPPS to-day said that on the amendment the defendants still claimed that the question of the reasonableness of the deduction rested in their discretion. They remained both judge and jury. Every step in the setting up of the custom pleaded was contrary to the fundamental principles of natural justice, and was contrary to the terms of the plaintiff's contract. Natural justice meant some fundamental principle of the law of the land. As to the law that there was no distinction in that respect between trade usage and custom, he cited Johnson v. Credit Lyonnais Company (L.R., 3 C.P.D., 32) and Devonald v. Rosser and Sons (22 *The Times* L.R., 682; [1906] 2 K.B., 728).

With regard to want of knowledge by one party, and the custom of a particular market, the custom was not reasonable if it fundamentally altered the contract. Robinson v. Mollett (L.R., 7 H.L., 802) showed the distinction where both parties knew of the custom. See also Olympia Oil and Cake Co., Limited v. Produce Brokers Company, Limited (33 *The Times* L.R. 95; [1916] 2 K.B., 296), and Nelson v. Dahl (12 Ch.D., 568). Custom or usage could not vary a written contract.

Counsel then dealt with the question of uncertainty of the custom alleged, and cited Daun v. City of London Brewery Company (L.R., 8 Eq., 155), Holderness v. Collinson (7 B. and C., 212), and Harrison v. Universal Marine Insurance Company (3 F. and F., 190), as authority that when there was uncertainty a custom could not be enforced even where there had been acquiescence. A custom must not be against the general law: Potter v. Pearson (2 Lord Raymond, 759).

Mr. Cripps said that he would only call the plaintiff as to the contract into which he entered, and leave the defendants to prove the custom alleged. He would then call rebutting evidence if necessary.

THE PLAINTIFF'S EVIDENCE

Thomas Sagar, the plaintiff, giving evidence, said that he had been employed only by the defendants. When he began work in 1920 nothing was said to him about the terms of employment, but he was given a card, the details on which were taken from a book. His wages were paid on the basis of the uniform price list. When he had finished a piece of cloth he handed it in, and knew from the price list what he had earned. He never knew of the custom alleged by the defendants. When the shilling was deducted he was told that he was fined, but he was not asked to discuss the matter.

Cross-examined, he said that a weaver was expected to bring care and skill to his work. He knew that three yards had to be cut out of the piece of cloth in question, and that that probably cost the defendants more than 1s. He never knew before he was fined that he might be fined, nor that weavers were fined every week for inferior work; nor that agitation about deductions had been going on for some years.

Re-examined, he said that there might be faults not due to the carelessness of the weaver, but to defects of machinery.

Mr. CYRIL ATKINSON, for the defendants, said that, assuming that the work was negligently done by the plaintiff, the loss to the employers was more than a shilling. It was a term of every contract for work that the worker would use proper care and skill. The Truck Act had nothing to do with the amount due to the workman, but only with the payment to him when that sum was ascertained. The price list was only for work done according to the contract. If the plaintiff had sued in the county court he must have proved that he had performed his part of the contract, and the defendants could have proved the damage caused by negligence and set it off against the amount due: Farnsworth v. Garrard (1 Camp., 38); Mondel v. Steel (8 M. and W., 858); Bow, McLachlan and Co. v. Camosan, Owners of (25 *The Times* L.R., 833; [1909] A.C., 597). There was no question here really of usage, but of law that the plaintiff had not done his work properly, and his pay was subject to a deduction.

MR. JUSTICE FARWELL asked what, if the true legal position was that the employers were entitled to make the deduction, was the importance of usage.

Mr. ATKINSON.—None; but I desire to raise every point.

The hearing was adjourned.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Stow, Preston, and Lyttelton for Mr. J. C. Waddington, Burnley; Messrs. Gregory, Rowcliffe and Co., for Messrs. John Taylor and Co., Manchester.

An inquest was held at Bath yesterday on the body of Mrs. Ivy Ward, 33, who was stung on the lip while gathering bluebells in a wood, and died the next day. A doctor stated that poison from the bite of a gnat, mosquito, or infected fly went to her throat, and she died of suffocation. The verdict was in accordance with his evidence.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
CHANCERY DIVISION
DISPUTE OVER SHAREHOLDERS' POLL
SIR NICHOLAS GRATTAN DOYLE AND OTHERS v. BATCHELOR AND OTHERS

(Before MR. JUSTICE CLAUSON*)*

This motion which was adjourned last Tuesday was to restrain the defendant, Mr. Alexander Batchelor, chairman of the defendant company, R. E. Jones, Limited, hotel proprietors and caterers, from declaring the result of a poll at a general meeting of the company held at Swansea on April 17 last.

The motion was in reference to the dispute with regard to the constitution of the board of directors of R. E. Jones, Limited.

Mr. W. P. Spens, K.C., and Mr. G. Garrow Tomlin appeared for the plaintiffs; Mr. Gavin Simonds, K.C., and Mr. B. B. Stenham for two defendants, Mr. John Moxon and Mr. Thomas Bickerton, who are directors and shareholders; and Mr. Cecil Turner for the defendants, Mr. Batchelor and R. E. Jones, Limited.

Mr. SPENS said that since the last hearing the defendants, Mr. John Moxon and Mr. Thomas Bickerton, had, as they then proposed, issued a writ to have the issue determined whether the resolutions put forward at the general meeting on April 17 last were properly passed and a notice of motion by them in that action was now before the Court to restrain the plaintiffs and the defendants, Mr. Batchelor and R. E. Jones, Limited, from acting otherwise than in accordance with the resolutions and also from appointing a managing director. He asked that the motion should stand over until Friday next, that he might answer the evidence.

Mr. STENHAM said that he did not object to the adjournment till Friday, but that in the second action there was a claim for an injunction to restrain the defendants in that action, who were the four directors of the company, from appointing a managing director.

Mr. SPENS said that he had spoken to his clients and no managing director would be appointed pending the hearing of the motion, but he was not going to give a formal undertaking.

His LORDSHIP said that that would be quite good enough for Mr. Stenham, and the directors would not proceed to appoint a managing director. He added that both motions would come on together on Friday.

Mr. SPENS said that his clients were anxious to expedite the matter.

Mr. TURNER said that Mr. Batchelor, who was a defendant in both actions, would do nothing between now and Friday.

His LORDSHIP.—Everyone will hold their hand.

The matter was accordingly adjourned.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Sharpe, Pritchard and Co.; Messrs. Ingledew, Sons, and Brown, for Messrs. Moxon and Petty, Newport, Mon; Messrs. T. D. Jones and Co., for Mr. Edward Harris, Swansea.

PROBATE, DIVORCE, AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION
£750 DAMAGES AGAINST A PILOT CO-RESPONDENT
HINTON v. HINTON AND SPILLETT

(Before MR. JUSTICE BATESON *and a Common Jury)*

In this undefended petition Captain Reginald Wooldridge Shipley Hinton, of Keynsham, Somerset, a retired engineer-captain in the Royal Navy, sought the dissolution of his marriage with Mrs. Irene Mabel Hinton, *née* Vaughan, on the ground of her adultery with Captain Stanley Bertie Spillett, a pilot, employed by the Suez Canal Company in Egypt. The petitioner claimed damages against the co-respondent.

The marriage took place on September 18, 1918, at King's Chapel, Gibraltar.

The respondent was charged with committing adultery with the co-respondent at an address in Gloucester-gardens in September, 1928.

Mr. H. W. Barnard appeared for the petitioner.

MR. JUSTICE BATESON, in summing-up, said that the petitioner was 51 years of age and the respondent 34, and a younger man had come into their lives and taken the wife of the older man away. He had interfered with what had been for seven or eight years a perfectly happy married life. There were no children to be considered, but the petitioner, who had been serving his country, had retired at a comparatively early age with the hope of settling down with his wife, a hope which had been declared.

The jury assessed the damages at £750, and his LORDSHIP ordered the co-respondent to pay that amount into Court within one month. He pronounced a decree *nisi*, with costs against the co-respondent.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Lake and Son.

GIRLS' ACTION AGAINST POLICE OFFICERS
WRONGFUL ARREST AND FALSE IMPRISONMENT

The hearing was concluded at Liverpool Assizes on Monday of the action in which damages for wrongful arrest and false imprisonment were claimed by two Liverpool girls against four Liverpool police officers.

The plaintiffs were ROSE ROGERS, 19, margarine wrapper, and SOPHIA TAMES, 21, glass grinder, both of Kempston-street, Liverpool. They claimed damages for wrongful arrest and false imprisonment against Police-constable Gordon George Browne, Police-constable Wilfred Clark Hare, in charge of Everton-terrace Police Station; Police-constable William Hazel Tate, driver of the prison van; and Sergeant William Smith, acting inspector, in charge of Main Bridewell, Cheapside.

It was alleged that shortly before midnight on Saturday, July 13, after they had been to a dance at Mere Villa Club, of which they were members, in Monk-street, Everton, they stopped and chatted for a few minutes with a boy whom they knew by sight. The boy gave them some flowers, and they then waved to a motor cyclist, who, in passing, called, "Hello, Rose." They next spoke to some boys who belonged to the same club. Police-constable Browne took the girls to Everton-terrace police station, and they were afterwards sent in a police van to Main Bridewell, where they were accused of annoying men. They were allowed to go home, but police-court proceedings had not been taken against them.

For the defence, it was stated that had the girls given their names and addresses, they would not have been taken to the police station.

Police-constable Browne alleged that the girls' conduct became so boisterous that he thought it time to interfere. He never suggested that the girls were soliciting, but that they were annoying men.

Mr. E. G. HEMMERDE, K.C., for the plaintiffs, said that so careful was the law of this country of the invasion of individual liberty that it was not a technicality that made the police officer liable, but it was part of the law. Supposing people could be arrested in this sort of way what security had anyone got? If people were talking in the streets to brothers, cousins, or friends, and could be arrested and taken off to the police station in this way then who was safe?

The jury found for the plaintiffs, and awarded each girl £30 damages, these being assessed at £50 against Police-constable Browne and £10 against Police-constables Hare and Tate and Sergeant Smith collectively.

FRAUDS ON THE SUFFERING

The trial was concluded at the Nottingham Quarter Sessions on Friday of ABRAHAM COHEN, *alias* MAX CONN, 31, and RAMOS LURO, 25, manipulative masseurs, who were charged with obtaining money by false pretences and with conspiracy to defraud. The prosecution alleged that the prisoners professed to cure cases that had been pronounced incurable by doctors by massage and application of an oil which they sold. The prisoners both denied that cures were guaranteed. The jury found them *Guilty*. The RECORDER said the prisoners had been found *Guilty* of conduct heartless and cruel to a degree. It was difficult to see any extenuating circumstances. Conn was sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment with hard labour in respect of the charges of false pretences and 15 months' imprisonment for conspiracy, the sentences to run concurrently. Luro was ordered nine months' imprisonment with hard labour for false pretences and 12 months' imprisonment for conspiracy, the sentences to run concurrently. The prisoners were also ordered to pay £250 towards the costs of the prosecution. This was the prisoners' second trial. At the last Sessions the jury were discharged and a retrial ordered because a reporter had been seen talking with one of the jurors.

CITY DIRECTORS FINED
BREACHES OF COMPANIES ACT PROVISIONS

At the Justice Room, Guildhall, yesterday, before Alderman Sir Percy Vincent, a number of public companies and their directors were summoned for breaches of the Companies Acts.

The first case was that of the ANGLO-SCOTTISH SECURITIES (LIMITED), 2, White Lion-court, Cornhill, which was summoned under the Act of 1929 (section 112) for having failed to hold a general meeting during the year 1929.

SIR WOLSELEY HAIG, of Gledstanes-road, W.14; Mr. DONALD GEORGE JOHNSON, of Wexford-road, S.W.; MAJOR RICHARD RAYMOND WILLIS, V.C., of Chelston, Timaway, Staines; Middlesex; and SIR JAMES SIMPSON, of Heriot-row, Edinburgh, were all summoned, as directors of the company, for being knowingly parties to the default. Mr. Dickens, who appeared on behalf of all the defendants, said they would plead "Guilty."

Mr. H. D. Roome, prosecuting for the Board of Trade, said the summonses were issued under section 112 of the Act which came into force on November 1 last year. But, quite apart from the new legislation of last year, what the defendants were charged with had always been an offence under section 64 of the Companies Act, 1908. In other words, for a great many years every company had been required to hold a general meeting once at least in each calendar year.

"This case," continued counsel, "was reported to the Board of Trade by the Committee of the Stock Exchange. If I may say so, it seems a very right and proper thing for the committee, whose authority is necessary before dealings are permitted in any shares of any company on the Stock Exchange, to exercise a good deal of vigilance as to the manner in which companies permitted by them to deal upon the Stock Exchange carry out their ordinary legal obligations."

The defendant company, Mr. Roome proceeded, was incorporated on March 15, 1928, the nominal share capital being £10,000, which was increased by a special resolution to £125,000 in June, 1928, and at the same time the company was converted from a private company into a public company. According to the returns of allotment, 396,000 Preferred shares, and 498,000 Deferred shares had been allotted for cash. The company held no meeting at all for the year 1929. It was not for want of being reminded. A Mr. Christian, a shareholder, wrote over and over again to the secretary of the company, and also had personally called at the office, requesting that a balance-sheet and profit and loss account should be issued, and that a general meeting should be held. That, however, was not done, and finally, upon the complaints of Mr. Christian, and another shareholder, the matter was referred to the Stock Exchange Committee, and by that body to the Board of Trade. Some correspondence then ensued between the Department and the company, and the required accounts were promised "in the next two or three days." Weeks, passed, however, and no accounts were issued, and no meeting was called. Mr. Christian wrote another indignant letter, and ultimately these summonses were issued.

DIRECTORS' PLEA

Mr. Beeston (chief clerk) said he understood that Major Willis had not been served with a summons. In his case there must be an adjournment. He was said to be abroad.

The ALDERMAN.—That summons will be adjourned for a month.

Addressing the Court in mitigation, Mr. Dickens said it would be idle to suggest that an offence had not been committed against this section, or that the company did not have sufficient warning, but the curious part of the case was that the law had been contravened by the defendants with the object of fulfilling the very purpose for which the section was passed—namely, to give the shareholders a clear view of the company's position. The directors of the company were thoroughly honourable men, and held the greater part of the share capital. As long ago as in June in last year they had instructed their accountants to prepare the accounts for the purpose of laying them before the shareholders. Unfortunately affairs in the City just then were very difficult, and it was most difficult for the auditors to ascertain what the position really was. No doubt it was the duty of the directors to call a meeting, but in the circumstances they thought it would be useless as they were unable to furnish the accounts. A general meeting was called on Aoril 1 and had been adjourned. Admitting their guilt, the directors wished to say that they acted with the best intentions.

SIR PERCY VINCENT said this was really a very serious offence. The defendants had failed in their duty, and must take the consequences. He ordered the company to pay a fine of £25 and £10 10s. costs, the chairman, Sir W. Haig, a fine of £25, and each of the other defendants £20.

The next case was that of the ASBESTOS AND GENERAL TRUST, LIMITED, Cross Keys House, Moorgate, which had also failed to hold a meeting, and the directors summoned were Mr. ERNEST DUTCHMAN, of Manor-gardens, Purley (chairman), Mr. ROWLAND C. BROWN-CAVE, of Grosvenor-place, and Mr. ADOLPH MARKHAM, of Gower-street. There was a second summons against each of the directors for failing to lay before their company in general meeting a profit and loss account since the incorporation.

Mr. Tucker, solicitor, appeared for the defence, and said all his clients would plead "Guilty."

The second group of summonses, said Mr. Roome, were under section 123 of the Companies Act, 1929, which was new law. A director failing within 18 months of the incorporation of a company to lay a profit and loss account before a general meeting was liable to imprisonment for six months, or a fine of £200. There was a proviso that imprisonment should not be inflicted unless, in the opinion of the Court, the neglect was wilful. The Asbestos and General Trust, Limited, was incorporated on September 5, 1928, as a public company with a nominal capital of £220,000, and a return of November 27 of the same year showed that 328,965 Deferred shares were allotted for cash. It was admitted that no meeting was held in this case.

ESTATES IN BOLIVIA

Mr. Tucker urged that his clients were guilty of a technical breach of the Act only. The company had rubber estates in Bolivia, 2,700 miles from the nearest port, and it was almost as difficult as getting a message from Mars as to obtain information from their trading station. Had the Board of Trade only reminded them, they would have been within their rights to apply for an extended period.

The ALDERMAN.—It is not for the Board of Trade to remind you, but for the directors to apply, and no doubt if they had done so they would have got the extension. The company will be fined £25 and 10 guineas costs; Mr. Dutchman, the chairman, £25, as I consider he is more responsible than the other directors; and Mr. Cave Brown-Cave, and Mr. Markham, £10 each. That is on the first count. For the failure to place the profit and loss account before the company the directors will be fined £20 each further, and there will be 5 guineas costs against the chairman.

Mr. DOUGLAS BRUCE WALTER MARKHAM, of Alexandra-court, Maida Vale; Mr. ADRIAN LEWIS SYDNEY, of Randolph-crescent, Maida Vale; and Mr. EDWARD MOWLL WORSFOLD, of Cambridge-terrace, Dover, were summoned as directors of the BELGIAN FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, for failure to take all reasonable steps to lay before the company in general meeting a profit and loss account. There was also a similar summons against Mr. REGINALD MORTIMER, of Shortlands, Letchworth, Herts, the chairman.

Mr. Walter Frampton and Mr. Clark, who appeared for the defendants, said the offence was of a purely technical nature.

Mr. Mortimer was fined £25 and ordered to pay £5 5s. costs, and each of the other directors ordered to pay a fine of £20 and £3 3s. costs.

Summonses against directors of the BOLIVIA TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED, were adjourned as two of the defendants had not been served.

The KAMOUNGHLA TAVOY TIN, LIMITED, Broad-street House, Mr. ARTHUR RICHARD CANNING, of Durham-place, Chelsea, and Mr. HARRY AUGUSTUS HUNTLEY, late of Stanhurst, Brambledown-road, Sanderstead, Surrey, directors, were the next group of defendants. The offence charged was the failure to hold a general meeting, the directors being a party thereto. The company was fined £25 and each of the directors £10.

Mr. GEORGE ARCHIBALD WILLIAMSON, of Audley House, Margaret-street, W., and Mr. A. R. CANNING and Mr. H. A. HUNTLEY were again summoned for similar offences as directors of ST. PAUL'S RIVER TIN, LIMITED, and they pleaded "Guilty."

SIR PERCY VINCENT said the defendants had no excuse whatever, and they would be fined £20 each and must pay £3 3s. costs.

SCENE IN NURSES' HOME
ALLEGED ATTACK ON PROPRIETRESS

At the Marylebone Police Court yesterday, ELVIRA JOSEPHINE LOND, 42, a married woman, was charged on remand, before Mr. H. C. A. Bingley, with attempting to murder Hilda Mary Bordi, proprietress of the West End Nursing Corporation and Nurses' Club, at 55A, New Cavendish-street. Mr. J. M. Symmons, instructed by Mr. L. D. Woolfe, defended.

Mr. Vincent Evans, for the Director of Public Prosecutions, said he would also ask for the committal of the accused on a charge of wounding with intent to cause grievous bodily harm.

Describing the alleged attack on Miss Bordi, Mr. Evans said that there appeared to be no reason for it. The accused had been living at Miss Bordi's address for the past two months, and she occupied a bedroom on the second floor. Miss Bordi occupied a bedroom on the first floor, and at 8 a.m. on April 29 she was just getting up, when there came a knock at the door. She answered it and found the accused standing outside in her night attire. Without a word, the accused struck Miss Bordi on the head with a knife, and there followed a violent struggle in Miss Bordi's bedroom. Miss Bordi attempted to get the knife away from the accused and she received a number of injuries to her right hand. Eventually, Miss Bordi was able to persuade the accused to cease struggling and to put the knife down. The accused then said she was sorry; it was not intended for Miss Bordi, but for Dr. Thompson, for taking her baby away. After that she left the room, taking the knife with her.

Miss Bordi, badly injured though she was, was able to get to the fourth floor, where Nurses Kingston and O'Flannagan were. They returned with her to the ground floor, and were communicating with a Dr. Blake when the accused took the telephone receiver from Nurse Kingston's hands, saying "I will 'phone for the doctor." She did so, giving the name of Mrs. Long, and saying, "Miss Bordi is bleeding to death. I have stabbed her. I have murdered her." The doctor came and attended to Miss Bordi, who was later removed to a nursing home. While the doctor was attending to Miss Bordi the accused came to the door of the room. The doctor asked her who she was and she said, "I am Mrs. Long. I did it." She eventually telephoned to the police at Marylebone-lane and Sergeant Clayden and Police-constable Inward went to the address. The door was opened by the accused, who invited them into her room, saying, "I will tell you all about it. I did it with a hunter's knife." The police officers followed her to her bedroom, where she pointed to a wash basin containing dirty water, and said, "That is the knife I did it with. If I had a revolver I would have gone before now."

Evidence was given by Nurse Bridget Kingston, Police-constable Rose, and Police-constable Inward.

The accused was then remanded for a week.

Mr. Evans, in reply to the MAGISTRATE, said he thought the accused had been completely off her head. Miss Bordi, in a statement which he had received only that morning, said that Mrs. Long was chattering and foaming at the mouth.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale		Description
R. W. Fuller, Moon and Fuller	The Mart, E.C.	(2.30)	Freehold Properties
A. Phillips and Co	Do.	(2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
D. Smith, Oakley and Garrard	Do.	(2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
John D. Wood and Co.	Do.	(2.30)	Leasehold Properties
Swannell and Sly	Do.	(2.30)	Freehold Properties
Robertson and Sons	"Valkyrie," Nutfield-road, Merstham, Surrey	(1.30)	Freehold Property
Hillier, Parker, May and Rowden	The Shepperton-on-Thames	(2.0)	Cottage, Freehold Property
King and Chasemore	Town Hall, Horsham	(2.30)	Freehold Property
J. Ewart Gilkes and Partners	Winchester House, E.C.	(2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Messrs. Jackson Stops	Bell Hotel, Malmesbury	(3.0)	Country Property
Hockey and Son	Lion Hotel, Corsham-bridge	(6.0)	Country Property
Constable and Maude	George Hotel, Shrewsbury	(—)	Country Properties

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, etc. SALES THIS DAY

Hillier, Parker, May and Rowden	The Cottage, Shepperton-on-Thames	(11.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
J. German and Sons	St. Paul's Institute, Burton-on-Trent	(11.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Knight, Frank and Rutley	Hotel Cecil, Strand, W.C.	(11.0)	Contents of the Hotel
Debenham, Storr and Sons	26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.	(12.0)	Choice Furs and Lace
Robinson, Williams and Burnands	22, Gilbert-street, Grosvenor-square, W.	(1.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Knight, Frank and Rutley	Hanover-square, W.	(1.0)	Valuable Carpets and Rugs
Marler and Marler	2, Chester-square, S.W.	(1.0)	Old English Furniture
Hodgson and Co.	115, Chancery-lane, W.C.	(1.0)	Rare Books
Christie, Manson and Woods	King-street, St. James's, S.W.	(1.0)	Old English Silver Plate
Osborn and Mercer	Rotherhurst, near Rotherfield	(1.0)	Furniture, &c.
Druce and Co.	12, Harrington-gardens, S.W.7	(1.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Robinson, Fisher and Harding	King-street, St. James's, S.W.	(1.0)	Old English Furniture
Messrs. Foster	54, Pall Mall, S.W.	(1.0)	Pictures and Drawings
Phillips, Son and Neale	73, New Bond-street, W.	(1.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Sotheby and Co.	34-5, New Bond-street, W.	(1.0)	Pictures and Drawings
Puttick and Simpson	47, Leicester-square, W.C.	(1.10)	Rare Books and Manuscripts
Robertson and Sons	"Valkyrie," Nutfield-road, Merstham, Surrey	(1.30)	Furniture, &c.
Puttick and Simpson	47, Leicester-square, W.C.	(2.0)	Rare Postage Stamps

The Estate Market

20,000 ACRES
THE AEOLIAN HALL

Surrey property, Shrubs Hill House, a modern residence and two acres at Wentworth, has been sold by Messrs. John D. Wood and Co. (Mount-street). The firm has not yet fixed the dates of the chief auctions embracing over 20,000 acres, mentioned in their page yesterday. These include 9,000 acres of Lord Londonderry's Plas Estate, in and near Machynlleth. The owner has refused the request of the tenants that the sale should not go on, but they are to have the first offer of their holdings. Three other coming sales are of 935 acres of Ashridge Park; 3,280 acres of Chillesford Lodge Estate, near Orford; and 2,800 acres of Arkengarthdale, in the North Riding. Other landed properties in the firm's hands are Harmston Hall, 2,600 acres, five miles from Lincoln, joint

Sporting News

RACING

THE TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS

A FINAL ANALYSIS

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The First Spring Meeting was begun at Newmarket yesterday in most unpleasant weather, rain falling incessantly throughout the afternoon.

The King was present at a race meeting for the first time since his illness. In spite of the rain he left his stand during the afternoon and visited the totalisator, and spent some 10 minutes on his inspection of the machine. It is understood that he will be joined this afternoon by the Queen for the race for the Two Thousand Guineas.

Before dealing with yesterday's racing, which was always interesting, I must deal for the last time with the race for the first of the Classics, the Two Thousand Guineas, which will be run at 10 minutes past 3 o'clock this afternoon. Yesterday's rain has created conditions which will be new to most of the runners. For weeks, with very few odd days, the going has been good. This afternoon the going must be holding. The same thing happened in the year St. Louis won. Almost up to the day before the race the going had been firm and all in favour of Pondoland. On the day of the race the ground was soft and all against Pondoland. Yesterday's results showed that form as we have been regarding it was useless in the changed conditions. I do not propose once again to analyse in full the chances of the numerous starters. Trews, as I understand, was only second in a rough gallop at Manton last week, but I believe he could have won. I still regard him as the best of the Manton string of five. After all it could be argued reasonably that Writ, on his Craven Stakes form, had a good chance to-day, and Trews runs instead of Writ. Trews, on actual form, has the beating of Sea Rover, and I have long understood that these are the two best three-year-olds at Manton. Caerleon's chance is surely improved by the changed going, for soft ground must be all in favour of a colt with such joints as his. I am now fully prepared for him, at the altered weights, to beat Seer, whose chance of success I should have considered better if the going had remained hard. Diolite I never thought was so good as his people did, and although he may win I have no reason to advance why he should do so.

Rustom Pasha will not run and on public form his stable companion, Blenheim, has no better chance than Christopher Robin. At the same time Christopher Robin is certainly much fancied. Colonel Loder's other runner, Strongbow, makes more appeal to me. I doubt whether he is to be trusted, but on proved public form he is, through Rock Star and Dundrave, just as good as Christopher Robin, and he is, on breeding, a better stayer. Stamina will tell to-day. For these reasons I prefer the chance of Strongbow to the chance of Christopher Robin and Blenheim. Rodeswood and Pal o' Mine I do not think are quite good enough, while I am fully prepared for Rameses the Second to run better in the Derby than he will do this afternoon. But any actually on the book has the beating of Trews, but, rightly or wrongly, I have formed the opinion that Trews will have made considerably more improvement since the last Newmarket Meeting than Bargany. Silver Flare seems to be held safely by Caerleon, while I do not think that recent winners in Meistersinger and King Baldwin are good enough to win such a race as this. My final selection, therefore, must come from Caerleon and Trews. I would like to couple them, and if I found the winner of such a race in two I would be very pleased. As, however, I must make a final selection, I shall take CAERLEON to win, for the going will suit him ideally.

YESTERDAY'S RACING

Yesterday's racing was begun with the Maiden Stakes for two-year-olds. As the three best backed horses occupied the first three places, the majority of the visitors would be well satisfied, Reveillon, the favourite, winning by a neck from Pisa, with the Toinette filly four lengths away third. Coming out of the Dip Pisa had seemed an assured winner, but she did not stay home so well as Reveillon, a colt by my old favourite Solario, who was himself a most courageous horse who would never own defeat. How well I remember his success in the Gold Cup at Ascot when he was far from at his best. Reveillon is, I think, his first child to win. Toinette filly ran fairly well, but the draw and the going were against her. In different conditions and on a different course she will show much better form. In a similar race at the last meeting here Ravenscar had at one time appeared certain to win, only to be beaten into third place by Plantago and Saracen. Coming out of the Dip in the Thurlow Handicap yesterday he apparently had the race won. The only possible danger was Boldero, and he was a length or so behind and struggling on. There is, however, one great virtue in Boldero, he is never beaten, and he went plugging on up the Hill. His persistence told and inch by inch he pulled Ravenscar back until he had caught him, and he still went on and, in the end, won by a length and a half, with Feu d'Artifice third. Nothing gives me more delight than to watch such a finish, for Boldero is essentially a horse who will not be beaten. It was pleasant to see his owners joy after the race. Mr. Austen, who combines financial interests with a governorship of a well-known public school, does not bet, but he does love a game horse.

If there was one horse in the First Spring Stakes which Lemnarchus seemed certain to beat it was the Golden Thoughts colt, for he had finished a long way in front of him at the last meeting here. However, the Golden Thoughts colt won, and Lemnarchus was only third, the pair being divided by the unconsidered Riviere. Khartoum ran fairly well, but Athara destroyed any chance she may have had by her mad behaviour at the start, which she delayed for a long time. The winner is by Legatee, and belongs to the local member of Parliament. Rapahannock failed completely to stay the mile and a quarter over which the Hastings Stakes was run, as I had thought he would do. The Sponger also failed completely in the same race, but I hear that there was an excuse for his failure, as he was hit over the head during the race. In any case, he was not placed behind the American-bred Fair Game, who won easily from Heraclida, with Buller third. The well-bred Ken Wood, who was backed as if fancied, also ran badly.

Cluny had run so well against County Widdow, a good horse, at Alexandra Park, that he was made favourite for the Risby Handicap. He was in trouble a long way from the finish and was not placed behind Whoopee, who won with ease and who, on this form, must have been unlucky not to have won the Esher Cup. Collodian was second and Sarafan, who did not stay home, third. Ocean Wide, who, I believe, now goes to the stud, also ran well for a long way. Fifty-50 gave little Rickaby a nice winning ride in the Apprentices Plate, in which Sea Monarch was second and Ryevale third. The last-named is a horse to whom no handicapper ever seems to give a fair chance.

TO-DAY'S PROSPECTS

BARROW SELLING STAKES (5f.).—Clever Eyes won at Epsom and has a chance here, but I shall give another chance to LEVANON, who should, I thought, have won at the last meeting here, when she was very badly drawn. If she is well drawn this afternoon she might win easily.

TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS (1m.).—I have dealt with this race already, and have taken CAERLEON to win from Trews.

WILBRAHAM STAKES (5f.).—The best selection here seems to be SHELL PARADE, who was beaten at the last meeting here by Fiesole, the best two-year-old yet seen out this season.

BRETBY HANDICAP (6f.).—Tommy Atkins on his best form has a nice chance. Fingle Bridge had no chance at Epsom owing to his slow start. He might do better here. He has a better chance at the weights than Spring Zephyr. Bearskin cannot be trusted, and in any case has no better chance at the weights than Elcot, who ran so well at the last meeting here. ELCOT seems to me to have just the best chance on his last running here, which should have done him good.

SOMERSHAM STAKES (7f.).—The best of a small field here may be BELLIGERENT, who was fully expected to win at Lingfield but who unseated his rider at the start on that occasion.

NEWMARKET NOTES

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

Since Monday we have had a lot of heavy rain, but the Rowley Mile Course recovers very quickly, and unless more follows no fault will be found with the going across the Flat to-day.

The Barrow Two-Year-Old Selling Stakes will bring out a very big field, and is not at all easy to deal with. UMBRA COLT will carry the confidence of S. Darling's stable, and he has made good improvement since he ran at our last meeting. He may prove best of the home-trained animals.

For the Chippenham Stakes I have seen Coligny II. in most of his gallops lately, and in his class he is a very useful horse. He is built for carrying weight, but the changed conditions may beat him. ST. LEGER will prove the best of the Stanley House pair, and may win. Montclair is greatly fancied and has a chance. Wavetop, Normanton, Contract, Fairy Story, and Venetian Blind will also represent Headquarters.

The Two Thousand Guineas Stakes is a most open and interesting race. Clarehaven Lodge will saddle both Strongbow and Christopher Robin, and they are both good three-year-olds. I believe that Strongbow will prove the better here. Bargany is a very big horse, and one that may prove to be a really good one, but I am not at all sure that the race he had at our last meeting has done him any good. Seer won the Wood Ditton Stakes rather unexpectedly; there is no doubt that he is a much better colt than his connexions thought, and he has improved since that race. However, I look to CAERLEON to win with some confidence. He failed at our last meeting, but he was carrying 9st. 8lb., and has given every satisfaction in his gallops since.

In the Wilbraham Stakes Oh for a Monocle is a useful animal that will require beating. Starweed is very much fancied by the Park Lodge stable and I believe she is useful, but my selection is MYLEE, who will represent Clarehaven Lodge. The race she had at Nottingham last month has improved her, and it will want something very useful to beat her.

Tommy Atkins just failed to win the Bretby Handicap last season. He keeps his form wonderfully well and there is no doubt that he shows his best form over the Rowley Mile Course. However, I am not at all sure that he will beat T. Waugh's BEARSKIN, who has just about reached his best and is well handicapped. Of the others I like Gareloch and Elcot.

The Somersham Stakes may be won by BELLIGERENT.

LONDON BETTING

TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS

(To be run at Newmarket to-day)

5 to 1 agst DIOLITE (t. & o.) (Templeman).
15 — 2 — CAERLEON (t. & o.) (Butters).
9 — 1 — BLENHEIM (t. & o.) (R. Dawson).
100 — 9 — CHRISTOPHER ROBIN (c.) (Gilpin).
100 — 9 — STRONGBOW (c.) (Gilpin).
100 — 8 — BARGANY (cc) (D. Waugh).
100 — 7 — SEER (c.) (J. Cannon).
100 — 6 — TREWS (t. & o.) (Peacock).
100 — 6 — PAL O' MINE (c.) (Peacock).
100 — 6 — RAMESES THE SECOND (c.) (Lawson).
100 — 6 — TRIUNE (c., 29 to 1 L.) (Lawson).
100 — 6 — CHARGER (c.) (Scobie).
25 — 1 — THE OTHERS.

THE DERBY

(To be run at Epsom on June 4)

100 to 8 agst DIOLITE (t. & o.) (Templeman).
100 — 8 — CAERLEON (c., 100 to 7 L.) (Butters).
100 — 8 — STRONGBOW (c.) (Gilpin).
100 — 6 — TRIUNE (c., 25 to 1 L.) (Lawson).
20 — 1 — BLENHEIM (t. & o.) (R. Dawson).
25 — 1 — RAMESES THE SECOND (t. & o.) (Lawson).

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

ONE THOUSAND GUINEAS STAKES, NEWMARKET.—Amuse, at 9 a.m. yesterday.

NEWMARKET MEETING

MARCH STAKES.—Artois and Gay Friar.
FLY PLATE.—Mount of Olives and Thomas a Tattamus.

MISCELLANEOUS

SOMERVILLE STAKES, NEWMARKET.—Creon and Chatter.
BOSCAWEN (POST) STAKES, NEWMARKET.—Sylvan Post.
STEWARDS' PLATE, KEMPTON PARK.—Tetrapodos.
PRINCE OF WALES'S STAKES, KEMPTON PARK.—Swyftfoot Lass.
SPRING STAKES, KEMPTON PARK.—Knight's Folly.
PARADISE STAKES, HURST PARK.—Tetrapodos.
BELAFORD SELLING HANDICAP PLATE, LEWES.—Postaway.
CLIFTON SELLING HANDICAP PLATE, THIRSK.—Cockatrice.
STUDLEY ROYAL HANDICAP PLATE, RIPON.—Hagg.
GREAT SURREY FOAL PLATE, EPSOM.—Spanish Main.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS EXCEPT THORMANBY SELLING PLATE, THIRSK.—Tassotte filly (3yrs.).
KELSO HANDICAP HURDLE, UNITED BORDER HUNT MEETING.—The Wrecker.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS IN MR. F. STRAKER'S NAME.—M.C.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS IN MRS. D. GARDNER'S NAME.—Alvain.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS IN MR. J. PENDARVES'S NAME.—Smoke Screen.
WYE ENGAGEMENTS.—Grand Tuition, Blood Orange, and Polylite.
ALL PUBLISHED HANDICAPS.—Prefect.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS THIS YEAR.—Miss Tache filly (2yrs.) and Moreno.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS.—Clotilda, Crusado, Wilton filly (2yrs.), Nomellina Lily (2yrs.), Square Deal, Derryclare, and Irish Cheddar (dead).

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

(2s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNING)

2.0.—Reveillon, WIN 16s. 9d., PLACE 7s. 9d.; Pisa, PLACE 3s.; Toinette filly, PLACE 5s. 3d.

2.30.—Boldero, WIN 19s. 9d., PLACE 4s. 3d.; Ravenscar, PLACE 2s. 9d.; Feu d'Artifice, PLACE 7s. 9d.

3.0.—Golden Thoughts colt, WIN 22s. 9d., PLACE 5s. 9d.; Riviere, PLACE 24s. 6d.; Lemnarchus, PLACE 2s. 3d.

3.30.—Fair Game, WIN 72s., PLACE 19s. 9d.; Heraclida, PLACE 24s. 3d.

4.0.—Whoopee, WIN 7s. 3d., PLACE 4s. 3d.; Collodian, PLACE 8s. 3d.; Sarafan, PLACE 13s. 9d.

4.30.—Fifty-50, WIN 3s. 9d., PLACE 2s. 9d.; Sea Monarch, PLACE 15s. 9d.; Ryevale, PLACE 5s. 3d.

Artesian double, 2.30 Boldero and 4.0 Whoopee, £183 2s. to £1.

Although Cincinnatus completed the course in the Thurlow Welter Handicap at Newmarket yesterday, it was found on his return to the paddock that he had broken a leg and he was destroyed.

ARGENTINE EIGHT FOR HENLEY

BUENOS AIRES, May 6.—An eight from the Club Canottieri Italiana left here in the Asturias last night to take part in the Henley Regatta.—*Reuter.*

Our Buenos Aires Correspondent writes:—

The Henley Regatta Committee have cabled accepting provisionally the entry of the Argentine rowing club known as Canotieri Italiani (founded by Italian residents), whose eight have won all races here during the last three years. The crew will sail on May 6. This participation has been arranged with the assistance of the British Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. E. Millington-Drake, the former Oxford Blue.

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Newmarket (2.0).
CRICKET.—See Fixture List.
LAWN TENNIS.—Hurlingham, Royal Botanic Society, Purley Bury, Godalming, Harrogate, and Colwyn Bay Tournaments.
GOLF.—Professional Tournament, Qualifying round, Southport.
TENNIS.—Inter-Club Four-Handed Tournament.—Final round.—Manchester v. Queen's Club.
SPEEDWAY RACING.—Purley Bury v. Hall Green, at Birmingham; Southampton v. High Beech, at Southampton; Stamford Bridge; Lea Bridge.
POLO.—Ranelagh.—Furnishitly Challenge Cup, semi-final (3.0).
CROQUET.—Peel Memorials, Roehampton.

NEWMARKET PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses that have arrived or are trained at Newmarket).

2.0.—The **BARROW TWO-YEAR-OLD SELLING STAKES** of 3 sovs. each, with 200 sovs. added; Rous Course (five furlongs).

	St	lb
aCLEVER EYES (Lady Cheshan) ..... S. Darling	9	2
aUMBRA C. by Prince Galahad (Mr. M. S. Carrell) ..... S. Darling	8	12
aDAMERHAM (Mr. C. W. Gordon) ..... J. Jarvis	8	12
aLADY CLUNEY C. by Stornoway (Mr. E. Gwilt) ..... Gwilt	8	12
aGOLDEN APPLE (Mr. F. W. Horlock) Walter Griggs	8	12
aPRINCETOWN (Mr. C. Leader) ..... C. Leader	8	12
aQUEENETTA C. by Bachelor's Craft (Mr. G. R. Sadler) ..... G. Sadler	8	12
aDRILL BOOK (Mrs. G. Robinson) ..... R. Day	8	9
aWENCESLAS (Mr. J. Ainscough) ..... G. Todd	8	9
aMARAQUITA G. by Ethnarch (Mr. L. Ardern) ..... Leach, jun.	8	9
aDAZZLE F. by Old Bowley (Major W. V. Beatty) ..... Beatty	8	9
aTCHAIKOVSKY (Mr. S. W. Beer) ..... Leach, jun.	8	9
aSEA QUEEN F. by Tonton (Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Birkin) ..... Leach, sen.	8	9
ST. GAUDENS (Vicomte de Fontarce) ..... R. Dawson	8	9
aLEVANON (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) ..... Cottrill	8	9
aOLD BLAST (Captain T. Hogg) ..... Hogg	8	9
aTWIN SPIRIT (Captain T. Hogg) ..... Hogg	8	9
aGRAND LIGHT (Captain T. Hogg) ..... Hogg	8	9
aFACE TO FACE (Mr. W. Hustler) ..... R. J. Colling	8	9
GRESNEZ G. by Eoi Herode (Mr. H. E. Persse) ..... Persse	8	9
aLADY STAND UP F. by Defiance (Mr. Hugh Powney) ..... Hugh Powney	8	9
aFLYING LAURETTE (Captain C. J. Robo) G. Sadler	8	9
aLISA F. by Knight of the Garter (Mrs. A. D. Sadler) ..... A. Sadler	8	9
aCHERRY WHISKY (Captain H. F. Thomas) ..... R. J. Colling	8	9
aSO CHEAP (Mrs. R. T. Waugh) ..... R. T. Waugh	8	9
aJOY TO SEE (Mr. C. Wellesley) ..... Leach, jun.	8	9
aRIVALDESQUE (Mrs. S. Whitburn) ..... Cottrill	8	9
BRITISH AIRWAY (Lieutenant-Colonel M. Wingfield) ..... Pope	8	9

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

LADY CLUNEY COLT, F. Lane; GOLDEN APPLE, R. Jones; WENCESLAS, —; MARAQUITA GELDING, H. Leach; DAZZLE FILLY, W. Stephenson; SEA QUEEN FILLY, Leach; LEVANON, R. James; COLD BLAST or TWIN SPIRIT, G. Richards; FACE TO FACE, P. Beasley; PRINCETOWN, R. Perryman; LADY STAND UP FILLY, —; ASPEN FILLY, T. Lowrey; SO CHEAP, H. Wragg; JOY TO SEE, F. Powell; BRITISH AIRWAY, J. Sirett.

2.30.—The **CHIPPENHAM STAKES** of 3 sovs. each and 3 sovs. extra for starters, with 300 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 20 sovs. out of the stakes. Last mile and a half of the Cesarewitch Course.

	Yrs	st	lb
aWAVETOP (Mr. H. Kennedy) ..... H. Leader	5	9	8
aRICHBOROUGH (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	5	9	2
aST. LEGER (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	4	9	0
aMONTCLAIR (Mr. E. Esmond) ..... J. Jarvis	4	9	0
BLUE DANUBE (Mr. R. Farquharson) ..... Farquharson	4	9	0
aTHE NICHE (Sir L. Phillipps) ..... Leach, jun.	4	8	10
aPHILANOR (Mr. W. T. Sears) ..... Hanshaw	4	7	11
aNORMANTON (Mr. T. Galletly) ..... Hanshaw	4	7	11
CONTRACT (Mr. J. Darling) ..... J. Darling	4	7	11
aFAIRY STORY (His Majesty) ..... W. Jarvis	4	7	11
aCALISTHENIC (Mr. H. Barrow) ..... Hanshaw	3	7	1
aCOLLINGRAM (Lord Harewood) ..... R. Jarvis	3	7	1
aVENETIAN BLIND (Colonel F. Lundgren) ..... Darling	3	7	1

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

WAVETOP, J. Leach; MONTCLAIR, H. Jelliss; BLUE DANUBE, M. Beary; FAIRY STORY, S. Donoghue; VENETIAN BLIND, J. Sirett.

3.10.—The **TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS STAKES** of 100 sovs. each, half forfeit if declared by the Tuesday in the week before running, or 5 sovs. the only forfeit if declared by first Tuesday in July, 1929, with 2,000 guineas added; for entire colts and fillies foaled in 1927; the owner of the second to receive 10 per cent. and the owner of the third 5 per cent. of the whole stakes. Rowley Mile.

	St	lb
TREWS (Lord Astor), b c, by Buchan—Lone Suit (J. Lawson) ..... R. Dick	9	0
PEGASUS (Mrs. Dexter Beatty), br c, by Phalaris—Enchantment (T. E. Leader) ..... S. Wragg	9	0
MEISTERSINGER (Mr. S. W. Beer), br c, by Gorse—Princess Charming (F. Leach, jun.) ..... J. Leach	9	0
PARADINE (Mr. W. M. Cazalet), bl c, by Grand Parade—Jesting Maid (J. Lawson) ..... R. Perryman	9	0
SILVER FLARE (Major J. S. Courtauld), br c, by Pharos—Silver Wand (B. Jarvis) ..... C. Elliott	9	0
SEA ROVER (Mr. A. R. Cox), br c, by Pomme-de-Terre—Gay Laura (J. Lawson) ..... M. Wing	9	0
CAERLEON (Lord Derby), br c, by Phalaris—Canyon (Frank Butters) ..... T. Weston	9	0
POOR LAD (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen), br c, by Cyrano de Bergerac (O. Bell) ..... H. Wragg	9	0
SINGAPORE (Captain T. Hogg), b c, by Gainsborough—Tetrabraria (T. Hogg) ..... G. Richards	9	0
CASSEROLE (Mr. J. W. Harvie), b c, by Orpheus—Milfoil (F. Leach, jun.) ..... H. Leach	9	0
DIOLITE (Sir Hugo Hirst), b c, by Diophon—Needle Rock (F. Templeman) ..... F. Fox	9	0
BARGANY (Lord Howard de Walden), b c, by Buchan—Queen's Company (D. Cannon) ..... J. Childs	9	0
CHARGER (Sir Charles Hyde), gr c, by Stratford—Queen Herodias (N. C. Scobie) ..... B. Carslake	9	0
POLYERAJA (Mr. S. B. Joel), ch c, by Sunder—Polkerris (W. C. Earl) ..... F. Winter	9	0
BLENHEIM (The Aga Khan), br c, by Blandford—Leonora (T. Dawson) ..... M. Beary	9	0
BLUE TRAIN (Mr. H. R. Lawrence), ch c, by Rurry On—Tres Belle (E. D. Tuthill) ..... F. Lane	9	0
STRONGBOW (Lieutenant-Colonel Giles Loder), bl c, by Swynford—Molly Desmond (C. Gilpin) ..... S. Donoghue	9	0
CHRISTOPHER ROBIN (Lieutenant-Colonel Giles Loder), br c, by Phalaris—Dutch Mary (C. Gilpin) ..... P. Beasley	9	0
PARTESON (Mr. E. Mavrommo), b c, by Parth—Meddlesome Maid (F. Leach, jun.) ..... G. Barnes	9	0
EYES FRONT (Sir George Noble), ch c, by Grand Parade—Cillata (Dunsdale) ..... R. James	9	0
RODESWOOD (Sir Lindsay Parkinson), b c, by Rustwood—Redesdale (M. D. Peacock) ..... W. Nevett	9	0
SEER (Mr. G. C. H. Peel), b c, by Farman—Disillusion (J. Cannon) ..... H. Jelliss	9	0
TETRAGRAM (Mr. T. Richards), b c, by Orthodoxus—Black Gem (W. Nicholls) ..... H. Beasley	9	0
RAMESES THE SECOND (Mr. W. M. G. Singer), ch c, by Galsborough—Grand Rapide (J. Lawson) ..... C. Ray	9	0
PAL O' MINE (Sir Ernest Tate), ch c, by Captain Cuttle—Benevente (M. D. Peacock) ..... J. Taylor	9	0
ILIAD (Mr. Somerville Tattersall), ch c, by Swynford—Pagan Sacrifice (J. Lawson) ..... R. Jones	9	0
KING BALDWIN (Mrs. Edgar Wallace), br c, by Hainault—Tricomble (W. Larkin) ..... J. Dines	9	0

(Each to carry 9st.)

3.45.—The **WILBRAHAM STAKES** of 10 sovs. each, 5 sovs. forfeit if declared by April 29, with 500 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. out of the stakes; for two-year-old fillies. Rous Course (five furlongs).

	St	lb
aOH FOR A MONOCLE (Sir C. Fuller) Walter Griggs	9	4
SOARING JEWEL (Mr. R. E. Jeffrey) ..... De Mestre	9	1
aSEA QUEEN F. by Tonton (Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Birkin) ..... Leach, sen.	8	8
aGAY SISTER (Mr. J. A. Hirst) ..... R. W. Colling	8	8
aSHELL PARADE (Major L. B. Holliday) ..... De Mestre	8	8
aMORAL VICTORY (Mr. W. W. Hope) ..... E. T. Waugh	8	8
aPASCA (Mr. H. E. Morriss) ..... F. Darling	8	8
aLEAR (Mr. C. Vanderbilt) ..... C. Leader	8	8
aSPION TOP (Mr. H. Leader) ..... H. Leader	8	8
aDANCING MISTRESS (Lord Penrhyn) ..... Leach, sen.	8	8
aSTARWEED (Mr. D. L. Wilson) ..... J. Jarvis	8	8
aAVIATION (Sir J. Rutherford) ..... R. Day	8	8
aBELLE FERRONNIERE (M. E. de St. Alary) ..... Gilpin	8	8
aMYLEE (M. E. de St. Alary) ..... Gilpin	8	8
aCHEVENDA F. by Beresford (Sir Y. Cohen) ..... C. Waugh	8	8
LEGHORN TOR F. by Lancegaye (Mr. W. M. G. Singer) ..... Lawson	8	8

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

OH FOR A MONOCLE, M. Beary; SEA QUEEN FILLY or DANCING MISTRESS, J. Leach; MARJOLAINE, C. Elliott; ASUNCION, —; GORSE FILLY, H. Jelliss; EVENING GLORY, G. Richards; WINSOME WAY, J. Childs; QUITA FILLY, J. Dines; FAIR GAME, T. Lowrey; SHELL PARADE, C. Ray; MORAL VICTORY, H. Beasley; PASCA, F. Fox; STARWEED, H. Wragg; MYLEE, P. Beasley.

4.15.—The **BRETBY HANDICAP**, a sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each, 2 sovs. forfeit if declared by April 29, with 500 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. out of the stakes. Bretby Stakes Course (six furlongs).

	Yrs	st	lb
aTOMMY ATKINS (Mr. W. T. Sears) ..... Leach, jun.	6	9	4
aCLARAWOOD II. (Mr. A. K. Macomber) ..... Leach, jun.	4	9	1
aFINGLE BRIDGE (Mr. F. T. Hales) W. Nightingall	5	8	8
aHIGHTIDE IV. (Sir A. Bailey) ..... J. W. Brown	4	8	4
aBEARSKIN (Mr. D. L. Wilson) ..... R. T. Waugh	4	8	4
aELCOT (Mr. C. Vanderbilt) ..... J. Jarvis	4	8	3
aPIPERNO (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... Earl	3	7	12
aWYKEHAM (Lieutenant-Colonel J. Carruthers) ..... R. J. Colling	a	7	8
aJARNICK (Mr. O. W. Nicholson) R. J. Colling	a	7	8
aPREMIERE DANSEUSE (Mr. J. A. Dawson) ..... Dawson	4	7	5
aAESCULAPIUS (Major R. Ratliffe) Walter Griggs	4	7	5
aSPRING ZEPHYR (Mrs. C. Beatty) T. R. Lolley	3	7	4
RED QUEEN (Mr. G. C. Sneyd) ..... Sneyd	4	7	0
aKONDA (Mr. A. Sevastopulos) ..... R. Day	4	7	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

TOMMY ATKINS, H. Leach; CLARAWOOD II., J. Leach; FINGLE BRIDGE, R. Dick; BEARSKIN, J. Childs; ELCOT, G. Richards; WYKEHAM, S. Wragg; PREMIERE DANSEUSE, F. Fox; AESCULAPIUS, —; SPRING ZEPHYR, T. Lowrey.

4.45.—The **SOMERSHAM STAKES** of 6 sovs. each, 3 sovs. forfeit, with 200 sovs. added for the winner, 50 sovs. for the second, and 15 sovs. for the third. Dewhurst Stakes Course (seven furlongs).

	Yrs	st	lb
aSARGASSO (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	4	9	8
aMERTON ABBEY (Mr. J. A. Dewar) Pickering	4	9	8
aGOLDEN LYRE (Sir A. Bailey) ..... J. Day	4	8	8
LILSTIE (Mr. Z. G. Michalinos) ..... Molony	4	8	8
WALTER GAY (Lord Woolavington) F. Darling	4	8	1
aLOWAN LODGE (Mr. D. L. Wilson) Leach, jun.	3	8	0
aBARRACK LAW (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) ..... O. Bell	3	7	12
QUEEN BEE (Mr. H. D. Dennis) ..... F. Dennis	4	7	12
aDANDIE DINMONT (Mr. F. W. Horlock) ..... Walter Griggs	3	7	10
aSALAMIS (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Butters	3	7	5
THE RECORDER (Mr. J. A. Dewar) F. Darling	3	7	5
aPERTHSHIRE LAD (Mr. T. W. Gordon) J. Jarvis	3	7	5
PRATAGUI (Mr. S. Guisadhur) ..... J. Cannon	3	7	5
aGOLDEN VENTURE (Sir J. B. Jardine) ..... Leach, sen.	3	7	5
aPARTHENON (Mr. A. K. Macomber) Leach, jun.	3	7	5
aBELLIGERENT (Lady Z. Wernher) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	3	7	2
aSPRING GRASS (Sir J. Arnott) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	3	7	2
aANAGAMA (Lord Rosebery) ..... Watts	3	7	2
aROSE PLUME (Mr. G. H. Drummond) ..... Digby	3	7	2
aVALIANT (Major F. W. Duff) ..... Miss	3	7	2
aPRAYAGI (Lord Harewood) W. Jarvis	3	7	2
aNESSUNO (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... Earl	3	7	2
HONEYMOON (Sir C. McLeod) ..... Higgs	3	7	2
aSOLFEGGIO (Mrs. I. Miss) ..... Miss	3	7	2
aSILVER GOWN (Mr. H. E. Morriss) T. H. Leader	3	7	2
BLUE VEIL (Lord Woolavington) F. Darling	3	7	2
SISTER NORAH (Lord Woolavington) F. Darling	3	7	2

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

BARRACK LAW, H. Wragg; DANDIE DINMONT, S. Donoghue; PERTHSHIRE LAD, T. Lowrey; PRAYAGI, T. Weston; BELLIGERENT, J. Dines; SPRING GRASS, J. Simpson; ROSE PLUME, A. Richardson; VALIANT or SOLFEGGIO, J. Sirett; NESSUNO, K. Robertson; SILVER GOWN, W. Aikerd.

FRENCH RUGBY PLAYER KILLED

PARIS, May 6.—Michel Pradie received such serious injuries playing for Agen against Pau in the semi-final round of the National Championship on Sunday that he died in hospital later. Agen reached the final round by beating Pau by 18 points to five, and are due to meet the winners of the other semi-final match between Quillan and Carcassonne. It was suggested that Agen should retire, but it was considered that Pradie would wish them to go on, and they will play in the final.—*Reuter.*

NEWMARKET RESULTS

2.0 (2.3).—The **MAIDEN TWO-YEAR-OLD STAKES** of 6 sovs. each, with 200 sovs. added. Rous Course (five furlongs).

REVEILLON, ch c, by Solario—Vesper Bell (Sir G. Bullough), 8st. 12lb. ..... H. Jelliss 1
PISA, b or br f, by Blandford—Piazzetta (Lord Derby), 8st. 9lb. ..... T. Weston 2
TOINETTE FILLY, by Golden Sun (Mr. J. B. Joel), 8st. 9lb. ..... B. Carslake 3

The Veil c. by Craig an Eran (Mr. C. S. Ambrose), 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Evans 0
Camp Warden (Captain Hogg), 8st. 12lb. G. Richards 0
Jestaway c. by Jackdaw (Mr. R. Hughes), 8st. 12lb. ..... R. Jones 0
Dola c. by Obliterate (Sir J. B. Jardine), 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Leach 0
Silver Sound (Mr. R. R. Jeffrey), 8st. 12lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Ponsardin (Mr. S. E. Joel), 8st. 12lb. ..... F. Winter 0
Marten's Tower (Mr. W. R. Lysaght), 8st. 12lb. ..... C. Elliott 0
Free Stater (Major D. Matthews), 8st. 12lb. H. Leach 0
Naughty Monk (Mr. A. Nelson), 8st. 12lb. D. Morris 0
Prince Maratha (Mr. E. C. Nolan), 8st. 12lb. R. Dick 0
Duffield (Mr. G. H. Peck), 8st. 12lb. J. Simpson 0
Passing Show c. by Lancegaye (Mr. W. M. G. Singer), 8st. 12lb. ..... R. Jenkins 0
Chalkiands (Mrs. E. Wallace), 8st. 12lb. ..... F. Lane 0
Clarice c. by Mieuxs (Mr. J. Widener), 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Childs 0
Spooner (Mrs. C. Beatty), 8st. 9lb. ..... S. Wragg 0
Aria (Mrs. E. Dayton), 8st. 9lb. ..... T. Lowrey 0
Jean Lowell (Lady A. Compton-Vyner), ... J. Taylor 0
Charming Tune (Mr. A. Gordon), 8st. 9lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Boie (Mr. Walter Griggs), 8st. 9lb. ..... G. Skelton 0
Finlay Creek f. by Pomme-de-Terre (Mr. W. W. Hope), 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
Mah Mahal (The Aga Khan), 8st. 9lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Hazel Broom f. by Gallio (Mr. H. Leader), 8st. 9lb. ..... R. Fawdon 0
Bachelor's Fort f. by Defiance (Mr. A. Lowry), 8st. 9lb. ..... C. Hall 0
Pitter Patter (Mr. A. K. Macomber), 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Southey 0
Saintly Orb (Sir C. Pulley), 8st. 9lb. ..... W. Bird 0
Lady Rosalie (Mrs. W. Raphael), 8st. 9lb. E. Foreyth 0
Cymro (Captain H. F. Thomas), 8st. 9lb. ..... G. Baines 0
Dormouse f. by Spion Kop (Mr. P. Whitaker), 8st. 9lb. ..... E. Barbara 0
Chivalresque (Mrs. S. Whitburn), 8st. 9lb. R. James 0
Caliphs (Miss H. B. Cooke), 8st. 9lb. ..... C. Hamshaw 0

(Winner trained by J. Jarvis, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 2 agst Reveillon, 4 to 1 Pisa, 5 to 1 Toinette filly, 10 to 1 Camp Warden, 100 to 8 each Dola colt, Hazel Broom filly, and Ponsardin, 100 to 7 Chalkiands, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 8s. 9d.

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

CRICKET

YORKSHIRE WIN AT LORD'S

AN EXCITING FINISH

Yorkshire gained a brilliant and most exciting victory over the M.C.C. at Lord's yesterday by seven wickets. The winning hit, most appropriately a 6, was made at one minute before 7 o'clock, when stumps were to be drawn.

As the pitch was well soaked and soft no play was possible until 2 o'clock, and then, when Yorkshire continued their first innings 63 runs behind and with four wickets in hand, nothing seemed more unlikely than a definite result. Robinson was run out off the first ball of the day by a smart piece of fielding by B. H. Lyon, but Mitchell and Wood stayed together until a quarter-past 3, adding only 38 runs in 70 minutes. Once Wood had left, however, no one stayed very long with Mitchell, who was batting two hours for his 36 not out, and the innings closed after five-and-a-quarter hours for 257. N. Haig, Kennedy, and Hearne had all seemed to appreciate the wicket, and although it was uncertain how the M.C.C., with a rather long tail, would stand up to the Yorkshire bowlers, it was difficult to foresee the collapse that followed.

The M.C.C. went in for the second time at 10 minutes to 4 o'clock with a lead of 19, A. L. Hosie and Lee opening the innings. With only nine runs scored Hosie was bowled by Robinson with a ball that came in so much from the off that it rounded the bent knees of the batsman. Hearne followed in, but at 14 Lee was out leg-before-wicket to the same bowler, and just before the tea interval—taken at 10 minutes to 5—Hendren was caught by Holmes at first slip off Robinson. B. H. Lyon left soon after the resumption, when Macaulay was put on for the second time in the innings at the Pavilion end. Macaulay, bowling round the wicket, and with sometimes three, and sometimes four, men standing close in on the leg side, wrought such havoc that he took the last seven M.C.C. wickets for six runs. His full figures after tea were:—

Overs	Maidens	Runs	Wickets
10	6	6	7

When Haig fell into the leg trap the score was 62 for five, and the time 25 minutes past five. There still seemed little prospect of anything but a draw, even when Kennedy was leg-before-wicket to the next ball. W. B. Franklin stayed long enough to prevent the hat-trick, but was clean bowled in Macaulay's next over, and A. L. Hilder, evidently feeling that he would probably be out soon whatever he did, had a happy-go-lucky smack, and was bowled first ball. Meanwhile, Leyland, bowling at the other end, was keeping the runs down without having any luck in the matter of taking wickets. However, Macaulay soon got rid of W. E. Hazelton and Bowes, and the innings, in spite of a gallant 28 not out by Hearne, ended after an hour and 50 minutes, with the M.C.C. only 86 runs ahead.

With the knowledge that play would be prolonged until 7 o'clock Holmes and Leyland opened the Yorkshire innings at 6.15, needing 83 runs to win in 45 minutes. Both went for the bowling whole-heartedly and 10 runs came in the first two overs. Ten more runs came in the third over, off Haig, but two valuable wickets fell, Holmes being clean bowled in trying to hit the ball out of the ground and Robinson skying the ball to Hosie. Sutcliffe then came in, but with the score at 36 Leyland was caught after making 17, a score that included four 4's. Dennis, whose bowling had come in for some comment earlier in the match, gave a chance to Hazelton, off Kennedy, in the deep when he had made only one and another to Hearne, off the same bowler, at 12. Hearne, unhappily, injured his finger in trying to make the catch, but though he left the field it was said later that the damage was not serious. The first 42 runs came in 20 minutes and well up to time, but Kennedy kept the runs down for a short spell, and 22 runs were still needed with 10 minutes to play. Dennis and Sutcliffe were both so well set that there seemed every chance of the runs being made, and Dennis finally pulled a ball from Kennedy into the stand underneath the large scoring-board to win the match in what would have been the last over of the day.

M.C.C.

First Innings			Second Innings		
N. Haig, c. Robinson, b. Macaulay	2		c. Sutcliffe, b. Macaulay	4	
Lee, c. Wood, b. Oldroyd	62		l.-b.-w., b. Robinson	7	
Hearne, l.-b.-w., b. Robinson	9		not out	28	
Hendren, c. Robinson, b. Macaulay	111		c. Holmes, b. Macaulay	6	
B. H. Lyon, c. Barber, b. Leyland	26		l.-b.-w., b. Macaulay	5	
A. L. Hosie, st. Wood, b. Leyland	20		b. Robinson	5	
Kennedy, c. Wood, b. Macaulay	16		l.-b.-w., b. Macaulay	0	
W. B. Franklin, l.-b.-w., b. Macaulay	3		b. Macaulay	2	
A. L. Hilder, not out	4		b. Macaulay	0	
W. E. Hazelton, b. Macaulay	0		c. and b. Macaulay	0	
Bowes (did not go in)	—		c. Barber, b. Macaulay	0	
Byes, 8; l.-b., 1; w., 11; n.-b., 3	23		Byes, 7; l.-b., 1; n.-b. 2	10	
Total (9 wkts.)	*276		Total	67	

* Innings declared closed.

YORKSHIRE

First Innings			Second Innings		
Holmes, c. Bowes, b. Haig	12		b. Haig	8	
Sutcliffe, b. Kennedy	74		not out	27	
Oldroyd, b. Kennedy	35				
Leyland, b. Haig	29		c. Hazelton, b. Haig	17	
A. T. Barber, c. Kennedy, b. Hearne	15				
Mitchell, not out	36				
W. E. Harbord, b. Hearne	2				
Robinson, run out	11		c. Hosie, b. Haig	2	
Wood, b. Kennedy	16				
Dennis, c. Franklin, b. Hearne	0		not out	34	
Macaulay, b. Kennedy	1				
Byes, 13; l.-b., 15; n.-b., 1	29		l.-b., 1	1	
Total	257		Total (3 wkts.)	89	

BOWLING ANALYSIS

M.C.C.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	25	7	55	1
Macaulay	28	7	73	5
Dennis	13	3	23	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	11	5	13	3
Macaulay	17	8	22	7

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Haig	28	12	37	2
Hazelton	8	0	28	0
Bowes	21	4	40	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Haig	7	0	37	3
Bowes	2	0	18	0

UMPIRES.—King and Beet.

FOUR MATCHES ABANDONED

No play was possible in four matches yesterday owing to rain, and the games were accordingly abandoned. The scores are given below:—

LEICESTER

LEICESTERSHIRE, 148 (Berry 50, Shipman 63; Grimmett 7 for 26).
AUSTRALIANS, 365 for 5 (Bradman 185 not out, V. Richardson 100; Geary 4 for 85, Smary 1 for 89).

NOTTINGHAM

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE, 273 (Whysall 113) and 89 for 6 (Tate 2 for 37, Langridge 2 for 14).
SUSSEX, 198 (Parks, H., 83).

BIRMINGHAM

GLAMORGAN, 269 (M. J. Turnbull 54, Davies, E., 58 not out; Mayer 4 for 70) and 120 for 1 (Bates 56 not out, M. J. Turnbull 63 not out; Dugnall 1 for 24).
WARWICKSHIRE, 251 (H. E. S. Wyatt 98 not out; Ryan 5 for 75).

OXFORD

KENT, 123 (I. Akers-Douglas 43; Peebles 6 for 68).
OXFORD UNIVERSITY, 407 (K. M. Ford 155; Freeman 5 for 157).

THE TEST MATCH AT LORD'S

Mr. W. Findlay, secretary of the M.C.C., announces that all the Mound Stand tickets have been sold for Saturday, June 28, the second day of the Test Match at Lord's. Tickets can still be obtained, however, for Friday, June 27, Monday, June 30, and Tuesday, July 1.

WEST INDIES TOURING TEAM

(FROM OUR JAMAICA CORRESPONDENT)

The West Indian Cricket Board of Control has held several meetings at Kingston, Jamaica, in connexion with the team that will proceed to Australia towards the end of the year to play a series of matches in the Antipodes. The following will comprise the West Indian team:—

G. C. Grant (Trinidad) (captain), L. S. Birkett (Trinidad) (Vice-captain), E. L. Bartlett (Barbados), L. Barrow (Jamaica), L. N. Constantine (Trinidad), F. I. De Caires (British Guiana), G. France (Barbados), G. Headley (Jamaica), E. R. Hunte (Trinidad), H. C. Griffith (Barbados), C. R. Martin (Jamaica), O. C. Scott (Jamaica), E. St. Hill (Trinidad), C. A. Roach (Trinidad), J. E. D. Sealy (Barbados), and O. S. Wight (British Guiana).

Mr. R. H. Mallett has been asked to be manager. The team will assemble at Panama during the first week in October, and will sail on October 9, arriving in New Zealand on October 29, and at Sydney on October 31. The return journey will be made in March. The team will pass through the Panama Canal, and disperse at Cristobal at the end of that month.

SURREY'S EASY VICTORY

WORCESTERSHIRE BEATEN IN AN INNINGS

With the aid of the weather, which prevented any play until 2 o'clock, Worcestershire staved off defeat for a further 2½ hours at the Oval yesterday. Surrey then won by an innings and 224 runs.

Apart from the delay yesterday, the after-effects of heavy rain overnight, Worcestershire had anything but the better of the uncertain weather of the last few days. It was on a soft and occasionally treacherous, if not difficult, pitch that they were all out for 40 on Saturday, and when, after Surrey had made most of their 447 for eight on a pitch that definitely was easy, and Worcestershire's turn came to go in for a second time, it was in a bad light. Towards the end yesterday, also, the ball got up unpleasantly high and suddenly.

In the main, Worcestershire were unlucky to be beaten so very easily, and the county possess a young side that may well improve considerably as the season progresses. Both J. Fox and V. Fox batted really well in the second innings and, but for one fatal error of judgment in flicking at a high ball well off the wicket, C. F. Walters, the acting captain, might have helped V. Fox to kill a lot more time and add many more than 42 for the fifth wicket. Indeed, if there had been a little more delay and a little more steady batting, Worcestershire might have averted defeat after all, and raised the question as to the wisdom or otherwise of Surrey's captain in persisting so long with his side's first innings, when, early on Monday afternoon, they held a lead of more than 300 runs. V. Fox's 59 occupied 2¾ hours altogether, and included seven 4's. He was the last man out, splendidly caught on the leg side by Brooks, off the bowling of Allom. So far as Worcestershire were concerned, it need only be added that Perks, left-handed with the bat, but right-handed with the ball, was the most successful bowler, though heavily punished by the earlier Surrey batsmen, and particularly by Ducat, whenever he sent down a loose ball. Brooke was not well suited by the easy-paced pitch and Root's leg theory on this occasion failed entirely.

E. G. Stroud bowled with by far the best results for Surrey. His four for 17 in the first innings was confirmed, as it were, by yesterday's four for 36. It remains to be seen if he will develop into what Surrey need most, a bowler to open the attack. So far, he may have been flattered by the good use made of him as a change bowler, of which Surrey have almost a surfeit, and by the very moderate quality of most of the Worcestershire batting.

Score:—

WORCESTERSHIRE

First Innings			Second Innings		
Wright, c. Ducat, b. Peach	0		c. Allom, b. Stroud	24	
Fox (J.), run out	0		b. Stroud	30	
Nichol, c. Brooks, b. Allom	0		b. Stroud	1	
Gibbons, c. Fender, b. Stroud	6		c. Brooks, b. Stroud	7	
Fox (V.), b. Allom	0		c. Brooks, b. Allom	59	
C. F. Walters, c. Shepherd, b. Stroud	13		c. Peach, b. Allom	18	
Root, c. Peach, b. Stroud	14		c. Brooks, b. Fender	10	
Brooke, c. Brooks, b. Stroud	3		b. Peach	12	
Perks, run out	0		b. Allom	0	
Styler, l.-b.-w., b. Allom	2		b. Allom	0	
Jackson, not out	0		not out	6	
	1		c. Barber, b. Peach	0	
	2		Byes, 3; l.-b., 8	11	
Total	40		Total	183	

SURREY.—First Innings

Hobbs, c. Brooke, b. Perks	66
Sandham, c. Styler, b. Perks	65
Ducat, st. Styler, b. Fox (J.)	125
Shepherd, b. Brooke	83
Barling, c. Nichol, b. Root	21
Gregory, c. Styler, b. Wright	12
P. G. H. Fender, c. Walters, b. Perks	24
E. G. Stroud, not out	6
Peach, c. Gibbons, b. Root	0
M. J. C. Allom, not out	13
Byes, 7; l.-b., 13; n.-b., 1	21
Total (8 wkts.)	*447

*Innings declared closed.

Brooks did not go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Allom	12	6	11	3
Peach	12	9	5	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Allom	29.2	13	60	4
Peach	29	9	20	1
Fender	18	3	40	1

SURREY.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	45	11	119	2
Perks	27	8	106	3
Jackson	9	1	39	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Brooke	17	2	76	1
Wright	17	4	56	1
Fox (J.)	11	0	52	1

UMPIRES.—Reeves and Morton.

LANCASHIRE WIN

Although a thunderstorm broke over the ground directly play ended on Monday evening Old Trafford was one of the few places to escape the rain yesterday, and before 3 o'clock Lancashire had beaten Northamptonshire by an innings and 21 runs.

The Lancashire captain declared at the overnight total of 337 for six wickets, and Northamptonshire found the task of getting 185 in order to escape an innings defeat quite beyond them. The early Northamptonshire batsmen scored readily enough on a rather dead pitch, the bowling of McDonald and Sibbles seldom troubling Woolley and Bakewell, but directly R. Tyldesley and Hopwood took up the attack there came a collapse, six wickets falling in three-quarters of an hour after luncheon for 29 runs. Hopwood took five wickets at a cost of eight runs apiece, while Tyldesley took the other five for 49 and so made his aggregate for the match nine for 85.

Northamptonshire's batting lacked distinction. Jupp hit freely for an hour without gaining any real mastery over the bowling, while Timms kept up an end for 90 minutes. Once they were out Lancashire's victory was only a question of time. It will be noticed that not one man in the innings was bowled. All except Matthews and Jupp were dismissed behind the wicket, and Duckworth, who was in his best form, stumped four of them.

Score:—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

First Innings			Second Innings		
Woolley, l.-b.-w., b. Tyldesley (R.)	14		c. Sibbles, b. Tyldesley (R.)	17	
Bakewell, run out	0		st. Duckworth, b. Hopwood	27	
Timms (J. E.), c. Tyldesley (E.), b. McDonald	6		c. McDonald, b. Hopwood	32	
V. W. C. Jupp, c. Tyldesley (E.), b. Sibbles	8		l.-b.-w., b. Hopwood	48	
Matthews, l.-b.-w., b. Tyldesley (R.)	4		c. Iddon, b. Tyldesley (R.)	2	
Bellamy, b. Tyldesley (R.)	41		st. Duckworth, b. Tyldesley (R.)	6	
Liddell, b. Tyldesley (R.)	10		st. Duckworth, b. Hopwood	13	
Cox, run out	18		c. Sibbles, b. Tyldesley (R.)	0	
Thomas, b. Hopwood	27		st. Duckworth, b. Tyldesley (R.)	12	
Partridge, not out	4		not out	7	
Clark, c. Hopwood, b. McDonald	7		c. McDonald, b. Hopwood	1	
Byes, 4; l.-b., 9	13		Byes, 2; l.-b., 2	4	
Total	152		Total	164	

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

Hallows, b. Clark	51
Watson, c. Bellamy, b. Jupp	30
Tyldesley (E.), b. Clark	1
Iddon, st. Bellamy, b. Jupp	93
Hopwood, c. Jupp, b. Cox	62
Paynter, st. Bellamy, b. Thomas	6
P. T. Eckersley, not out	60
Sibbles, not out	7
Bye, 1; l.-b., 7; n.-b., 1	9
Total (6 wkts.)	*337

* Innings declared closed.

Duckworth, Tyldesley (R.), and McDonald did not go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonald	24	5	53	2
Sibbles	22	10	30	1

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Tyldesley (R.)	26	11	36	4
Hopwood	12	3	20	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonald	14	5	26	0
Sibbles	7	0	16	0
Hopwood	22	3	40	5

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Tyldesley	19	5	49	5
Iddon	7	0	29	0

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Clark	21	2	55	2
Thomas	24	7	61	1
Matthews	27	4	78	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Partridge	13	2	49	0
Jupp	23	4	64	2
Cox	5	1	21	1

UMPIRES.—Burrows and Hardstaff

WOMEN'S CRICKET

The Women's Cricket Association is now in its fourth year, and its development has been steady from the start. The association has now an individual membership of 450, and there are 50 affiliated clubs. Forty-five of the largest girls' schools in the country have also joined the association. Most of those who are members are hockey and lacrosse players who feel that golf and lawn tennis do not fill their requirements for team games in the summer.

The standard of the game is still in the making, but there are already some players of ability.

There are no leagues or competitions, and those who play do so for the love of the game.

The season ahead will be more full than usual. The W.C.A. has 28 matches in all parts of the country, and there are tours to the West, Durham, Scotland, and Devon. A public match will be played at Beckenham on July 16. The West will play the Midlands at Bournville on June 23, and the season will end with a Cricket Week at Colwall, near Malvern.

A paper, *Women's Cricket*, edited by Miss M. Pollard, will be published monthly during the season.

MR. H. M. MARTINEAU'S TEAM'S TOUR IN EGYPT

Played at Cairo on April 7 and 8.

GEZIRA SPORTING CLUB

First Innings			Second Innings		
K. A. Rusbridge, st. Mayhew, b. Martineau	10		c. Lowndes, b. Hill-Wood	14	
H. Merton, b. Scott	37		c. Hill-Wood, b. Scott	16	
H. R. Holme, c. Knott, b. Lloyd	28		c. Johnston, b. Scott	68	
J. N. Whitworth, l.-b.-w., b. Lloyd	0		b. Lowndes	10	
E. S. Cole, not out	95		c. Masterman, b. Martineau	33	
A. P. R. Mellor, c. Scott, b. Peebles	30		b. Martineau	1	
E. T. Cachagli, l.-b.-w., b. Masterman	0		b. Peebles	57	
M. L. Eggar, b. Peebles	16		c. Lloyd, b. Peebles	18	
Captain J. Radford, b. Peebles	0		c. Masterman, b. Scott	17	
R. D. Watt, c. Knott, b. Hill-Wood	0		not out	2	
Captain H. M. Hinde, b. Hill-Wood	0		c. Mayhew, b. Masterman	5	
Byes, &c.	12		Byes, &c.	4	
Total	228		Total	245	

MR. H. M. MARTINEAU'S XI.

First Innings			Second Innings		
Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Johnston, b. Cole	38			—	
R. S. Scott, b. Radford	13		c. Rusbridge, b. Radford	22	
W. G. Lowndes, st. Holme, b. Hinde	180		l.-b.-w., b. Cole	5	
C. K. Hill-Wood, c. and b. Cole	8		not out	10	
C. W. Knott, c. Radford, b. Eggar	130		not out	12	
R. M. Handfield Jones, run out	6		c. Cole, b. Hinde	4	
J. F. Mayhew, c. and b. Cole	20		b. Cole	11	
F. O. G. Lloyd, not out	0		b. Cole	6	
J. C. Masterman	—		c. Merton, b. Hinde	0	
I. A. R. Peebles	—		c. Whitworth, b. Radford	0	
Byes, &c.	10		Byes, &c.	0	
Total (7 wkts.)	*465		Total (7 wkts.)	70	

*Innings declared closed.

H. M. Martineau did not go in.

Played at Cairo on April 11, 12, and 13:—

ALL EGYPT

First Innings			Second Innings		
W. Merton, b. Peebles	9		b. Peebles	37	
F. C. Organ, c. Peebles, b. Hill-Wood	7		l.-b.-w., b. Hill-Wood	9	
M. E. O'Brian, l.-b.-w., b. Peebles	11		b. Peebles	5	
A. R. Mellor, b. Lloyd	18		c. Masterman, b. Lloyd	7	
E. S. Cole, b. Peebles	2		c. Hill-Wood, b. Masterman	18	
K. F. Miles, b. Lloyd	8		b. Scott	47	
G. S. Duckworth, c. Masterman, b. Lloyd	8		c. Masterman, b. Lloyd	8	
F. D. Clarke not out	9		b. Peebles	1	
Captain J. Radford, c. Martineau, b. Masterman	1		b. Masterman	4	
Captain H. M. Hinde, c. Masterman, b. Lloyd	0		c. Knott, b. Lowndes	7	
Major G. Firbank, st. Mayhew, b. Lloyd	0		not out	2	
Byes, &c.	4		Byes, &c.	13	
Total	77		Total	158	

MR. H. M. MARTINEAU'S XI.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Johnston, b. Hinde	68
R. S. Scott, b. Firbank	96
W. G. Lowndes, l.-b.-w., b. Firbank	2
R. M. Handfield Jones, b. Hinde	9
C. W. Knott, c. Cole, b. Firbank	33
F. O. G. Lloyd, c. Cole, b. Clarke	40
H. M. Martineau, c. Clarke, b. Cole	15
C. K. Hill-Wood, c. Clarke, b. Cole	91
F. O. G. Lloyd, c. Cole, b. Radford	8
I. A. R. Peebles, c. O'Brian, b. Firbank	2
J. F. Mayhew, not out	32
Byes, &c.	6
Total	400

Played at Alexandria on April 14, 15 and 16:—

ALL EGYPT

First Innings			Second Innings		
Sergeant-Major Prince, c. Mayhew, b. Hill-Wood	17		l.-b.-w., b. Peebles	16	
W. Merton, c. Mayhew, b. Peebles	3		c. Knott, b. Peebles	23	
F. C. Organ, l.-b.-w., b. Peebles	5		st. Mayhew, b. Masterman	0	
M. E. O'Brian, c. Knott, b. Martineau	121		b. Peebles	0	
M. N. E. McMullen, b. Lowndes	13		l.-b.-w., b. Masterman	19	
E. S. Cole, b. Scott	59		b. Peebles	45	
G. S. Duckworth, c. Handfield Jones, b. Martineau	14		c. Knott, b. Masterman	49	
E. T. Cachagli, b. Peebles	17		b. Peebles	6	
K. F. Miles, b. Peebles	33		c. Scott, b. Masterman	54	
Captain H. M. Hinde, l.-b.-w., b. Peebles	6		c. Hill-Wood, b. Masterman	4	
Major G. C. Firbank, not out	0		not out	1	
Byes, &c.	9		Byes, &c.	10	
Total	297		Total	226	

MR. H. M. MARTINEAU'S XI.

First Innings			Second Innings		
Lieutenant-Colonel C. Johnston, c. O'Brian, b. Organ	8		c. Cole, b. Hinde	7	
R. S. Scott, l.-b.-w., b. Cole	34		st. Duckworth, b. Peebles	23	
W. G. Lowndes, c. Prince, b. Organ	0		b. Hinde	15	
R. M. Handfield Jones, c. Casdagli, b. Prince	23		c. Cole, b. Hinde	2	
F. H. Knott, c. Miles, b. Cole	2		c. Duckworth, b. Firbank	122	
J. C. Masterman, b. Cole	15		b. Prince	25	
H. M. Martineau, b. Cole	6		b. Prince	2	
C. K. Hill-Wood, b. Hinde	44		c. Hinde, b. Miles	20	
F. O. G. Lloyd, c. O'Brian, b. Cole	15		b. Prince	1	
I. A. R. Peebles, c. Firbank, b. Prince	22		c. Miles, b. Firbank	29	
J. F. Mayhew, not out	1		not out	26	
Byes, &c.	11		Byes, &c.	26	
Total	182		Total	279	

WISBECH TOWN v. M.C.C.

The match between M.C.C. and Wisbech was played at Wisbech and resulted in a draw. Score:—

M.C.C.

N. G. Wykes, b. P. A. Wright	33
G. D. Kemp-Welch, b. P. A. Wright	33
C. A. Rowland, c. Dods, b. Bland	9
K. S. Duleepsinhji, c. Gifford, b. Neville	124
W. L. Jynn, c. Neville, b. Bland	11
A. H. H. Gillman, l.-b.-w., b. Bland	20
H. S. E. Critchley-Salmonson, c. Dods, b. Bland	2
S. T. Jagger, c. Williams, b. Bland	8
M. Collis-Browne, c. and b. Neville	9
A. F. R. Gilligan, not out	0
H. T. Swan, b. Neville	0
Extras	16
Total	285

WISBECH TOWN

First Innings			Second Innings		
G. Gifford, b. Critchley-Salmonson	3		l.-b.-w., b. Wykes	55	
C. F. Wright, b. Jagger	1		st. Collis-Browne, b. Critchley-Salmonson	9	
P. Williams, b. Critchley-Salmonson	0		b. Critchley-Salmonson	4	
Whysall, l.-b.-w., b. Jupp	58		c. Kemp-Welch, b. Jupp	125	
H. W. Dods, l.-b.-w., b. Jupp	0		b. Critchley-Salmonson	4	
G. Neville, c. and b. Jupp	4		c. Critchley-Salmonson, b. Jupp	29	
G. W. Woolstencroft, not out	6		b. Jupp	15	
R. D. F. Bland, l.-b.-w., b. Jupp	1		c. Critchley-Salmonson, b. Wykes	9	
P. A. Wright, b. Jupp	0		b. Jupp	1	
E. H. Hickman, c. Wykes, b. Jupp	0		not out	4	
F. Leech, b. Jupp	0		b. Jupp	0	
Extras	3		Extras	16	
Total	76		Total	271	

EXPERIMENT AT THE OVAL

The Surrey County Cricket Club has decided that, as an experiment, in 1930 all persons be admitted to the Oval at half-price after 4.30 p.m. on all days of first-class matches controlled by the Surrey club (except the Test Match with the Australians). A similar arrangement has been in force for some time at other county grounds.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

LORD'S.—M.C.C. v. SURREY

M.C.C.—A. P. F. Chapman, the Hon. F. S. G. Calthorpe, J. W. H. T. Douglas, W. Franklin, N. Haig, E. W. Dawson, Hearne, Hendren, Bowes, Astill, and Kennedy.

SURREY (selected from).—P. G. H. Fender, M. J. C. Allom, D. R. Jardine, S. A. Black, G. Stroud, Hobbs, Sandham, Ducat, Shepherd, Brooks, and another. Twelfth man: Peach.

The hours of play will be:—First day, 12 to 6.30; second and third days, 11.30 to 6.30.

LEYTON.—ESSEX v. AUSTRALIANS

ESSEX.—C. J. Bray, L. G. Crawley, H. T. O. Smith, H. J. Palmer, Russell, O'Connor, Nichols, Hipkin, Sheffield, Cutmore, and Pope.

AUSTRALIANS (selected from).—W. M. Woodfull, V. Y. Richardson, A. F. Kippax, W. H. Ponsford, E. L. a'Beckett, D. G. Bradman, A. Jackson, S. McCabe, A. Fairfax, W. A. Oldfield, C. V. Grimmett, C. W. Walker, T. Wall, P. M. Hornibrook, and A. Hurwood.

GLOUCESTER.—GLOUCESTERSHIRE v. LANCASHIRE

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—R. H. Lyon, Dipper, Smith, Sinfield, Hammond, Goddard, Dacre, Stephens, Neale, Barnett, and Ford or Harris.

LANCASHIRE (selected from).—P. T. Eckersley, Hallows, Watson, Tyldesley (E.), Tyldesley (R.), McDonald, Iddon, Hopwood, Duckworth, Sibbles, Paynter, and Taylor.

BIRMINGHAM.—WARWICKSHIRE v. SOMERSET

WARWICKSHIRE.—R. E. S. Wyatt, the Rev. J. H. Parsons, J. Morton, Smith, Croom, Bates, Kilner, Santall, Paine, Sanders, and Mayer.

SOMERSET.—J. C. White, R. A. Ingle, E. F. Longrigg, C. C. Case, E. H. Hunt, Young, Hunt, Luckes, Lee (J. W.), Lee (F. S.), and Andrews.

BRIGHTON.—SUSSEX v. NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

SUSSEX.—A. E. Thomson, K. S. Duleepsinhji, Parks (J.), Parks (H.), Bowley, Cook, Langridge (James), Tate, Wensley, Hollingdale, and Cornford.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—V. W. C. Jupp, Woolley, Thomas, Timms (J. E.), Clark, Bellamy, Matthews, Bakewell, Liddell, Partridge, and Wright (R. C. B.).

OXFORD.—OXFORD UNIVERSITY v. YORKSHIRE

OXFORD.—P. G. T. Kingsley (New College), D. N. Moore (Queen's), I. Akers-Douglas (Christ Church), A. Melville (Trinity), the Nawab of Pataudi (Balliol), N. S. Ford (Oriel), H. M. Garland-Wells (Pembroke), C. K. Hill-Wood (Christ Church), E. M. Wellings (Christ Church), I. A. R. Peebles (Brasenose), and J. F. N. Mayhew (Brasenose).

YORKSHIRE (selected from).—A. T. Barber, Rhodes, Holmes, Sutcliffe, Leyland, Robinson, Macaulay, Mitchell, Oldroyd, Wood, Dennis, and Barber (W.).

CAMBRIDGE.—CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY SENIORS' MATCH

MR. C. M. ANDREAE'S TEAM.—C. M. Andreae (Harrow and Trinity), H. E. Carris (Mill Hill and St. John's), Dr. Baines (South Africa and Trinity Hall), G. P. Goodwin (Whitgift and St. Catharine's), W. S. Findlay (South Africa and Pembroke), N. S. Browning (Crypt School, Gloucester, and St. Catharine's), R. E. C. Bauman (Repton and Emmanuel), J. C. Christopherson (Uppingham and Pembroke), A. E. G. Baring (Greshams, Holt, and Magdalene), M. J. C. Morton (Marlborough and Pembroke), E. R. Sheepshanks (Eton and Trinity), and H. H. Dales (South Africa and Emmanuel).

MR. M. R. S. BOWER'S TEAM.—M. R. S. Bower (Winchester and Pembroke), R. H. Palmer (Harrow and Pembroke), G. E. M. Pennefather (Harrow and King's), H. D. Burrough (King's School, Bruton, and St. Catharine's), R. L. D. Gibson (South Africa and Jesus), R. Vaughan (Repton and Clare), T. E. Drakes (Stamford and St. Catharine's), A. Ratcliffe (Rydal and Trinity Hall), J. G. Askew (Durham and Emmanuel), G. C. S. Adams (Radley and Pembroke), G. N. Capel Cure (Eton and Trinity), and R. Tebbs (Leeds Grammar School and Selwyn).

SCHOOL MATCHES

Birkenhead School v. Oxton: K.C.S., Wimbledon v. Mr. Osbethorpe's XI.; St. Dunstan's College v. Eltham College; University College School v. Queen's, Oxford.

GOLF

ENGLISH TEAM V. SCOTLAND

The English Golf Union announce that the side to represent England against Scotland in the International match at St. Andrews on May 24 will be selected from the following:—

J. B. Beck (West Hill), J. B. Beddard (South Staffs), T. A. Bourn (Sunningdale), E. W. Fiddian (Stourbridge), J. Gent (Bradford), C. E. Hardman (Manchester), R. W. Hartley (Sunningdale), Sir E. W. E. Holderness (Walton Heath), E. N. Layton (Walton Heath), R. H. Oppenheimer (Temple), S. Robinson (Southport), E. F. Storey (West Hill), J. A. Stout (Bridlington), W. Sutton (West Cheshire Artisans), C. J. H. Tolley (Royal Eastbourne), Dr. W. Tweddell (Stourbridge), and R. H. Wethered (Worplesdon).

Of the above players 10 will take part in the match, which is decided by Singles and Foursomes. Hardman, who was runner-up in the English Native Championship last week, and Gent have not yet played in an international match, and of the remainder Bourn and Oppenheimer have not played against Scotland.

ROYAL AND ANCIENT SPRING MEETING

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

ST. ANDREWS, MAY 6

The business meeting of the Royal and Ancient Golf Club was held this evening, when the minutes of the last meeting were approved. It was announced that the Duke of York had accepted the nomination of the past captains to the captaincy of the club. The Rules of Golf Committee reported their action of last November in legalizing the use of steel shafts made in accordance with the specification on the form and make of clubs.

To-morrow is medal day, for which the very large entry of 142 players has been received. The medals to be played for are the Silver Cross of St. Andrews, for the best scratch score, the Bombay Medal, for the second best scratch score, and the Glennie Medal, for which to-morrow's round is the first half. The back marker is R. W. Hartley, who won the King William IV. Medal last autumn. There are three members at plus one, R. H. Oppenheimer, who partnered Hartley on that occasion and won the Gold Medal, W. B. Torrance, and Gordon Simpson. No fewer than 12 scratch players are taking part—Major A. G. Barry, W. A. Gordon Brown, T. M. Burrel, Major G. C. Campbell, Peter Campbell, Dr. H. Gardiner-Hill, R. G

Parliament

DEATH DUTIES

COMMONS AND THE NEW SCALE

MR. SNOWDEN'S DEFENCE

HOUSE OF LORDS

TUESDAY, MAY 6

The LORD CHANCELLOR took his seat on the Woolsack at a quarter past 4 o'clock.

BILLS ADVANCED

The Borough Market (Southwark) Bill, the Brighton and Hove Gas Bill, and the Stockton-on-Tees Corporation (No. 1) Bill were read a second time. The Boston Corporation Bill and the Bristol Corporation (No. 1) Bill were read the third time and passed.

SOVIET TRADE DELEGATION

DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY

LORD NEWTON asked the Government why, under the new Anglo-Russian Commercial Agreement, all diplomatic privileges and immunities had been accorded to the Soviet trade representatives and to the offices occupied by them in London, whereas similar privileges had been withheld in other parts of the Empire; and whether diplomatic immunity had been accorded to Soviet commercial agencies in foreign States. He said that in view of the circumstances in which diplomatic relations had been broken off with the Soviet Government, one would have expected that in asking for the renewal of recognition the Soviet would appear in the guise of a suppliant offering guarantees in regard to the future. It was an astonishing thing that the Soviet Government had returned here on its own terms and that they were provided indirectly with money by this country which would in all probability be used for purposes of which their lordships were well aware. The new delegation had been accorded privileges which were denied even to Arcos. This country on the other hand got nothing whatever in return for these concessions. If the situation were not so thoroughly unsatisfactory, it would be most distinctly comic. Here was the Soviet Government, which was openly hostile to this country and always had been; and at this moment the papers controlled by that Government were exulting loudly over the difficulties which they had caused and were causing for us in India and other parts of the world. In spite of these facts we welcomed these people back as if they were long-lost friends, we lent them money in the shape of credits with which possibly to work against us, and we bestowed on them privileges which would enable them to carry on their work against us with greater security.

LORD DANESFORT said that by the terms of the agreement the members of the trade delegation were exempt from all criminal jurisdiction in this country, and, if they used their opportunities, as Arcos did, to conspire against us, it would be impossible to prosecute them in the criminal courts. Their offices might be the centre of Communist treasonable activities, and yet no British officer of the law could enter. These concessions were not only wholly unnecessary for trade purposes, but they were mischievous and dangerous.

LORD JOICEY said that no impartial man looking at the past of the Soviet Government would attempt to make a treaty with them. They had murdered hundreds of thousands of people simply because they differed from them politically. He was ashamed of a British Government that could carry on negotiations with the Soviet Government.

LORD PONSONBY'S REPLY

LORD PONSONBY, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Transport, said that the grant of diplomatic privileges to the Soviet Trade Delegation was not a new departure. They were initiated in a partial form in 1921. If, as Lord Danesfort suggested, the premises occupied by the Soviet Trade Delegation were likely to be used as a centre for a criminal conspiracy against the British Government, why could the Embassy not be used for that purpose? He deprecated this continual suspicion against a foreign Government. He did not know why whenever the Soviet Government was mentioned it was necessary for one of the British parties to cast aspersions upon the Government and to impute the worst possible motives. Certain noble lords thought they were justified in doing so because of the Arcos raid. But the majority of the people of this country regarded that raid as one of the biggest political farces ever perpetrated. (Opposition cries of "Oh.") The propaganda clause in the protocol signed by the Foreign Secretary at the time of the initiation of the negotiations entirely covered all the activities of the staff and the diplomatic mission. If Lord Joicey had still been present he would have asked him to give a single instance where a commercial contract undertaken by the Soviet Government, or by the organizations working under them, had not been carried out. So far as the British Colonies were concerned a foreign Embassy could only be established at the headquarters of the British Commonwealth administered by his Majesty's Government. For that reason his Majesty's Government had felt impelled to make a distinction between the privileges accorded to the Soviet trade representatives in London and in other places under their administration. It was of course within the province of his Majesty's Governments in the Dominions to make what arrangements they pleased, but the matter had not come forward at present. The foreign countries which had accorded similar privileges to the Soviet Trade Delegation were:—Germany, Italy, Latvia, Norway, Sweden, and Turkey.

VISCOUNT BRENTFORD said that there seemed always to be something which appealed to the present Government, and the previous Labour Government in 1924, in the acts, feelings, and ideas of the Russian Government. At all events their lordships who sat on the Opposition side of the House did not share that opinion, and they would continue to cast aspersions upon the actions of the Russian Government. As to Lord Ponsonby's point about the privileges granted to the Soviet delegation in 1921 their lordships would remember that in that year there was no Russian Embassy in this country. But the real argument they were entitled to address to the Government was that they had not profited by experience. (Opposition cheers.) Lord Ponsonby had said that the majority of the people of this country regarded the Arcos raid as a political farce. He did not know whether Lord Ponsonby had taken the trouble to investigate the papers left at the Home Office or to see the heads of the police and discuss this matter before making that statement as a Minister of the Crown. The late Government were informed by those who were responsible that espionage on the part of Russia was being conducted on a large scale, that in all probability it centred in the building of the trade delegation, and that certain documents had been stolen or obtained from one of the Government offices and had been photographed in that very Arcos building. When these and other facts came before him, after consultation with the Prime Minister he decided that investigation should be made into the contents of that Arcos building, and what was called the raid took place. Lord Ponsonby would probably not accept his statement that the raid was justified, but perhaps the noble lord would accept the statement of one of the men who was responsible, as an officer of the Government, for the conduct of the raid. Sir Wyndham Childs was at that time head of the political secret service at Scotland Yard and was his (Lord Brentford's) right hand man in connexion with this matter, and he had recently published a book, written two or three years after the event. Sir Wyndham Childs was the man above all others in the whole country who had the best means of knowing whether this raid was a political farce or not, and this was what he wrote in his book: "We discovered conclusive evidence that Arcos was being utilized as a focus for the dissemination of revolutionary propaganda and that the Russians had violated the provisions of the trade agreement." He added that the documents discovered contained precise information as to how to send legal documents, legal telegrams, illegal documents and illegal telegrams, cypher telegrams and money, and that Arcos was used for the transmission of those telegrams, those documents, and that money from Russia, not only to this country but to a large number of other countries, particularly in South America. If that were correct—and he (Lord Brentford) said it was—his complaint against the Government was that they had not benefited by the experience of the late Government and had not maintained continuity in foreign policy.

LORD PARMOOR, Lord President of the Council, said there had always been a large element of non-continuity in foreign policy. He agreed as to the general principle of continuity, but it might become a perfect danger. The fact that America had no diplomatic relations and no trade agency did not protect her from the dangers of the advocacy of Soviet Bolshevist propaganda. Every single thing that it was suggested could be done through the trade agency could be done more conveniently and directly through the Embassy. The difference between the position in the Dominions and in this country was that there was no Embassy in the Dominions. He could not think that this special immunity of three people outside the Embassy, which might be a trade advantage, could really place the Soviet Government in a better position with regard to propaganda than they would be with the Embassy alone.

LORD NEWTON said that personally he was quite incapable of understanding why it was not necessary for the Dominions to give this privilege if it was necessary for us. He should have thought that the natural procedure was to deny this privilege to the commercial mission in London and to accord it, if it was really necessary, to the trade representatives in the Dominions. The whole thing was so unsatisfactory that he did not think it was worth pursuing the matter any further.

THE EGYPTIAN NEGOTIATIONS

VISCOUNT BRENTFORD, in whose name stood a question asking whether the Government could make a statement as to the course and progress of the negotiations with the Government of Egypt, said that he had received an intimation from the Leader of the House that it would be against the interests of this country and the Government if he were to make any statement at the present time. He would merely ask that an early opportunity should be given to their lordships to receive full information and to discuss this matter.

LORD PARMOOR thanked the noble viscount for his attitude and said that when the negotiations were no longer at a critical and acute stage he would undertake at the earliest possible moment to arrange for the question to be brought forward again.

The Poor Prisoners' Defence Bill was brought up from the Commons and read a first time.

LORD PARMOOR, in moving the adjournment, said that it was intended to start the Committee stage of the Coal Mines Bill on Tuesday, and, except where private interests intervened, to continue *de die in diem* until the discussions were finished. The Government thought it would be convenient to sit after dinner—at any rate, on Tuesday, the first day.

The MARQUESS of SALISBURY.—The noble lord is, of course, aware that at the instance of the Government the Land Drainage Bill stands on the paper for Thursday?

LORD PARMOOR.—That may be postponed.

The MARQUESS of SALISBURY.—There may be many reasons why it ought to be postponed.

Their lordships rose at a quarter to 6 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

TUESDAY, MAY 6

The SPEAKER took the Chair at a quarter before 3 o'clock.

The following Bills were read a second time:—Barnsley and District Traction, Birkenhead Corporation, Clacton-on-Sea Pier, East Kent District Water, Faversham Oyster Fishery Company, Lancaster Corporation, Portsmouth Water, and Sutton Coldfield Corporation.

HEALTH OF THE MERCANTILE MARINE

SIR B. PETO (Barnstaple, U.) asked the President of the Board of Trade whether he would furnish the names of those serving on the Committee which had been set up to consider and advise on any questions affecting the health of the Mercantile Marine; and whether their report on the hygiene of crew spaces on board ship might be expected shortly.

Mr. GRAHAM, President of the Board of Trade (Edinburgh, Central).—The membership of the Committee is as follows:—Representing the Board of Trade: Mr. E. J. Foley (chairman), Mr. G. E. Baker, Mr. A. S. Hoskin, Mr. C. J. Oyey (clerical secretary). Representing the Ministry of Health:—Sir George S. Buchanan, Dr. P. G. Stock, Mr. M. Heseltine, Mr. R. H. Crooke, Dr. M. T. Morgan (medical secretary). I cannot yet say when the Committee will be in a position to report on the question of the improvement of the hygiene of crew spaces.

TARIFF TRUCE

Mr. A. M. SAMUEL (Farnham, U.) asked the President of the Board of Trade whether the Secretary-General of the League of Nations had notified him of the passage by the German Reichstag of a Bill increasing customs tariffs against Poland, whose representative signed the Convention of his Tariff Truce at Geneva on March 24; and would he state what steps it was proposed to take in view of this proposed breach of the spirit of the Tariff Truce.

Mr. GRAHAM.—The Secretary-General of the League of Nations has forwarded to his Majesty's Government a communication to the League by the Polish Government regarding a German Bill providing for an increase in customs duties, which, they state, has created an entirely new situation as compared with the state of affairs existing at the time when Poland signed the Commercial Convention. Article 2 of the Commercial Convention indicates the procedure to be accorded in cases of this kind by countries who consider their interests to be seriously affected by increases of duty on the part of other Contracting States. As the interests of this country are not so affected, his Majesty's Government do not propose to take any action.

Mr. HANNON (Birmingham, Moseley, U.) asked why certain countries, parties to the Commercial Convention of Geneva, might increase their import duties, without breaking the international treaty, on giving 20 days' notice; and if he would explain why this privilege had not been conferred on Great Britain, the largest industrial country which subscribes to the Convention.

Mr. GRAHAM.—The Convention distinguishes between those States which consolidate a substantial proportion of their duties by treaty and those which do not. The majority of European countries fall into the first category, but this country and a few others into the second. Article 1 of the Convention, which in effect prolongs the commercial treaties, would not bind this country not to increase duties, but does to that extent bind the "consolidating" countries. In order to preserve the balance of obligations, it is provided that the "consolidating" countries, so far as their duties are not fixed by treaty, will in general give 20 days' notice of any increase they may make, and enter upon negotiations with any aggrieved State to restore the balance; while the "non-consolidating" countries, subject to no treaty obligation fixing rates of duty, undertake not to increase protective duties, but may increase their fiscal duties without notice or negotiation.

SIR P. CUNLIFFE-LISTER (Hendon, U.) asked whether this country had got the same liberty to increase its duties as was given to other countries.

Mr. GRAHAM.—I think that is substantially the case. But we made it plain that it was not the policy of this country to embark on a protectionist policy. (Opposition ironical laughter.)

UNITED STATES AND LACE DUTIES

Mr. GRAHAM answering LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ACLAND-TROYTE (Tiverton, U.) said:—I am informed that the proposal of the United States Senate to impose specific duties over and above the *ad valorem* duty of 90 per cent. on narrow lace and on nets and netting has been rescinded in Conference of both Houses of Congress.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE AGENDA

SIR A. POWNALL (Lewisham, E., U.) asked the Prime Minister whether he would place for consideration upon the agenda of the Imperial Conference a proposal that there should be a permanent secretariat to consider Empire questions in the intervals between conferences.

Mr. SNOWDEN, Chancellor of the Exchequer (Colne Valley), who replied, said:—Proposals on the lines of that indicated in the hon. member's question have been discussed at earlier Imperial Conferences, and as he is, no doubt, aware, a similar suggestion has been included in a report recently drawn up by the Federation of British Industries. As, however, the Prime Minister intimated on March 25 in reply to a question by the hon. member for Willesden East, the agenda for the Imperial Conference is now under discussion between the Governments concerned, and I could not undertake to say at this stage what particular items will eventually be included.

THE PALESTINE REPORT

SIR JOHN SIMPSON'S MISSION

COLONEL HOWARD-BURY (Chelmsford, U.) asked the Prime Minister whether he could make any statement as to proposed action of the Government on the Palestine Report; and when it was proposed to have a day for a debate on the report.

Mr. SNOWDEN.—I am not in a position to make any comprehensive statement. With regard to one section of the report, it has been decided to appoint a special officer to visit Palestine on a temporary mission for the purpose of reporting, in consultation with the High Commmissioner, on the important questions of land settlement, immigration, and development. I am glad to say that Sir John Hope Simpson, who has very high qualifications in these matters, has agreed to undertake this mission. He is leaving for Palestine at once. Conversations with the Arab delegation on various matters raised in the report of the Commission are proceeding. As regards the last part of the question, opportunities will arise in the ordinary course of business for the discussion of this subject.

COLONEL HOWARD-BURY.—Does the right hon. gentleman mean that the various recommendations made in the report are not going to be carried out, but are to be reopened by Sir John Simpson? Mr. SNOWDEN.—Sir John Simpson's mission is concerned with the questions of land settlement, immigration, and development.

DIRECT AND INDIRECT TAXATION

Mr. TINKER (Leigh, Lab.) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer the percentage of direct and indirect taxation of the Budget of 1929, and what alteration would be made in the figures by the Budget of 1930.

Mr. SNOWDEN.—The percentage figures desired by my hon. friend are as follows:—1929 (approximate net receipts), indirect, 35.82; direct, 64.18; 1930 (as proposed in Budget), indirect, 34.47; direct, 65.53.

THE REPARATIONS LOAN

BRITISH EMPIRE SHARE

Mr. WISE (Leicester, E., Lab.) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer whether, in view of the decision to raise a Reparation loan in the principal financial centres to enable France to capitalize her prospective Reparations receipts, he had been consulted with regard to the proposed flotation of a portion of this loan on the London market; and whether, in view of the consequences to employment in this country of a transfer of capital from Great Britain to France at the present time, he would take steps to discourage the issue.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS (St. George's, U.) asked what proportions of the proceeds of the proposed £80,000,000 Reparations loan would the British and the French be entitled to, respectively; and what amounts of the loan would be offered on the London and French markets, respectively.

Mr. BRACKEN (Paddington, N., U.) also asked a question on the same subject.

Mr. SNOWDEN.—Under the special arrangement concluded at The Hague, Germany will be entitled to receive one-third of the proceeds of the proposed loan. Of the balance, France will be entitled to 75 per cent. and the British Empire to 13.1 per cent. in the absence of any special agreement to vary these percentages. It has not yet been decided on what markets the loan will be issued, but his Majesty's Government intend in any case to stipulate that the amount to be offered on the London market shall not exceed the sum which will be retained by the British Empire. The proceeds of a loan for mobilizing the Reparation annuities are capital receipts which will be applied to debt redemption, and no allowance was, therefore, made for such receipts in estimating the revenue of the current year.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—Can the right hon. gentleman say why there is so large a reduction in the British Empire proportion compared with the percentages that were agreed at Spa? Mr. SNOWDEN.—They are mobilizing the unconditional part of the German annuities, and under the Young Plan France got by far the larger percentage of them and, therefore, her share of any mobilization must be larger. SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—Does the British Empire get any compensation for forgoing so large a proportion of the share to which she was entitled? Mr. SNOWDEN.—Yes. The concession that I was able to get at The Hague brings the British percentage of the receipts up to the Spa percentages. SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—The right hon. gentleman talks about the concession he was able to make. Was it not rather the concession that he gave away which has reduced the proportion which we should otherwise now be receiving by nearly half? Mr. SNOWDEN.—The percentages were not affected, but under the Young Plan as compared with the Dawes Plan there was a reduction of the total amount of the annuities.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—Is it not a fact that the result to Great Britain today is that she is receiving out of the cash raised by this Reparation loan something like half of what she would have received if the Spa percentages had not been given away by the right hon. gentleman? Mr. SNOWDEN.—I did not give away the Spa percentages; I succeeded in maintaining them. And may I remind the right hon. gentleman again that we are dealing only with part of the German annuities—the unconditional part. Our percentage of the conditional part of the annuities is much higher. SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—Yes, but we lose the money in the meantime. Mr. SNOWDEN.—We do not lose it. We are getting it in annuities instead of in a mobilized form. I do not attach a very great deal of importance to mobilization. It may seem to suit the Germans, but it does not suit this country very much. SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS asked whether the Chancellor of the Exchequer would publish information so that they might know exactly what Great Britain was going to receive under the agreements and protocol which he had made at The Hague, as he wished to compare it with what the Chancellor of the Exchequer would have got if he had not given away the Spa percentages. Mr. SNOWDEN.—I have not the slightest hesitation in supplying the information for which the right hon. gentleman wishes, and he can put it to any purpose that he thinks fit.

INTEREST AT POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANKS

Mr. SNOWDEN, replying to Mr. BRACKEN, said:—It is not at present my intention to raise the rate of interest paid to depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank and in trustee savings banks. I need not remind the hon. member that the existing rate compares favourably with that of 1 per cent. which is now being ordinarily allowed on time deposits by the joint stock banks.

Mr. BRACKEN.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer surely is aware that the most solemn pledge was given at the General Election by his party that this interest would be raised.

Mr. A. M. SAMUEL (Farnham, U.).—What does the right hon. gentleman mean by "at present"? Does he mean to do it later on? Is he aware that Lord Arnold gave this pledge on behalf of the Labour Party?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—I do not know what the terms of that pledge might be, but I believe it was that this matter would be considered. This matter has been considered, and I would like to remind hon. members of the difference between the circumstances to-day and what they were 18 months ago, when the rate of interest on time deposits was 3½ per cent.

Mr. A. M. SAMUEL.—Are we to understand that the right hon. gentleman subscribes to the theory that you can alter a pledge because the circumstances have altered?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—The hon. member may understand exactly what he likes. (Cheers.)

BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

Mr. SNOWDEN, replying to Mr. MANDER (Wolverhampton, E., L.), said:—I understand that the board of the Bank for International Settlements are at present organizing the staff of the bank, but I have no special information on the matter; the bank is a commercial and non-political institution, and there is no question of Government intervention in regard to the appointment of its staff.

OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS

Mr. SHAW, Secretary for War (Preston), replying to questions by LIEUT.-COM. KENWORTHY (Hull, Central, Lab.), said:—The strength of the Junior Division of the Officers Training Corps on April 1, 1930, was officers 679, cadets 34,589. The regulations lay down that no boy under 13 years of age shall be enrolled in the Junior Division of the Officers Training Corps, but, subject to this restriction, it is left to the discretion of headmasters to decide at what age boys can be enrolled. Training for junior boys is modified, and no boy is permitted to go to camp until he is in his fifteenth year. I might add that no efficiency grant is paid in respect of any cadet who is under 15 years of age or, in the case of schools in receipt of a Parliamentary grant, who is under 16 years of age.

LIEUT.-COM. KENWORTHY.—What is the difference in principle between these junior cadets and the Cadet Corps? Mr. SHAW.—I stated in the House that the difference between the O.T.C. and the Cadet Corps generally was that the O.T.C. were generally boys older than the boys of the Cadet Corps, but that the ages shaded into each other.

LIEUT.-COM. KENWORTHY.—Does not this show that they are just as young?

No further answer was given.

HOLIDAYS FOR PIT PONIES

Mr. FREEMAN (Brecon and Radnor, Lab.) asked the Secretary for Mines whether he was aware that a pit pony in Staffordshire had recently been brought to the surface after having been down a mine continuously for 29 years; and whether he would arrange that all ponies working down mines shall be brought to the open fields at least a fortnight each year.

Mr. TURNER (Batley and Morley) said that if he was right in assuming that Mr. Freeman was referring to a pony named Lloyd George (laughter), a picture of which appeared in the Press on April 16, the Press report was inaccurate. That pony was 18, and not 29 years of age (laughter), and except for a month or two had always been stabled on the surface. (Laughter.) He was in sympathy with the object of the proposal in the second part of the question, and he hoped that colliery managements would do what they could in that direction. Except during a period of continued warm weather pit ponies would suffer and not benefit from being brought to the surface. For that and other reasons it would not be practicable to make any general or standing rule.

VISCOUNTESS ASTOR (Plymouth, Sutton, U.) asked if it would not be better to keep the ponies down the pits continually, as it was almost worse for them to be brought up and to have to go down again than to be kept down altogether. Mr. TURNER said that one of the inspectors had reported that some of the ponies were brought up on Good Friday with the intention that they should have a week in the field, but they shivered with cold and had to be taken back into the pit for their own sakes.

THE LIVERPOOL EXPLOSION

Mr. CLYNES, Home Secretary (Platting), replying to Mr. CAINE (Liverpool, Everton, Lab.), said that he had to-day received a preliminary report on the distressing disaster at the Bibby Oil Cake Mills, Liverpool, on May 5, which had, he deeply regretted to say, involved the loss of several lives and a number of serious injuries. The circumstances called for searching investigation, and it was much too early to arrive at any definite conclusion; but the explosion was thought at present to have resulted from a spontaneous combustion of rice meal in one of the silos, which ignited a cloud of dust within the silo. The Chief Inspector of Factories informed him that he had sent one of the engineering inspectors, who had special experience of these dust explosions, to Liverpool to assist in the inquiry. Mr. Clynes added:—I would take this opportunity to express the sympathy which I know will be felt by every one in this House with the relatives of the deceased. (Hear, hear.)

BUDGET RESOLUTIONS

LIFE INSURANCE PREMIUMS

The House resumed the consideration of the Budget resolutions passed in Committee of Ways and Means on April 14.

CAPTAIN BOURNE (Oxford, U.) moved an amendment to the resolution which deals with deductions from income-tax in respect to life insurance premiums, to provide that this relief should be at the rate of 4s. 3d. in the pound instead of 4s., as proposed. He said his purpose was to obtain a statement of the reasons why the Chancellor of the Exchequer had adopted a new policy by disregarding whatever might be the rate of income-tax and establishing an arbitrary rate in respect to life insurance premiums.

Mr. SNOWDEN said it would be open to the Chancellor of the Exchequer in the future, if there should be a change in the rate of income-tax, to make any amendment that was considered necessary in respect to deductions for insurance premiums. If, however, the law were left unaltered, a person would be able to deduct on account of an insurance premium which need not exceed one-sixth of his income, at the rate of 2s. 3d. in the pound. What he was now proposing was that the deduction should be 2s. in the pound. If the person were permitted to deduct 2s. 3d. in the pound the result would be that in nearly every case he would be getting a deduction of 3d. in the pound more than he had actually paid.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS said he understood that the purpose of the resolution

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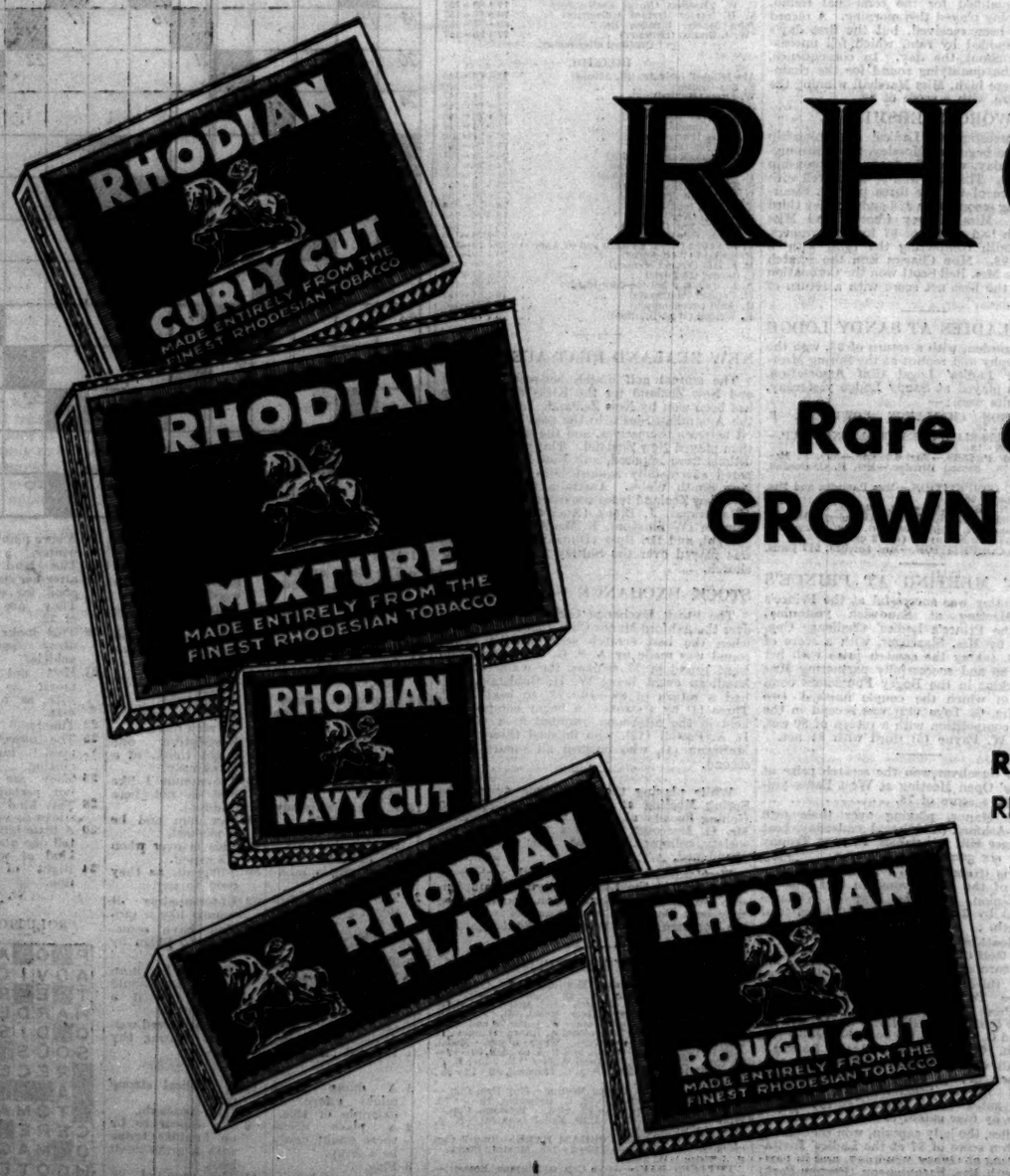

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Parliament

(Continued from page 8)

was to prevent those who paid income-tax at the lower rate receiving a rebate in respect to insurance premiums at the higher rate. If that were the real and only reason, it would be quite easy to provide that they should not be allowed a rebate for more than they had paid. The Chancellor of the Exchequer ought to be very careful not to do anything to prejudice the practice of insurance. Death duty was paid on insurance policies after the death of the holder, and it would be penny wise, pound foolish, in order to gain a few pounds per annum, to lose hundreds of pounds on death duties. The resolution applied not only to future policies, but to old policies, and the holders of policies taken out before 1916 had been entitled to deduct the premiums they pay from their income, and to get on it a reduction of the full amount of the tax. It was most unfair to change the bargain that had been made with these people and change it to their loss.

SIR D. MACLEAN (Cornwall N., L.) said he was strongly opposed to the retrospective character of the resolution. Whatever was done in the past should be upheld.

Mr. CHURCHILL said the new policy of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, as exemplified in the resolution, was a blow at life insurance—the sweeping away of the few processes of private saving in this country. He supposed that the Chancellor of the Exchequer, having his victim, the taxpayer, on the rack, could not refrain from giving an extra turn to the screw. (Ministerial ironical laughter.) He hoped the Government would review and reconsider the matter. Under the present proposal there would probably be a discouragement of the actual practice of insurance which would make a loss to the ultimate yield of the death duties which would far exceed the gain to the revenue. They knew that, "ploughing with borrowed oxen"—(loud laughter)—the Government could carry anything they liked, but the fact remained that, quite needlessly, the Chancellor of the Exchequer was broadening the irritation and burden which the Budget inflicted on the public by casting into it the whole wide area of insurance.

Mr. GRAHAM, in reply, said that the facts were overwhelmingly on the side of the Chancellor of the Exchequer. There was practically no difference of opinion between the two sides with regard to the lower ranges of income. It was suggested, however, that there was some disadvantage to other classes of income in that the Budget did not maintain on the pre-June 24, 1916, policies the concession of one-half, or three-quarters, or the full standard rate as the case might be. To some extent they were at a disadvantage, but it was only a small one, and, in any case a Chancellor of the Exchequer was always within his rights in altering the law for reasons of finance, more particularly if he was satisfied that over the whole range of the subject justice, and even generosity, had been extended. The law was changed in 1918, and in this matter he saw not the slightest justification for the charge that the Chancellor of the Exchequer was going back on a bargain or that any injustice had been done.

The amendment was negatived by 259 votes to 154—majority, 105.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN (Birmingham, W., U.) moved to add to the resolution the words "provided that this amendment shall not apply to policies taken out before June 22, 1916." He said that as he understood the explanation offered by the Government, and in particular the President of the Board of Trade, the resolution would not adversely affect other policies than those. He submitted that it was inexpedient and impolitic to go back upon the arrangement made in respect of policies taken out before 1916. He was not sure that if they were to review the whole subject impartially and coolly at present they would not find that it was in the public interest to revert to the pre-1916 policy in respect of any new insurance to be taken out hereafter rather than to restrict the rights which were accorded to the pre-1916 policyholders. The expenditure of the State had gone up enormously and the burden of the Debt had risen. The demands on the current income of the taxpayer had risen in proportion and his power of saving and his inducements to save had been diminished. An increased sum was taken out of his revenue and an increased sum was taken out of his estate when he died. The increased sum taken out of his estate was calculated on the estate plus the capital amount for which he had insured. Therefore the more he insured his life for, the heavier was the duty which his estate had to bear. The death duties had become a very important part of our financial system. When other revenues had been disappointing they had exceeded expectations, and they were a source of revenue that should be carefully guarded. Was it wise to continue the restrictions which were imposed when these duties were less important and when the burdens imposed on those who took out policies of insurance were less great? Would it not be wise as they increased the burden of the death duties to encourage the life insurance which preserved or created the capital which was required to feed their revenue? On grounds of high policy he submitted that this step was clearly a step in the wrong direction. In matters of this kind they ought to be peculiarly careful to keep faith with the taxpayer. They reserved their rights for the future to alter the income-tax from year to year. They might alter the death duties from year to year. But they did not go back on the past. Here were insurance policies which people had been encouraged to make by the offer of particular terms because it was thought to be in the interests of the State that they should make them. When those terms were withdrawn from future insurers the Chancellor of the Exchequer of the day felt it to be improper to break the terms of a bargain which the other party had already made and from which he could not extricate himself, and he, therefore, excluded the pre-1916 policies.

Mr. SNOWDEN said that Sir A. Chamberlain had stated six times that he had attempted deliberately to mislead the House in speaking on Captain Bourne's amendment. The right hon. gentleman had long Parliamentary experience and knew that when a specific question was before the House it was the duty of the Government to deal with that question and no other. Nearly a month had elapsed since the introduction of the Budget; the Opposition had had weeks in which to consider this resolution, and no amendment had been put down. Therefore, if he had been in order in dealing with the whole of the resolution on Captain Bourne's amendment, he might safely have assumed that the Opposition were aware of the effect that the resolution would have on the pre-1916 policies and that they raised no objection to it. Sir A. Chamberlain was wholly mistaken in saying that the present amendment raised the most important part of the resolution. The suggested alteration in the rates of allowance on the pre-1916 policies affected only a small number of the total policies in existence. The rates which it was proposed to substitute for those under the 1918 Act would not affect any person with an income below £2,000 a year and an insurance premium of about £237 a year. A large part of Sir A. Chamberlain's speech preached the virtue of the encouragement of thrift, but what relation had that to this proposal? All the pre-1916 policies had already been taken out. (Opposition laughter.) Any policies which were taken out after 1916, or which would be taken out in future, were affected by the other part of the allowance, which did not seem to be opposed by the party opposite. There could be no discouragement of thrift in that respect. It was not the case that the Government were breaking some contractual undertaking. Changes were made by the Act of 1918 in the rates of allowance for insurance, but surely the Opposition were not going to maintain that in matters affecting taxation and revenue future Governments were going to be bound by any particular conditions that might have been enacted previously under a Finance Bill. The position was precisely that as affected by the change of income-tax. The rates of deduction that would now be given on the pre-1916 policies were based on an income-tax of 4s. in the £. Therefore, they were now doing the same thing in regard to both classes of policies. They were perfectly justified in doing so, because all the people who would be affected by the suggested change in the rate of taxation on the pre-1916 policies got the full allowance on £250. They would only have to pay 2s. in the £ on £250 of their income. That, in the great majority of cases, was more than compensation for anything extra that they would be called on to pay, or would lose, by this slightly reduced allowance for life insurance policies. Sir A. Chamberlain's imputation was quite unjustified; he had had not the slightest intention of withholding anything from the House.

SIR D. MACLEAN said that no one thought that the Chancellor of the Exchequer wanted to mislead the House. He hoped, however, that the right hon. gentleman would give way on this question.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS said the deduction of the full amount of income-tax on the premiums of pre-1916 policies was, if not a bargain, an understanding during 30 years, and in 1918 there was no attempt to disturb it.

The amendment was defeated by 233 votes against 203—majority, 30.

The resolution was agreed to, as, also, was the resolution dealing with provisions as to over deductions and under deductions of income-tax in the case of (*a*) Preference dividends, payments in respect of copyright, and royalties or other sums paid in respect of the user of a patent; and (*b*) Ordinary dividends.

SINGLE PREMIUM POLICIES

On report of the resolution relating to the non-allowance as a deduction for purposes of surtax of interest on loans used for payment of premiums,

Mr. SNOWDEN said the resolution dealt with what were known as single premium policies and he understood that there was unanimity in the House with regard to some action being taken. The resolution was rather widely drawn, but when the clauses were in the Finance Bill, he thought the House would find that legitimate life insurance had been fully protected.

MAJOR HILLS (Ripon, U.) said that although he wanted to stop evasion the resolution ought not to be made retrospective.

SIR D. MACLEAN said that he understood the Government's intention to be adequately to protect what was really a substantial amount of life insurance on those policies. Their aim was to prevent the gross evasion which had taken place under single premium policies.

SIR F. HALL (Dulwich, U.) objected to this retrospective legislation.

The resolution was agreed to.

DEATH DUTIES
THE NEW SCALE

On the resolution which increases the scale of death duties,

CAPTAIN BOURNE moved to substitute the following scale:—

Exceeding	And not exceeding	Per cent.
£	£	
100	1,000	1
1,000	5,000	2
5,000	10,000	3
10,000	15,000	4
15,000	20,000	5
20,000	30,000	6
30,000	50,000	8
50,000	75,000	9
75,000	100,000	10
100,000	125,000	12
125,000	150,000	14
150,000	175,000	16
175,000	200,000	18
200,000	250,000	20
250,000	350,000	22
350,000	500,000	24
500,000	750,000	26
750,000	1,000,000	28
1,000,000	1,500,000	30
1,500,000	2,000,000	32
2,000,000		34

He said that he did not expect Mr. Snowden to accept the amendment, because the right hon. gentleman had said that he regarded this tax as a sort of capital levy, and one which, for that reason, had his special blessing. Many people, however, regarded this tax as one of the most vicious in our financial system. It was a great evil in that it was a pure gamble and was logically indefensible. One of the effects of any tax on capital was to take away from the capital of the country every year and use it as income. (Hear, hear.) Capital was needed to-day as badly as it had ever been needed, and to spend any of that capital as income was suicidal folly. The only possible justification for a tax of this kind would be in order to meet the Sinking Fund. The effect of the tax had been to break up landed properties. It was a great disaster to agriculture, for capital which would have been better spent in cultivation of the land was being used for the payment of taxation. Heavy taxation was compelling business people to turn their concerns into limited liability companies. That was not good for the country, and certainly not for the employees.

Mr. SMITHERS (Chislehurst, U.) seconded the amendment. He said that he was not there to speak for the squealing capitalist, but to deal with the question from the point of view of the vicious effect of death duties on the best interests of the State. If the Chancellor of the Exchequer regarded the death duties as inevitable, and if those duties were to be increased, it would mean disaster to the country. Death duties were wrong in principle, because they took the capital of the country and used it as income. He wished to pay a tribute to *The Times* for the public-spirited way in which it had called attention to the viciousness of the death duties. *The Times* had given this Government a very fair Press ever since it had been in office, but it did not flinch from writing leading articles or from publishing correspondence directing attention to the danger of increasing the death duties. In a leading article on the subject *The Times* said:—"So long as he is feeding on his seed corn the improvident peasant may continue to grow a little fatter, but all too soon he starves. This elementary principle, the neglect of which is the fundamental fallacy of Socialism, whether in our time or in the future, applies not merely to the death duties as such but to all forms of excessive taxation." Had hon. members read Lord Lothian's letter in *The Times* on the effect of death duties on landed estates? That letter did not contain any politics; it was full of hard facts and common sense. If the hard facts were ignored, it would put off farther than ever the day when they could do something substantial to help the poorer people and to cure the problem of unemployment. During the last 10 years the State had received £211,000,000 more in estate duty than it had put to sinking fund, and that money was capital taken out of the fructifying pockets of the merchants and traders and squandered by various Governments. The increase of death duties, by taking capital and using it for income, put off the day when prosperity would return.

SIR H. O'NEILL (Antrim, U.) said he doubted whether any other country had such a colossal continuing capital levy as the death duties. While income-tax and supertax had remained roughly stationary, the amount of property assessable to death duties had increased in the last 10 years by as much as 33 1-3 per cent. The income which produced income-tax and supertax became taxable the moment it was created, but with regard to death duties we had been gradually, through the natural process of death, obtaining in increasing measure the results of fortunes made during the War. Last year the amount of property assessable to death duties must have been slightly less than in the previous year. Therefore we had reached the peak of productivity of the capital of the country that was assessable to death duties. Unless we could replace the same amount of money that had been paid in death duties in the hands of individual rich men we had passed the peak. That replacement was essential if productivity was not to go down. The death duties were undoubtedly at present a remarkably prolific revenue-producing weapon, but some day that weapon might break in the hands of some future Chancellor of the Exchequer.

MR. SNOWDEN'S REPLY

Mr. SNOWDEN said he did not intend to answer the general case about the incidence and the effect of death duties. They were already half an hour beyond the time at which they were expected to finish the debate. There were, however, one or two points which had been raised and questions addressed to him to which it was only courteous for him to reply. The estate duties had been raised three times since the War. Two of these rises had been proposed and carried through by Chancellors of the Exchequer in Tory Governments. Sir A. Chamberlain made the biggest increase that had ever been made in the estate duties at one time. He had the very good reason that he was trying to put the country in a substantial position after the ravages of the War, but Mr. Churchill had no such excuse when he raised the estate duties in 1925. The right hon. gentleman then reduced the supertax and he got the equivalent out of the estate duties. He must have done that because he regarded the estate duties as a much less pernicious form of taxation than the supertax. He (Mr. Snowden) did not then hear any member making such speeches as they had listened to that evening. The fact that these arguments had been reserved for an occasion when a Government of another party proposed a comparatively modest addition to the death duties made one discount those arguments. (Hear, hear.) He could not accept the amendment, which would cost £25,000,000 a year and would reduce the rate of estate duties in some cases below the figure at which they stood in the first year of the War.

He was not proposing in this Budget to alter the law with regard to agricultural land, not because he approved of the special exemptions given to agricultural land, but purely as a matter of Parliamentary business. The Parliamentary programme was already immensely overcrowded. One of his main concerns in framing the Finance Bill had been to reduce it to something like manageable proportions. He had to use the pruning knife very ruthlessly and take out a great many things which he would have liked to have kept in. He could not have hoped to get the Bill through if all those contentious matters had been in it. That was the honest and simple explanation of the reason why he was not dealing with the special position of agricultural estates.

SIR H. O'NEILL.—Does the right hon. gentleman mean that the rates of duty on agricultural property will remain as they are to-day?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—Yes, of course they will, but the right hon. gentleman is aware that agricultural estates are divided for estate duty into two parts—the purely agricultural part and the part which has some value other than agricultural. The new rate will apply to what I might call the urban part of an agricultural estate.

Mr. HASLAM (Horncastle, U.) said that landlords had provided capital at cheap interest in the past for farming purposes, but these heavy extractions of capital by way of death duties had prevented this capital from being kept in the land.

Mr. MANDER (Wolverhampton, E., L.) said he supported the Chancellor of the Exchequer in using the procedure of the Budget in redistributing to some extent the national wealth of the country.

VISCOUNT CRANBORNE (Dorset, S., U.) said the death duties, by depriving the landlord of his capital, injured the tenant farmer and the agricultural worker. The landlord bore the same relation to the tenant farmer that reserves did to business undertakings—he was the source from which capital was provided for farm renewals and by which rents were reduced in bad times. At the very lowest a labourer's cottage cost from £380 to £400 to build, towards which the landlord got £75 in subsidy. The cottage was let at 3s. a week, out of which the landlord had to pay 2s. in rates and taxes, leaving him only 1s. a week for repairs. In the old days a landlord accepted all that, but the situation was changed when a landlord inherited an estate loaded with debt. The Labour Party, being mainly town bred and knowing little or nothing of agriculture, were ruining the country for the benefit of the town. (Hear, hear.)

LIEUT.-COL. GAULT (Taunton, U.), in supporting the amendment, suggested that if they in that House devoted as much attention to the creation of wealth as they did to the question of the distribution of wealth, many of the problems and perplexities of to-day would fade into the limbo of forgotten things.

Mr. SKELTON (Perth, U.) said that death duties fell with the most severe force in cases of industries in which the wealth to be taxed was in the industry itself and the industry was a depressed one. That was why death duties operated with such peculiar danger to the community upon the land. He did not suggest that agricultural land should be free from death duties. Under modern conditions he did not believe they could make these distinctions. The problem was to find a method of extracting the death duties which would do the minimum of harm, and he thought that method was to be found in taking over land. It might be worth consideration whether land if taken over could not be put under a commission for the purpose of being handled in ways which he could not at the moment go into.

The amendment was rejected by 252 votes to 115—majority, 137—and the resolution was agreed to.

TRANSFERRED PROPERTY

On the resolution imposing estate duty where a deceased person had in his lifetime transferred property to a company,

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS expressed regret that the Chancellor of the Exchequer was not present to answer questions. This was, he said, the widest resolution he had ever seen on the Order Paper. The actual words of the first subsection would cover a case such as the following. Supposing that 20 years ago an hon. member had sold a house to the Bank of England, on his death his estate would be valued at either the assets of the Bank of England or a proportionate part of those assets. He had no sympathy with a person who tried to avoid by unlawful means paying the estate duty which was due, but to ask the House to pass this resolution without any explanation was an outrage. The resolution, subject to conditions which might be put in the Finance Bill, would render anyone who had sold property, whether through the Stock Exchange or the auction market, to any company in this country, or apparently in any part of the world, liable to be mulct in death duties to an extent far beyond the value of his estate. He could not believe that the Government meant that. It was not enough to ask the House to wait for the Finance Bill; the Government ought to say at once what they meant to do to protect people against such a risk.

DR. BURGIN (Bedford, Luton, L.) said that the resolution contained certain features which it was impossible to pass without a challenge. The word "property" in the resolution referred not merely to landed estate, but included assets of every kind. Unless limiting words were inserted the word "company" would appear to mean a corporation wherever situated. Unless the Finance Bill when it was drafted contained exceptions and qualifications which rendered the wide language in which this resolution was framed somewhat illusory, there would be introduced an enormous factor of hazard into the conduct of the affairs of the ordinary men and women of this country.

SIR D. HERBERT (Watford, U.) said the Government were proposing to take powers of ridiculous width and extent under this resolution. Shares passing on the death of a person were to be valued by reference to the value of the total assets of the company. He knew a man who if he died to-morrow would leave estate worth £10,000, half of which would be represented by shares in one company. Those shares were worth £5,000, and not a penny more, on the strictest valuation. And yet if they were valued by reference to the total assets of the company, instead of being worth £5,000 they would be worth £70,000. Therefore, under this resolution the Chancellor of the Exchequer was taking power to impose liability for death duties of far more than the total value of the whole estate.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY'S REPLY

Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE, Financial Secretary to the Treasury (Leicester, W.), explained that the intention of the resolution was to deal with cases of evasion. There had been cases in recent years in which persons of property—not necessarily landed property—had turned themselves into a company, and had escaped the estate duty to which they would otherwise have been subjected. Where it was found, as had happened in a great many cases, that a person technically and nominally disposed of his property to a company, but in fact retained the same power over the income as if he had remained in sole possession it was proposed that the law should be vindicated and payment of estate duty would be required. The proposal would apply to cases where deliberate evasion had been attempted by action taking place in the past. It was not retrospective, because it applied to people who died in the future and did not propose to go back and deal with the estates of people who died in the past.

The resolution was carried by 245 votes to 115—majority, 130.

The resolution imposing estate duty in cases where an annuity charged on property had been surrendered, was agreed to.

OBJECTS OF ART

On the resolution imposing death duties on objects of art,

Mr. C. WILLIAMS (Torquay, U.) asked for an explanation of the resolution, and why it was necessary to alter the law.

Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE said that hitherto objects of art had been valued as at the time of the owner's death, but had not become chargeable to duty unless and until they were sold. Considerable disadvantage had been found in this procedure, especially by persons who inherited particular objects of art, because a value was put on them, and however much secrecy was intended it was disadvantageous when there was any question of sale that that value should have been taken. It was now proposed that these articles should not be valued at the time of death, but that, if and when they were sold for the first time, they should be valued and estate duty paid on them. For the purpose of aggregation they would not be included in the estate at all, but the rate of duty would be the aggregate of the rest of the property with the objects of art left out.

In reply to Mr. A. M. SAMUEL, Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE said that the actual value would be the price realized on sale.

The resolution was agreed to.

The resolutions to amend the law relating to National Debt, Customs, Inland Revenue (including Excise), and to make further provision in connexion with Finance and transferring during the current year £16,000,000 from the Rating Relief Suspense Fund to the Exchequer, and the balance remaining in the account in the financial year ending March 31, 1932, were agreed to.

CHARGE OF BREACH OF AN UNDERSTANDING

On the report of a resolution authorizing temporary additions to the New Sinking Fund.

Mr. CHURCHILL said he hoped that the Chancellor of the Exchequer and the Government would not take the rapid progress which had been accorded by the Conservative Opposition to these closing resolutions as an indication that they did not dissent very strongly for important reasons to many of them. They had carried out the arrangement made between the Party Whips to facilitate their passage on the understanding that they were to get an extra day for the discussion this week. He wished to warn the Government that it must not be assumed that in carrying out the arrangement they had invalidated the full criticism which they would bring to bear upon them in the Committee stage of the Finance Bill.

Mr. SNOWDEN said that Mr. Churchill had put his case in a way to which no exception could be taken. There would be other and more ample opportunities to debate the points which had been embodied in the resolutions under discussion that day. But the right hon. gentleman must not take it that he agreed that the Opposition had carried out the undertaking; far from it, because there was a distinct and definite undertaking that the Government should get through these proceedings by half-past 7, and it was now half-past 10.

Mr. CHURCHILL said he was not prepared to allow a charge of a breach of faith in regard to a Parliamentary arrangement to pass across the floor of the House without it being answered. (Opposition cheers.) There might be misunderstandings—(Ministerial cries of "Oh")—but at present they had a definite charge of a breach of faith. The Patronage Secretary and the chief Opposition Whip alone were the two parties who had a right to say if any conversations had taken place in regard to an arrangement.

Mr. KENNEDY, Patronage Secretary to the Treasury (Kirkcaldy), said a very definite arrangement was made on the lines of the statement made by the Prime Minister in announcing the business last Thursday. Since then he had seen the chief Opposition Whip that afternoon, and agreed that the debate on these resolutions should end at the very latest at 8.30.

Mr. CHURCHILL said that was an extremely serious statement. It had always been considered essential to the decent conduct of business that any understanding agreed on should be carried out. He was quite confident that there had been a misunderstanding, but in the light of what had passed they would be well advised for the rest of the Finance Bill not to enter into any arrangement. (Opposition cheers and loud Ministerial cheers.) It was perfectly clear that the Chancellor of the Exchequer would utilize any arrangement which had been arrived at, if he possibly could, as the foundation for the basest charge against the Opposition. (Opposition cheers.) He moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. SNOWDEN said that Mr. Churchill's concluding remarks were uncalled for and very senseless. (Cheers.) There had been an understanding between the Whips. That evening, however, had taught him a lesson, and he quite agreed that it would be unwise to make any further bargain. (Ministerial cheers.)

The motion for the adjournment of the debate was rejected by 251 votes to 103—majority 148—and the resolution was thereupon agreed to.

FINANCE BILL

The remaining resolution having been agreed to, Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE brought in the Finance Bill.

The financial resolutions relating to the Housing (Scotland) Bill and to the Air Transport (Subsidy Agreements) Bill were agreed to and in the latter case the Bill was brought in by Mr. MONTAGUE, Under-Secretary for Air (Islington, W.).

The House stood adjourned at 10 minutes past midnight.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES

HOUSE OF LORDS
AT 2.45

Workmen's Compensation (Silicosis) Bill, Committee.
Lord Plymouth, motion on West Indian Sugar Industry.
Archbishop of Canterbury, motion for presentation for Royal Assent of Clergy Pensions (Older Incumbents) Measure, 1930.

HOUSE OF COMMONS
At 2.45

Supply, Home Office Vote.

COMMITTEES

HOUSE OF LORDS.—Joint Committee on Consolidation Bills (London Building Acts Consolidation), Chairman's Room, at 11.30.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Capital Punishment, Room 11, at 11. Hours of Sitting and Rising of the House, Room 16, at 11. Private Bills, Room 9, at 4.30. Standing Orders, Room 13, at 4. Group D, Kingsbridge and Salcombe Water Board, Room 6, at 11. Group G, Stoke-on-Trent Extension, Room 5, at 11. Group H, Glasgow Corporation, Room 15, at 11. Local Legislation, Section A, Rotherham Corporation, Room 8, at 11. Section B, Manchester Corporation (General Powers) (No. 2), Room 9, at 11.

EMPIRE FREE TRADE AND UNEMPLOYMENT
LORD BEAVERBROOK'S FIGURES

LORD BEAVERBROOK addressed a meeting of the Brentford and Chiswick Conservative and Unionist Association at Chiswick Town Hall last evening on Empire Free Trade. He said that the Liberal Government in Canada had introduced a measure which went a very long way in the direction of Empire Free Trade. If the Canadian Government would go a step farther and give us Empire Free Trade in anthracite coal, of which that Dominion did not raise one single ton, and Empire Free Trade in bituminous coal by our supplying that portion of their requirements which we had a right to expect, we should at once wipe 54,000 miners off the list of unemployed. If we had Empire Free Trade in steel plates and steel sheets, we should at once wipe out all the unemployed in the steel industry and have a demand for 2,000 or 3,000 men in addition to those now unemployed.

The Country Party in Australia was willing to give free entry to electrical and engineering machinery from Britain, and that would wipe out another 10,000 of the unemployed. If we recaptured under Empire Free Trade the cotton markets we had lost to Japan, we should wipe out 40,000 from the list of unemployed cotton operatives in Lancashire. The moment we dealt with the agricultural problem by accepting the principles of Empire Free Trade and putting up barriers against the foreigner we should create employment in the agricultural industry to the extent of 120,000.

He could go on almost indefinitely giving instance after instance of the material benefit of Empire Free Trade, which, he submitted, was the only reasonable and sensible way of dealing with the terrible problem of unemployment.

A new North London-to-City tramway service will run on weekdays from to-morrow—Service 69 from Highgate to Farringdon-street Station, *via* Camden Town (High-street), Crowndale-road, and King's Cross. In rush hours it will also run from North Finchley. The service will provide an alternative route to the present No. 17 Service.

Conferences

THE COTTON TRADE
"ONE-UNION" SCHEME DEFEATED

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BLACKPOOL, MAY 6

Something of the present confused attitudes in the cotton trade unions may be understood from the discussions at the second day's conference of the United Textile Factory Workers' Association here to-day. It appears that what may be called without offence "the old gang of trade union officials" is still powerful enough to uphold craft unionism against industrial cohesion, although there is abundant evidence that the modern rank and file has its eyes resolutely fixed on the goal of communal ownership of industry and sees in the one-union idea a necessary step in that direction.

A speech of a woman weaver showed that women in the cotton industry are tired of being industrially classed with and protected legislatively like "young persons," and are disposed to resent such protection, even though this involves a sharper competition between men and women in industry. There were also echoes of the rivalries, if not dissensions and jealousies, of the weavers during last summer's cotton trade crisis. Mr. W. THOMASSON (Cardroom Amalgamation), who was yesterday re-elected president of the association, was again in the chair.

The conference continued to consider a resolution moved yesterday by Mr. J. Bell (secretary of the association) that it would add to the strength of the organization and to efforts made to secure improvements both in wages and conditions if all cotton workers were members of one association. The resolution instructs the legislative council to consider a scheme to effect this.

Mr. WHITAKER (Beamers', Twisters', and Drivers' Association) opposed a general union of cotton workers, saying that it was an illusion that there was identity of interest between the various cotton trade unions. The one binding force, on the contrary, was that they hated the employers worse than they hated each other.

Mr. W. H. CARR (Cardroom Worker) also opposed the scheme, on the ground that the largest organization, the Weavers, would dominate the union. Mr. W. POPE (Weavers) denied this: the weavers had only 17 votes against 35 others. Mr. BARKER (Skipton, also a weaver) said that the day of craft-unionism was over. Only by a distorted outlook could anybody nowadays confess that it was hopeless to work together on a common platform for industrial purposes when they were already doing this for political purposes.

The previous question was carried by 98 votes to 74.

WORKERS' ORGANIZATION

Mr. A. NAESMITH, secretary of the Weavers' Amalgamation, then moved a resolution asking the conference to approve in principle a scheme of federation for legislative and industrial purposes. He said that some change in the cotton trade workers' organization was inevitable. Already workers tended to congregate into two main groups—manufacturing unions in one group, spinners and cardroom workers in the other.

Mr. J. NUTTALL (Rochdale Weavers) seconded. This was not a demand for one union for all cotton workers, but merely for a closer federation, which would be a further step in trade union evolution.

Still another weavers' amalgamation proposal was a resolution to declare the general policy of the organized workers in the cotton trade; to state that rationalization of the industry is "only useful as a necessary step to the achievement of communal ownership," and that any attempt to improve the cotton trade "by displacement of labour, increasing working hours, introduction of the two-shift system, or reduction of workmen's wages within the present scheme of capitalist ownership is foredoomed to failure."

Mr. J. K. BAILEY in moving this said that the whole meaning of the resolution was contained in the words "communal ownership" as the final goal of trade union effort. The employers' only idea of rationalization meant degradation of the workers.

After this outburst, Mr. H. BOOTHMAN (Spinners' Amalgamation) moved the previous question, and the CHAIRMAN promptly declared the proposal carried without calling for a division.

POSITION OF WOMEN WORKERS

Mr. J. FRAYNE (Cardroom Amalgamation) brought forward a resolution, emanating from the legislative council, that any proposal to permit women and young persons to work more than 48 hours a week or under a system of shifts should be opposed.

Mrs. TAYLOR (Cardroom) protested against the linking of women with young persons in the resolution and against the implied inferiority complex. Mr. MACNAMARA (Wigan Weavers) also complained of the sex inequality.

Mr. BELL protested against these suggestions. The resolution simply asserted that the present state of affairs must continue and that there must be no innovations in any forthcoming factory legislation. The resolution was then carried with one dissentient.

ENGINEERING UNION
MR. J. T. BROWNLIE AND SAFEGUARDING

The question of a general increase in wages in the engineering industry is among the matters to be considered at the annual meetings of the National Committee of the Amalgamated Engineering Union, which opened at Manchester yesterday and will continue this week.

Mr. J. T. BROWNLIE, the president of the union, who will be succeeded in June by Mr. W. H. Hutchinson, said, in his presidential address, that Mr. J. H. Thomas had his sincere sympathy. He had been charged with a problem that it was almost too much to expect any Government or Minister to solve under the present industrial system. The Labour Party claimed to have a solution of the unemployment problem if they had the power and conditions favourable to applying that solution.

The causes of unemployment were world-wide, and the evil was not confined to this country. There were 1,731,000 persons unemployed in Great Britain, 3,000,000 in Germany, and, so far as could be ascertained, 6,000,000 in the United States. Quoting certain statements made by Mr. Churchill in the House of Commons last month, Mr. Brownlie said:—"Mr. Churchill confirms what some of us have been saying for decades, that the basic cause of unemployment is under-consumption, and it is the function of the State to bridge that gap between production and consumption."

Mr. Brownlie, referring to the wages question, said that in January of this year a resolution was passed appointing a deputation to approach the Engineering and Allied Employers' National Federation requesting them to submit the union's claim for a general advance in wages to workers in the engineering industry to arbitration. Further, that failing any agreement they should approach the Government to set up an inquiry on the lines of the present investigations in the cotton and iron and steel industries. The employers were not agreeable to submitting the claim to arbitration, and it was suggested from the employers' side that a joint committee should be set up to investigate wages conditions in this country and abroad. This suggestion was not acceptable to the engineering union, and a deputation was instructed to approach the Government.

PRIME MINISTER'S LETTER

The Prime Minister had indicated by letter that he did not view with favour the request for an investigation into the state of the engineering trade. Mr. MacDonald pointed out that the trade comprised a large number of sections concerned with different products and suggested that under the present economic circumstances it would scarcely be possible to hold a single investigation into all the trades concerned, even if it could be shown, which was not the case, that there were such grounds for an inquiry as moved the Government to investigate the conditions of the cotton and iron and steel trades. Mr. MacDonald referred the union to the Minister of Labour. He was asked to reconsider his decision, and he again replied that the union should see the Minister of Labour. They had again asked him to receive the deputation himself, accompanied by Miss Bondfield. What the result of the correspondence would be he could not say.

"We are," said Mr. Brownlie, "confronted with one of the greatest problems that human society was ever called upon to solve. Conditions are arising under which there has got to be a reduction in the hours of labour, but I boldly say that you cannot get any further reduction of hours apart from safeguarding."

The conference adjourned until to-day.

P.O. WORKERS' BENEFIT SOCIETY
RESTORING FINANCIAL STABILITY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BELFAST, MAY 6

At to-day's session of the conference here of the Union of Post Office Workers it was decided to revise the benefits of the Mutual Benefit Society, an insurance auxiliary of the union, in order to restore its financial stability. It was also decided to continue to press for the same scale of salaries for wireless telephonists as Transatlantic telegraphists have. Mr. W. T. Leicester (president) was again in the chair.

The morning session was occupied with a discussion on a report of the membership and financial position of the Mutual Benefit Society of the union. The committee stated that during the past two or three years the number of claims for benefit had steadily increased. Latterly the increase had been more rapid, mainly in consequence of the large number of members leaving the Post Office service on superannuation. The outstanding feature was the determination of the membership to maintain the levy or call system of insurance and to resist any drastic alterations in the original basis of the society. The committee obtained actuarial help, and they were satisfied that financial stability might be secured by the adoption of the following proposals: (1) That a full claim shall mean 85 per cent. of the corresponding call; (2) that entitlement to full claim shall mean 35 years' membership; (3) that deduction from full claim of 1 per cent. shall be made for each year less than 35; (4) that the maximum calls be 6d. a week.

CHANGES APPROVED

Mr. R. RUTH (Bradford, chairman of the committee) moved the adoption of the clause.

Mr. GILKS (Golders Green) moved an amendment disapproving of the suggested new scales of benefit and calling on the conference to authorize a special committee to formulate better conditions of membership, even to the extent of the Mutual Benefit Society becoming independent of the union. Mr. HILL (Willesden), who seconded, said that the society had been losing members since 1919, when the Courtney scheme was brought in.

The amendment having been defeated, the report was adopted by 386 votes to 87, which gave the two-thirds majority needed for alteration of benefits and payments.

On a clause in the general secretary's report recording the election of six members, including four officials, as members of Parliament at the last General Election, Mr. MORRIS (Nottingham) said that when they put forward six candidates they never dreamt they would all get in. The holding of dual offices was not going to make for efficiency. He had heard that some branches had met with delay by the head office in dealing with communications. Mr. OSBORNE (London) said that their four principal officers were now in Parliament. Before their election their work at Cromwell-road was a full-time job. Mr. GATES said that if Mr. Lees-Smith would not do what they wished, then their representatives had got to fight the Government or else come out. Mr. C. MURRAY (London) asked whether they were going to throw away the machinery which for years they had been trying to build up. He urged them to go on with their work in Parliamentary representation. Mr. BOWEN regarded the speech of Mr. Morris as unfair and unjust criticism. The clause was adopted.

In a report on the deputation to the Postmaster-General it was stated that Mr. Lees-Smith regretted that there would not be justification for a general reduction of hours.

Mr. BALL (Newcastle-on-Tyne), proposing the reference back of the clause, said that their members were determined on a shorter working week. Mr. DOUGLAS (Dumfries), who seconded, said that the mechanization of the postal telegraph and telephone service was creating more unemployment, and the only solution was a shortening of the working day. Mr. C. MURRAY (London) said that when a Labour Chancellor took without thanks the tremendous profit of £9,000,000 and said that he expected another million next year it was time they told Mr. Snowden they must have a shorter working day. Miss HERRING (London) said that with their strenuous work the time had come when they should make a supreme effort to get a shorter working day. The reference back was carried with three dissentients.

JUBILEE YEAR 1930

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Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

MUSIC AND DRAMA

The principal item in the London Regional programme this evening is a performance of Mr. A. E. W. Mason's story "The Four Feathers," which has been adapted for broadcasting by Miss Anne Parlane. It will be produced by Mr. Cecil Lewis, with Mr. Andrew Churchman, Mr. Harman Grisewood, Mr. Bruce Belfrage, Mr. Michael Hogan, Mr. Lionel Millard, and Miss Kathleen O'Regan in the cast. At 9.40 p.m. Mr. Hermann Scherchen will conduct a concert of music for broadcasting, in which Mr. John Armstrong, Mr. Herbert Heyner, and Mr. Keith Falkner will take part. Earlier in the evening a talk will be given by the Duchess of Bedford on "Cape Town and Back by Air."

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for today, May 7, are as follows :—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — 1,148kc. (261.3m.) ; 193kc. (1,554.6m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30 :—Time Signal from Greenwich ; Weather. 10.45 :—The Week in Westminster, by Lady Iveagh. 11-11.30 :—(261.3m. only) Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision).

12 :—Gramophone Records. 1 :—Orchestra from Prescati's Restaurant. 2 :—Doris Green (contralto), William Biggs (tenor), 2.30 :—For the Schools.—Nature Study for Town and Country Schools : 2, The Life and Habits of the Stickleback, ny Miss C. Von Wyss. 2.55 :—Interlude. 3 :—Stories and Story-Telling in Prose and Verse : 2, How Plays are made from Stories ; The Merchant of Venice, by Miss Marjorie Barber. 3.25 :—The Westminster String Quartet ; Ian Glennie (baritone). 4.45 :—Organ Recital.

5.15 :—Children.—Westwoods (Eleanor Farjeon), arranged as a Dialogue Story. 6 :—The C.L.B. Camp, by Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob. 6.15 :—Weather ; News. 6.40 :—Mendelssohn's Pianoforte Music, played by Maurice Cole. 7-7.20 :—A Discussion between Mr. Frank Gray and Colonel A. M. Lloyd, on Vagrancy. 7.25 :—Six Victorian Poets : 2, Browning, by Mr. F. L. Lucas.

7.45 :—Violet Loraine in Red Pepper, a Potted Revue ; Book and Lyrics by Eric Little ; Music by William Walker and George Posford ; with Harold Scott, Harold Kimberley, Alice Groves, and The Revue Chorus. Orchestra conducted by John Ansell. Cyril Shields (conjurer). Muriel George and Ernest Butcher in Folk Songs and Duets. Geoffrey Gibson (saxophone solos). 9 :—Weather ; News ; London and New York Stock Exchange Reports ; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (1,554.4m. only). 9.25 :—Cape Town and Back by Air, by the Duchess of Bedford. 9.40 :—Louise Marshall (mezzo-soprano) ; John Armstrong (tenor), Herbert Heyner (baritone), Joseph Farrington (bass). A Small Orchestra and the Wireless Chorus (chorus-master, Stanford Robinson), conducted by Hermann Scherchen. 11-12 :—(1,554.4m. only) Dance Music from the Hotel Splendide.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—842kc. (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m. :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). 12 :—Organ Recital, by Walter S. Vale, relayed from All Saints', Margaret-street ; Nora Donald (soprano). 1 :—Gramophone Records. 1.30-3 :—See Midland Regional Programme. 5.15 :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 6.15 :—Weather ; News. 6.40 :—The Wireless Military Band, conducted by B. Walton O'Donnell ; Arthur Cox (tenor). 8 :—German Language Lesson, by Mr. Otto Siepmann. 8.30 :—Regional News. 8.35 :—The Four Feathers, by A. E. W. Mason, adapted for the microphone by Anne Parlane, produced by Cecil Lewis, with Andrew Churchman, Harman Grisewood, Bruce Belfrage, Michael Hogan, Lionel Millard, Carleton Hobbs, Cyril Nash, Kathleen O'Regan, Clare Harris, Frank Cochrane, and H. O. Nicholson. 9.50 :—Josephine Brown (pianoforte). 10.15 :—Weather ; News. 10.30-12 :—Dance Music, from the Hotel Splendide.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—(626kc.) (479.2m.).

12 :—The London Regional Programme 1.30-3 :—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Frank Cantell ; Phyllis Peck, (soprano) ; Haydn Heard (violin). 5.15 :—Children : the Tale of an Elm Tree, by Hilda Redway ; Tony will entertain ; Harry Stanier (violoncello) ; Fishy Houses—Crab Castle, by Margaret Madeley. 6 :—See London Regional programme. 6.15 :—Weather ; News. 6.40 :—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis ; Frank Lester (baritone) ; Harry Stanier (violoncello). 8 :—See London Regional programme. 8.30 :—See Midland Regional programme. 8.35 :—See London Regional programme. 9.50 :—See London Regional programme. 10.15 :—Weather ; News. 10.30-11 :—See London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.40 :—See Glasgow. 3-3.15 :—See Glasgow. 4.30 :—See Glasgow. 6 :—See George K. Greenhouse on Horticulture. 6.15 :—National programme. 7 :—See Glasgow. 7.25 :—National programme. 9.15 :—Scottish News Bulletin. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 12 :—Organ Recital. 12.30-1 :—Orchestral Programme. 2.30-3.25 :—National programme. 3.30 :—The Orchestra ; Rainy Crowther (baritone) ; Mark Hemingway (pianist). 5.15 :—Children. 6 :—Boys' Brigade Address, by Sir Robert Baird. 6.15 :—National programme. 9.30 :—Regional News. 9.40 :—The Inauguration Ceremony of the Bangor Electricity Scheme, by Lord Craigavon, who will propose the toast of the Borough of Bangor (simply relayed). 9.45 :—Mr. McMillan relayed from the Carlton Hall, Bangor. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2-11 :—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 1.15 :—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitzki), conducted by Reginald Redman (harp) from the National Museum of Wales. 2.40 :—See National programme. 3.25 :—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitzki), conducted by Reginald Redman ; Mary Maddocks (soprano). 4.45 :—See National programme. 5.15 :—Children. 6 :—National programme. 9.15 :—West Regional News. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (401m.), 1kw.

1.30 :—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Cinemaphone Concert. 6 :—Gramophone Records. 6.15 :—Children. 7 :—Talk for Women. 7.20 :—News. 7.30 :—Time and Irish Lesson. 7.45 :—German Language Lesson. 8 :—Selections by No. 1 Army Band. 9 :—Concert ; Margaret Dempsey (Soprano) ; The Station Orchestra ; Leo E. Kyce (baritone) ; Adolphe Borschke (pianist) ; The Little Sunbonnet Musical Play, by Eileen Knowles and Company ; The Station Orchestra. 10.30 :—Time, News, and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.40-3 :—See Glasgow. 3.15 :—See Glasgow. 4.30 :—See Glasgow. 6 :—See Glasgow. 6.15 :—National programme. 7 :—See Glasgow. 7.25 :—National programme. 9.15 :—News. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.40 :—For the Schools.—Nature Study for the Men of Old—Pictures from Scotland's Past—The Marquis of Montrose, from Edinburgh. 3 :—Music. 3.5 :—Miss Margaret Ramsay : A Talk About the Lengths of Various Kinds of Skirt. 3.15 :—Gramophone Records. 3.30 :—Miss Francis Gleeson (soprano), from Aberdeen. 4.30 :—Orchestra. 5.15 :—Children. 5.57 :—Weather for Farmers. 6 :—Mr. R. S. Chisholm ; American Gooseberry Mildew, from Edinburgh. 6.15 :—National programme. 7 :—Talk under the auspices of the Department of Health for Scotland : Dr. Isabella Emslie : Maternal Mortality, from Edinburgh. 7.25 :—National programme. 9.15 :—Sports. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.30 :—National programme. 3.25 :—The Northern Wireless Orchestra ; Will Shepherd (banjo), from Manchester ; Beatrice Emerson (soprano), from Newcastle. 5.15 :—Children. 6 :—Chiv Carden at Sea's Expense—2, Miss E. J. Newcombe ; The Small Garden Useful, from Leeds. 6.15 :—National programme. 9.15 :—North Regional News. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.30 :—National programme. 3.15 :—Children. 6 :—National programme. 6.15 :—Mid-West Sports Results ; Local News. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 1.15 :—See Cardiff. 2-11 :—National programme. 3.25 :—See Cardiff. 4.45 :—National programme. 5.15 :—See Cardiff. 6 :—National programme. 9.15 :—West Regional News. 9.25-11 :—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

10.15 a.m. :—The Daily Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.30 :—National programme. 3.25 :—See Manchester. 5.15 :—Children. 9 :—See Manchester. 9.15 :—Regional programme. 9.25 :—North Regional News. 9.30-11 :—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated :—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EA.J1 (349m.), 8kw.—7 :—Trio Music and News. 9.30 :—Elementary French Lesson. 10 :—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange Quotations. 10.15 :—Orchestral Music. 10.30 :—Song Recital. 10.45 :—Selections. 11 :—News. 11.15 :—Vocal and Orchestral Concert, followed by Barcelona Exhibition Notes.

BERLIN (Königswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 26kw.—4.20 :—Programme from Hamburg. 5.30 :—Talks. 7 :—Weather for Farmers. 8 :—Talk. 8.40 :—Old Languages Lesson. 9 :—After the programme, Sport Results, Dance Music from Berlin (Wisteria).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 2kw.—6 :—Dialogue. 6.35 :—Talk. 7 :—Programme of Light Music—Overture, Intermezzo (Mignon) ; Ballet Music (Coppelia) ; Selection (Madame Butterfly) ; Serenade (Rachmaninoff) ; Selection from a Spanish Suite (Bizet). 7.55 :—Two Economic Items and Yiddish Music (Gramophone). 8 :—Programme from a Spanish Suite (Bizet). 7.55 :—Two Economic Items and Yiddish Music (Gramophone). 8 :—The Interview of the Week. Labour Market Report.

8.30 :—John D. Conquers the World, wireless play (Friedrich Wolf), followed by Time, Weather, News, and Sports Notes. 10.30 :—Bridge Lesson, followed by Dance Music from the Hotel Eden.

BELGRADE (443m.), 2.5kw.—5.30 :—Violin and Guitar Duets. 7.30 :—Programme from Brünn. 10 :—Time and News. 10.15 :—Quartet Concert from the Works of Tchaikovsky.

BERNE (403m.), 1.5kw.—7.50 :—Time and Weather. 8 :—Talk. 8.30 :—Orchestral Concert. 9 :—Sonatas for Violin and Piano. 9.35 :—Orchestral Selections. 10 :—News and Weather. 10.15 :—Concert from the Kursaal Schinznach.

BRATISLAVA (279m.), 12.5kw.—7.5 :—Programme from Brünn. 10 :—See Prague. 10.30 :—News and Programme Announcements.

BRESLAU (325m.), 5kw. and GLEIWITZ (253m.).—6 :—Report of the Breslau Branch of the German Workers' Radio Union. 6.15 :—Review of Music Books. 6.40 :—Talk. 7.5 :—Weather. 7.7 :—Concert of Gramophone Records. 8 :—Weather. 8.2 :—Talk. 8.30 :—Military Band Concert. 10.10 :—News. 10.30 :—The Microphone overhears the Nightingale—Experimental Relay from Breslau Park. 10.50 :—Theatre Review.

BRUNN (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.5 :—Introductory Talk to the following Transmission. 7.30 :—Memoiren aus einem Totenhaus, opera in three acts (Janacek) to text by Dostoievsky, relayed from the Municipal Theatre. 10 :—See Prague. 10.30 :—News and Theatre Review.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw., 5 :—Concert. 6 :—Talks. 6.30 :—Station Trio Concert. 7 :—Gramophone Records. 7.30 :—Le Journal Parlé. 8.15 :—Violin Recital. 8.30 :—Talk. 8.40 :—Song Recital. 9 :—Violin Recital. 9.15 :—Dance Music. 10.15 :—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw.—6.30 :—Italian Language Lesson. 6.50 :—Talk. 7.10 :—Pianoforte and Song Recital. 8.10 :—Hungarian Song Recital. 9.15 :—Reading. 9.35 :—Concert of Light Music. 11 :—Gramophone Concert.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 1kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 7kw.—6.20 :—French Language Lesson. 6.50 :—Weather and News. 7.15 :—Time Signal. 7.30 :—Talk. 7.45 :—Legal Talk. 8.15 :—Programme of Balalaika Music and Songs. 9.15 :—Readings. 9.45 :—Programme of Danish Duets. 10.10 :—Report of the Danish Radio Club and News. 10.30 :—Classical and Romantic Pianoforte Music for Four Hands—Sonata in D major (Mozart) ; Fantasia in F minor (Schubert). 11 :—Dance Music. 12 :—Town Hall Chimes.

CRACOW (313m.), 1kw.—7 :—Miscellaneous Items and News. 7.10 :—Agricultural Report. 7.25 :—Talk. 7.50 :—Time Signal. 8 :—Bugle Call from the Tower of St. Mary's Church. 8.5 :—Talk. 8.25 :—Pianoforte Recital, relayed from Katowice (408m.) ; in the interval at 9.10, Reading. 10.10 :—Talk, News, and Dance Music from Warsaw. 12 :—Bugle Call from the Tower of St. Mary's Church.

FRANKFURT (390m.), 3kw. and CASSEL (244m.).—7.5 :—See Stuttgart. 7.30 :—Zither Recital. 8 :—Programme in the form of a Concert in the Frankfurt Festival—Recitations : Schwere Stunde (Thomas Mann) ; Der Spaziergang (Schiller) ; Der Verbrecher aus verlorener Ehre (Schiller). 9 till Close Down :—See Stuttgart.

HAMBURG—Call ha (in Morse) (372m.), 2kw., and BREMEN (319m.), FLENSBURG (218m.), HANOVER (346m.), KIEL (346m.).—4.30 :—Tchaikovsky Commemoration Programme. 5.30 :—Talks. 6.20 :—Weather and Tide Reports, Police Report, and Concert. 7 :—Talk on Low Germash. 7.20 :—Economic Talk. 7.45 :—Frankfurt Exchange, Hamburg Market Prices, and Weather. 7.55 :—The Tales of Hoffmann, opera in three acts (Offenbach). 10.45 :—Talks, Weather, Political and Miscellaneous Announcements, Sports Notes, and News. 11.5 :—Restaurant, Ostermann Concert.

HILVERSUM (298m.), 5kw.—After 6 p.m. on 1,871m. 10.40 a.m. :—Time and Daily Service. 12.40 :—Quintet Concert. 2.40 :—Concert by a Children's Choir. 3.10 :—Children's Hour. 3.40 :—Talk. 4.40 :—Study Music for the Piano, with Introductory Talk. 5.40 :—Gramophone Records. 6.10 :—Orchestral Concert relayed from the Café Moderne, Amsterdam. 6.40 :—Time Signal. 6.41 :—Concert. 7.10 :—Exchange Quotations. 7.25 :—Italian Language Lesson. 7.55 :—Gramophone Records. 8.10 :—Operetta Selection, Die geschiedene Frau (Fall) ; in the interval, Gramophone Records, Weather, and News. 11.40 :—Gramophone Records.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 6.5kw.—8.55 a.m. :—Time Signal. 8.56 :—Concert. 11.10 :—Time Signal. 11.11 :—Service for the Sick. 11.40 :—Gramophone Records. 12.10 :—Harmonium Recital. 12.40 (in the interval) :—Police Notes. 1.10 :—Time Signal by the Observatory in the Rosenaler Trio. 2.40 :—Time Signal. 2.41 :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. 3.20 :—Reading. 3.55 :—Concert. 4.40 :—Gramophone Records. 5.40 :—Time Signal. 5.41 :—Children. 6.40 :—Time Signal. 6.41 :—Lesson in Wireless Technology. 7.10 :—Gramophone Records. 7.40 :—Time Signal. 7.41 :—Lesson in Singing. 8.38 :—Police Notes. 8.40 :—Time Signal. 8.41 :—Relay of the Assembly of the Salvation Army Meeting from The Hague. News after the Programme.

LAHTI (1,500m.), 60kw. and HELSINGFORS (221m.), 1.5kw.—7.30 :—Play (Sanni Sillen), relayed from the National Theatre of Finland. 8.40 :—News in Finnish and Swedish.

LANGENBERG (473m.), 15kw. and SIX-FAY-CHAPELLE (463m.), COLOGNE (277m.), MUNSTER (234m.).—7 :—Economic Notes. Weather and Sports Notes. 7.15 :—Book Review. 7.40 :—Talk. 8 :—Orchestral Concert. 9 :—The Wednesday—Variety Programme, followed by News, Sports Notes, Orchestral and Dance Music.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 2kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—7 :—Labour Intelligence. 7.5 :—Talk for Young People. 7.30 :—Dance Music. 8.45 :—Programme in commemoration of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Death of Flaubert—Zola and other Contemporaries on Flaubert and Readings from Flaubert's Works. 9.45 :—La Bicyclette Song Recital. 10.15 :—Time, Weather, News and Sports Notes, followed by Orchestral Concert.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EA.J7 (424m.), 2kw.—8 :—Talk. 8.30 :—Exchange Quotations and Dance Music. 9.25 :—News. 11 :—Chimes, Time, Exchange Quotations and Concert ; Septet (Beethoven), on Gramophone Records, followed by Mezzo-Soprano Song Recital, s.s. (Thursday) :—Chimes, News and Dance Music from the Palacio de Bellas Artes.

MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Concert. 8 :—Announcements, Weather. 8.10 :—News. 8.20 :—Talk. 8.30 :—Time Signal. 8.32 :—Short Concert. 9 :—Il Gallo d'Alt—Musical Comedy in Three Acts (Romagnoli). 11 :—Variety Programme. 11.30 (in the interval) :—News.

MUNICH (533m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (560m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.), NUREMBERG (239m.).—7 :—Talk. 7.30 :—Programme in the occasion of the Seventy-fifth Anniversary of the Birth of Oscar von Miller. 8 :—May Breeze—Orchestral and Choral Concert. 9.30 :—Reading, followed by Gramophone Dance Music.

NAPLES—Call 1NA (331.4m.), 1.5kw.—8.30 :—Sport Notes, News, Club Notes, Announcements, and Harbour Notes. 9 :—Time Signal. 9.2 :—Programme from Rome in the interval, Sports Notes. 10.50 :—News.

OSLO (493m.), 60kw. and FREDRIKSTAD (346m.), HAMAR (358m.), NOTODDEN (448m.), PORSGRUND (448m.), RJUKAN (448m.).—7.18 :—Weather and News. 7.30 :—Talk. 8 :—Orchestral Concert ; Overture, Alcestis (Gluck) ; Symphony in G major No. 6 (Haydn) ; Ukrainian Selection (Altenberg) ; Symphony from the New World (Dvorak). 9.30 :—Recitations. 9.35 :—Weather, News, and Topical Talk. 10.10 :—Baritone Solos. 10.40 :—Gramophone Dance Records.

PARIS (Radio-Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.), 12kw.—12.30 :—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals, at 1 :—Exchange Quotations and News, and at 1.30 :—Exchange Quotations and Sports Results. Stock Market Quotations. 3.35 :—Exchange Quotations. 3.45 :—Concert ; Orchestral Selection : Tentation (Delmas) ; Violin Solos (Cusperin) ; (a) Les Papillons ; (b) Les Jeunes Seigneurs ; (c) Mazurka (Wieniawski) ; Orchestral Selection : Waltz, Pizzicato (Fillipucci) ; Pianoforte Solo : En Bretagne (Rhene-Baton) ; Orchestral Selection : Meditation (Grecqur) ; Cello Solos (Chopin) : (a) Largo from a Sonata ; (b) Introduction and Polonaise ; (Orchestral Selection : Le Lutin de Glenmore (Brun). 4.55 :—News and Exchange Quotations. 5.30 :—New York Exchange Rates. 5.35 :—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. 7.5 :—Talk on Science. 7.30 :—Elementary German Lesson. 7.45 :—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes, and News. 8 :—Don Quichotte (Opera in Five Acts) (Massenet). In the intervals, at 8.30 :—Sports News, at 9.15 :—Press Review, News, and Time Signal. 9.30 :—Concert : Songs : (a) Papillon (Campra) ; (b) Aria from "The Marriage of Figaro (Mozart) ; (c) Trois Prières (Capiet) ; Concerto for 'Cello (Grieg).

PRAGUE (487m.), 5kw.—7 :—Time and News. 7.5 :—Programme from Brünn. 9.30 :—Gramophone Records. 10 :—Time, News, and Sports Notes. 10.15 :—News and Talk for Workers. 10.30 :—Theatre Review, and Programme Announcements.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 50kw.—8.15 :—Giornale parlato, Announcements and Sports Notes. 8.30 :—Talk, Exchange, Weather, News, and Press Review. 9 :—Time Signal. 9.2 :—Concert ; First Part ; Chamber Music : Adagio and Allegro finale from the Quartet in C major op. 59 No. 3 (Beethoven) ; Mezzo-Soprano Solos ; (Schubert) ; (a) Gretchen am Spinnrade ; (b) Schäferlied ; (c) Erlkönig. Second Part : Concert of Violin and 'Cello Solos (Carabella) ; Second Part : Concert of Calabrian Music ; News after the Programme.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (436m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,346m.), 36kw., BODEN (1,200m.), OSTER-BORG (332m.), HORBY (287m.), OSTERUND (770m.); SUNDSVALL (542m.).—7 :—Talk on Social Questions. 7.30 :—Gramophone Records. 7.15 :—News. 7.30 :—Instrumental Solos and Russian Songs. 8 :—Exchange Quotations. 8.15 :—Transmission of Pictures. 8.25 :—Concert—Les Danses (Levade) ; Les Rameaux (Vasseur) ; Mazgil, and Canzoun de la coupo (Mistral) ; Paysages (Hahn) ; Ballet Music from Sylvia (Delibes) ; On the Steppes of Central Asia (Borodine). 9.30 :—Orchestral Concert from the Cafe des Americains. 10.15 :—North African News. 10.30 :—Orchestral Concert. 11.40 :—Transmission of Pictures.

TURIN—Call ITO (291m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Music. 8 :—Announcements ; Weather. 8.10 :—News. 8.30 :—Talk. 8.50 :—Programme of Light Music and Variety Items ; Topical Talk and Theatre Chat in the interval. 11 :—Music.

VIENNA (516.3m.), 15kw. and GRAZ (352.9m.) ; INNSBRUCK (293.5m.) ; KLAGENFURT (463.6m.) ; and LINZ (240.7m.).—Talks. 9.20 :—Impressions Promagandа for Austria. 7 :—Talks. 7.35 :—Time and Weather. 8 :—Recital of Songs and Arias. 9 :—Selections from the Works of Flaubert, followed by Dance Music.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes beginning at the times stated :—

KATOWICE (409.7m.), 16kw.—11.55 a.m.
KÖNIGSBERG (276m.), 4kw.—9 p.m.
LYONS (Radio Lyon) (266m.), 1.5kw.—12 (noon).
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (309m.), 25kw.—1 p.m. Programme relayed at intervals on 25m. from 11 p.m.
SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 30kw.—11.45 a.m. Relayed by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 10.30 p.m.—5 p.m.
WARSAW (1,411m.), 16kw.—11.30 a.m.
ZAGREB (307m.), 0.7kw.—12.30 p.m.
ZURICH (459m.), 0.65kw.—12.30 p.m.

From The Times of 1830

FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1830. Price 7d.

Yesterday Mr. John White, one of the King's Messengers, came before Sir R. Birnie [at Bow-street] to complain of an obstruction which he had met with while conveying the bulletin announcing the state of His Majesty's health from Windsor to London.

Mr. White stated that he was posting with all speed to London yesterday, with the bulletin, when the man at the toll-gate of Smallberry-green turnpike, which is near Brentford, refused to let the chaise through without payment, although he (Mr. White) told him his business, and showed him the silver greyhound, the insignia of his office. . . . He deemed it necessary to make an application upon the subject to Sir Richard, in order that he might not be again impeded. . . The toll-taker had no objection to let him pass had he been alone, but he objected because another person was in the chaise, which circumstance, he said, made it liable to the toll.

Mr. Minshull asked if the chaise belonged to His Majesty, or if it were hired for the purpose.

Mr. White replied that he had hired the chaise at Windsor, and paid for it at the rate of 1s. 6d. a mile, besides a present of 5s. which he was in the habit of giving to the postboy for using extra speed, as it was necessary that the bulletin should reach St. James's within two hours from the time of starting from Windsor Castle. . . .

Sir R. Birnie was of opinion that the man would not act so again. If he did, however, Mr. White ought by all means to pay him his demand, and then summon him to this office, when he would have an opportunity of trying his right.

* * *

3 per Cent. Cons. 92¼ to ¼.

LONDON GAZETTE

TUESDAY, MAY 6

ADMIRALTY, MAY 1

R.N.

Eng. Com. H. G. Haddy placed on Retd. List at own request with rank of Capt. (May 1).

R.N.R.

Act. Sub-Lieut. R. A. Crozier to be Sub-Lieut. with seny. of Oct. 16, 1928.

R.N.V.R.

Payr. Sub-Lieut. (C) E. R. Lewis to be Payr. Lieut. (C) with seny. of Dec. 15, 1929 ; Payr. Lieut. G. F. Kyrke to be Payr. Lieut.-Comdr. with seny. of April 17.

MAY 2

R.N.

Lieut. (Retd.) W. J. Holwell to be Lieut.-Comdr. (Retd.) with seny. of April 20.

Sub-Lieuts. to be Lieuts. :—J. G. P. D. Lenz, C. H. Cobbe, M. J. E. de Courcy, H. E. H. Nicholls, H. N. Reid (April 16).

Sub-Lieuts. to be Lieuts. with seny. as stated :—K. N. Hoare (Nov. 1, 1929). J. C. Cole (Jan. 1).

MAY 3

R.N.

Eng. Capt. L. Robins, O.B.E., to be Eng. Rear-Admiral in his Majesty's Fleet (April 30).

Eng. Rear-Admiral L. Robins, O.B.E., placed on Retd. List (May 1).

Consequent thereon Eng. Capt. F. G. Haddy, M.V.O., has been promoted to the rank of Eng. Rear-Admiral in his Majesty's Fleet from the date of Eng. Rear-Admiral L. Robins, O.B.E.

Eng. Rear-Admiral F. G. Haddy, M.V.O., placed on Retd. List (May 2).

Consequent thereon Eng. Capt. A. E. Lester, D.S.O., O.B.E., A.D.C., has been promoted to the rank of Eng. Rear-Admiral in his Majesty's Fleet from the same date.

Eng. Rear-Admiral A. E. Lester, D.S.O., O.B.E., placed on Retd. List (May 3).

Consequent thereon Eng. Capt. H. A. Brown, A.D.C., has been promoted to the rank of Eng. Rear-Admiral in his Majesty's Fleet from the same date.

SUPPLEMENTARY ROYAL NAVAL SERVICE.

Ch. Offr. F. Gordon placed on Retd. List with rank of Lieut. (May 3).

MAY 5

R.N.

Surg. Lieut. V. F. Walsh to be Surg. Lieut.-Comdr. (May 5) ; Payr. Lieut.-Comdr. E. A. Symes to be Payr.-Comdr. (May 5) ; Surg. Lieut. J. A. Cusack, M.B., R.N., to be Surg. Lieut.-Comdr. (May 5) ; Lieut. (E) D. W. Charlwood placed on Retd. List (May 5).

R.N.R.

Lieut.-Comdr. W. J. Hankinson, R.D., placed on Retd. List with rank of Comdr. (May 4).

WAR OFFICE, MAY 6

REGULAR ARMY

Col. G. H. N. Jackson, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., A.D.C. to the King, on ceasing to be empld. is placed on h.p. (May 1).

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

The follg. relinquish their appts. :—Maj.-Gen. H. P. W. Barrow, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., O.B.E., K.H.S., Dir. of Hygiene, War Office (May 1) ; Maj. A. H. M. Cherry, R.A., Maj. Instr. in Gunn., Gibraltar (April 25).

The follg. appts. are made :—Col. P. H. Henderson, D.S.O., M.B. late R.A.M.C., to be Dir. of Hygiene, War Office (May 1) ; Maj. H. S. Kreyer, D.S.O., O.B.E., Green Howards, from Staff Capt., to be D.A.A. and Q.M.G., W. Lan. Area (April 28) ; Maj. F. G. Drew, O.B.E., R.E., to be G.S.O., 3rd Grade, War Office (May 1).

CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS

Lt.-Col. J. R. W. Mansfield on completion of four years' serv. as a Regt. Lt.-Col. is placed on the h.p. list (May 4) ; Maj. R. Hamilton, O.B.E., to be Lt.-Col. (May 4).

FOOT GUARDS

Gren. G'ds.—Maj. Lord E. D. J. Hay retires on ret. pay (May 4) ; Capt. C. E. Irby, M.C., to be Maj. (May 4).

C. G'ds.—The follg. Lts. to be Capts. (April 12) :—J. H. Maxse ; W. D. H. C. Forbes, under the provisions of Art. 111, Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1926.

Sec. Lt. Count P. F. de Salis to be Lt. (May 4).

L. G'ds.—Sec. Lt. C. L. Mackrow, Res. of Off. Supp. List, to be Lt. (March 27).

Res. of Off. L. G'ds. to be Sec. Lt. (March 27).

W. G'ds.—Lt. W. V. Makins is restd. to the establt. (pril 4).

INFANTRY

The Buffs.—Capt. (Qr.-Mr.) A. Corney, M.B.E., retires on ret. pay on attaining the age limit for retirement (May 7) ; Restl. Sergt.-Maj. H. J. Martin, M.B.E., to be Lt. (Qr.-Mr.) (May 7).

E. Yorks.—Lt. J. P. Conway, from Supp. Res. of Off., E. York. R., to be Sec. Lt. (May 4).

INFANTRY

Lan. Fus.—Lt. J. K. Smith to be Adjt., vice Lt. E. C. Squire (March 10), and to be Capt., under the provisions of Art. 111 Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion 1926.

R.S. Fus.—Capt. N. MacLeod is restd. to the establt. (May 2).

R.W. Fus.—Lt. B. E. Horton is restd. to the establt. (May 6).

Worc. R.—Lt. R. J. Key retires on ret. pay (May 7). D.C.L.I.—Lt. H. C. Dobbin, C.B.E., D.S.O., on completion of his period of serv. in comd. is placed on the h.p. list (May 6) ; Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. W. T. Brooke, M.C., to be Lt.-Col. (May 6) ; Capt. T. G. Elliot to be Maj. (May 6).

Highland L.I.—Capt. J. Haskell, D.S.O., M.C., to be Maj. (April 30).

K.O.Y.L.I.—Capt. J. Haskell, D.S.O., M.C., is restd. to the establt. (March 15) ; Capt. J. Haskell, D.S.O., M.C., to be Maj. for serv. with Arab Legion Force, India (April 10) ; Lt.-Col. W. Walker to be Adjt., vice Capt. J. Haskell, D.S.O., M.C. (March 15).

Midd'x R.—Lt. A. Dix-Lewis retires, receiving a gratuity (May 5).

Seaforth.—Lt. E. N. Jameson is restd. to the establt. (May 6).

ROYAL TANK CORPS

Capt. W. C. H. O'Carroll is apt. whilst Instr., Tank Guns Sch. (April 11) ; Capt. R. G. W. Birmington is restd. to the establt. (April 11).

ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

Capt. C. C. Williams, M.C., is restd. to the establt. (April 1) ; Capt. J. Doolan, M.C., is restd. to the establt. (April 1).

THE ARMY DENTAL CORPS

Capt. R. F. Tyson to be Maj. (May 6).

STAFF FOR MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

Maj. (T. of W.) E. W. G. Short, C.B.E., F.R.I.B.A., P.S.I., relinquishes the temp. grade and rank of S.I. of W. and Lt.-Col. (March 2).

ROYAL ARMY PAY CORPS

Col. and Chief Paymr. C. C. Todd, C.M.G., retires on ret. pay on attaining the age limit for retirement (May 6) ; Lt.-Col. and Staff Paymr. D. C. N. L. Wimberley to be temp. Col. and Chief Paymr. (May 6).

ESTABLISHMENTS

Capt. A. Macgregor, R.A., is apptd. Asst. Inspr. (Cl. CC) (temp.), Inspn. Dept. (May 1).

MEMORANDA

Lt.-Col. J. R. Heath, D.S.O., late Manch. R., relires on ret. pay (May 5) ; Lt.-Col. R. E. Horton, R.W. Fus., relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt., on ceasing to be empld. with the K. Afr. Rif. (May 6).

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

REGIMENTAL LIST

The follg. having attained the age limit of liability to recall, cease to belong to the Res. of Off. :—

King's Own R.—Lt.-Col. H. P. Creagh-Osborne (April 2).

N. York R.—Lt.-Col. T. A. Headlam (April 5).

S. Wales Bord.—Maj. W. S. C. Glover (April 3).

Wilts R.—Capt. W. Martin (April 27).

Manch. R.—Lt.-Col. J. J. Heelis, M.C. (ret. pay), to be Lt.-Col. (May 5), with seniority Sept. 19, 1925.

SUPPLEMENTARY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

Sec. Lt. J. W. Rossard to be Lt. (April 6).

ROYAL TANK CORPS

Sec. Lt. G. W. Reece to be Lt. (April 15).

ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

J. J. Rourke to be Sec. Lt. (May 7).

TERRITORIAL ARMY

COMMANDS AND STAFF

Bt. Lt.-Col. K. Fitzherbert, M.C., relinquishes the appt. of D.A.A. and Q.M.G., 53rd Inf. Bde. (April 28) ; Capt. D. Birks, R. Tank Corps, to be Staff Capt., 55th (W. Lan.) Div. (April 28).

HONOURABLE ARTILLERY COMPANY

Infantry.—Lce.-Corpl. J. Drury, from H.A.C. (Inf.), to be Sec. Lt. (May 7).

ROYAL ARTILLERY

77TH (Highland) Fd. Bde.—Maj. G. W. Manuel, T.D., to be Lt.-Col. (May 1).

84TH Fd. Bde.—Sec. Lt. R. A

CHARING CROSS SCHEME

REJECTION BY COMMONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT BY L.C.C.

The Private Bill Committee of the House of Commons which has been considering the London County Council (Charing Cross Bridge) Bill yesterday rejected the Bill. A printed statement was submitted on behalf of the L.C.C. comparing various alternative schemes with that proposed in the Bill and stating that the Council were convinced that there was no other practicable site for the new station than the Lion Brewery site which had been adopted in the scheme of the Bill. Sir Henry Cautley (East Grinstead, U.), the chairman, in announcing the decision of the Committee, said that they remained of the opinion that putting the station at the bridge-head was a blot that they could not accept and that it would stop the development of Lambeth.

At the beginning of yesterday's proceedings Sir Lynden Macassey, K.C. (for the London County Council), recalled that when the Committee adjourned on April 10, they requested that a thorough investigation should be made into the possibility of finding some site for the new station on the Lambeth side of the river other than the Lion Brewery site. The L.C.C., in cooperation with the Southern and Underground Railway Companies, undertook a renewed examination of numerous proposals, including that of the Lambeth Borough Council for placing the station on the Waterloo Junction site, and instituted a detailed comparison of them with the scheme of the Bill. Of five possible sites for the new station that had been indicated by the Committee, the L.C.C. decided that the best (with the new station south-east of Waterloo Station between Westminster Bridge-road, Oakley-street, and Waterloo-road) was definitely inferior to a scheme showing a new station at Waterloo Junction site more or less balancing the existing Waterloo Station about Waterloo-road, which they regarded as the best of four proposals for placing the new station on the Waterloo Junction site.

Under this scheme they found that access to Waterloo Station similar to that provided in the Bill could only be given by means of crossing over two station approach roads, or by means of a long and inconvenient subway. Passengers interchanging between the new station and the Underground Railway would have to walk about 490 yards, or 300 yards farther than in the case of the scheme in the Bill. Passengers travelling by omnibus would have to walk 190 yards farther, as compared with only a few yards in the scheme of the Bill, and omnibuses crossing the river to and from the new station would have to travel 630 yards farther, involving a fresh fare stage. Pedestrians crossing the river to or from the new station would have to walk 500 yards farther than under the scheme in the Bill. The new station would necessitate certain train services to and from Charing Cross being suspended for a considerable time. The road approaches from the new Charing Cross road bridge to the new station would be indirect and inconvenient, and a large volume of traffic would use Westminster Bridge in preference to the new bridge, thus defeating one of the main objects of the scheme. The demolition of important properties would be involved, including St. John's Church, Waterloo Hospital, the London Telephone Service offices, and the recently erected premises of Messrs. W. H. Smith and Sons in Stamford-street. The number of persons of the working class displaced would be more than 1,400 greater than under the scheme in the Bill. The embankment could not be included as an integral part of the scheme, and the environment of the station would be unfavourable to the erection of a large modern hotel or important office buildings. The scheme would involve an increase of over £2,000,000 in the net cost of property and works as compared with the scheme of the Bill.

The L.C.C. suggested as possible modifications of the scheme of the Bill that the turntable and coaling stage could be moved farther east so as not to be visible from the approach road to the new Charing Cross road bridge; that the Southern Railway were willing to be placed under the same restrictions at the new station in respect of goods traffic as those now obtaining at Charing Cross Station; that the Southern Railway had agreed that not only the frontage to the river, but any other portions of the buildings and works adjacent to the new southern approach road should conform to the general architectural scheme, the company being prepared to enclose the station as far as practicable with other buildings to improve the amenities of the neighbourhood; that the alteration in the lay-out of the sidings consequent on the removal of the turntable and the coaling stage would make it possible to reduce the covered-in portion of Waterloo-road from 420ft. to 323ft., made up of 170ft. railway bridge and 153ft. road bridge, the two bridges being separated by a clear space of 47ft.; and that, while it had not been found possible to reduce the length of the covered-in portion of York-road, arrangements could be made to improve the lighting and ventilation of the covered portion by prismatic pavement lights set into the railway platforms over the line of the road and by *louvre* ventilators in the platform walls.

Were the station to be set back to a site away from the river, the statement added, the necessity would not arise for constructing as part of a Charing Cross road bridge scheme the embankment and riverside gardens forming part of the scheme of the Bill. If an embankment did not form part of a road scheme no grant could be made from the Road Fund to assist its construction, and without such a grant the Council would not be in a position to incur the expense of embanking the river. The Council were certain that under this state of things the Lambeth riverside would remain, except so far as a clearance was necessary to provide for the site of the new bridge, in its present condition. On the other hand, if the scheme of the Bill were carried through, the riverside at this part of Lambeth would be embanked and suitably proportioned station buildings would be erected of a character and design in keeping with the importance of a site on the river front overlooking an attractive embankment. The Council could not assume any responsibility for carrying out a scheme for a new road bridge at Charing Cross which involved the setting back of the proposed new station from the river front at a heavy sacrifice measured in time, convenience, and money to the travelling public and involving further considerable expenditure, and at the same time leaving the portion of Lambeth adjoining the river to develop under whatever spasmodic influences chance and time and other unco-ordinated effort might call into action.

The Council were firmly of opinion that the provision of a new road bridge at Charing Cross was definitely dependent upon the removal of the present Charing Cross railway station to the south side of the river. Accepting that as a fundamental condition, they were convinced that there was no other practicable site for the new station than the Lion Brewery site adopted in the Bill. "This being the considered conclusion of the Council, in which the Minister of Transport concurs"—the statement concluded—"the Council think that they would be wanting in candour to the Committee if they failed to convey to the Committee in respectful but definite terms that, should the scheme of the Bill be not accepted, there is no alternative scheme which the Council could accept the responsibility of submitting to Parliament. The Council therefore feel it their duty to state that, if the scheme of the Bill is rejected, they see no prospect of securing the national improvement represented by a new road bridge at Charing Cross."

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

After the Committee had consulted in private, the CHAIRMAN said:—We have considered carefully what you have said in the printed statement. We can find no words in that statement that go beyond the arguments and evidence which was put before us in the many days' hearing we have already had. We notice the definite statement that, in the view of the promoters, "there is no other practicable site for the new station than the Lion Brewery site which has been adopted in the scheme of the Bill." The Committee are still of the opinion that the construction of this bridge across the river will be an immense improvement to the City of London, and they believe that such a bridge will be made and will be made soon. They remain of the opinion that putting the station at the bridge-head of this magnificent bridge 95ft. wide is a blot that they cannot accept and that it will stop the development of Lambeth. I gather that this statement is only intended to alter their decision on that point.

The only question is, what course of action will the promoters take? It seems to me, as the matter now stands, having secured—although we have not heard the opponents' case—our intimation that we are prepared to accept the northern part of the scheme, that it will be to the advantage of the promoters to withdraw the Bill rather than to have absolute rejection by this Committee. We are very anxious not to do anything to prejudice the carrying out of a scheme which will make this new bridge at Charing Cross. We are of opinion that it is an improvement that ought to be made and made soon, but we do not want to prejudice a fresh application for further consideration as the promoters of the Bill may desire or feel compelled to make. It has occurred to me that to have a withdrawal of the Bill will facilitate coming before a fresh Committee in another session rather than to have a rejection by this Committee.

Sir Lynden Macassey.—I have the advantage of instructions from the London County Council, and, as they have stated that this is the only scheme which they feel they can, in the proper discharge of their responsibility to the administrative county of London, submit to Parliament for a new road bridge at Charing Cross, they regard themselves as having been absolved of that responsibility and as having discharged their duty both to Parliament and the ratepayers of London in submitting this scheme. The position is that the scheme is in the hands of your Committee to accept or reject as you feel disposed.

The CHAIRMAN.—It is rejected.

VIEWS ON REJECTION

CONFERENCE CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Mr. Arthur Keen, the chairman of the Thames Bridges Conference, which opposed the official scheme, said that as the London County Council had been unable to agree to set back the station, the decision taken by the Select Committee was almost inevitable.

He had been hoping that the plan put forward by the Lambeth Borough Council would provide a solution which both the County Council and the Southern Railway Company could adopt. This was, in his opinion, an able and rightly conceived scheme which gave the necessary facilities on the south side of the river for through traffic from Lambeth to Blackfriars, and also for a real embankment. He had further hoped that if the County Council would accept the Lambeth plan they would, before the bridge was built, amend the scheme in respect of the northern end. The committee were prepared to accept the northern part of the official scheme, but he thought they did so unwillingly.

Mr. Keen, who said that he had not had an opportunity to consult his colleagues of the conference and was therefore expressing personal opinions, thought they would now have to wait for another scheme to be submitted. There had been suggestions that the L.C.C. might revert to the proposal to widen Waterloo Bridge, but he did not consider any such movement to be likely.

He could not believe, too, that so important and urgent a project as the building of a road bridge at Charing Cross would be allowed to remain in abeyance because of the present deadlock. It was, in fact, incredible that the whole scheme for a new bridge would be dropped. The bridge became more essential with every month that passed as the volume of traffic steadily increased. Finally, Mr. Keen said that he did not feel apprehensive about the position because he believed that when an alternative to the rejected scheme eventually came to be adopted and sanctioned it would be of a character which would require less time to carry out. If the L.C.C. took the view that the rejection of their Bill destroyed any prospect of securing a new bridge at Charing Cross, public opinion would be too strong for the Council.

WATERLOO BRIDGE

SIR PERCY SIMMONS, chairman of the Improvements Committee of the London County Council, yesterday said he thought it was most unfortunate that London had lost the opportunity of a great national improvement. The Council would now have to consider what should be done with Waterloo Bridge, as additional traffic facilities across the river at this part were an immediate necessity.

Mr. G. R. STRAUS, Parliamentary Private Secretary to the Minister of Transport, who is also a member of the London County Council and M.P. for North Lambeth, said that the rejection meant that the prospect of considerable employment on the scheme would disappear, that the present chaotic traffic conditions north and south of the river would continue, and that the unsightly bridge would remain an eyesore in London for many years to come.

The Improvements Committee of the London County Council are meeting to-day, and it is expected that they will consider the whole situation and make a report to the full Council on Tuesday.

ROAD TRAFFIC BILL

POSITION OF THE COMMISSIONERS

PEERS TO BE ELIGIBLE

The Standing Committee of the House of Commons which is considering the Road Traffic Bill discussed at their meeting yesterday the powers and duties of the Traffic Commissioners who are to be appointed in the new traffic areas which the Bill delimits.

On Clause 60, which provides for the appointment of three Traffic Commissioners in each area who will issue licences and exercise other powers under the general direction of the Minister of Transport, LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY (New Forest and Christchurch, U.) moved the omission of the word "general" which qualifies "direction" in the clause. He said it was essential that the Minister should have complete control over the Commissioners whom he appointed and for whom he was responsible. Trouble might arise between the Minister and the Commissioners, as there might be a cantankerous Commissioner who would refuse to accept the orders of the Minister. Therefore, the Commissioners ought to be subject not to the general but to the specific directions of the Minister. It was desirable that the Bill when it became the law should work smoothly; but, as Clause 60 stood, the Minister would be put in the impossible position of having to answer in Parliament for the proper administration of that part of the Act without having power to make the Commissioners obey his rulings.

Mr. MORRISON, Minister of Transport, said the amendment would not be a wise one, and it seemed to imply a misapprehension of the intention of that part of the Bill. The Minister of Transport would appoint the staff of the Commissioners and the technical officers and fix their salaries and so on, and that was clearly necessary in order that the staffs should be up to Civil Service standards, that the salaries should be determined on national standards, that there should be national control, and that there should be a national standard of efficiency on the part of the Commissioners' staffs. The position would be impossible if the Commissioners appointed their own staffs and fixed their salaries.

POWERS OF COMMISSIONERS

He had no intention as Minister of attempting to direct the Commissioners on every point of their duty. It appeared to have been assumed that he was to be answerable in Parliament for the specific actions of the Commissioners. That, however, was not the case. He would not be answerable in Parliament on questions, for example, as to why a Traffic Commissioner in an area did right in granting or refusing licences. He could only answer for the general actions of the Commissioners. What he was aiming at in that part of the Bill was that the Commissioners should act on certain national principles prescribed by the Minister of Transport, but that, consistent with those broad principles, they should be perfectly free and independent to grant or refuse licences or to attach conditions and to exercise their own judgment in a judicial capacity without any meticulous interference by the Minister. He wished them to conform to a national standard of administration in the co-ordination of transport, but that at the same time they should be free to judge each matter on its merits. There would be the right of appeal to the Minister, who would thus be enabled to enforce national standards.

Mr. REMER (Macclesfield, U.) said he objected strongly to the bureaucratic machinery which would be set up by the Bill. Questions in Parliament were the one means by which a member of Parliament could protect his constituents and the public generally against bureaucracy. Under this clause, however, members would be deprived of that right so far as Traffic Commissioners were concerned.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY said it was important that there should be no ambiguity in the clause, but he withdrew his amendment.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL HOWARD-BURY (Chelmsford, U.) moved an amendment to make it clear that a Traffic Commissioner should be appointed for a definite area, as the wording of the clause appeared to be vague on this point. He wished it to be made clear that Commissioners were not to have jurisdiction in areas other than that for which they had been appointed.

Mr. MORRISON said it was intended that in the case of absence or anything of that kind the Minister would be able to appoint a deputy to act in any traffic area, and arrangements would be made accordingly. If, however, there was any doubt as to the precise position of Commissioners in respect of areas, he would consider an amendment to make the wording of the clause clearer.

The amendment was withdrawn.

PERSONAL INDEPENDENCE

Mr. REMER then moved an amendment to the part of the clause which provides that any person appointed as a Commissioner should be required before appointment to declare whether he had or had not any financial interest in a transport undertaking within the area. The amendment proposed the enforcement of a declaration as to whether the person was or was not a member of a local authority controlling any transport undertaking. Mr. Remer said that certain local authorities were trying to extend their transport systems outside their own areas, and, in view of the far-reaching nature of the powers which would be exercised by the Commissioners, the Minister should be provided with all information as to their interests.

Mr. MORRISON said the object of the clause was to provide that there must be declaration of financial interest in transport undertakings; but it did not follow that the Minister would refuse to appoint as Commissioner a person who had an interest in transport undertakings; that would depend upon the degree and importance of his holding. But a member of a local authority had no private interest in an undertaking run by his council; he had only a public interest. If the amendment were carried the representatives of the local authorities of county boroughs would be disqualified from acting as Commissioners, and he could not agree to that. In any event, there would be no necessity for a declaration that a person was a member of a local authority, as that would be perfectly well known.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY argued that, in fairness, the same conditions ought to be applied to public as to private transport undertakings, and he considered that councillors in county boroughs ought to be kept off the Traffic Boards.

After further discussion the amendment was negatived by 20 votes to seven.

DISQUALIFICATION OF M.P.s

Mr. MORRISON proposed an amendment to provide that no member of the House of Commons should be eligible for appointment as a Traffic Commissioner, and Mr. REMER moved that this disqualification should be extended to members of the House of Lords.

Mr. MORRISON said he was surprised that Mr. Remer should seek to deprive peers from earning an honest living—(laughter)—by performing duties which many of them could well discharge. Members of the House of Lords were in a different position from members of the Commons. The latter had little time to spare from duties which were very strenuous; but it was more important that posts of profit should not be gifts which a Minister would be able to bestow either upon supporters of his party or upon opponents to placate their opposition. Those considerations did not apply to members of the House of Lords, and he could not accept Mr. Remer's proposal to exclude them.

Mr. Remer's amendment was negatived, and Mr. Morrison's proposal to exclude members of the House of Commons was agreed to.

Replying to LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY, who asked for a statement of the salaries proposed to be paid to the Commissioners, Mr. MORRISON said it was not intended that the positions of the two nominated Commissioners should be places of profit in the ordinary sense of the term. With regard to the position of Chairman of Commissioners, it would be undesirable that he should state the proposed salary at that stage before he had consulted the Chancellor of the Exchequer; but he was clear that it should be substantial in order to command the services of men of ability and to raise them above the possibility of bribery.

Clause 60, as amended, was agreed to.

The Committee adjourned till to-morrow.

INDUSTRIAL ARTISTS

An association is to be formed of artists engaged in industry, and Sir Herbert Morgan is to be chairman of a provisional committee. The object of the association is to develop and encourage the creative art of the designer for the material benefit of British commerce. An inaugural dinner of those interested in "Industrial Artists" will be held on Friday, May 9, at the Café Royal. Among those who have accepted invitations are Sir Edwin Lutyens, Sir John Lavery, Mr. George Stampa, Mr. Fred Taylor, Professor Gerald Moira, Mr. Bert Thomas, Mr. Ambrose Heal, Mr. Adrian Stokes, Mr. Basil Ionides, and Sir William Crawford.

HOUSING BILL IN COMMITTEE

DEFINITION OF CLEARANCE "AREAS"

The Housing Bill, embodying the Government's proposals for dealing with slum property, was further examined yesterday by a Standing Committee of the House of Commons.

Discussion was continued of Clause 1, providing for the declaration by local authorities of unhealthy areas as clearance areas, and of an amendment proposed by Mr. Chamberlain (Edgbaston, U.) restricting the buildings thereon scheduled for demolition to dwelling houses.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL (Sir William Jowitt) said that by the definition of "area" which appeared in the clause it was impossible to conceive of an area within the meaning of the Bill which contained in it a good dwelling house. It must be an area exclusively composed of dwelling houses or buildings which were either unfit for human habitation or bad by reason of the narrowness or bad arrangement of the streets. The word "area" contemplated continuous stretches of territory, but it need not have regular lines. It was intended that the word should mean the area of a belt, which need not include all the land enclosed within it.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN said that the Attorney-General had cleared up an extremely obscure point. He accepted his interpretation of "area," but he contended that it would necessitate an amendment of the clause. In many cases it would be extremely difficult to determine whether a building should come in or remain out of the clearance area. Great care must be taken to prevent the possibility of local authorities including in a clearance area buildings which ought to be left out. He indicated the danger of cleared sites being left derelict for indefinite periods.

Mr. ARTHUR GREENWOOD (Minister of Health) said he was prepared to consider later whether any words could be inserted which, without altering the substance of the clause, would make the position clearer, but he thought the intentions of the clause were sufficiently manifest. He was beginning to see that looming behind the criticisms of the Opposition was the question of compensation. He did not believe that any local authorities would allow cleared areas to remain derelict indefinitely, but if they did he would rather see a derelict area, unsightly as it might be, than leave slum dwellings upon it.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN accepted the Minister's undertaking to give further consideration to the drafting of the clause, and his amendment was, by leave, withdrawn.

Dr. VERNON DAVIES (Royton, U.) moved an amendment providing that the map defining a clearance area should distinguish those dwelling houses which were unfit for human habitation and those dangerous or injurious to the health of the inhabitants by reason of disrepair or sanitary defects, from other buildings.

Mr. GREENWOOD, resisting the proposal, said the only reason for differentiating between the two classes of property was that higher compensation should be paid. The value of these properties had been scaled down as the result of past transactions in which site value and nothing more had formed the basis of payment. Any differentiation now would mean making an unexpected free gift to the landlord of the difference between site value and market value.

The amendment was rejected by 28 to 15.

SMALL SHOPKEEPERS

Dr. VERNON DAVIES moved an amendment requiring the local authority before declaring a clearance area to satisfy themselves as to the availability of alternative accommodation not only for working-class residents who might be displaced, as provided by the clause, but also for small shopkeepers.

Miss SUSAN LAWRENCE (Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Health), opposing the amendment, said it meant that the shopkeeper would have to be provided with another shop, but local authorities had no power to erect places of business.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN thought it preferable that the shopkeepers should receive adequate compensation for disturbance.

The amendment was eventually withdrawn, and the Committee adjourned until to-morrow.

SLUM PROPERTY IN SCOTLAND

The Standing Committee on Scottish Bills, with Mr. JAMES BROWN (Ayrshire, S., Lab.) in the chair, yesterday began the consideration of the Housing (Scotland) Bill, which makes further and better provision with respect to the clearance or improvement of unhealthy areas, the repair, demolition, or closing of insanitary houses, and the housing of persons of the working classes.

MAJOR ELLIOT (Kelvingrove, U.) moved amendments providing that a local authority, in passing a resolution declaring a defined area to be a clearance area, should move not "upon consideration of an official representation or other information in their possession," but upon a report upon a proposed scheme and its relation to the general housing needs of the local authority's area, prepared by the medical officer and any other appropriate officer of the authority concerned.

Mr. T. JOHNSTON (Under-Secretary for Scotland) said there were areas in Scotland where the medical officer of health and the sanitary inspector were in such fundamental disagreement that the amendments would, so far as slum clearance was concerned, render the clause nugatory. They would tie the hands of the local authorities.

The amendments were defeated by 29 votes to 15.

On a subsection defining a clearance area, Mr. JOHNSTON said that under the English Bill all the property in the area must be scheduled as bad, whereas under the Scottish Bill all the property need not be bad. Where part of it was good they must obviously be prepared to deal with the owner in a different way from the owner all of whose property was bad. If there was good property they must purchase it at the market value, but as regards bad property the local authority would have power to purchase it at not more than the site value, or they could order the owner to demolish it at his own expense.

The Committee adjourned until to-morrow.

MOCK AUCTIONS BILL

EFFECT OF HOME OFFICE OPPOSITION

Strong opposition was offered on behalf of the Home Office to the main provisions of the Mock Auctions Bill, which came for consideration yesterday before Standing Committee "B" of the House of Commons. SIR LAMBERT WARD (Kingston-upon-Hull, U.) presided.

The Bill, a private members' measure, makes it an offence for any person to conduct a "mock auction" or "rigged sales" in which spurious or faked goods are represented as of genuine or superior quality, or where deceptions, tricks, or misrepresentations are employed to induce people to buy goods.

Mr. SHORT (Wednesbury), Parliamentary Under-Secretary for the Home Office, said the Home Secretary could not give his support to the Bill. He strongly advised the Committee to reject Clause 1. As the law stood, it was within the province of any trader to praise his goods, and even to indulge in what was known as "puffing." For instance, to prosecute an auctioneer for describing a house as "convenient and commodious" would make the law both ridiculous and unworkable. If, however, he wrongly described an article, saying, for example, that a watch was "gold," whereas he knew it was made of common yellow metal, he committed the offence of obtaining money by false pretences. If prosecutions were not possible under the existing law, the Bill would do nothing to improve the position. A serious objection to the Bill was that it made a change in the criminal law by making it an offence to sell inferior goods even if there was no evidence of intention to defraud.

REAR-ADMIRAL BEAMISH (Lewes, U.) was amazed at the champion of the Home Office standing up for mock auctions.

Mr. SHORT.—The hon. member must not say that. I only stated what the law is.

REAR-ADMIRAL BEAMISH said he meant nothing personal to Mr. Short. He thought it was not right for a representative of the Home Office to retire behind the intricacies of the law, when there was a strong demand all over the country for protection against fraud.

COMMANDER SOUTHBY (Epsom, U.) protested against the representative of the Home Office coming down "like a ton of bricks" on a Bill which passed its second reading without opposition. The law was, no doubt, "lovely" as it stood, but it would not work.

CAPTAIN WATERHOUSE (Leicester, S., U.) admitted that many years ago he bought for half a guinea in a booth at an agricultural show a watch worth 6d. He objected, however, to petty interference with trade, and thought it better to buy experience than have it forced on one by legislation. "Don't let us in this House," he concluded, "try and keep a fool and his money together."

On a division the first clause of the Bill was struck out by 12 votes to nine.

A special report to the House was then agreed upon that the Committee did not consider it advisable to proceed further with the Bill.

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M.W.H.2

Letters to the Editor

POLICE OF THE AIR

USE IN THE NEAR EAST

DEPENDENCE ON GROUND FORCES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—On the strength of fourteen years' service in the Persian Gulf, and six years in Iraq, in Consular and administrative posts, I venture to offer some comment on Lord Trenchard's observations in the House of Lords on the 9th and in your columns on April 25.

On the general questions involved, political officers in Eastern countries will, I think, endorse unreservedly the views expressed by Lord Lloyd and Lord Plumer. As pointed out by Lord Lloyd, many factors, of which he mentioned only three, have to be taken into account in assessing the economy involved by the employment of the Royal Air Force in Iraq. From September, 1918, onwards, as Acting Civil Commissioner, I repeatedly represented to H.M. Government the potentialities of the Royal Air Force as a valuable and economical auxiliary arm in aid of the civil power; I warmly supported and, in the preliminary stages, assisted in developing the scheme outlined by Mr. Winston Churchill in the House of Commons on February 23, 1920, whereby the chief command in Iraq was vested in an officer of the Air Force, with ancillary troops at his disposal, on lines drawn up on the spot some months earlier by Air Vice-Marshal Sir Geoffrey Salmond and Air-Commodore B. C. H. Drew.

In common with other officers of the civil administration, I made use of aeroplanes very freely as a means of communication with outlying posts, as also did my successors in office, and to its use as a rapid and safe form of transit I bear grateful testimony. At that time, as Major-General Seely remarked in the House of Commons:—

> A great many of the older school of soldiers (in Mesopotamia) did not believe in the air, and would not let air power be used as it should be used.

Yet it is, I believe, undeniable that the effectiveness of the R.A.F. in Iraq as elsewhere still depends primarily upon the existence of strong, mobile, and well-disciplined ground forces, whether those of the British Government, as in 1920, or of the Iraq Government, as in 1930.

Sporadic and localized troubles such as those which occurred last year in the distant deserts of Arabia, a hundred miles or so from the nearest towns on the Euphrates, can admittedly be dealt with more effectively by air than otherwise, but such cases are rare. The use of aeroplanes for punitive purposes as an independent arm has, in general, grave disadvantages. It is not always possible to ensure that the other side have an opportunity of making their submission at the eleventh hour. It is difficult to avoid inflicting heavier losses than the case demands, and parleying is impossible. A machine, however swift and deadly, is a poor substitute for a man whom men know and trust (I have experience of both methods). *Oderint dum metuant* is not a principle of British administration.

I agree with Sir Frederick Maurice in doubting whether the Air Force, unsupported by adequate ground forces, could effectively deal with widespread disturbances; its capacity to do so has not yet been tested. The application of so drastic a remedy might be fatal to the patient, whilst the use of the British Air Force in support of an independent indigenous Government involves grave questions of public policy which have as yet scarcely been explored.

I cannot believe that the Air Force could usefully replace the Royal Navy in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf, though it might be a valuable auxiliary arm. Our position on the Trucial Coast of the Persian Gulf is the result of a century and a half of laborious, but above all of patient, effort. The outstanding achievement of the British and Indian Navies on the Arab Coast of the Persian Gulf during the last 120 years is not that it has kept the peace in those waters, but that it has done so almost without loss of life. A sloop that can remain near the Pearl Banks during the diving season for a month at a time and can lie off an Arab port where internal troubles are threatening and maintain daily personal touch with every notable chief has a value wholly independent of the range and number of its guns.

That the changes which Lord Trenchard asks H.M. Government to envisage would tend to economy I cannot believe: the psychological effect on the inhabitants would be disastrous, and would outweigh any small cash saving which Lord Thomson almost suggested in the House of Lords might justify so violent a departure from accepted methods.

"It is good," says Bacon, "not to try experiments in States, except the necessity be urgent, or the utility evident." Falkland's motto is even more definite:—"When it is not necessary to change, it is necessary not to change."

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
A. T. WILSON.
Wynches, Much Hadham, Herts, May 3.

WINCHELSEA DEFENCES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—With reference to the erosion at Winchelsea beach, the Winchelsea Corporation has stated that "it has been a matter of common knowledge along this coast for many years past that inundations from the sea were threatened." It has also been publicly stated that newcomers could have consulted many old residents who would have warned them of their danger. As a bungalow-dweller I should like to point out that, having no knowledge of this danger, we newcomers could scarcely be expected to ask for warnings; and that had we known of the danger we should not have needed to ask. All I personally gathered was that, although the sea occasionally gave a little trouble, groynes were always being added for safety, as I saw for myself; and as thousands of pounds were to be spent on the military road through the marshes to Winchelsea and on river drainage work at Rye Harbour it seemed obvious that no serious inundations were anticipated.

If the corporation thought that we were exposing ourselves to peril in settling here, was not it under a moral obligation to make this public? Many of us were hard hit by the War, some are ex-Service men, and some of us have lost husband or father. Can anyone with the smallest sense of justice claim that it was fair play for those whose lives and properties some of our men helped to save to stand by and watch us (as they evidently thought) throw what little money we had "into the sea"—and now to abuse us for being obliged to live in ugly bungalows, and to disdain and hinder our own efforts to protect our homes?

Yours faithfully,
D. E. MOONEY.
Troll's Tithe, Sea-road, Winchelsea, May 5.

INDIAN MOSLEMS AND PALESTINE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I shall be much obliged if you will permit me to refer to the resolutions on Palestine adopted by the All-India Moslem Conference held in Bombay, as published in your issue of April 23.

(1) It is clear from the terms of the resolutions that they are based upon misconceptions and wrong information, otherwise it is difficult to account for their designation of Palestine as "the trust of the whole Moslem world," when it is, in fact, the trust of the League of Nations.

(2) The claim that "Moslems have permitted both Christians and Jews" to visit Palestine "as pilgrims" sounds, to say the least, rather strange. The right of entering the country, whether as pilgrims or otherwise, before the War, was subject to the consent of the Government of the time, while, since the War, that right has been subject to the authority of the Mandatory Government, which (according to Article 6 of the Mandate) "shall facilitate Jewish immigration under suitable conditions." The admission of Jews is not carried on to "the exclusion and detriment of the original inhabitants of Palestine," as the Palestinian Arabs are admitted under the same conditions as those applying to Jews, and the Arabs in the country have very greatly benefited—socially, economically, and intellectually—through Jewish settlement.

(3) It is because the Jewish people are so anxious that peace and tranquillity shall prevail in Palestine that they welcomed the decision of the League of Nations to appoint a Commission of Inquiry to investigate and determine the questions in connexion with the Wailing Wall. It is regrettable that the Moslem Conference, while claiming to be interested in the promotion of "good will among the inhabitants of Palestine," should be opposed to the appointment of such a commission.

(4) The land which the Jews have bought in Palestine has been acquired openly and legally from Arabs, who sold willingly, and in the case of those transactions that involved the transfer of Arab tenants, the latter were always given adequate compensation—even before this was required by the law.

(5) The resolution stating that the Inquiry Commission "has admitted that the principal cause of the breach of peace was that the Jews had deliberately provoked the Arabs by insulting their religion" is unfounded; it cannot be substantiated by a single passage in the Commission's Report. On the other hand, the Commission found that "the innovations of practice introduced by the Moslem religious authorities, of whom the Mufti is the head, in the neighbourhood of the Wailing Wall, were intended in part to annoy the Jews."

Yours faithfully,
ISRAEL COHEN.
The Zionist Organization, 77, Great Russell-street, W.C.1, May 2.

MOTOR-CYCLE TRIALS

COMPETITIONS ON RURAL TRACKS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Though at the moment of writing I am not officially authorized to express an opinion on behalf of the Auto-Cycle Union, whose good offices you seek to enlist upon the subject of motor-cycle competitions on rural tracks and byways, I hope you will nevertheless allow me to state what I conceive to be the point of view of the motor-cyclist and the difficult position in which the Auto-Cycle Union finds itself in regard to this matter.

In the first place, the very large majority of these competitions are genuinely sporting events, in which the competitors enter for the sake of the sport, which is as much their pastime as cricket is to the cricketer or football to the footballer; and, secondly, they are not races but trials, the results of which depend in the main upon the skill of the competitors in riding to scheduled times (never requiring an average speed in excess of the present legal limit), marks being also awarded for performances on observed hills. The union many years ago forbade its affiliated clubs to hold speed tests on public highways, however unfrequented or even inaccessible they might be.

The modern motor-cycle has, however, now attained to such a high degree of efficiency that the only method by which such "reliability trials" can be made interesting and competitive is the inclusion of by-roads and difficult hills of indifferent surface. Some of these trials are conducted by clubs which are not affiliated to the union, and over which, therefore, the union can exercise no control. Such sanctions, moreover, as the union possesses, in common with those of all voluntarily constituted bodies, can only be enforced subject to the limitations under which such bodies operate. The troubles of the Rugby Union and the Football Association are matters of history, and the Auto-Cycle Union is not without its own.

I fully realize that there may be occasions on which, and places in which, motor-cycle competitions may cause annoyance and inconvenience to the general public; and I shall therefore make it my business to bring the subject before the union at an early date, when I am confident that the views expressed by your correspondents and in your leading article will be given the most earnest and sympathetic consideration, even though they may have been couched in language of considerable vigour little calculated to win the good will of motor-cyclists.

It may be that something could be effected by the union banning certain routes, either wholly or on certain days, after consultation with local authorities. But it must be realized that the union can in any case only control its affiliated clubs.

It has always been the union's desire that motor-cycle competitions of all kinds should not give offence to others, and it is very largely that desire which has prompted its avowed policy of controlling the whole sport. The union is always ready to listen to appeals such as that made in your leading article, and to give effect to all reasonable proposals, so far as lies in its power.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
J. R. POTTER, Chairman, Auto-Cycle Union,
83, Pall Mall, S.W.1, May 5.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—On Sunday afternoon I went with my two friends for a long country walk in the neighbourhood of Welwyn and Tewin (Hertfordshire). On such occasions we make it our practice, so far as it is possible, to cling to the by-ways and footpaths and so avoid the noisy main roads.

We were walking along a narrow footpath shaded by thick hedges delicately clad in the green of newly opened buds when to our great surprise a sudden roar disturbed the quiet of our surroundings. A long stream of numbered hooligans on motor-cycles came rushing round the corner; the noise almost deafened us, the fumes left behind polluted the fresh-smelling spring air, and owing to the narrowness of the path we were forced into the hedges. My friend's dog only avoided being run over by the smallest fraction of an inch, and not one look of apology was offered.

Apparently the excuse made for this desecration of the countryside is some strange "test"; why it is necessary to test motor-cycles over country footpaths which are obviously intended for the use of pedestrians only, I cannot pretend to understand. In any event why hold these tests on a Sunday?

One Sunday afternoon earlier in the year we met a similar horde in the heart of a wood, and on this occasion we noticed that the route was indicated by offensive yellow signs. These cardboard signs were fastened untidily on trees, fences, hedges, and gateposts.

I should very much like to know whether any of your readers have had similar experiences and to hear their views. It seems to me that the time has come when some determined effort must be made to protect the countryside and the interests of those who still love the beauty of the English fields and woods and who still desire occasionally to get away from the noise and unpleasantness of the traffic-filled towns and highways. Obviously there is no necessity whatsoever for motor-cyclists to leave the ordinary highways, and in view of the increasing number of these so-called "tests," which I understand are being held all over the country, I think some effort should be made to introduce legislation to deal with this menace to the beauty and quiet of the countryside.

I am, Sir, yours truly,
MAURICE E. OUGHTON.
50, Bridge-road, Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire, May 5.

NEW COWPER LETTERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—An article appears in your issue of April 25 containing selections from some previously unpublished letters of the poet Cowper. Those of your readers who have been interested in the article may be glad to have some further light thrown upon the history and authenticity of the letters.

It happens that Mrs. Ring, of Reading, the original possessor of the copied letters of the poet, was the aunt of my late grandmother, Mrs. Sophia Lamb, of Kettering, who spent her childhood with Dr. and Mrs. Ring, of Reading. On the death of Mrs. Ring most of her papers came into the hands of my grandmother, through whom they have come into my possession. Among these papers are some 36 copies of letters from the poet to the Rev. John Newton ranging in date from 1785 to 1799. They are tied together in a packet endorsed "Original letters of Cowper copied by S. R., July, 1812." The writing is that of Mrs. Sophia Ring, the wife of Dr. Ring.

I also have a bound volume of original letters from the Rev. John Newton and members of his family to Dr. and Mrs. Ring. From one of these, dated November 11, 1812, from Mrs. E. Smith (who I believe, was Newton's daughter) to Mrs. Ring I extract the following:—

> "I take the opportunity . . . . . to repeat the request I made to dear Mr. Ring when I had the pleasure of seeing him for a moment or two at St. Bride's that Mr. Cowper's letters might be returned to me which I now wish as soon as possible. When Mr. Bull was at Reading which is now near a year ago he said that you mentioned them to him and he has been wishing and waiting to see them ever since."

It is clear, therefore, that Dr. and Mrs. Ring had the letters for about a year at any rate and copied them in 1812 before returning them to Mrs. Smith in compliance with her request.

The Rev. C. J. Goodhart to whom, as it appears from Mr. Kenneth Povey's article, some of the copies were given was at the time of Dr. Ring's death minister of St. Mary's Chapel, at Reading, concerning the establishment of which much of the correspondence with Newton to which I have referred relates. Inside the cover of the volume of correspondence is a certificate of the marriage at Gretna Green of Dr. and Mrs. Ring, on November 26, 1787. As Mr. Goodhart says in one of his funeral sermons, Dr. Ring seems to have been "gay in his early days."

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
CHARLES E. LAMB.
Warkton, nr. Kettering

STATESMEN AT ST. PAUL'S

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—On one of the darkest days of dark 1915 I turned into St. Paul's for the afternoon service. Taking my seat in a stall I was surprised to find the Prime Minister, Mr. Asquith, alongside me. We two were the only occupants. As I walked out down the north aisle, following him, I felt a more hopeful man.

Yours faithfully,
May 5. "DUNELMIAN."

INDUSTRY AND TAXATION

CAPITAL WITHDRAWN BY DEATH DUTIES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You allowed me to call attention in your columns some time ago to the drain upon the resources of industry caused by the high death duties. At that time these death duties amounted to £67,000,000 a year. This money is provided chiefly by British industry. In the current year these death duties are estimated to produce no less than £80,000,000. At this rate in 10 years £800,000,000 will be drained from the capital resources of this country and chiefly from British industry.

Upon my return from a visit to America not long ago you allowed me to point out in your columns that immense accumulations of capital were taking place in the United States, and that this capital was being used for the effective equipment of the great progressive industries of that country. To such an extent was this the case that the average capital per person employed was no less than £1,200. For the adequate employment of men in modern industry at least this figure is necessary, in many industries it is much greater in the United States.

Since then the figures of unemployment in this country have risen very considerably, and now are in the region of 1,600,000. Assuming that only 1,000,000 of these unemployed are capable able-bodied men, it would require £1,200,000,000 to employ these men adequately and effectively under modern conditions. How can British industry provide such a sum when it is subject to this terrible drain on its resources? There is no doubt in my mind that many of these unemployed are now unemployed because it has been impossible for the industries in which they were employed to provide adequate capital to employ them effectively under modern conditions.

Your correspondent "Tantallon," in *The Times* of May 3, has pointed out in his own individual case, where he has founded, has managed, and is extending a progressive business, that the stupendous death duties which must become due on his death must stop the process which he has been carrying out in expanding his business, and must stop it not on his death, but from to-day, in order that he may make provision for the enormous sums which will then become payable.

British industry is not prosperous to-day; it is unable to make adequate profit or to set aside adequate resources for its effective maintenance and progress. The greatest industry, agriculture, is weakest in this respect; it is unable to defend itself. Lord Lothian has recently shown in your columns how disastrous the immense death duties must prove to the equipment and maintenance of the land which he has recently inherited. Your correspondent "Tantallon" has shown, as I think unanswerably, what fatal results this tremendous taxation must have upon our industries generally. The possession of property secure from violence has led to immense accumulations of resources called capital, and consisting of tools, machines, buildings, and all things of a material nature used in production. So long as the Government succeeds in repressing violence the possessors remain safe in their possession. But, when this possession becomes precarious and those who have accumulated are in danger of being despoiled by those who have not, the very fabric of our society is threatened and we are then in a position lucidly described by Professor Carver in the following words:—

> Sometimes the very engine—namely, Government—that began by repressing violence becomes itself the engine of violence. Instead of defending the possessors, it uses its superior power to dispossess them. There is always danger of this if those who have not accumulated anything grow envious enough and numerous enough to gain control of the Government. They may then use it as a means of taking accumulations away from those who accumulated them. The wealth thus taken away from its accumulators may then be disposed of in two ways. One is to give it to the non-accumulators; the other is for the Government to hold it and give the income derived from it to all without regard to the degree of foresight exercised by different individuals. Under these conditions, the foreseeing and the thoughtless fare alike. Foresight would not be rewarded at all because the individual would be given no opportunity to exercise it, or to accumulate the results of his foresight. If he tried to exercise it he would be dispossessed of his accumulations by the Government. The very power which we now rely upon to protect us against being dispossessed without our consent would then be perverted to the performance of that which it was designed to repress.

Yours faithfully,
P. A. MOLTENO
10, Palace-court, W.2, May 5.

TAX REMISSION ON PREMIUMS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The practice, in force ever since the Income Tax Act of 1918, of having the minimum abatement in respect of life assurance premiums at half the rate of the current income-tax has had this in its favour, that it was intelligible and seemed reasonable. Mr. Snowden proposes now to substitute 2s. in the pound, which, while easy of calculation, has the inherent vice of seeming arbitrary during the currency of a 4s. 6d. tax.

Advocates of life assurance proper would generally support the Chancellor in his vendetta against its exploitation as a means of evading surtax, but they would also acclaim some sort of finality in the other matter. The continuation of the 50 per cent. rule would have tended towards such finality, while his Budget proposal does not, inasmuch as it would require amendment in the event of income-tax ever reverting to below 2s. The remoteness of such a possibility does not vitiate the argument, because a tax of less than 4s. is not an idle dream even nowadays, and Mr. Snowden proposes to retain the rebates at 3s. and 4s. for larger incomes. If he could see his way to make the rebates 50, 75, and 100 per cent. of the current income taxation there would be general satisfaction without any appreciable loss of revenue.

Your obedient servant,
J. G. ANDERSON.
City Carlton Club, St. Swithin's-lane, E.C., May 3.

PRICE OF CLOTHES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your issue of April 30 Mr. J. P. Medley makes some statements which are so flagrantly incorrect that I feel it my duty to correct them. He writes of merchants making a profit of 100 per cent. A more absurd statement would be impossible to imagine. It is a well-known fact that the merchants are only recovering from the very serious slump of 1921-22, and the competition is so severe that the gross profits are materially less than they were in pre-War days.

Mr. Medley refers to the pre-War prices of fine botany worsted goods ranging from 7s. to 8s. per yard, which the tailor sold in suits at £3 3s. Goods at this price were never sold in suits at £3 3s.; the prices were from £4 4s. to £5 5s. He then states that the present-day prices of the same class of goods are 9s. to 10s. This statement is at complete variance with the facts, for prices are almost double these figures. In pre-War times it is true that a suit made of a reasonably good cloth, but not the best, could be purchased at from £3 3s. to £4. To-day, there are many good tailors all over the British Isles who will make an equally good suit at from £6 to £8. The 13½-guinea lounge suit is a price that is only obtained by a few of the high-class West-End tailors, and it is not only on account of the fine cloth, but largely on account of style. One might as well complain that Worth or Paquin of Paris obtain absurd prices, considering the cost of Lancashire cotton to-day.

I am, &c.,
A WEST-END MERCHANT.

Points from Letters

BREAD FOR THE FORCES

The Minister for Agriculture has received sympathetically the suggestion that our sailors, soldiers, and airmen should be fed as far as possible on British meat, but apparently has some doubt as to the practicability of doing so. I am of the opinion that it should be possible to supply the armed Forces of the Crown with meat which is exclusively home-killed. It is, however, quite certain that the Forces could be supplied with bread made from wheat which is home-milled. Last year we imported from the United States 2,536,495cwt. of wheat-meal and flour; from Argentina, 758,779cwt.; and from Canada, 3,723,968cwt. Bread made from foreign flour is bread of idleness to the British miller, and the Navy, Army, and Air Force should be the first to be protected against it.—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. J. ELKAN, 25, Windsor-court, Moscow-road, Bayswater, W.2.

COTTON WEEK

Am I right in unearthing a memory of the days before the Great War, when one of the most popular social events of an eastern county was the annual Calico Ball, at which all the lady guests appeared attired in cotton frocks? My friends of those days used to tell me how charming were the designs and materials, and if this idea were revived surely it would be a stimulus to our cotton trade.—Miss BEATRICE SWAINE.

POOR AS WELL AS OLD

Poor as well as old—two conditions which always appeal to kind-hearted people. The Homes for the Aged Poor consist of 19 houses in London and relieve 200 old people from the sad necessity of passing their last years in the institution by providing them with a room rent free and with coal in winter; the rest they must do for themselves and thus are not made to feel totally dependent on charity. Funds are, however, greatly needed to meet the expense of nursing in sickness and for little extra comforts, as well as for the upkeep of the homes. Repairs alone last year amounted to over £800. At the annual meeting, held on March 20 last, Sir Marshall Hays promised £25 to the funds if there were 24 donors of the same amount within the next six months. Five friends of the charity have already responded to the challenge. Will some of your readers complete the number required and so enable us to claim Sir Marshall Hays's kind offer?—SIR ASTON WEBB, R.A. (chairman), LORD BRENTFORD (member of the council), and Mr. S. A. HARRISON (president of the executive committee), 42, St. James's-square, Notting Hill, W.11.

THE POET OF THE MANX

You published on Monday an article on T. E. Brown by Canon Wilson, which was like a breath of fresh air. May we be allowed to thank the Canon for writing and you for publishing it? It breathed that union of the affectionate and the intellectual, which seems all too rare in these days of snippy wit and strivings after the bizarre that cloud over the clearness of intellectual depth and true feeling. Perhaps it may set us searching for that depth once more.—Mr. J. T. GRIFFITHS, South Mimms, Barnet, Herts.

ORIENTAL MOTORING

In an article on "Oriental Motoring" in your issue of May 5 you remark:—"The extreme politeness of Oriental procedure is connected with a leisurely outlook, and it is pleasant to hear that Orientals regard a car as something that increases their leisure and consequently their opportunities for politeness." In the province of Shansi, which is governed by General Yen Hsi-shan, there are now many good roads and motor traffic is very common. The following extract from the last report of the men's hospital at Taiyuanfu may be of interest as giving another side of the picture. "The amazingly rapid increase of motor traffic in the province and the more amazing rapidity of the reckless Chinese chauffeurs' driving has brought its quota of broken bones, cut heads, bruised limbs, and petrol burns, and again the hospital has opened its doors to those unfortunate enough to be landed in the ditch or beneath the wheels of the car."—DR. E. H. EDWARDS, 115, Hanover-street, Edinburgh.

ENGLISH POTTERY

I am interested and pleased to read the letter on the subject of English versus foreign earthenware and china. If patrons of hotels and restaurants would, as your correspondent suggests, insist on the ware from which they eat their food having the mark of an English potter upon it, they would assist not only the pottery trade but also the china clay trade upon which the greater part of Cornwall depends. At the same time, a hint might also be given to the potters in this country to buy as much local material as they can instead of getting, as they now do, large supplies from Germany and other foreign parts. Protection begins at home.—Mr. H. N. GEORGE, 91, Norray-road, Putney, S.W.15.

JACK IN THE GREEN

I am interested to see Mr. Pirie-Gordon's reply to Mr. Cleaver's inquiry, as I had the good fortune to see a "Jack in the Green" performance as lately as 1923, in a most unlikely spot—St. Thomas's-street, Borough, S.E.1. Attracted by the laughing and chattering of an excited crowd, I looked down from the windows of Messrs. Down Brothers, surgical instrument manufacturers, opposite Guy's Hospital entrance, to see a man enclosed in an openwork cage of greenery dancing down the road, accompanied by a girl in fancy dress, money being collected in a sieve as described by your correspondent. My elder brother called some of the staff to see the sight, remarking that he had not seen a "Jack in the Green" for more than 30 years, having last seen one in Oxford when a child.—Mrs. NORA CUNNINGTON, 150, Norbury-crescent, Norbury, S.W.16.

INDIRECT TAXATION

The Chancellor of the Exchequer in the House of Commons last Thursday said:—

> The non-income-tax paying section of the community paid to national taxation a sum not very much below the yield of the income-tax. Customs and Excise duties raised on an average £240,000,000 or £250,000,000 a year. Of that, about four-fifths would be paid by the people who did not pay income-tax. Therefore something like £190,000,000 a year was paid to the National Exchequer by people whose incomes were below £135 a year.

Does Mr. Snowden seriously mean that those exempt from income-tax must have an income not exceeding £135 a year? As the bulk of Customs and Excise revenue is on alcoholic liquor, tobacco, and entertainment tax, one can infer that those whose income is £3 12s. a week can afford between them to buy taxable luxuries in considerable quantities. Does Mr. Snowden mean such an inference to be drawn, or does he mean to delude the poor that they are grossly overtaxed through indirect taxation?—Mr. K. T. PINKNEY, 64, St. Andrews, Uxbridge, Middlesex.

PRICE OF BEANS

With reference to Mr. J. K. Booth's letter in *The Times* about the price of beans I am writing to say that I have grown a "Giant White" bean here and found it very superior to the Canadian "butter bean" which we used to buy. It is a good cropper and a most useful addition to the larder, as it can be served up in various appetizing ways, and is, of course, of considerable food value. I have been in communication with the county secretary of the Norwich Branch of the National Farmers' Union, who hopes to bring the matter before members of the Union.—The REV. H. C. FIEBIG, Roydon Rectory, Diss, Norfolk.

A BOARD OF AMENITIES

In a book which you have just reviewed Dr. Cornish suggests a "Board of Scenery": in its evidence to a Royal Commission now sitting the National Trust points out that national parks mean National Commissioners to administer them. If these suggestions are adopted part, at any rate, of the sphere of amenities will have come under public protection. But what of the residents of Biggin Hill and all those whose rest is destroyed by motor-cycle trials? What of the residents by the rivers and the lakes who suffer similarly from speed boats? What protection is to be given against the nuisance of loud-speakers to which Mr. M. Bowles calls attention? Are we still indifferent to aerial advertisement in all its possibilities? All these threaten peace and decency. We therefore suggest that not only the landscape itself but also the whole scope of amenities should be safeguarded against the abuses which we now tolerate and against those which commercial ingenuity no doubt has in store for us. The Board of Scenery should become the Board of Amenities.—Mr. AINSLIE DARBY and Mr. C. C. HAMILTON, 7, Duncan-terrace, N.1.

JUDGE JEFFREYS AT LYME REGIS

The authority of Ralph for the story of Judge Jeffreys's supposed reply to the plea for Christopher Battiscombe is no more trustworthy than that of Locke, as Ralph did not write his account until nearly 60 years after the Assize. Moreover he is neither a judicial nor an accurate writer. His confused account of the Battle of Sedgemoor, for instance, contains a bad misquotation and a mischievous interpolation concerning Lord Feversham. Judge Jeffreys cannot fairly be condemned by such evidence as his.—Mr. MAURICE PAGE, 42, Fore-street, Bridgwater.

LUGGAGE ON THE ROOF

My sister and I distinctly remember seeing the luggage on the roofs of the railway carriages, as they were then styled, on the express trains between London and Edinburgh in the summer of 1873.—Miss BULWER, Moreton-hampstead, Devon.

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ELECTRICITY FOR EAST ENGLAND

THE COMMISSIONERS' SCHEME

COMPLETION IN FIVE YEARS

The Electricity Commissioners have completed an electricity scheme for East England, covering virtually the whole of the counties of Norfolk and Suffolk. This all but concludes the task, laid on the Commissioners under Section 4 of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1926, of preparing regional schemes to link up all England, Wales, and Scotland with interconnected supplies of electricity.

Assuming that the East England scheme is adopted by the Central Electricity Board, to whom it has been forwarded, provision will then have been made for the supply of electricity to 72 per cent. of the geographical area of Great Britain and 97.4 per cent. of the population, and the adopted schemes will embrace 99.4 per cent. of the amount of electricity at present supplied from public sources. There will remain for treatment in two final schemes, making 10 in all, only the sparsely-populated areas of South Scotland and North Scotland.

Since the Central Electricity Board began its work in May, 1927, six regional schemes have been adopted, and it is hoped that a

seventh will be adopted very shortly. The farthest advanced scheme is that for Central Scotland, which was put into operation last Wednesday. On that day the Minister of Transport, as was reported in *The Times*, closed a switch that started up the Central Scottish "grid" and made an electrical link between Edinburgh and Glasgow. Within the next two or three months the line to Dundee should be completed, and with it the whole of the constructional work for Central Scotland.

The area covered by the East England scheme would in the normal way have been included with South-East England, but there were rival applications to the Commissioners for Special Orders on the part of four large corporations, on the one hand, and the East Anglian Electric Supply Company, Limited, on the other, and it was impossible to dispose of East England until the claims had been judicially considered. The East England area measures 3,438 square miles. It is rather thinly populated—the last census gave the population as 789,000 in round figures—and considerably more than half the area has had hitherto no electricity supply. The power consumed here in 1928-29, in fact, was only 61 units per head of the population. In preparing their scheme the Commissioners have estimated that by 1937-38 the sales will have increased to 206 units per head, and this forecast they consider a very modest one.

GENERATING STATIONS

There are at present 18 authorized undertakers in the area, owning between them 11 public generating stations. Under the Commissioners' proposals two existing stations—the South Denes station of the Great Yarmouth Corporation and the Thorpe station of the Norwich Corporation—will be selected and operated for the Central Electricity Board. Provision is also made for the operation, if necessary, of the station of the King's Lynn Corporation as a temporary generating station. Broadly speaking, it is contemplated that the station at Great Yarmouth will supply the base load and that the remaining requirements will be met by the Thorpe station, and possibly in time by imports of electricity from the areas of neighbouring schemes.

The scheme provides for about 120 route miles of main transmission lines and four transforming stations. These lines will link Norwich to Great Yarmouth, Norwich to King's Lynn, King's Lynn to Peterborough (which lies outside this area), and Great Yarmouth to Ipswich (which, although intended to serve an area the greater part of which is in South-East England, will also extend its operations into East England). The joining up of these with main transmission lines in South-East England will form a "ring main," and will consequently give greater security against breakdown, both in East England and outside it. There will also be a short length of secondary transmission lines between Ipswich and Bury St. Edmunds, with two further transforming stations at these towns. The stations at Norwich, Great Yarmouth, Ipswich, and King's Lynn have each been allotted rural districts in which they will carry out secondary distribution, and the remainder of the rural area will be developed by the East Anglian Company, which has undertaken to supply a number of townships within the next two years and to carry out further works within five years from now. The Commissioners hope that these dates will be anticipated. But certainly within the next two years a good deal of territory which has so far been without electricity should be in a position to receive supplies, and by the end of five years virtually no village in Norfolk or Suffolk need be without electricity, if the inhabitants desire it.

COST OF THE SCHEME

Though the East England scheme is a comparatively small one the Commissioners believe that it will release nearly £400,000 worth of generating plant which otherwise would not be earning revenue. The cost to the Central Electricity Board of carrying out the scheme is estimated at £594,000. In addition, there will be an expenditure by undertakers of about £306,000 on extensions of their stations. The full advantages of the scheme, it is believed, can be secured with a distinct saving on the capital expenditure that would be necessary were the present system continued, and this saving of capital expenditure will be progressive. The estimated saving to the undertakers in the area over the five years 1933-38 will be about £218,000, a substantial proportion of the total cost of generation.

"HUNGER MARCHERS" AT WHITEHALL

ATTEMPT TO SEE MINISTERS AND M.P.s

A number of the "hunger marchers" brought to London by the Communist Party for a May Day demonstration walked into the Ministry of Health in Whitehall yesterday afternoon and before they could be intercepted entered an inquiry room and locked the door. They proceeded to shout in unison, "We want Greenwood." Police officers entered the room by a side door, and the marchers were then escorted back to the street. No arrests were made.

The Communists also tried to see the Prime Minister. Several hours after Mr. MacDonald had left London they went to Whitehall, but found their way barred by a cordon of police at the main entrance to Downing-street. When they found they could get no farther, they held a conference on the pavement and were persuaded to leave by an official of Scotland Yard, who stated that the Prime Minister was away.

Shortly before 5 o'clock the "hunger marchers" assembled outside the members' entrance to the House of Commons. While they sang the "Red Flag" a number of them entered and spent much time in the central hall of St. Stephen's, sending in cards to Members of Parliament for interviews. Miss Lee had a long conversation with the women of the party. A group of the men then gathered at the barrier in the central hall, and tried to rush into the Chamber of the House, but they were stopped by the police before they got to the inner lobby. The Communists were then detained at the doors until it rose, when all but one were released. He was taken to Cannon-row Police Station, and it is understood that he will be charged to-day with assaulting a policeman.

WHALE ISLAND CENTENARY

PREPARATION FOR NAVAL TATTOO

(FROM OUR NAVAL CORRESPONDENT)

The programme is to be issued very shortly of the Tattoo which will take place from July 24 to 30 to mark the centenary of the opening of the Naval Gunnery School at Portsmouth. There will be many novel and attractive items.

The ingenuity of the promoters has done much to overcome the difficulty of giving adequate representation of naval episodes without water, which has been felt for many years at the Royal Tournament. This, at the Naval Exhibition of 1891 at Chelsea, was surmounted by a large basin, in which model ships were manœuvred and torpedoes fired. Still more realistic were the displays at Whale Island in connexion with what were termed the Beresford and Hamilton picnics, arranged for the instruction of their brother members of Parliament. Much later there was a more complete manifestation of sea strength arranged by Lord Fisher, in which Lieutenants Oliver and Roger Backhouse, both of whom are now flag officers on the active list, took a prominent part. After a submarine and destroyer attack on the Dreadnought afloat, there was a mimic raid on Whale Island from the sea. It is quite in keeping with tradition, therefore, that the centenary of the Gunnery School should be commemorated by a pageant on the Island, in which will be contrasted the old and the new, the evolution of sea gunnery from the fifteenth century to the twentieth.

The coming spectacle will be on a larger scale than any attempted in the past, the whole area of Whale Island being utilized. It will begin very appropriately—for the starting time is 9.30 each evening—with the ceremony of "Sunset," the naval equivalent of the regimental "Retreat," and there will be heard the sunset gun, followed by the hauling down of the colours, and the salute by the bands. Then will follow a series of spectacles illustrating the development of the art of naval warfare, from the fourteenth-century archers of King Edward II. at Sluys to the rapid-firing guns manned by seamen of the present day in gas masks, as might have been seen at Jutland. The lighter side of a sailor's life is portrayed by songs and dances in which Jack may be seen in moments of relaxation afloat and on shore; hornpipe dancing and cutlass drill are also introduced into this scene. There will be an exhibition of the handling of field guns by bluejackets, an ever-popular feature at the Royal Tournament. Then there is to be a model naval engagement illustrating the battle of the Glorious First of June, with illuminated model ships; and, following it, a picturesque representation of the visit of George III. and Queen Charlotte to Lord Howe's flagship for the distribution of honours. The concluding item will be a grand finale in which about 1,200 performers will take part, a tribute to those who through many centuries served at sea for the honour and defence of Great Britain.

There will be room each night for 6,000 visitors; and on the island itself there will be a car park for 600 vehicles.

PORTSMOUTH NAVY WEEK

The programme for Navy Week at Portsmouth—during August Bank Holiday week—has now been arranged. The committee has aimed at making the attractions more varied and picturesque than in any previous year. Glimpses of life in the old Navy will be given in the Victory, past customs will be depicted, and the ceremony of changing the guard outside the commander-in-chief's residence will be carried out by Royal Marines dressed in the uniforms of 1805 and, for contrast, the present day. A Q-ship, fully equipped and manned as in war time, will be on view under the supervision of Rear-Admiral Gordon Campbell, V.C., the famous commander of these craft. Modern warships and submarines will also be open to inspection. A large model of the Victory, manned by a crew in appropriate dress, will sail daily in one of the dockyard basins. Visitors will have admittance to the dockyard, of which the workmen will be on holiday all the week. The charges for admission—1s. for adults and 6d. for children—will go to naval charities.

RATING OF HOSPITALS

DISCUSSION IN HERTFORDSHIRE CASE

At the Shire Hall, Hertford, yesterday, before Sir Joseph Priestley, K.C., Mr. H. B. Grotrian, K.C. (Recorder of Scarborough), and other Hertfordshire Justices, sitting as the County Assessment Appeal Committee, heard an appeal in which the appellants were the Barnet Urban District Council, the local rating authority, and the respondents the Barnet and District Assessment Committee and the Barnet Victoria Cottage Hospital.

The point at issue was whether the assessment of the hospital should be £80 a year, at which figure it had recently been fixed by the local assessment committee, or whether the old figure of £250 should be reinstated.

Mr. S. M. NOAKES, for the appellants, said that the latter question was of vital importance to all hospitals throughout the country, and this was, in fact, a test case. The value of this property was £14,000, and if a new hospital had to be built to take its place it would cost £20,000. The assessment for five years had been £250, and that had been paid without demur until a new basis was brought into operation whereby the Barnet hospital and all the other 10 hospitals in Hertfordshire had been rated at a figure between 30s. and £2 a bed. The Barnet hospital had 40 beds, and the assessment was, therefore, brought down from £250 to £80.

For the respondents it was contended that the present assessment was right and that the basis upon which it had been made was correct in law and in fact.

SIR JOSEPH PRIESTLEY, in announcing the decision of the committee, said they could not accept the contention that a hospital should be assessed at so much a bed, but that, in the words of the Act, it must be based upon what rent a hypothetical tenant would pay in the case of a hospital. However, the figure must necessarily be low, and the committee had decided that the present assessment of £80 was a reasonable and proper one. The appeal was, therefore, dismissed, the hospital being allowed costs, but the Assessment Committee must pay their own.

Mr. NOAKES asked the committee to state a case for the High Court.

SOUTHWARK CLUB STRUCK OFF REGISTER

MAGISTRATE'S COMMENTS

At the Tower Bridge Police Court yesterday ROBERT COLLINS, secretary of the West Southwark Social and Reform Club, 166-167, Blackfriars-road, was before Mr. Campion, K.C., on 10 summonses for supplying drink outside permitted hours on the club premises. He was also summoned to show cause why the club should not be struck off the register. WILLIAM HOGAN, steward of the club, of Bethstreet, Southwark, was similarly summoned, and 10 other men were summoned for consuming intoxicating drink on the club premises outside permitted hours.

Mr. Barker supported the summonses for the police; Mr. J. A. Davis, solicitor, defended all the defendants.

Mr. Barker said he learned from Mr. Davis that there would be a plea of "Guilty" by Collins to five of the summonses, the other defendants pleading "Guilty" to theirs.

Mr. CAMPION asked to see a book of the club rules, and, having read it, said: "I see this club was formed for the purpose of social intercourse, mental and moral uplift, &c. The profits were to be applied to improving the condition of the people of the United Kingdom, promoting education by means of lectures, classes, examinations, and scholarships, maintaining convalescent homes, circulating libraries, reading rooms with books containing works on art, literature, and science." Addressing Sub-Divisional Inspector Hunt, in charge of the case, he said, "Now, Inspector, did you find any reference rooms with books on art, &c.?"

Inspector Hunt.—No, Sir. Continuing, the inspector said that when the police visited the basement premises they found them in a most filthy condition. Seventy-five per cent. of the people in the club were drunk.

Mr. CAMPION.—This is the worst case I have ever had. These people are worse than beasts. There was nothing to support this canting humbug of uplift for the masses. I should like to have the members of the committee before me. They are personally liable for the conduct of the club. The people before me are only the puppets.

Collins was fined £10 on each of five summonses and ordered to pay £3 3s. costs; Hogan was ordered to pay a fine of £10 and £2 2s. costs; and the other defendants were fined £3 each. He allowed time to pay to all except two men named Lane and Kirkham. The alternative, in default of payment, was six weeks' imprisonment in Collins's case, a month's in Hogan's, and 21 days in the other cases. The club was ordered to be struck off.

THE SALE ROOM

AN ANTI-SLAVERY DOCUMENT

Printed books, autograph letters, and documents from various sources again brought a good total, £5,644, at Sotheby's yesterday.

The most important lot was an official transcript of the Thirteenth (Anti-Slavery) Amendment, signed by Lincoln, Colfax, Hamlin, and 36 members of Congress, a folio vellum sheet, dated December 5, 1864. Presumably there are not more than one or two of the official transcripts of this document in existence, and that sold yesterday was among the unnamed properties. Starting at £100, it fell at £1,500 to Messrs. Maggs, with Mr. Gabriel Wells as the underbidder.

Among the printed books Mr. H. Forster Morley's copy of the 1866 edition of Charles Dickens's "Bleak House," with a differing descriptive head-line on the recto of each leaf, except page 507, in the author's handwriting, fetched £760 (G. Wells). Apparently these head-lines were intended for an edition which does not seem to have materialized. Among other Dickens lots a trial issue of "A Christmas Carol," 1844, with the half-title in green, the title in red and green, and "Stave One" on page 1, brought £80 (Sidney); and a set of the 19/20 original numbers of "Pickwick," with some of the advertisements—£62 (Spencer). Charles and Mary Lamb, "Tales from Shakespeare," 1807, first edition, in two volumes, brought £130 (Spencer); William Blake, "Illustrations of the Book of Job," 1825, &c., uncut copy on large paper—£110 (Parsons); Walt Whitman, "Leaves of Grass," Brooklyn, New York, 1855, first edition, with slip pasted on title "London; Wm. Horsell, 492, Oxford-street"—£400 (Maggs); R. D. Blackmore, "Lorna Doone," 1869, first edition—£140 (Spencer); C. Reade, "The Cloister and the Hearth," 1861, first edition—£140 (G. Wells); W. Wordsworth and S. T. Coleridge, "Lyrical Ballads," 1798, with the imprint of J. and J. Arch—£64 (Maggs); O. Wilde, "Poems," 1881, with autograph inscription by the author—£60 (G. Wells); Mrs. Gaskell, "Cranford," 1853, first edition—£55 (Makey); and R. Ackermann, "The Microcosm of London," 1808-10—£100 (Parsons).

THE BEAUFORT HUNT

The set of eight plates in very fine state, printed in colours, of "The Beaufort Hunt," after W. P. Hodges, by H. Alken, brought £1,150 (F. Sabin) in an adjoining room. A set of 20 aquatints in colours, of Orme's "Collection of British Field Sports," after S. Howitt, by various engravers, brought £450 (Chetwynd); "Hunter's Annual," after R. B. Davis, by J. W. Giles, eight plates with key-plates and letterpress, £140 (Barnett Brothers); the "Grand Leicestershire Steeple Chase," a set of eight plates in colours after H. Alken, by C. Bentley, £120 (Rimell); "Coursing: a View in Hatfield Park," by and after J. Pollard, £155; "Coursing," a set of four after D. Wolstenholme, by T. Sutherland after J. Stewart, £225 (both bought by Mr. Schwerdt); a set of four shooting subjects after J. Pollard, by M. Dubourg, £260 (Colnaghi); and a set of four fox-hunting scenes after H. Alken, by C. Bentley, £460 (F. Daniell). The sporting prints totalled £5,566.

OLD CHELSEA PORCELAIN

Chelsea porcelain, scent-bottles, and objects of virtu from various sources totalled £4,741 at Christie's yesterday. A Louis XV. gold étui, formed as an octagonal casket, enamelled *en plein* with sprays of flowers, and with diamond thumb-piece, containing two cut-glass scent-bottles with gold mounts, a watch, a gold thimble, a knife, a pair of scissors, a funnel, a pencil-holder, a pair of tweezers, an ivory tablet—the gold fittings similarly enamelled to the casket—fetched 920 guineas (Hope); a boxwood statuette of an aged man, 6¼in. high, German, *circa* 1520—90 guineas (Norton); and a miniature of an officer in uniform, by John Smart, in diamond and ruby riband-pattern frame, with platinum neckchain—115 guineas (A. Grant). Among the property of Mrs. Ethelston, widow of Captain R. W. Ethelston, to whom the articles had descended from Mr. Perry Watlington, who had inherited them from the Bodle family, who succeeded the Scotts at Woolston Hall, Chigwell, in 1780, were:—A Limoges enamel circular medallion, painted with a portrait of a gentleman, with border of Gothic scrollwork in black, the back painted with St. Francis receiving the stigmata, *circa* 1520, which brought 170 guineas (Pyke); a miniature of a lady, by Nicholas Hilliard—95 guineas (Sabin); and another miniature of a lady by the same artist, inscribed in gold, "Anno Dm. 1575, Aetatis Suae 55," which realized 72 guineas (Pyke).

The property of Mr. H. Avray Tipping included a Louis XVI. gold box, formed as a book, with blue enamel ground, the sides set with enamel plaques, bearing the mark of J. B. Fouache, Paris, 1777, which brought 105 guineas (H. Simmons). Among the property sold by Lady Binning, a scent-bottle, formed as a group of three children with a lamb and basket of flowers, with flower stopper, fetched 68 guineas (Stoner); another, formed as a youth embracing a girl, with rose branches at the back—65 guineas; and a bonbonnière, modelled as figures of Cupid and Psyche, with Battersea enamel lid—62 guineas (both bought by Mr. Huggins). Among the property sold by Mrs. K. Marlow, a scent-bottle, modelled as a figure of a boy carrying baskets of flowers, brought 66 guineas, and a needle-case, with fluting in gold, the top modelled as a figure of Cupid with doves—55 guineas (both bought by Mr. Amor).

OLD INSURANCE MARKS

Fire marks, old signs displayed on the front of buildings to indicate that they were insured against fire, were included in Messrs. Glendining's sale on Monday. One of the Athenæum Company made £11 10s.—this is unique in being made of porcelain; all the other marks being made of lead, copper, or sheet iron. A Newcastle mark in lead fetched £6 10s.; one of the Salamander Company, £7 15s.; one of the Aylsham New Association, £5 5s.; and another of the Suffolk Star, £6 10s.

THEFT OF A HOPPNER PAINTING

CUT FROM FRAME IN A COUNTRY HOUSE

A painting by Hoppner, "William Grimstone," said to be worth about £600, together with some valuable silver, was stolen by thieves who broke into Grove House, Stanmore, Middlesex, early yesterday. There were two thieves, it is believed. The Hoppner picture was in a massive frame, from which it was cut out with great care with a razor or sharp knife. The men wore gloves, for no finger-prints were left.

Grove House is a large country mansion, standing in its own grounds, and was formerly occupied by Lady Ebury. The stolen picture is a half-length oil painting.

Although there were several servants in the house at the time of the burglary, they were not awakened. The head gardener, Mr. J. Allsopp, who lives about 100 yards away, was later going through the garden when he noticed a tray lying outside the dining-room window. A further search revealed several spoons and other silver articles lying there too, and it was this find that led to the burglary being discovered.

THE PRINCE AND THE WEDGWOOD CELEBRATIONS

Because of his many other engagements the Prince of Wales will be unable to visit Stoke-on-Trent during the Josiah Wedgwood bicentenary celebrations this month. In his reply to the invitation, the Prince says that he "retains the pleasant recollections of his last visit to the Potteries," and is glad that Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, will attend the opening day. During her visit on May 19 Princess Mary will open two exhibitions—of modern and historical pottery—and a pageant, and will unveil a memorial window at the Town Hall to the memory of the first Mayor of the federated borough, Major Cecil Wedgwood.

CITY CORPORATION ELECTION

A Wardmote of the inhabitants of the City Ward of Coleman-street was held yesterday for the election of a member of the Corporation to succeed Sir Harold Downer, who has become an Alderman. Three candidates were nominated—Mr. Andrew Barrie, solicitor, of Salisbury House, London-wall; Colonel Richard W. Eaton, stockbroker, Tokenhouse-buildings; and Mr. W. E. Holland, accountant, Coleman-street. The show of hands was in favour of Mr. Holland. A poll was demanded and will take place to-day between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. at the Ward Schools in Copthall-avenue.

NEW LIBRARY IN MANCHESTER

FOUNDATION-STONE LAID BY PRIME MINISTER

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MANCHESTER, MAY 6

The Prime Minister laid the foundation-stone at Manchester to-day of the new reference library, which will be the largest municipal library in Great Britain, with a reading room second in size only to that of the British Museum.

At the luncheon at the Town Hall the DEPUTY MAYOR (Colonel Westcott) recalled that 50 years ago John Bright had been the speaker at a similar gathering on the occasion of the opening of the Town Hall.

The PRIME MINISTER said that he regretted exceedingly the absence of his old colleague the Lord Mayor, who by every act in his life had shown a magnificent example of public spirit. Referring to the fact that the day was the anniversary of the accession to the Throne, 20 years ago, of King George, all would agree that no one had shown a more unswerving desire to serve the interests of his people and to improve the conditions under which they lived; and they must make bold to think of his very gracious Consort, the Queen, who had sat by him in his lofty state and had shared his anxieties with his dignities.

Dealing with trade, the Prime Minister appealed to the whole country, to every business man facing—particularly in Lancashire—times of peculiar hardness, to have the same courage and determination and the will to conquer as their fathers and grandfathers.

CITY'S ACHIEVEMENT

No city had more reason to be proud of its achievement in regard to libraries than the City of Manchester, which was the first municipality to take advantage of the Public Libraries Act. He recalled that at a public meeting in Manchester in the agitation for public libraries the note struck by Richard Cobden was that the library would improve public taste. He also recalled that at the opening of the first library in Manchester, Charles Dickens, John Bright, Bulwer Lytton, and Thackeray were on the platform.

Ownership was not possession. One could own much and possess nothing. Many a pauper with an indefinable quality of taste was far richer than the people who possessed the greatest amount of things in the country. A library not used with appreciation and taste was a charnel house. Its books arranged in rows were like coffins of distinguished families placed in vaults; but as a possession, a library was the dwelling place of the immortals. Books enabled one to soar above sordid circumstances and gave a stimulus to one's faith when the world was at its darkest; and in them one found the companionship of the great minds who had left a rich inheritance. A library book was like a widow's cruse from which one could draw liberally and leave its store undiminished. Books and libraries were a capital investment, the capital of which never underwent wastage or deterioration.

OVERSEA MISSIONS

SIR R. WILLIAMS'S PLEA FOR COOPERATION

SIR ROBERT WILLIAMS, president of the Church Missionary Society, speaking at the annual meeting of the society at the Queen's Hall, yesterday, emphasized the necessity for greater cooperation between missionary societies working abroad. He said that union of some kind was badly needed, and he was glad to note that gradually the barriers were being removed. He added that the receipts of the society during the year had amounted to £494,000, and the gap between income and expenditure was gradually being lessened.

OPERATION OF AIRSHIPS

NEED OF MOORING MASTS

Professor R. V. Southwell, who gave the James Forest Lecture last evening at the meeting of the Institution of Civil Engineers, discussed the progress of aeronautics during the period 1914-30.

Referring to airship operation, PROFESSOR SOUTHWELL said that mooring was the key to the problem. Uninformed people were apt to think of the airship as leaving the haven of her shed to brave the perils of the air; it would be nearer the mark to say that she was never so safe as when in the air; her difficulties confronted her when she wanted to return home. How did this bear on the question of airship services between outlying parts of the Empire? The problem still outstanding was concerned with "operation," the investigation of meteorological conditions on the routes which we desired to take, and in particular, the elaboration of an adequate ground organization.

He compared the situation with that of great Atlantic liners, supposing that the equivalent of "ground organization" (namely, docks and harbours) were limited to one dock of sufficient size in Southampton and one in New York.

Something like that, he suggested, was the outlook with which our airships were confronted: One mast only at Cardington, one in Egypt, one in India, one in Canada, and one in contemplation at Durban. He recognized the financial difficulties of the years in which we lived, and he was not trying to indulge in cheap criticism. All he wanted to emphasize was the magnitude of the task which we were asking our airship pilots to surmount. The meteorological conditions of the route to India had been studied intensively, and he did not think that pilots were much perturbed by possible dangers, except, possibly, the "line squall." As to this he hazarded the suggestion that meteorological disturbances (as in America, where cold air from the Poles passed down and under the hot air of the warmer plains, with a resulting instability) might perhaps be studied on a small scale with the aid of models; he suspected that there was a field there for the application of dimensional theory.

But the most pressing need of airships was an elaboration of "ground organization." If they succeeded, more masts, sheds and the like would follow inevitably, just as harbours and docks had multiplied naturally with the expansion of shipping; but we were sending out these airships as pioneers, asking them to hold their own and if possible escape disaster from the small mishaps in which accidents generally begin, until by their success in the face of unfair difficulties they should have convinced us that "airships had a future"—that it was worth while to sink capital in the ground organization which alone could give them a proper chance.

FIRE INSURANCE CLAIM

ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO DEFRAUD

Before the Recorder (Sir Ernest Wild, K.C.), at the Central Criminal Court yesterday, the trial was opened of GEORGE BENNING, 29, silk merchant, of Manchester, and DAVID GARFIELD, 43, textile agent, of Finsbury Park, both on bail, charged with conspiring to cheat and defraud the Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation, Limited, and offering a sum of £500 to Sidney Cohen, an agent of the company, as an inducement to show favour to Benning in relation to the affairs of the company. The defendants pleaded "Not Guilty."

Mr. Roland Oliver, K.C., Mr. A. W. Baker Welford, and Mr. T. Dawson appeared for the prosecution; Benning was defended by Sir Henry Maddocks, K.C., and Mr. B. M. Cloutman, V.C.; Garfield by Mr. J. D. Cassels, K.C., Mr. Walter Frampton, and Mr. L. Charles.

It was stated for the prosecution that Benning was a partner in the firm of M. Benning, Son, and Co., of Manchester, who opened a business in Commercial-road, London, E. The premises were insured with the Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation, and following a fire there in January last a claim was made for £14,983. Benning was anxious to get the claim settled, and it was alleged that the defendants offered £500 to Mr. Sidney Cohen, who was assessing the damage, to put in a false report regarding the quantity of goods on the premises at the time of the fire.

The hearing was adjourned until to-day, the defendants being admitted to bail.

CONSUMERS' COUNCIL BILL

The Executive of the London Chamber of Commerce, at their meeting yesterday, passed a resolution that, having considered the Consumers' Council Bill, it was strongly of opinion that statutory power delegated to a Government Department to regulate prices and charges would be detrimental to the interests of London as one of the world's greatest food collecting centres. It was satisfied that control of prices by a Department would lead to world-wide dislocation and distrust, and result either in a scarcity of commodities or a lowering of the standard of quality, and would cause hardship to all classes of the community.

HAMPSHIRE BEAUTY SPOT

HENGISTBURY HEAD TO BE PRESERVED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BOURNEMOUTH, MAY 6

Hengistbury Head, a beautiful heather-covered spot, which is the resort of thousands of visitors from Bournemouth and Christchurch, is to be preserved as a public open space. The Bournemouth Borough Council to-day decided to buy the head and the adjoining land, comprising about 400 acres, at a cost of £25,250.

This desirable end had been accomplished, stated the Mayor of Bournemouth (Councillor P. M. Bright), as the result of the courteous consideration of the matter by the owner, Mr. Gordon Selfridge, and his agent, Sir Howard Frank. "Mr. Selfridge," he added, "could have secured a considerably increased price for the property at a public auction, but he recognized that the corporation were going to preserve Hengistbury Head itself as an open space, and he met us by letting us have it at a lower price." The Mayor added that 80 or 90 acres of the land thus secured would possibly be available for building development.

The special committee appointed to deal with the matter reported that, as a result of this decision, the Christchurch Borough Council had agreed to take all possible steps to facilitate the transference of Hengistbury Head from their area to within the Bournemouth borough boundary. The ancient double dykes comprising part of the property will probably be preserved by the Bournemouth Corporation as an ancient monument.

An offer of £50,000 for the winter gardens glen, in the centre of Bournemouth, in which stands the old pavilion, was rejected by the Bournemouth Corporation yesterday.

PROBATION WORK

HOME SECRETARY AND ASSIZE COURTS

The annual conference of the National Association of Probation Officers met yesterday at Anderton's Hotel, Fleet-street. Mr. Clarke Hall, the Old-street Magistrate, presided.

In his address Mr. HALL suggested that the ignorance of justices of the peace of the system of probation is hampering probation officers in their work. In this country, differing as it did from almost every other country, the administration of justice was very largely by members of the general public. Justices were laymen taken from the ordinary public, and he thought that the ignorance of the public was in many cases the ignorance of the justices. If they had a bench that was not particularly interested in probation, the work of the probation officer was very largely hampered.

Mr. J. A. LOVAT-FRASER, M.P., of the Penal Reform Group, declared that they must now get a better class of magistrates, better-qualified magistrates, younger magistrates, and more women magistrates. Men and women should not be appointed justices "for political services."

At a reception given by the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress at the Mansion House to 200 members of the association in the afternoon, Mr. J. R. CLYNES, Home Secretary, said the Home Office had now under consideration the question of the provision of probation officers at assize and quarter sessions courts outside London, and an inquiry as to the present position, and as to the best means of improving that position, was now being made. In London a fully equipped probation system had been maintained at the Sessions for many years, and at the Central Criminal Court, a full-time man and woman were now taking charge of the work. Their services were, it was believed, greatly appreciated, and a very full use was made of them.

THE LIVERPOOL EXPLOSION

A seventh death from the explosion at the oilcake mills of Messrs. J. Bibby and Son in Liverpool occurred yesterday—that of T. Johnson, aged 38, of Great Howard-street, Liverpool. Five or six of the injured still remain in a critical condition.

THE FREE CHURCHES

BAPTIST PRESIDENT ON EFFICIENCY

Mr. Arthur Newton delivered his presidential address to the annual assembly of the Baptist Union at Liverpool yesterday. His subject was "The Efficient Church."

He said that efficiency was the great demand of the age—fitness in men, machinery, methods, and apparatus. Undoubtedly the Spirit was moving in the world to-day more than ever before, and that fact gave the lie to the suggestion, too often made, that the Church had become effete, had lost whatever power it once had to stir men's consciences and lead the thoughts of men towards righteousness. Still, they had to admit that the voice of the Church was not so clamant, nor her work so effective, nor was its impact on world thought and feeling so forceful as it ought to be. It was time they shook themselves free from any lethargy or indifference which was too often allowed to hamper their Christian witness. In the Baptist churches there had been in recent years a marked improvement in the tone and in the quality of their worship, but there was much still to be done in that direction. Lack of reverence, slipshod arrangements, intrusion of unnecessary fussiness, still sometimes marred the service in some of their places of worship, and while they rightly declined to regard with superstitious awe any particular building, yet the hallowed associations of the place where they met to worship should surely check anything like irreverence and slovenliness in their methods and practices.

Their message to the world needed to be more practical for the needs of man. They needed, too, to recover more of the note of the Evangel in their message. In the general run of their churches not nearly enough attention was paid to the need for real teaching, not only of boys and girls in the Sunday school, but generally in their churches, and especially of young men and women. They needed to enlist the best of their intelligent men and women in the service of teaching and training, so that they might have not only a devoted and earnest, but also an instructed and informed membership in their churches.

The REV. H. I. JAMES (Swansea) said that the world to-day was in many respects entirely different from that into which those who were over 40 were born. There was to-day a widespread feeling that religion had been finally driven from the field, with the result that there had been a great extension of intelligent secularism—very cheap, very shallow, but for the moment confident. This was a pleasure-loving age, bent on the pursuit of accelerated sensation, but the passion of the world for pleasure and gaiety was very largely a sham, a pitiable attempt to hide its spiritual nakedness—laughter designed to stem its tears. The dominant note in the literature of this generation was a sad and bitter cynicism, but a mood of disillusionment was laying hold of the soul of the world, and men were beginning to wonder whether civilization was worth the cost that had been paid for it. People were laughing, dancing and jazzing, while sorrowing at a world which in their hearts they found truly intolerable.

PRESBYTERIAN MINISTERS' STIPENDS

The question of increasing Presbyterian ministers' stipends was discussed at the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of England in Regent's-square Church yesterday. The MODERATOR (the Rev. W. Lewis Robertson) presided.

The REV. G. K. MACBEAN (Carlisle) moved that the Assembly should instruct the committee concerned that in considering the question of increasing the minimum stipend of a minster, length of service in the ministry should be taken into account, and should also instruct the committee to present to the next Assembly a scheme whereby ministers who were in receipt of the minimum stipend should receive an additional allowance on completing a certain period of service.

DR. FOTHERINGHAM, supporting the resolution, said that it was one of the difficulties of their Church that a minister could not have a higher stipend unless he went from a poor congregation to a rich one. If they paid their ministers properly they must pay according to their needs and according to their length of service, and not according to the richness of their congregation. They must make the maintenance of the ministers a charge upon the funds of the Assembly. He thought the Presbyterian Church was well able to pay its Ministers adequate stipends.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

News in Brief

Robert Jones, 45, colliery repairer, was struck by trams at Mountain Colliery, Gorseinon, Glamorgan, yesterday and fatally injured.

While at play, Peter Duffy, aged two, of Downderry-road, Downham, fell into a pond at the Foster Memorial Park, Whitefoot-lane, and was drowned.

Sheffield Justices yesterday passed a resolution congratulating the Chief Constable on the successful termination of the prosecutions for bribery taken against certain betting men and others.

A front wheel came off a motor-coach travelling yesterday from London to Chatham, and the coach ran into a wall, while descending Strood Hill, Kent. The driver and two passengers were slightly injured.

Only one nomination was received at Kensington Town Hall yesterday for the election of a London County Councillor for North Kensington, caused by the death of Mr. David Davis (M.R.)—that of Mr. Patrick George Thomas Buchan-Hepburn (M.R.), of Cowley-street, Westminster.

The British Museum (Natural History), South Kensington, has issued two small illustrated zoological pamphlets dealing with horses and their allies. The booklets, issued at 1s., each contain a general introduction to the natural family group of horses, with detailed descriptions of five members of the family, illustrated in colour from drawings by Mr. J. C. Dollman.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The Corporation of Bolton invite tenders for the erection and completion under one contract of:—(1) New session hall and police building; (2) library, museum, and art gallery; (3) extensions to the existing Town Hall. (p. 26)

Application has been made to the Board of Trade for a licence concerning an association about to be formed under the name of "The School of English Church Music." (p. 4)

A competitive examination for a post as probationary assistant constructor in the Royal Corps of Naval Constructors will be held at the Royal Naval College, Greenwich, during the first fortnight in July. (p. 3)

Applications are invited for the award of two Robert Blair Fellowships in Applied Science and Technology, tenable in the Dominions, the United States or other countries. (p. 3)

Applications are invited for the post of Professor of Public International Law in the Egyptian University, Cairo. (p. 3)

MINERS' HOURS IN SOUTH WALES

DISCUSSION BETWEEN OWNERS AND MEN

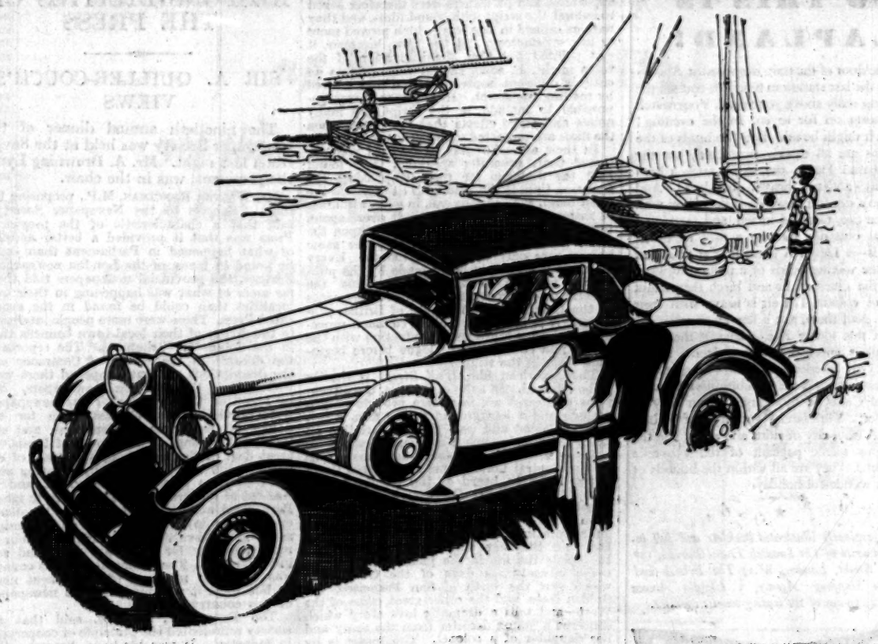
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CARDIFF, MAY 6

A special meeting of the Conciliation Board for the coal trade of Monmouthshire and South Wales was held at Cardiff to-day, Mr. Evan Williams presiding over the owners' side and Mr. Enoch Morrell presiding over the workmen's representatives. The meeting had been specially convened at the instance of the colowners to discuss the hours of working, the owners' side having emphasized that a rigid application of the 7½-hour day would more seriously affect South Wales than any other coalfield. In these circumstances they suggested that the representatives of the Welsh miners should agree with the coalowners in making representations to the Government to admit a variation of the hours by adopting a week or a fortnight as the basis. Their suggestion was the adoption of a 45-hour week or 90-hour fortnight under which the men would work on an average 7½ hours a day, Saturday being regarded as a short shift, and thus compensating the workmen for any extra time they had worked during the other five days. To-day it was pointed out that any representations to this effect would have to be made before the Coal Bill passed through the House of Lords and became an Act of Parliament.

The workmen's representatives, in reply, intimated that for the moment they were bound by the policy of the National Federation and could not commit themselves to any deviation from that policy. Accordingly no agreement was reached.

READ WHAT MARMON OWNERS SAY



"I'll give the Marmon first prize . . . .

. . . . out of the other thirty-six I have owned," writes Mr. O. M., of London, W.1; and another Marmon owner, Mr. G. E. S., of Oldham, says "The car is genuinely a top-gear performer. Two chief delights are the extraordinary acceleration and the smooth action of the self-energising brakes."

(Extracts from two of many letters of appreciation, any of which may be seen on application.)

Try the Straight Eight Marmon; experience the smoothness, silence and flashing acceleration that only eight cylinders give; judge the super comfort dimensions and easy riding qualities. See the new models with new double-dome combustion giving 10% increased power, with new equi-pressure c

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Rooms), London.
NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

DOING ONE'S SHARE —AFTER HOURS

By CALLISTHENES

We have sometimes heard it said of big business houses that they dislike their members acquiring personal reputations outside the office.

These firms, so the charge runs, frown on the men on their staff who go in for local politics or become prominent in institutional administration. They discourage them from taking part in organisations and societies and clubs which will bring them prominently before the public.

Though we have often heard such charges made or implied, we have not often come across them. There would appear to be some hint of jealousy in the matter—the firm disliking any personal reputations which are not directly subordinate to the reputation of the firm itself, or a notion that if a man uses all his energies on behalf of the firm he should have none left over for a supplementary career outside the office.

Whatever may be the truth about the prevalence of such a spirit or such a policy, we can say emphatically that nothing of it is to be found in this Store nor in any of its affiliated businesses.

The policy of this House is to encourage its members to live the fullest life, to fill every waking hour with something of positive worth. It likes to see every one of its members showing the spirit of service not only in office hours but in the hours which follow. It encourages a man to be ambitious in all that he does.

There are institutions which need the help of our effort. There are organisations in which a man can in a few hours a week do much to benefit the community. The spirit of service and comradeship are not to be limited to nine or ten hours a day. They show themselves in all a man does.

Our own experience is that the men who do the best work are not the men of empty leisure, that success in municipal politics, in welfare work, in sport, instead of lessening a man's efficiency increases and enriches it. The basis of most kinds of business success is personality and self-confidence and these are developed by success in other activities.

There is nothing grudging about the policy of this House. We rejoice in the subsidiary reputations of our members. (We call our employees "members" instead of employees. They are "members" of the organisation.) We have room for all sorts of strong personalities and all sorts of public honour. For this Store, we like to think, is an organisation where life is at its fullest, and life is a poor affair when its service, its comradeship, its ambition, is restricted to the hours between nine and six.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

SO THIS IS LAPLAND!

When the door of the train is opened at Abisko, which is the last station in Sweden, you see the sun staring redly above your head. Your watch says, getting on for seven. In the evening! But here it might be mid-day. The heads of the mountains are all thickly powdered, but the air is warm! Down the slope trails a herd of heavily-antlered beasts. Reindeer! And look who's driving them—a little fellow with a tall blue cap, tasselled in red, and carrying a horn that outstrips him by a foot or more. Yes—it is—a Lapp! A great lake at your feet reflects the waving heads of a million flowers. Against the green of fir and birch they flaunt a blaze of colour. The air is heavy with their perfume. And there, just a few steps away, set down in this lonely Arctic land, is the hotel, where all is spotless and a welcome awaits you that only Sweden knows how to give.
Within easy reach is the Exhibition of Swedish Arts and Crafts at Stockholm, from May to September; Värmland, country of Göstа Berling; Visby, city of ruins and roses; and the marvellous scenic pageant of the 350-mile Göta Canal. They are all within the bounds of this one wonderful holiday.

★

For free, copiously illustrated booklets and full information write to The Swedish Travel Bureau, 196 Coventry Street, London, W.1; The British and Northern Shipping Agency, 5 Lloyd's Avenue E.C.3; or any of the leading tourist agencies.

SWEDEN

STATEMENT BY SAML. HASKINS & BROS. LTD. Walthamstow, E.17.

SHOPFRONTS & FITTINGS, ROLLING SHUTTERS.

The Directors thank their many friends for sympathy expressed, and offers of assistance, so generously given.

Arrangements have now been made for all contracts to be completed, and immediate attention can be given to enquiries as heretofore.

The Directors furthermore would like their friends to know that reconstruction of the works on the most modern and efficient lines is to be undertaken forthwith.

Entertainments

THE FILM WORLD

"THE VAGABOND KING"

Though it has been said that the true development of the talking film as a form of art lies, not in borrowing from the legitimate stage, but in supplementing silent technique by the particular emphasis of sound, there are still no obvious signs that producers are moving in this direction. The latest theatrical production to be transferred to the screen is *The Vagabond King*, which will be shown at the Carlton Theatre to-morrow, in succession to *The Love Parade*. Mr. Dennis King, an English actor, who recently returned from America to play at Drury Lane in *The Three Musketeers*, appears in the film as François Villon—the part which he created in the original American production of the play. He is directed by Mr. Ludwig Berger, the Ufa producer, and from beginning to end the film is in colour. Miss Jeanette McDonald appears with Mr. King, and Mr. O. P. Heggie, another English actor, plays King Louis XI. In the singing of the songs Mr. King and Miss McDonald are supported by a chorus of 500 voices.

Another transition from stage to screen is *Lord Richard in the Pantry*, which is being made by the Twickenham Film Studios for distribution by Warner Brothers. It is claimed that this farcical story of a young peer who is forced to serve as butler to an attractive widow with whom he falls in love and at the same time has great difficulty in escaping the attentions of the cook is particularly suitable for presentation on the screen. In the screen version Mr. Maude's part of Lord Richard Sandridge will be played by Mr. Richard Cooper, a promising young actor. Miss Dorothy Seacombe will play the leading woman's part, and other members of the cast will include Miss Barbara Gott, Miss Marjorie Hume, Miss Violet Lyel, Miss Gladys Hamer, Miss Helena Pickard, and Mr. Leo Sheffield, who will be making his first appearance in a "talkie." Mr. Walter Forde will direct the film, of which a French version is also to be made at Twickenham under the direction of Mr. Grantham Hayes.

The British International Pictures, Limited, have increased their studio space at Elstree and are now making rapid headway on nine productions, which from time to time have been announced separately. In *Loose Ends*, which Mr. Norman Walker is directing, Mr. Owen Nares and Miss Edna Best will appear together for the first time. Mr. E. A. Dupont will be the first director of an English producing company to handle a trilingual talking picture, *Two Worlds*, which is being made in English, French, and German. The cast will include Mr. John Longden, Miss Norah Baring, Mr. Randle Ayrton, Mr. Donald Calthrop, and Mr. Andrews Engleman. The cast for the screen version of Mr. Patrick MacGill's war play, *Suspense*, which is now nearing completion, includes Mr. Cyril McLaglen, Mr. D. Hay Petrie, and Mr. Walter Patch. Something new in mystery "thrillers" is the description given to *Enter, Sir John*, from the novel by Miss Clemence Dane and Miss Helen Simpson, which is being directed by Mr. Alfred Hitchcock. This bilingual "talkie" will be Elstree's third, and will introduce to the screen Mr. Herbert Marshall. Another "thriller" now being made under the direction of Mr. Harry Lachman is a screen version of Mr. Edgar Wallace's play *The Yellow Mask*, with special music by Mr. Herman Darewski. Other productions are *Young Woodley*, in which Miss Madeleine Carroll and Mr. Frank Lawton will play the leading parts; *The "W" Plan*, directed by Mr. Victor Saville; and *Almost a Honeymoon*, with Mr. Monty Banks in the principal part.

FILM CENSORSHIP

Although talking films are now examined under conditions similar to those obtaining in cinemas, their actual inspection imposes a much greater strain on the examiners than is the case with the silent film. The quality of sound reproduction is found to vary considerably, and in many cases it is extremely difficult to follow the dialogue, and almost impossible to hear every word. The British Board of Film Censors have therefore decided that it is essential, for the proper examination of a film, that the script of a talking film should continue to be submitted to them. When the "talkie" was first introduced into this country, the premises of the Board were not equipped with sound apparatus, and publishers were therefore asked to submit the script with sound films, and they were examined in this way, which proved more or less satisfactory. At the time, however, it was pointed out that the intonation of the voice might, in some special cases, create an entirely different impression from that created by reading the script. In any case it was impossible to include in the script the many noises and stage effects that are heard when the films are projected under proper conditions.

In their annual report, the Board recently stated that, generally speaking, it is found that the dialogue far more emphasises the situation than is the case with titling. On the other hand, the captions can, in a large number of instances, be read over and over again, thereby making a deeper impression upon the mind than is possible by hearing the same phrase once only by word of mouth. Every effort, it is stated, is being made by the publishers in this country to acquaint the American film producers with the requirements of the Board, and in the case of British producers it is becoming quite a common procedure to discuss a proposed production with the Board and submit the dialogue before beginning work in the studio.

The American film *Wall Street* is shortly to be released. In spite of its title, the adventures of New York financiers provide only a prelude and a background to the film, which is a well-acted and well-directed variation on what has now become a standard theme.

There are several interesting films to be seen in Central London this week. Miss Greta Garbo is to be heard at the Empire in her first "talkie," *Anna Christie*, based on Mr. Eugene O'Neill's play; and at the Regal Mr. John Boles is to be seen in *Song of the West*, an adaptation of the operetta *Rainbow*, by Laurence Stallings and Oscar Hammerstein. It depicts the life in the pioneer days of '49—the adventurous days of the Gold Rush which saw the birth of San Francisco, the Golden Gate, and the other great cities of the West—and tells a dramatic love story which concerns a young deserter from the army and the daughter of a colonel. The music is by Mr. Vincent Youmans, and the singing of Mr. Boles himself and of Miss Vivienne Segal as the heroine helps considerably to make the film enjoyable. Other films are *Journey's End*, at the Tivoli; *Street of Chance*, in which Mr. William Powell plays the principal part, at the Plaza; and *The Captain of the Guard*, at the Capitol.

MR. DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

Mr. Douglas Fairbanks arrived in London yesterday for the purpose of discussing with Mr. Eisenstein, the Russian producer, a scheme for a new talking film. Mr. Fairbanks said that, in his opinion, the English film industry had as many advantages as the American. He would like to demonstrate that what producers had done in America could be done in this country. Perhaps, he added, he would return to England in a few years and undertake some productions here. Referring to Mr. Chaplin's new film, he said that, though Chaplin did not speak, he made use of sound, of which he could make still greater use without losing much of his humour. There was one very funny scene where sound was essential: Chaplin swallows a whistle at a dance and all the dogs follow him.

THE LONDON PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA.—*Not So Quiet on the Western Front* and *The Other To-Morrow*.
ASTORIA.—*The Grand Parade*.
CAPITOL.—*Captain of the Guard*.
EMPIRE.—*Anna Christie*.
KENSINGTON.—*Flight*.
MARBLE ARCH.—*The Green Goddess*.
NEW GALLERY.—*Wembley*.
PLAZA.—*Street of Chance*.
POLYTECHNIC.—*Sea Hawks*.
REGAL.—*Song of the West*.
STOLL.—*Flight*.
TIVOLI.—*Journey's End*.

HYDE PARK CARILLON

The times and programmes of recitals by Mr. Clifford Ball to-day on the Wellington (New Zealand) War Memorial Carillon in Hyde Park are:—

4.0 to 4.25 p.m.—"Moment Musicals" (Schubert). "Robin Adair." "Minuet and Trio" (Mozart). "The Banks of Allan Water." "The Bells of St. Mary."
8.0 to 8.25 p.m.—"Gavotte" (De Fesch). "O for the Wings of a Dove" (Mendelssohn). "Prelude" (Heller). "Kathleen Mavourneen." "Traumerei" (Schumann).

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 10

COVENT GARDEN OPERA

"DIE FLEDERMAUS"

Gabriel von Eisenstein	WILLI WÖRLE
Rosalinde	LOTTE LEHMANN
Frank	WALDEMAR STAEGEMANN
Orlofsky	MARIA OLCZEWSKA
Alfred	KARL JÖKEN
Falke	GERHARDT HUSCH
Blind	HEINRICH TESSMER
Adele	ELISABETH SCHUMANN
Frosch	EDUARD HABICH
Ida	NORA GRUHN
Conductor	BRUNO WALTER

Covent Garden so far forgot itself last night as to enjoy an evening of unashamed frivolity in the Vienna of the eighteen-seventies. Johann Strauss's *Die Fledermaus*, most famous of the many light operas which depend for their charm on nonsense made sense by the magic of the waltz, has never found its way on to the stage of Covent Garden before. Twenty years ago Sir Thomas Beecham included a much Englished version of it in his experimental season at His Majesty's. Since then it has been known to Londoners chiefly by selections of its tunes, nearly all of which are of the kind which, once heard, whirl through the head and set the feet trying to recover those steps which the American factories have banished from the modern ballroom. Last night the *finale* of the second act showed the younger generation what dancing really is, and before the third act Herr Bruno Walter and the orchestra played the famous "Blue Danube" with all its supple insinuating measures charged with that blend of languorousness and excitement which makes the Viennese waltz unique in music.

The later Strauss (Richard) has toyed with the waltz in *Der Rosenkavalier*, and *Der Rosenkavalier* is the only one of his operas which the London audience of to-day apparently wants to hear, so the management could feel safe in relieving the seriousness of the Wagner season with an authentic example of the style. Scenery was borrowed from the Wagner Society of Amsterdam, which shows that even Wagner societies have learnt not to be superior to a kind of opera which is as far removed from that of their master as anything could possibly be. About half of the brilliant cast of *Die Fledermaus* was drawn from those artists who have been assembled for the *Ring*. It was perhaps a slight shock to see Mme. Olczewska bravely strutting in top-boots and a monocle as the Russian Prince Orlofsky, still more so to find Herr Habich fooling as the ridiculously drunken warder. Mme. Lotte Lehmann singing deliciously as the neglected wife (not unable to find other consolations) was less far from her usual *métier* than these. But if *Die Fledermaus* served no other purpose than to bring Mme. Elisabeth Schumann (who is not of the Wagnerian Company) on to the stage we should be grateful for its revival. Its comedy is the very thing to show her delicate art at its best. It requires of its artists that, though the plot is nonsense and the "business" silliness, they must be able to sing. Adele, the maidservant, must throw off the *coloratura* of her fascinating songs with perfect ease. She is of the type of Despina in *Cosi fan tutte*. Mme. Schumann played it inimitably. Herr Willi Wörle, a light tenor voice with plenty of quality in its tone, was equally an admirable choice for the gay and giddy Gabriel von Eisenstein, and the others all contributed to the vividness and the fun, so that for once the Covent Garden audience had to drop its solemnity, sit up and follow the rapid dialogue, and, if it failed to understand every verbal joke, relapse into spontaneous laughter at the visible absurdities.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PRESS

SIR A. QUILLER-COUCH'S VIEWS

The ninetieth annual dinner of the Newspaper Society was held at the Savoy Hotel last night. Mr. A. Browning Lyne, the president, was in the chair.

Mr. WALTER RUNCIMAN, M.P., proposing the toast, "Success to the Newspaper Society," said that a characteristic of the provincial Press was that it provided a better account of what happened in Parliament than could be found in many of the London newspapers. Further, the provincial newspapers told them far more of what was happening in their own localities than could be found in the syndicated Press. There were more people interested in the doings of their local town councils than in the doings of Parliament. The reports of the debates in the House of Commons and the descriptions of what happened there were well done in the provincial newspapers. Yet he regretted that every year the newspapers were providing less and less space for the doings of the House of Commons, and still less for the doings of the House of Lords. A great deal of the most important part of our national life was being lost by allowing such news to drop into the background, and he was not at all sure that the tendency to ignore Parliament was not a real danger to the democracy of the day. As time went on they might see a great revulsion of feeling in favour of more publicity for what was done and said in Parliament. The democracy of this country was not what members of Parliament made it, but what it was made by the newspapers of this country.

The PRESIDENT, in reply, said that the society represented the principle of cooperation in industry. It was his hope, however, that newspapers would never strive for the mass production of public opinion.

LITERATURE AND JOURNALISM

SIR ARTHUR QUILLER-COUCH responded to the toast of "Literature," proposed by SIR ALFRED ROBBINS. One of the reasons, he said, why he prized his post of Professor of Literature at Cambridge was that it gave him the training of young men who were going to make their name in Fleet-street. There was a danger in the common path of literature and journalism. As for books, one had no real fear of what a Home Secretary or a Custom House official could do, but there was a worse danger. Rich men and syndicates of rich men could be cruelier than kings and less responsible. With a constitutional monarch they knew where they were, but it was not necessary for a rich man to acknowledge any responsibility. Yet if he owned a newspaper his responsibility was just the same as those present and of himself—to tell the news and comment on it, and to do both separately in their right places. He had no doubt they knew there were certain rich men to whom he alluded, and he had no doubt those men were just as honest as were those present and that they really believed that they had a mission to impose their opinions on the public by what means they could command.

But the older he grew the more convinced he grew that there was only one possible permissible intellectual force, and that was persuasion, and that if they suppressed any man's opinion in any way it was tyranny. To suppress opinion was no service to the Commonwealth, and he really thought that if some of these men would reflect and think that there were men who had lost their bread and been turned into the streets because they insisted on expressing their convictions, they would not sleep so easily at night.

LADY DUNEDIN acknowledged the toast of "Our Guests," submitted by Mr. R. A. J. WALLING, and the health of "The Chairman" was proposed by Mr. EDWARD TILLETT.

Others present included:—

Mrs. Walter Runciman, Lady Robbins, Sir Donald Maclean, M.P., Mrs. Edward Tillett, Sir Roderick Jones, Mrs. R. A. J. Walling, Sir and Mrs. A. J. Bonwick, General Sir Cuthbert Poole, Colonel Sir Edwin and Lady Perkins, Sir John Reith, Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Burgess, Mr. Isaac Foot, M.P., Sir Meredith Whittaker, Mr. R. L. Rowse, the Rev. Arthur E. Lyne, Mr. Thomas Bell, Mr. R. J. Sykes, Mr. Arthur H. Mann, Mr. William Astle, Sir Robert Donald, Mr. A. W. Foster, Sir Walter and Lady Greaves-Lord, Mr. George A. Isaacs, M.P., Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Mears, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Robbins, Sir Albert Stephenson, the Rev. Arthur Taylor, and Captain and Mrs. A. C. Taylor.

OXFORD MUSICAL FESTIVAL

HANDEL'S "SOLOMON"

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

OXFORD, MAY 6

As at former Oxford Festivals the big choral concerts given by the Bach Choir are the main pillars of the week's music-making. This afternoon Handel's *Solomon* was sung in the Sheldonian Theatre under Doctor W. H. Harris, the present conductor of the Bach Choir: the other Bach Choir concert on Friday is to be conducted by his predecessor, Sir Hugh Allen. But before discussion of the big event one or two points arising out of the earlier concerts must be put on record.

On Sunday night the West Oxford Choral Society's performance of *Elijah*, conducted by Mr. Frederick Burton, was an animated affair, in which a small chorus, without passengers, and a team of very capable local soloists made up by their assured and lively singing for the absence of orchestral accompaniments, for which was substituted the organ (Mr. W. K. Stanton) and two pianos played by Mr. P. V. Mendelssohn Benecke (Magdalen) and Mr. Herbert Murrill (Worcester). While this was happening at the Town Hall, the combined choirs of Magdalen and New College were singing motets in the Chapel of New College. The programme ranged from Josquin des Près to Rimsky-Korsakoff, with Stanford and Dr. H. C. Stewart, present organist of Magdalen, to represent the English Church tradition. The couplet form of Herbert's "King of Glory" is awkward for musical setting, but Dr. Stewart's music, though modern in harmony, was entirely vocal and effective.

Besides Dr. Stewart Oxford composers have so far included Taverner and Mr. Guy Warrack, whose "Lullaby" was played at the orchestral concert which he conducted in the Town Hall last night. This little work, avowedly inspired by the Siegfried Idyll, is modest, neatly scored, and charming. An amateur orchestra in a university town is a fluctuating body whose competence is always varying; some professional stiffening was necessary, but the strings played with unexpected fire. The programme began appropriately with the Academic Festival Overture and included Tchaikovsky's Fifth Symphony.

The first task of any conductor who performs *Solomon* is an act of choice with a knife. About 30 numbers were excised this afternoon, but the immense bulk of the complete oratorio allows half a dozen different entertainments to be extracted from it. Elegant entertainment is what it primarily is for, for the music is nowhere solemn, though it is most of it fine. Dr. Harris, unlike Sir Thomas Beecham in his recent performance, deprived us of the love music of the first part (all except the delicious chorus, "May No Rash Intruder") to restore the episode of the two women who demonstrate Solomon's wisdom. The part of Solomon was sung not by a bass, as is often done, but by an alto voice, as Handel wrote it; Miss Margaret Balfour showed herself a resolute King. The parts of the two Queens and the two women were taken by Miss Mabel Ritchie and Miss Isobel Baillie; that of Zadok the priest by Mr. Steuart Wilson.

It does not matter very much which of the episodes are left out provided that a sufficient number of the big double choruses are retained. The Bach Choir sang the best of them with vigour, but without the uniform loudness and rigid rhythm that is the stumbling block in most Handelian choral singing. The accompaniments were pure Handel, with Mr. Dykes Bower playing the *continuo* on a piano. Dr. Harris thus succeeded in giving a sound and truly Handelian performance free from the pomposity of the old tradition which pleases the singers but bores the audience, yet scholarly and dignified enough to show the bigness of the music through the rather absurd words and strictly conventional form of the eighteenth-century oratorio.

"CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS"

AN OPERA WITH FILM SCENES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 6

The technical resources of the State Opera House in Unter den Linden were freely used last night for the production of M. Darius Milhaud's *Christopher Columbus*. Nominally an opera, *Columbus* actually defies classification. There are at least as many speaking parts as singing ones, the action is carried on and interpreted by a narrator and a choir which stretches from either side of the stage into the auditorium.

Columbus is first seen, ill and aged, in a hovel at Valladolid. Urged by the choir, he joins it, and watches his life's story enacted by another Columbus, sometimes intervening to defend his conduct against a critic in the choir. Eventually he rejoins his other self in the Valladolid hovel, and both sing a duet. The first part ends with the discovery of America, and includes several effective scenes, such as the recruiting of a crew in Cadiz harbour and the anger of the Mexican gods at the approach of Columbus. Seizing a cable, the opposite end of which is held "by their brothers in Africa," these fantastic and gorgeous deities lash the Atlantic waves, gradually working up, in the manner of sailors hauling on a rope, to a frenzy of rhythmic energy. But Columbus, in spite of storms and mutiny, reaches America. A scene of tropical foliage cuts in the middle, revealing the Atlantic and Columbus's caravels. This is a filmed scene.

The audience, which was appreciative in the interval, was at the end divided between applause and cat-calls. M. Milhaud's music seemed to have perplexed many people, while the words of the libretto by M. Paul Claudel, the French Ambassador in Washington, were not always audible.

PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA. British International Musical Burlesque, "NOT SO QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT," also BILLIE DOVE in "THE OTHER TO-MORROW." a First-National Talkie. Continuous 12 noon.

ASTORIA. Gerr. 5528. Helen Twelvetrees in "THE GRAND PARADE"; (Talking and Singing); 2.5, 4.40, 7.15, 9.50. Also Alan Hale in "A Sailor's Holiday." Programme commences 1. 3.25, 6, 8.35.

CAPITOL. Regent 4455. Cont., 12-11. John Boles and Laura La Plante in "CAPTAIN OF THE GUARD" (All-Talking). Showing daily at 12.20, 2.35, 4.45, 7.15, and 9.35. Also Gaumont Sound News.

CARLTON, Haymarket. To-morrow at 8.45 (thereafter Daily 2.45, 6, 8.45; Sun., 6, 8.45. DENNIS KING in "THE VAGABOND KING," with Jeanette MacDonald, Warner Oland, O. P. Heggie, and cast of thousands. All Colour! All Talking! Screen's Greatest Musical Romantic Sensation! "VAGABOND KING" starts at 2.10, 6.25, 9.10. All seats bookable from 2s. 4d. Reg. 2211.

EMPIRE, Leicester-square. 12-12. GRETA GARBO TALKS in "ANNA CHRISTIE." The greatest drama ever put in film, with Marie Dressler, Charles Bickford. 11.30 to 1, any seat (except loges) 1s. 6d.

KENSINGTON. (Western 3577.) 2 till 11. The All-Talking Air Sensation "FLIGHT" with Jack Holt and Ralph Graves.

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION. Continuous 2-11. ALL-TALKING Programme. GEORGE ARLISS in "THE GREEN GODDESS," preceded by "Dark Red Roses," &c., &c. Programme commences 2, 5, 8.

NEW GALLERY. Gerr. 9805. 2-11. "MAMBA" (All-Talking, All-Colour); Jean Hersholt, Eleanor Boardman, Ralph Forbes; 3.40, 6.35, 9.35. Also "The Melody Man"; programme comm. 2, 5, 8.

PLAZA. Greatest Sensation of 1930! WM. POWELL in his Finest All-Talking Role, "STREET OF CHANCE," with Super Cast, including Kay Francis, Jean Arthur. Indisputably The Classic Thriller! Also Marie Dressler in "Dangerous Females." Talkie Scream. Adm. 1s. 6d., 11.45-1. Reg. 7301.

POLYTECHNIC, Regent-st. Lang. 1744. "SEA HAWKS." Produced, presented, and personally described by Captain C. W. R. Knight, M.C. Also Talkie News and "Mickey Mouse." Daily, 2.30, 5.30, 8.30.

REGAL, Marble Arch. John Boles in the all-colour operetta "SONG OF THE WEST," and Lilian Harvey in "Knight in London." Padd. 9011.

STOLL PICTURE THEATRE, Kingsway. Daily from 12.30. 'Phone, Holborn 3702. Talkie Air Talkie "FLIGHT" with JACK HOLT; Laurel and Hardy Talkie Comedy; Mickey Mouse; Stage Presentation. PARAMOUNT TILLER GIRLS.

TIVOLI. Temple Bar 5222. Continuous performance. The film of "JOURNEY'S END" (All-Talking). 1.15, 4, 6.45, 9.05. Sessions: 12.35, 3.20, 6.5, 8.55. 1,000 seats at 1s. 6d. between 12 and 1 daily.

ENTERTAINMENTS

SALZBURG MUSIC FESTIVAL.
AUGUST 1st-31st.
Entirely New Productions of
"FIDELIO" and "ROSENKAVALIER,"
With LOTTE LEHMANN and RICHARD MAYR.
VIENNA OPERA,
"EVERYMAN." Produced by Max Reinhardt.
Tickets, programmes, and all information from all Tourist Agencies, or from the
AUSTRIAN FEDERAL RAILWAYS,
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OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessees: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.
†*DIE MEISTERSINGER.*
TO-NIGHT, at 7.
Elisabeth Schumann, Gladys Parr; Phillis Bertram, Bamfield Cooper, Frederick Dalrise, Owen Davis, Howard Fry, Edward Halsch, Otto Helgers, Rudolf Lauhenthal, Viktor Madin, Heddle Nash, Herbert Simmonds, Heinrich Tessmer, Richard Watson, Frederick Woodhouse.
Conductor—ROBERT HEGER.
**PARSIFAL.* To-morrow, at 5.30.
Mari Enwyn, Bella Fortner-Halbaerth, Frances Frost, Nora Gruhn, Winifred Kennard, Dorothy Milnes, Gladys Palmer, Mabel Ritchie, Nora Sabini; Ivar Andresen, Phillip Bertram, Frederick Davies, Edward Halsch, Herbert Janssen, Edward Lerr, Viktor Madin, Heinrich Tessmer, Fritz Wolff.
Conductor—ROBERT HEGER.
*GOTTERDAMMERUNG Friday, at 5.
*RHEINGOLD Monday, May 12, at 8.30.
*DER FLIEGENDE HOLLÄNDER Tues., 13, at 8.
*DIE FLEDERMAUS .. Wednesday, May 14, at 8.15.
*DIE WALKURE .. Thurs., May 15, at 5.15
*PARSIFAL .. Friday, May 16, at 5.30
(Last Performance of this Opera.)
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ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
H.R.H. the PRINCESS MARY, COUNTESS of HAREWOOD, has graciously consented to be present at an
AFTERNOON CONCERT
on FRIDAY, MAY 16th, at 2.30 p.m.,
in aid of the Royal Free Hospital
Extension to ensure Medical Education for Women.
LOTTE LEHMANN MARIA OLCZEWSKA
ELISABETH SCHUMANN IVAR ANDRESEN
GIOVANNI INGHILLERI HEDDLE NASH
are generously giving their services.
Prices: Boxes from 5 guineas; res. from 5s.; unres. 2s.
Tickets to be obtained at Box-office and usual Agents.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15. Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"*A NIGHT LIKE THIS.*"
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Winifred Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Thurs., Sat., 2.30. G. 6970.
"*INSULT.*"
"A GOOD, STIRRING TALE."—*Daily Mail.*

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
"FINE CRIME PLAY."—*Daily Mail.*
REAL DRAMA, PLENTY OF THRILLS."—*D.Sketch.*

CRITERION. (Gerr. 3844.) At 8.40. Tues., Sat., 2.30.
"*THE MULBERRY BUSH.*"
By Edward Knoblock.

DALY'S. (Ger. 0201.) 2.30., 8.30. Mats., Wed., Sat.
BASIL FOSTER and TOM MILLER present
"*A SONG OF SIXPENCE.*"
By IAN HAY and GUY BOLTON.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY.
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
MARK STONE DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d. PLUS TAX.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"*THE THREE MUSKETEERS.*"
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Props.: Willhut, Ltd. (Smoking.) EVGS., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
SUSPENSE.
By Patrick MacGill.
GORDON HARKER.
SIDNEY MORGAN OSWALD DALE ROBERTS
ALGERNON WEST ROLAND CULVER
VINCENT HOLMAN ROBERT DOUGLAS
The Play Produced by Reginald Denham.

EVERYMAN. 8.15. Thurs. & Sat., 2.30.
"*THE GLEN IS MINE.*"
THE SCOTTISH NATIONAL PLAYERS.

GAIETY. Tem. Bar 6991.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., Tues. and Fri., 2.30.
"*DARLING, I LOVE YOU.*"
A New Musical Play, with GEORGE CLARKE.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*"
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. Gerrard 8724.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.40. MATS., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
MAURICE BROWNE
presents
"*B. J. ONE.*"
By Commander Stephen King-Hall.
"SPELL-BINDING."—*Evening News.*

HAYMARKET. 2.30, 8.30. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, LONDON. (Ger. 0648.)
EVGS., 8.30. Mats., Mons., Weds., & Sats., 2.30.
"*THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930.*"
"VERY MUCH THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT THE CO-OPS HAVE YET GIVEN."—*Daily Mail.*

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., To-day and Sat., 2.30.
11th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production.
"*BITTER SWEET.*"
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

KINGSWAY. Hol. 4032. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.30.
Matinées, Wed. and Sat., 2.30. For 3 more Weeks.
"*HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.*"
Cathleen Nesbitt. C. M. Hallard. Lawrence Hanray.

LONDON PAVILION. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, TUESDAY and THURSDAY, 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.

LYCEUM. Temple Bar 7617.
THE CALENDAR.
Edgar Wallace's Great Racing Play.
NIGHTLY, 8.15. Mats., Wed. & Thurs., at 2.30.
MARGARET BANNERMAN. ALFRED DRAYTON.

LYRIC. (Gerrard 3686.) Licensee, A. C. Belsey.
TO-DAY, at 2.30. TO-NIGHT, at 8.30.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"*DEBONAIR.*"
A Comedy by G. B. STERN and FRANK VOSPER.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. LAST WEEK.
TO-DAY at 2.30. EVGS., 8.20. WED., SAT., at 2.30.
SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER.
"SO CHARMING. SO GAY, SO FULL OF SPIRIT."—*The Times.*
Tuesday next, at 8. (Subsequently at 8.15.)
Farewell Performances of
"THE BEGGAR'S OPERA."
Olive Groves, Elsie French, and Frederick Ranalow

NEW. Last Week. 8.30. Thurs., Sat., 2.30.
By arrangement with Miss MARY MOORE.
Mrs. CHARLES B. COCHRAN presents
"*NINE TILL SIX.*"
A Play by Almée and Philip Stuart.

PALACE. Gerrard 6834.
TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15. MATS., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
"*HEADS UP!*"
A New Musical Comedy
SYDNEY HOWARD LOUISE BROWN
ARTHUR MARGETSON CLARICE HARDWICKE
EDMUND WILLARD CECIL HUMPHREYS

PICCADILLY. (Reg. 4506.) Opp. Regent Palace Hotel
2.30 & 8.15. MATS. MON., WED., and SAT., 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Production.
"*HERE COMES THE BRIDE.*"
"THE BEST MUSICAL COMEDY."—*Hannen Swaffer.*
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Bruneti, Howell, Harper and Nakli.

THEATRES (continued)

PLAYHOUSE. TO-MORROW & subs., 8.15.
GLADYS COOPER presents
"*DISHONOURED LADY.*"
By Margaret Ayer Barnes and Edward Sheldon.
FAY COMPTON.
C. V. FRANCE HARTLEY POWER.
NIGEL BRUCE GEORGE CURZON.
ANNETTE BENSON HAROLD HUTH.
1st Mat., Sat. next, 2.30: sub. Thurs. and Sat., 2.30.

PRINCE EDWARD. (Off Cambridge-circus.)
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
RIO RITA.
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.
with
EDITH DAY.
GEOFFREY GWYTHER. BERNARD NEDELL.
LESLIE SARONY RITA PAGE.
GEORGE GEE.
Box-office Open 10 till 10. (Smoking.) Recent 1527.

PRINCE OF WALES. Gerrard 7482.
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EVENINGS, at 8.30.
JOURNEY'S END.
Mats., Thursday and Saturday, at 2.30.
"LONDON'S FINEST PLAY."—*Daily Telegraph.*

PRINCES. Temple Bar 3633.
A WARM CORNER.
NIGHTLY, 8.30. Mats., Thurs. and Sats., 2.30.
"IRRESISTIBLY COMIC."—*Star.*
HEATHER THATCHER.
CONNIE EDISS. AUSTIN MELFORD.
LESLIE HENSON.

QUEEN'S. (Ger. 9437.) 8.15. Wed., S

Imperial and Foreign News

KING TAFARI IN POWER

THE REBELLION AT DESSIE

(BY OUR ADDIS ABABA CORRESPONDENT)

King Tafari of Abyssinia, who has already been proclaimed Emperor or King of Kings (Negus Negusti), will, it is thought, not be crowned Emperor until after the rains, which begin in June and last till September. The period of mourning for the late Empress Zauditu, who died on April 2, will last 40 or 50 days, and the King may wish to have time for greater preparations and ceremony than the short interval before the rains would allow. October 7 is mentioned as a possible date, being the anniversary of the coronation of Ras Tafari as King.

The rebellion which went on in the North-East of Abyssinia near the town of Dessie for some months was at first not serious. It seems to have originated in the refusal of some of the local inhabitants to pay the Government taxes, and the insurgents were assisted by brigands, who fished in the troubled waters. Such disturbances are not uncommon in Abyssinia, where communications between the capital and outlying provinces are deplorable, and at first little general attention was paid to the revolt. It soon became apparent, however, that matters were getting more serious, and the Abyssinian Government mobilized large bodies of troops and dispatched them to Dessie.

Few announcements are issued by the Abyssinian Government, and for some time it was not possible to get definite news as to what was going on. Rumours were current that the rebels were being joined by several important chiefs, including Ras Gugsa, husband of the late Empress Zauditu and Governor of the Provinces of Gondar and Begamedar.

It will be remembered that following on the revolution of 1916, in which Lij Yasu was deposed, Zauditu, the daughter of Menelek II., ascended the throne, Ras Tafari being made Regent and heir to the Throne. As part of this arrangement, Ras Gugsa, the husband of the Empress, was not permitted, for political reasons, to live with her, and he resided away from the capital, in the north.

It was no secret that Ras Gugsa has always been most dissatisfied and has been a constant source of anxiety to the central Government. When the rebellion near Dessie began to assume serious proportions, it was assumed that Ras Gugsa was behind it and might at any moment openly join the rebels.

THE KING'S AEROPLANES

For some time the central Government negotiated with Ras Gugsa, with the object of arriving at a peaceful settlement. The negotiations were much facilitated by the aeroplanes which King Tafari bought about six months ago. The journey from the capital to Dessie by road takes three weeks, and negotiations would normally be difficult, if not impossible. Constant communication was kept up by aeroplane, and the Government was also kept fully informed of what was going on.

In March Ras Gugsa, who had succeeded in mobilizing a large force, broke off negotiations and openly joined the rebels, and the Government decided to take vigorous action. On March 31 there was a big battle between the insurgents and the Government troops, in which the insurgents were routed and Ras Gugsa was killed. Clear reports of the battle are not available, but it would appear that the casualties among the insurgents were about 6,000, against only 300 on the side of the Government. The Government troops were commanded by the Minister of War, Dejamatch Mulu Geta, in person. Two French aviators, MM. Maillet and Corriger, in the service of the Abyssinian Government, took part in the battle, and, in addition to dropping bombs, kept the Government troops fully informed as to the dispositions of the rebels. It is reported that the Minister of War, though entirely unused to aeroplane reconnaissance, profited with great ability by the information thus received.

The news of the victory was received in Addis Ababa on April 1, and was announced by the firing from the Palace of 13 guns. A small incident took place in the market, where a rumour went round that the Government had been defeated, and that the rebels were about to enter the capital. There was a panic and some looting, but order was quickly restored. The news was brought from the front by M. Maillet, who was received by the King and decorated with the collar of Commander of the Order of Menelek. The trouble at Dessie then died down.

DEATH OF THE EMPRESS

Meanwhile the Empress Zauditu was suffering from paratyphoid. The Empress, who was very religious, observed strictly all the fasts of the Church, particularly Lent. In spite of her illness she refused to depart from the strict Lent regimen, which includes abstention from milk, butter, and eggs—in fact, from almost everything which is usually prescribed for typhoid. In consequence the illness gained a thorough hold, and she died at Addis Ababa on April 2.

The dual form of Government of Empress and Regent was not altogether a success. King Tafari, supported by the more educated elements in Abyssinia, has always wanted to develop Abyssinia on modern lines. The older school in Abyssinia, which favoured the continuance of the *status quo*, found a rallying point in the Empress, who, strongly supported by the Church, showed herself by no means favourable to the progressive schemes of King Tafari. Plots against the King, who at that time held the titles of Ras, Regent, and Heir to the Throne, occurred from time to time, culminating in a plot in September, 1928, to kidnap him. The Regent, however, succeeded in turning the tables on the conspirators, and on October 7 of that year was crowned king.

This ceremony was performed by the Empress, who at that time greatly extended the powers of the King and expressed the hope that one day he would assume the Imperial Crown, as he has now done. It is hoped that the uniting of all the powers of Government in the hands of King Tafari as Emperor, or King of Kings, will greatly improve the present system of government.

SOVIET WARSHIPS IN THE BLACK SEA

FEARS OF CONCENTRATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT IN TURKEY)

Countries with a coast line on the Black Sea became nervous when the Soviet battleship Pariskaya Kommuna and the cruiser Profintern passed through the Straits on January 16 on their way from the Baltic to the Black Sea. This nervousness was somewhat allayed when it was announced that the two warships were to be repaired in the Black Sea and would return to the Baltic during the month of April. April is now over, there are no signs of the ships leaving, and two more Soviet vessels, one of them the Dreadnought Marat, left the Baltic a few weeks ago. These ships are expected to pass through the Straits very soon, and the Turkish Government has been notified of their arrival. Meanwhile, an unconfirmed report states that practically the whole of the Soviet squadron in the Baltic may shortly set out on a cruise to the Black Sea and the Far East.

This squadron is said to include five cruisers and gunboats; two large destroyers, the Karl Marx and the Kalinin; seven smaller torpedo craft; and three mine-layers. Extensive preparations for its reception are being made by the Soviet naval authorities in Black Sea ports. Arsenals are being renovated and re-equipped, and buoys have been moored off Nikolaeff. There is also some activity at Sevastopol, where the Pariskaya Kommuna and the Profintern are now, and a new naval base is being prepared at Novorossisk. The naval air arm in the Black Sea is also being reorganized. The balance of power in the Black Sea will, of course, undergo a complete change if the Soviet fleet from the Baltic arrives there. Even if only part of the fleet joins the Pariskaya Kommuna and the Profintern, Russia will have a much stronger force in the Black Sea than any other country.

Constantinople is the headquarters of the Straits Commission, an international body appointed by the League of Nations, but this commission has no right to prevent warships of countries bordering on the Black Sea passing through the Straits. What it can do is to forbid any nation which has no coast line on the Black Sea sending a fleet into the Black Sea superior in strength to the strongest fleet already in those waters. Rumania, Bulgaria, and Greece are all represented on the commission, and it is understood that their representatives have been instructed to watch the situation very closely. It is even possible that a protest may be addressed to the League of Nations in the event of the Soviet fleet from the Baltic entering the Black Sea.

Turkey has so far maintained a reserved attitude, but there are reasons to believe that she would share in the general disquiet. There is, of course, nothing to point to the Soviet Government having any hostile designs against any of the States in question, but the concentration of a big naval force in the Black Sea would be bound to cause comment.

NEW OBSERVATORY FOR SOUTH AFRICA

LEYDEN UNIVERSITY PROJECT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

JOHANNESBURG, MAY 6

The Union Observatory authorities state that in July last Leyden University asked the Rockefeller Institute for a grant of $100,000 [£20,000] to establish an observatory in Johannesburg and that a few days ago information was received that the grant had been made.

For the last five or six years there has been very close cooperation in astronomical work in general between Leyden University and the Union Observatory, and the latter offered a site on its own grounds for the new observatory, the plans and details of which, however, will not be completed for some time. The working up of the results obtained in Johannesburg will, to a great extent, be done at Leyden University, although the new institution will cooperate with the Union Observatory. So far as can be ascertained at the moment, the instrument to be sent by Leyden University will be a double photographic telescope with a lens of 15in. or 16in. diameter. The Union Observatory has two lenses of 10in. each, which constitute the principal photographic instrument.

AUSTRALIAN CABINET AND EX-SOLDIERS

POLICY STILL IN SUSPENSE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, MAY 6

No announcement was made at the conclusion of the suddenly summoned Cabinet meeting to-day whether the distracting question of the abolition of preference to returned soldiers on public works contracts had been discussed. It is believed that the matter will be decided at a caucus to-morrow.

Mr. Dyett, the Federal President of the Returned Soldiers' League, again conferred with Mr. Scullin, and it is suggested that the possibility of inducing returned soldiers to join the unions was discussed. This is, however, unlikely to be acceptable to the great majority of the League branches, which fear that such a merging would mean the ultimate loss of all present privileges.

Mr. Jones, Labour member for Indi (Victoria), has intimated that he is opposed to the Government's policy in this matter. The Opposition will decide its course of action to-morrow, when the Government's intentions have become clearer. It is significant that Mr. Hogan, the Labour Premier of Victoria, replying to a question in the Assembly to-day, said that the present practice of State preference to returned soldiers would be continued.

UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF IN VICTORIA

SPECIAL TAX AGREED ON

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MELBOURNE, MAY 6

Mr. Hogan's Ministry, deferring to the will of the Legislative Council, has agreed to substitute for its original proposal of a supertax on all incomes exceeding £300 yearly, for the purposes of unemployment relief, the following composite plan:—A stamp tax of 1d. a week on wages and salaries up to £312 yearly; on income other than wages and salaries up to the same amount a 10s. per cent. supertax; and on income, salaries, and wages from £312 to £2,000 a graduated supertax of 10s. per cent. up to £500, rising to 20s. per cent. over £2,000. The tax, which is estimated to yield £800,000, is to be of one year's duration only.

This compromise was arrived at by a conference of the two Houses. It embodies the salient features of the Opposition proposal for a stamp tax, which was intended to distribute the burden all round.

DEFENCE ECONOMIES IN AUSTRALIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, MAY 6

It is understood that the Federal Ministry's defence economy plan provides for the transfer of the Jervis Bay Naval College to the Flinders Naval Depôt in Victoria, thus concentrating all training in one establishment and saving £57,000 annually. The effect of this upon the original scheme of transferring the Royal Military College at Duntroon to Jervis Bay is not known.

MADRID DISORDERS

PUBLIC INDIGNATION AT POLICE ACTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, MAY 6

The bloodshed in Madrid yesterday, when a workman was killed by police fire, has made a painful impression on all parties. Indignation is expressed that gunfire in the streets—which the late General Primo de Rivera carefully avoided in equally troubled circumstances—should be the method chosen by the police to deal with a student outburst. Most of the 15 wounded, some of them children, were passers-by.

After a lengthy deliberation last night the Cabinet decided to maintain its neutral attitude. It considers the events of yesterday merely an incident which will not be allowed to interrupt a gradual return to normality and to the re-establishment of public liberties. A *communiqué* hints that the hand of revolutionary elements may be discerned behind the students, but that the authorities are ready, if necessary, to intervene with all due energy. Meanwhile, as opinion is evidently excited once more, a fresh halt will be called in political propaganda, and permission has been withdrawn for the speech which Señor Marcelino Domingo, a radical Republican, was to have made in the Athenaeum Club on Thursday.

There was no serious disturbance to-day. Seville University was closed by order of the Chancellor because the students appeared to be somewhat excited. At Barcelona there was a small encounter between the students and police, which ended by the students retreating inside the University doors. A deputation of students visited the Chancellor and asked him not to interrupt their studies by closing the University at a moment when the final examinations are so near.

At Saragossa, Señor Ossorio Gallardo, a former Conservative Deputy, who commands a large following, gave a lecture on the Dictatorship at the Athenaeum Club. He concluded by declaring that, although he remained a monarchist, he believed the abdication of King Alfonso was necessary.

RUSH TO SAVE A CHILD'S LIFE

PARIS TO CAIRO IN 60 HOURS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALEXANDRIA, MAY 6

A remarkable dash to save the life of a sick child was successfully concluded this afternoon, thanks to the cooperation of the Imperial Airways and the Egyptian Customs, police, and railway authorities.

Last Wednesday Jojo, aged three years and three months, the son of Mr. Elie Catz, a stockbroker resident in the Garden City outside Cairo, fell ill. Infantile paralysis of spinal origin was diagnosed on Friday morning, when the specialists said that the only hope of a cure consisted in procuring an antipoliomyelitic serum invented by Dr. Pettit, of Paris, and prepared by the Pasteur Institute there, but so far as was known here, unobtainable outside Paris. As ordinary communications did not provide means of getting the serum to Egypt sufficiently quickly, Mr. Catz telegraphed to his brother in Paris asking him to secure the serum and dispatch it to Egypt regardless of expense.

The brother hurried to the Pasteur Institute in the middle of the night and secured a supply of the serum, then chartered an aeroplane to try to catch up with the eastbound Imperial Airways mail liner which was due to leave Vienna for Uskub at dawn on Sunday. The connexion at Vienna was missed, so the aeroplane flew to Budapest, where the serum was transferred to the liner. The departure of the flying-boat from Salonika was delayed for a few hours, but it left very early this morning, and was due to reach Alexandria at 9 a.m., just at the time that the express for Cairo leaves the main station of Alexandria.

Mr. Catz meanwhile made arrangements with the authorities here for waiving the production of the importation licence for the serum and for securing the speediest clearance through the Customs, and also for stopping the Cairo express at Sidi Gaber, four miles out of Alexandria, for a few minutes if necessary.

The flying-boat landed at 9.10 a.m. when the express should have left Sidi Gaber but for the prearranged delay. The serum was transferred at top speed from the aircraft to the motor-car of Mr. B. C. H. Cross, the manager of the Imperial Airways in Alexandria, who, with Mr. Catz and a Customs official, who issued the clearance papers during the journey, drove furiously to Sidi Gaber, seven miles distant, along a route cleared by the police. Sidi Gaber was reached at 9.29 and eight seconds later the express left.

The injection was performed at 1 p.m. to-day in the presence of five doctors in accordance with instructions cabled from Paris, and Jojo this evening is reported to be progressing satisfactorily.

THE ANGOLA BANK SCANDAL

TRIAL BEGUN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LISBON, MAY 6

The trial began to-day in the Military Court at Santa Clara of the men charged with putting into circulation an unauthorized issue of Bank of Portugal notes.

The case arises out of certain transactions relating to the development of the colony of Angola (Portuguese West Africa) in connexion with which a bank called the Banca de Angola e Metropole was founded. Among the defendants are Alves Reis, who was arrested some time ago on his arrival in Lisbon from Angola, and his wife, and Antonio Bandeira, former Portuguese Minister at The Hague, and his brother, Jose Bandeira. The presiding judge is Dr. Simão Jose.

The prosecution charges the defendants with falsely representing that they had the authority of the Bank of Portugal for the issue of notes, which were printed in London, and that they produced forged documents, which purported to be signed by the directors of the Bank of Portugal. There were, in fact, two issues of unauthorized notes. After the opening statement the hearing of the case was adjourned till Thursday.

THE YOUNG PLAN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 6

The Treasury experts who are meeting in Paris to decide on the issue of bonds under the Young Plan held two meetings to-day, at which representatives of the German Ministry of Finance were present. The directors of the Bank for International Settlements were given an account of yesterday's conversations.

The discussions are still private, and no statement was issued to-day, but it was understood that all the arrangements were still undetermined and that no decisions could yet be regarded as final. Forecasts of the date and price of the bonds which have already appeared were stated to be premature, but the interest rate of 5½ per cent. seems likely to be adopted. Yesterday and this morning the conditions of issue were fully discussed, and this afternoon the experts considered the distribution of the bonds between the creditor countries.

There will be another meeting to-morrow morning.

GERMAN ARMY ESTIMATES

MINISTER'S REPLY TO CRITICS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 6

The Army Estimates came up for consideration by the Budget Committee to-day. The usual criticisms were passed on the apparent expensiveness of a professional army, but they are not likely to have more effect than in previous years. The total Estimates of the Ministry of Defence amount this year to just over 700,000,000 marks [£35,000,000]. This is more than last year, when, on account of the general financial stringency, the Minister, General Groener, did without the manœuvres and saved in other ways, but some 30,000,000 marks less than in 1928. The Army's share, which was under discussion to-day, is 502,000,000 marks [£25,100,000].

Herr Stücklen, the Socialist *rapporteur*, said that appreciable savings would only be possible if the principle of making the most of the terms of the Treaty of Versailles were abandoned. His colleague of the Centre said that most of the expenditure was unavoidable. Dr. Leber, a Socialist, suggested, to the disgust of the Right, that the horses which were provided even for officers in the mechanical transport service could be superseded by gymnastic apparatus if, as was officially stated, their only purpose was to enable those officers to keep physically fit.

Not only Socialists, but Dr. Köhler, of the Centre, demanded a clear answer to the rumours of secret armament, which it was said had been taken up by M. Poincaré. He declared that in spite of improvements in the drafting of the Estimates many items were still obscure and the suspicion remained that there were hidden reserves. A representative of the German People's Party shared Socialist objections to the limitation of reading matter in messes to copies of Nationalist newspapers. Questions were also asked about the subversive political agitation in the Reichswehr.

General Groener, in reply, said that the Estimates had been drafted with the greatest care, and that the Reich Finance Commissioner had repeatedly expressed his appreciation of the Ministry's helpfulness. He pointed out to the critics of the Left that the Estimates had been approved in full by the last Government, in which the Socialists were in the majority. It was not as if the Minister of Defence could pursue an independent policy. In all matters which might affect foreign affairs he was dependent on the Foreign Minister. The Socialists could learn from the Socialist Chancellor of the late Government, Herr Müller, that this had been so. Turning to the questions on subversive agitation, which are of particular interest in view of recent arrests of Communists and especially National-Socialists (Fascists), the Minister declared that he wished it to be clearly understood that he would actively oppose every attempt to undermine the discipline of the Army and that he would stop at nothing in his endeavour to make such attempts absolutely impossible. A military body which was not based on unconditional obedience was worth nothing.

The Minister replied confidentially to the questions on secret armament, repeating emphatically that he had always acted in complete agreement with the Foreign Minister and both the present and former Chancellors.

At the end of the discussion General von dem Bussche, replying to Dr. Leber on behalf of the Ministry, stated that the supply of horses to mechanical transport units had been discontinued as from April 1.

BENGAL LANDOWNERS AND VICEROY

CORDIAL ASSURANCES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 5

The full text is now available of the letter [mentioned in *The Times* of Monday] addressed to the Viceroy by nearly 100 Bengal landholders, led by the Maharajah Sir Prodyot Kumar Tagore, of Calcutta.

The letter begins with the assurance that the Viceroy has "the united and wholehearted support of the great majority of the people of India, who, with their own genius grounded on Eastern culture, stand by ready to serve your Excellency's and his Majesty's benign Government to the very end, conscious of the fact that both have the highest welfare of the country at heart, and will not swerve in the least from bringing India to the desired goal of enfranchisement along the paths of justice and equity to all her peoples, without yielding to fear or favour, nor even to threat or violence, whether open or disguised under the sacred word *Ahimsa*."

Mr. Gandhi and his associates are described as "these Don Quixotes for ever tilting at windmills and accompanied by their Sancho Panzas mounted on asses, who, in their ignorance, have misinterpreted the kindness extended to them, due to your Excellency's generous manner and princely character, as weakness."

The letter warns the Viceroy that there are not found wanting some who would be on both sides, and continues:—"We seek from our liberal-minded statesmanship the pervading presence of a responsive spirit, above all hearty sympathy with the legitimate wishes and ambitions of the governed. . . . That the Indian people are enjoying greater freedom under the British Raj is the feeling of those who have a real stake in the country and therefore better knowledge of its advancement. We have learned to understand the power and greatness of England and the character of her people since Providence afforded us an opportunity under British rule to realize the ideals of good government—the attainment of steady progress and a liberal policy with due respect for all established institutions and for the traditions of the Indian people. Our regard and affection for the English people are deepening the more we are drawn by a common destiny into closer touch."

ANGLO-AFGHAN TREATY REAFFIRMED

The Foreign Office has issued the following statement:—

On the accession to the Afghan throne of his Majesty King Mohamed Nadir Shah, both the Afghan Government and his Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom desired to reaffirm the validity of the Anglo-Afghan Treaty which was concluded at Kabul on November 22, 1921. A formal agreement reaffirming the Treaty has now been reached, and his Majesty's Minister to Afghanistan, who had already arrived in India, is leaving for Kabul forthwith.

**** The Anglo-Afghan Treaty of 1921 provides for the exchange of Diplomatic and Consular representatives between the two countries, for the transit through India of dutiable goods in bond for the Afghan Government, and for the payment of a rebate on re-export of goods imported into India by private persons for transit to Afghanistan. In an Appendix to the Treaty the Afghan Government, in return for these trade facilities, undertakes to refuse to the Soviet Government permission to establish consulates in Kandahar, Ghazni and Jalalabad.

THE VIRGIL BI-MILLENARY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, MAY 5

The Italian Government has decided to strike a medal to commemorate the bi-millenary of the birth of Virgil. On one side is a female figure symbolizing Fame, placing a laurel wreath on the brow of Virgil, who is seen seated with a copy of his poems in his hands, and on the reverse is the episode of the Aeneid in which Anchises, meeting Ulysses in the Elysian Fields, describes to him the future glory of Rome. Above is reproduced the phrase *Tu regere imperio populos, Romane, memento.*

Mr. Hogan, the VICTORIAN Premier, announced yesterday that an inquiry into the grievances of British settlers in Victoria had been agreed to on certain conditions. The Ministry had not accepted the offers of the British and Federal Governments to defray the cost of the inquiry, and had declined a proposal for an investigation by legal representatives of the British, Federal, and Victorian Governments.

THE CANADIAN BUDGET

OPPOSITION AMENDMENT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, MAY 6

When the House of Commons met to-day Mr. Bennett, the Leader of the Opposition, resumed the Budget debate. He complained that Mr. Dunning's statement could not be properly characterized as a Budget speech, as it contained no estimate of the probable revenues for the present fiscal year, and he challenged anybody to say what those revenues were likely to be. In reviewing the general financial position he declared that the Government's claim to have reduced taxation would not stand the acid test of investigation, and he offered an elaborate analysis of the fiscal operations of the Government during recent years for the purpose of demonstrating that its reduction of debt had fallen far short of what should have been accomplished with the funds available.

Turning to the tariff changes, Mr. Bennett complained that the increases in British preference were deceptive and illusory. Hundreds of items had been put on the free list, or reduced, of which Canada imported nothing. He (Mr. Bennett) favoured a Canada first policy, saying, "If a Canadian dollar goes to a West Indian instead of to a Canadian it is no better than if it went to an American. I stand for Canada."

When Mr. Mackenzie King (the Prime Minister) interrupted to ask: "What about the British Empire?" Mr. Bennett replied: "I stand for the British Empire next to Canada. The best development of the British Empire lies in the development of each unit that comprises it."

Mr. Bennett reminded Ministers that he had been the first to propose in the debate on the Address last year an Imperial Economic Conference and he claimed that both the abrogation of trade arrangements with New Zealand and the increased duties on fruit and vegetables were a capitulation to the Conservative campaign. He objected strongly to the principle of the countervailing duties, arguing that they would leave part of the Canadian tariff at the mercy not merely of the President and Congress of the United States but of European countries, because the application of their duties was restricted to no particular country.

Mr. King, following Mr. Bennett, intimated that the Government contemplated an early dissolution, and suggested that Mr. Bennett and Mr. Gardner (the Progressive leader) should confer with him about a speedy winding-up of Parliamentary business. In view of the great importance of the Imperial Conferences it was desirable that the Ministers representing Canada should have a clear mandate.

COMING LEAGUE COUNCIL MEETING

MR. HENDERSON'S PLANS

Mr. Henderson, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, intends to leave London to-morrow for Geneva in order to attend the meeting of the League Council, which begins next Monday. The Foreign Secretary is expected to spend at least 24 hours in Paris on the way.

The questions on the agenda of this fifty-ninth meeting of the Council are of a routine order. They include reports from various Commissions to the Council, notably reports on the recent "Tariff Truce" conference, financial assistance to States threatened with invasion, and the proposed amendment of the Covenant to bring it into harmony with the Kellogg Pact.

Reports concerning mandated territories will be considered by the Mandates Commission at its ordinary session on June 10. An extraordinary session of the Commission will be held on June 3 for special consideration of the British report on the situation in Palestine.

FINANCES OF IRAQ

SIR HILTON YOUNG'S MISSION

The Colonial Office announces that, at the request of the British and Iraqi Governments, Sir Hilton Young is proceeding at short notice to Baghdad to advise the Iraqi Government on urgent questions relating to the Budget and currency, and to preside over a special conference of Iraqi Ministers and British advisers which will examine the financial situation.

Sir Hilton Young is leaving London forthwith, and expects to be absent for six weeks.

Our Parliamentary Correspondent writes:—

Though he has only just received the invitation, Sir Hilton Young expects to leave London for Baghdad either to-day or to-morrow. He will travel by air and intends to be away for six weeks. After his mission to East Africa he decided to accept no more invitations of this kind, but in the view of the Government his previous experience of the finances of Iraq makes his help at this juncture particularly important. The fall in world prices and its effect upon the Customs at Basra and on the farmers of Iraq is bound to have a serious effect on the coming Budget, and Sir Hilton Young's task will be to advise the Iraqi Government how the situation can best be faced. He will also go into the question of the new currency to be adopted in Iraq. Among the missions which he has undertaken for successive British Governments have been those to India in 1920 and 1926, to Poland in 1924, to Iraq in 1925, and to East Africa in 1928.

DIPLOMATISTS ROBBED IN RUMANIA

MASKED BANDITS' ATTACK

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, MAY 6

Countess Szembek, wife of the Polish Minister to Rumania, M. Davila, Rumanian Minister to the United States, and Mr. Charles Dewey, American financial adviser to the Polish Government, were attacked last night by six masked and armed robbers when returning by motor-car to Bucharest from Mogoshoia, where they had been the guests of Prince Bibesco. They were unarmed and offered no opposition to the bandits, who took their money and jewels and then allowed them to proceed.

The police have not succeeded in discovering the bandits. Extensive measures for the protection of motorists are proposed by the authorities.

FRENCH PRESIDENT IN ALGERIA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALGIERS, MAY 6

Yesterday President Doumergue, who arrived on Sunday for the Algerian centenary celebrations, dedicated a memorial at Boufarik to "the glory of the French colonizing genius." Boufarik is a small town 23 miles from Algiers, now a promising agricultural centre with modern farms and a population nearly entirely European, but in the early days little more than a pestilential swamp, where many French settlers died. Another memorial was dedicated by the President at Sidi-Ferruch, a bay near Algiers where the French Army landed in 1830.

Telegrams in Brief

Miss Constance Harvey, who has been appointed to the American Consulate at OTTAWA, is the first woman vice-consul to be appointed by the United States Government.

A Turk whose ship was seized by the Finnish Customs Board in 1928 on the charge of liquor-smuggling has brought an action for £4,000 damages against officials of the Board in HELSINGFORS.

Ten lumbermen were drowned in the St. John River, near Edmundston, NEW BRUNSWICK, during the week-end, when the boat in which they were going to work was dashed against some piling and capsized.

A solemn ceremony took place on Monday at TARANTO when the bodies of the crew of the German submarine UC 12, sunk in Taranto Bay in 1916, were handed over by the local authorities to the relations of the victims.

Dr. Alfred Leroy Burt, Professor of History at the University of ALBERTA, a Rhodes scholar, has been appointed to the chair in history at the University of Minnesota, and will lecture on modern and Canadian history.

A fatal case of plague occurred in Las Palmas, GRAND CANARY, at the end of last month. Sporadic outbreaks in the port, which is three or four miles away, are not infrequent, but for the disease to reach the city itself is probably unprecedented. Drastic precautions were at once taken, and no further cases are reported.

It is announced by the Air Ministry that as a result of an accident at JHELUM, India, to a Bristol Fighter machine of No. 20 (Army Co-operation) Squadron, Peshawar, on Monday, No. 359557 Leading Aircraftman Ernest Raymond Charlesworth was killed, and Flying Officer John William Hawke, pilot of the aircraft, was seriously injured.

Don Enrique Villegas, the Chilean Ambassador to the Quirinal, who has been appointed to the newly formed Chilean Embassy in London, will be entertained at a farewell banquet in ROME by Signor Grandi, the Foreign Minister, to-day. Signor Grandi has issued to the South American Press an appreciation of Don Enrique's labours in Italy.

WAR ON LOCUSTS

TRANSJORDAN AND SINAI CAMPAIGNS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, MAY 6

The Transjordan authorities sent an aeroplane to Cairo to fetch supplies of the anti-locust bacilli known as "locust cholera" from the Plant Protection Section of the Ministry of Agriculture, and this morning the aeroplane left on its return journey, taking an English member of the Plant Protection Section, Mr. R. M. Nattrass, and two bottles of the bacilli, from which a culture will be made in Transjordan. This method of destruction has not been used in Egypt, as the "locust cholera" is only effectively spread under perfect atmospheric conditions, which are unusual here.

The Minister of Agriculture will go to Sinai to see the results of the locust campaign at the close of this week. He will visit El Arish, which is now surrounded by trenches in an attempt to keep out the locust "hoppers" from the fertile oasis. It is considered that the situation is so far well in hand, as most of the "hopper" armies which were due to fly have been killed.

Picture on page 20.

THE RIOTS IN S.E. NIGERIA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ABA (NIGERIA), MAY 6

The Commission of Inquiry into the recent disturbances in South-East Nigeria held its final public sitting here yesterday, when it heard addresses from counsel. The members of the commission go to Lagos to-morrow for consideration of their report, which will probably occupy six weeks.

Other Foreign News on following page

A MILE-LONG WINDING ROAD *up* BIRDLIP HILL

yet this car takes it
ALL IN TOP—
even the last steep slope!

THIS well-known hill is five miles from Gloucester on the Cirencester road. It is a mile-long climb with three bends and an average gradient of 1-in-8! . . . In most cars, the drivers must change down before they reach its crest; many must go into first gear for that last, steepest climb when the gradient becomes 1-in-6½ . . . But the Buick—with a starting speed of only 40 m.p.h. —with three men in the car—soars easily up the ascent in top gear. . . 28 m.p.h. for the first bend . . . 29 for the next . . . 15 for the third. Then it accelerates swiftly to 22 for that last, steepest slope —and takes the crest at an effortless 12 (a dangerous fork in the road makes a higher speed unsafe). ALL the way up IN TOP in the Buick!

STEEP HILLS—even in town! . . . Blind turns and hidden approaches—even in the country! . . . And more and more cars on the road every day to complicate the traffic problem! . . .

As a result you must change gear again and again in driving most cars.

That is why, when you drive this "top-gear car"—the Buick, you are so amazed and delighted, for the Buick can go practically anywhere in top gear—easily, swiftly, with power to spare! You *can* change down as often as you wish, of course. But actually, except to start, you rarely need to touch the gear lever!

In the thick of traffic, or for a dangerous turn, you can throttle it down, in top gear, to 5 m.p.h. or less. Yet the second you want speed, the power is there for you—this car can leap from 10 m.p.h. to 40 in just 12 seconds in top . . . Read above the map how the Buick, with three men passengers, goes up Birdlip Hill in Gloucestershire *in top*. No chance for a running start! A long, twisting climb that quickly baffles most cars!

Ask your nearest dealer to lend you a Buick to drive . . . Try it in traffic, on hills. Try it out at 70 m.p.h.—more if you like . . . See how absolute your safety is, due to the new brakes—internal-expanding, Duo-Servo, on all four wheels . . . Notice how easily the comfortable, roomy body rides—because of the new double-acting, hydraulic Lovejoy shock-absorbers and the new semi-elliptic springs.

Prices from £485 to £695. (All models are obtainable by the G.M.A.C. plan of convenient payments) . . . See the Marquette too—lower in price, smaller and lighter than the Buick. The saloon is only £335 . . . Write for detailed specifications to General Motors Limited, The Hyde, Hendon, London, N.W.9.

A 1930 Buick, the Pullman 7-passenger Limousine, near the crest of Birdlip hill—in top

BUICK PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS

MORE RIOTING IN INDIA

MOBS FIRED ON

ATTACKS ON POLICE AND TRAINS

TROOPS ON GUARD IN DELHI

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MAY 6

While Calcutta itself was for the most part quiet to-day, trouble occurred at Howrah, where a mob of 3,000 attacked a detachment of 27 policemen who were engaged in removing obstructions placed on a light railway line. Subjected to stoning, the police fired their revolvers, probably killing several rioters, but were then compelled to retreat before overwhelming numbers.

Later, there were other attempts at Howrah to attack the police. The District Magistrate and Superintendent of Police, while driving to the scene of the rioting, were stopped, and the Superintendent fired seven shots, dispersing the crowd. A police picket was assailed near Howrah Bridge, and three shots were fired before the crowd ran.

Trains running out of Howrah were stoned, and at several points telegraph wires were cut.

Any trouble which might have broken out in Calcutta last night was effectually damped by a tropical thunderstorm, which cleared the streets and, by damaging the electric mains, put a large section of the city in darkness for some hours. Most of the shops were closed in the Indian quarters at first to-day, but later many shopkeepers, reassured by the orderliness, reopened their premises. The tramcars ran as usual, but the omnibuses did not, and there were many fewer taxicabs. The *hartal* was really peaceful: for careful preparations had been made to deal at once with any disturbance.

CALCUTTA, May 6.—All public meetings have been prohibited in Howrah. Forty-nine arrests have been made to-day as the result of disturbances. A detachment of the Eastern Frontier Rifles has been posted in the town, and about 100 men of the 1/12th Frontier Regiment are being kept in readiness at the station, where the porters have struck.—*Reuter.*

DELHI DISORDERS

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S CAR WRECKED

DELHI, May 6.—A procession, half a mile long, of demonstrators against Mr. Gandhi's arrest marched into the city this morning and near the General Post Office wrecked the car in which the Deputy Commissioner and Senior Superintendent of Police were sitting. The police superintendent's hat was seized and torn to shreds. Mr. Devi Duyal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, was also attacked. A detachment of police arrived on the scene in four lorries and dispersed the crowd.

Another affray occurred near the Civil Court, where women volunteers were picketing. They refused to disperse, members of the Bar intervened, and finally a general charge was made by the police with *lathis*.

This afternoon the police, after a 10 minutes' warning, fired on a crowd which assembled near the police station and refused to disperse.

Fifty victims of the rioting are in hospital, the majority being seriously injured. Two of the rioters wounded in the morning disturbance have succumbed. The only serious rioting occurred in Chandni Chowk. The police, in firing on the mob, used buckshot. Indian infantry and eight armoured cars are patrolling Chandni Chowk and the entrances to the civil lines.

The Chief Commissioner has promulgated section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code, prohibiting the assembly of more than five persons. The situation is now well in hand.—*Reuter.*

BOMBAY, May 6.—Three thousand workers at a textile mill in the Parel district (the mill area of Bombay) rushed to the sizing department this morning in an endeavour to force their fellow-workers to come out and observe the *hartal*. Finding the door barred they set fire to it, whereupon the European weaving master, Mr. Dignell, fired three shots, injuring one man in the leg. The crowd then dispersed.—*Reuter.*

FEELING IN MADRAS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MADRAS, MAY 6

The Madras City Council adjourned to-day as a protest against the internment of Mr. Gandhi. The Salt *Satyagrahis* are observing a day of mourning, but a Congress attempt to secure a general *hartal* was a failure. Many shops remained open, and many others which closed in the morning reopened in the afternoon. Much relief is expressed in many quarters at the Government's demonstration of its intention to vindicate the law.

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, leader of the Moderates, in a statement, declared that it was impossible to expect the masses to carry out in practice the doctrines of non-violence.

"Salt *Satyagraha* by itself is not of such great import as the general attitude towards the law implicit in the movement," he said. "The principle of direct action is one fraught with grave consequences, not only to the present Government but to the Dominion Government, for which we are all working." Sir Ramaswamy appealed to the Governments of India and Great Britain to take the people of India into their confidence in regard to their intentions, especially in reference to the programme and possibilities of the Round Table Conference.

ALL QUIET IN SIMLA

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 6

All was quiet in Simla at dusk to-day. A complete *hartal* was observed in the bazaars. Sporadic attempts by a crowd to ascend the steep paths to the Mall in order to demonstrate were blocked by police armed with *lathis*. Fifteen arrests were made.

MR. GANDHI'S LETTER TO THE VICEROY

NAVSARI, May 6.—In the course of the letter to the Viceroy (whom he addresses as "Dear Friend") which he drafted on the eve of his arrest, Mr. Gandhi announced his intention to march on the Dharasana salt works. He refers to the Government's attitude to the passive resistance movement, and speaks of the "unthinkable cruelties" practised on *Satyagrahis*. He continues:—

It would be cowardly on my part not to invite you to disclose to the full the leonine claws of authority so that people who are suffering tortures and the destruction of their property may not feel that I, who perhaps have been the chief party in inspiring them to the action that has brought to light the Government in its true colours, had left any stone unturned in working out the *Satyagraha* programme as fully as possible in the given circumstances. . . .

I know the dangers attendant on the method adopted by me, but the country is not likely to mistake my meaning. I say what I mean and think. The only way to conquer violence is through non-violence, pure and undefiled. If in spite of repeated warnings people resort to violence I must disown responsibility, and you may condemn civil disobedience as much as you like.

Will you prefer a violent revolt? History will pronounce the verdict that the British Government, not bearing, because not understanding, non-violence, goaded human nature to violence which it could understand how to deal with.

Mr. Gandhi signs himself "Your sincere friend."—*Reuter.*

SIR TEJ BAHADUR SAPRU'S VISIT TO SIMLA

SIMLA, May 6.—Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, the former Law Member of the Executive Council and leader of the Moderates, will arrive in Simla to-morrow and will confer with the Viceroy on the political situation and the prospect of the Round Table Conference.—*Reuter.*

EVENTS AT PESHAWAR

PROCLAMATION TO THE PEOPLE

BOMBAY, May 6.—Before the operations for the rounding-up of the Congress leaders and others was begun at Peshawar on Sunday a proclamation to the people was issued by the Chief Commissioner in which it was declared that the Peshawar Congress Committee and the Naujawan Bharat Sabha [Youth League], by fomenting disorders, were "jeopardizing the safety of your lives and property, which the Government has been defending for many years." Stress was laid on the fact that loyal and orderly persons would not be molested. No volunteers would be allowed in the streets in uniform, and they were advised to discard them and to leave sticks and all other weapons at home.—*Reuter.*

The text—given in a Reuter message from Simla—of the Government of India's *communiqué* (of which a full summary was given in the later editions of *The Times* yesterday) on events at Peshawar shows that on April 23, the first day of the disorders, the Deputy Commissioner, Mr. Metcalfe, was assaulted with stones and brickbats while he was attempting to argue with the rioters.

In the meantime, a military officer belonging to an armoured-car was attacked by a rioter, who tried to wrest his pistol from him. At the same time, the mob pressed forward, and forced the police up the steps of the police station. The Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of Police still made endeavours to appease the crowd and persuade them to disperse peacefully, but the Deputy Commissioner was knocked senseless by a brick thrown by one of the crowd, and was carried inside the police station, where police officers and men had also to retire.

Meanwhile, the crowd had attacked the armoured-cars and set fire to one of them, thus forcing the crew to descend. One member of the crew who attempted to take refuge in the second car was attacked by a rioter with a crowbar, and escaped only by firing his revolver. The second armoured-car was under heavy attack by rioters armed with hatchets, crowbars, and stones, and it was at this stage that the Deputy Commissioner, who had recovered consciousness, authorized the crew to fire. Fire was opened in short bursts and the mob immediately fled.

Fire was restricted to the minimum, and was well controlled, the number of shots fired in all being only 109. The Deputy Commissioner, in his desire to avoid the necessity of firing, risked his life in endeavouring to persuade a hostile and excited mob to disperse. The first shot was fired from a revolver by a member of the crew of an armoured-car purely in self-defence when he was the victim of a murderous attack. The order for firing by the armoured-car was given only after a British soldier had been killed and another armoured-car had been set on fire and the crew were being attacked. Throughout the rioting, according to reports received, the utmost forbearance was shown by military and police.

HARTAL IN EAST AFRICA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS)

NAIROBI, MAY 6.

Indians throughout East Africa observed a *hartal* to-day in connexion with Mr. Gandhi's arrest, Moslems joining in also. There were processions through the bazaar streets, and orderly mass meetings were held.

JOHANNESBURG, MAY 6

The Transvaal Indian Congress Party has appealed to Indians throughout the Province to observe Thursday as a day of mourning by closing their businesses. On the same day a mass meeting will be held under the auspices of the Congress. Indians in the country districts are asked to arrange for similar meetings.

Other Indian news on the preceding page.

CHARING CROSS BRIDGE SCHEME

REJECTION BY COMMONS COMMITTEE

The Private Bill Committee of the House of Commons, which has been considering the London County Council (Charing Cross Bridge) Bill, yesterday rejected the Bill.

A printed statement was submitted on behalf of the L.C.C. that the Council were convinced that there was no other practicable site for the new station than the Lion Brewery site which had been adopted in the scheme in the Bill. Sir Henry Cautley, the chairman, in announcing the decision of the Committee, said that they remained of the opinion that putting the station at the bridge-head was a blot that they could not accept, and that it would stop the development of Lambeth.

A report of yesterday's proceedings, together with a summary of the statement submitted by the L.C.C., will be found on page 11.

THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN NEGOTIATIONS

EARLY MEETING TO-DAY

After meeting in plenary conference in the morning and again in the late afternoon yesterday the British and Egyptian delegates adjourned until 8 o'clock this morning. The day's negotiations were entirely devoted to the question of the Sudan, and it is understood that progress was made and that feeling on both sides was somewhat more optimistic.

Mr. Henderson will leave for Paris to-morrow, and will travel to Geneva on Saturday for next Monday's meeting of the Council.

THE INVALIDS

It was stated yesterday that the Bishop of Norwich had had a good night and was going on very nicely.

The condition of Canon R. D. Swallow was reported last night to be still critical.

THE KING

MANY ANNIVERSARY MESSAGES

VISIT TO NEWMARKET RACES

The King left Buckingham Palace by car at 11 a.m. yesterday, the 20th anniversary of his accession, for Newmarket, to attend the First Spring Race Meeting. This is the first time the King has been to the races since he visited Goodwood in 1928.

The Royal car drove out of the central archway of the Palace during the changing of the guard, and as it came into the forecourt the Guards' band played the National Anthem. Large crowds had gathered outside the Palace to watch the first changing of the guard since the King's return to London, and enthusiastic cheering greeted his Majesty's appearance.

It was pouring with rain when the King arrived at Newmarket. Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, motored over from Egerton House to receive him. At her suggestion every possible arrangement had been made in the Royal suite at the Jockey Club Rooms to ensure that he should suffer no ill effects from rain or cold. At the course his Majesty bought a ticket for the Tote and afterwards saw the inner workings of the machine as each bet made was recorded by electrically lit figures.

It is expected that his Majesty will remain at Newmarket for the whole of the Spring Meeting, returning to London on Friday.

Royal salutes were fired at all naval ports and warships were dressed with bunting yesterday in honour of the anniversary of the King's accession.

Gunners of the Royal Horse Artillery in full dress uniform fired a salute of 21 guns in Hyde Park. Four field-guns were drawn up on the grass close by the carillon, and a large crowd watched the firing of the salute. At the Tower of London there was also a salute.

At Windsor the bells of St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle, were rung, and flags were flown over the public buildings. Since the War the custom of firing a salute in the Long Walk, Windsor Great Park, has not been observed except on the birthdays of the King and Queen and the Prince of Wales.

A large number of telegrams, letters, and other messages of congratulation reached Buckingham Palace during the morning. The only special ceremony at the Palace, however, was the distribution of long-service medals to a number of the Royal servants. There were so many recipients that the King was unable to receive them personally, and the medals were distributed by the heads of various departments of the Royal Household. They are of silver, with the King's head and the Royal Cipher, and they bear the date 1910-1930. On the back is the inscription "For long and faithful service," and the ribbon is in the Royal colours of red and blue. Servants at Windsor Castle also received medals.

To a telegram of congratulation sent by the Lord Mayor of London, the King sent the following reply:—"From my heart I thank you my Lord Mayor and the citizens of London for your kind and loyal congratulations on this the twentieth anniversary of my accession.—GEORGE R.I."

At its 150th meeting yesterday the Imperial Economic Committee sent the following congratulatory telegram to Lord Stamfordham:—"The Imperial Economic Committee, consisting of representatives of the Governments of all his Majesty's peoples and assembled to-day at its 150th meeting, sends its loyal greetings and humble congratulations to his Majesty the King on the completion of the twentieth year of his reign.—HALFORD MACKINDER, Chairman."

An Ottawa message through Reuter's Agency says that at the opening of the Dominion House of Commons yesterday Mr. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, read a congratulatory message from the Government of Canada to his Majesty the King congratulating him on the twentieth anniversary of his accession to the Throne, with his Majesty's reply thereto.

MR. HUGH ELLIOT KILLED

AEROPLANE ACCIDENT AT HAMPTON

Mr. Hugh Elliot, 49, critic and writer on philosophy and an authority on the game of bridge, of Strafford Doric, Normandy, near Guildford, was killed yesterday when a private Moth aeroplane which he was piloting crashed in the garden of a house at the corner of Acacia-road, Hampton, Middlesex, near Fulwell golf course. Mr. Elliot was the only son of the Hon. H. F. H. Elliot and a first cousin of the present Lord Minto.

An obituary notice appears on p. 18.

FINANCIAL ADVICE FOR TURKEY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, MAY 6

It now appears certain that M. Charles Rist, Assistant Governor of the Bank of France, will be invited to make a thorough examination into the state of Turkish finances. Mr. Wyatt and M. des Closières, of the Council of the Ottoman Debt, are to leave Angora to-night.

The Budget Commission of the Grand National Assembly in Angora has finished its examination of the Budget for 1930-1931. Expenditure amounts to £T222,600,000 (£22,260,000), and revenue is estimated to show a surplus over that figure of £T130,000 (£13,000). An economy of £T5,000,000 has been effected.

MISS JOHNSON'S FLIGHT TO AUSTRALIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, MAY 6

Miss Amy Johnson, who left Croydon on Monday in an attempt to fly alone to Australia, arrived at 5.15 this afternoon at the San Stefano Aerodrome, after what she describes as an uneventful flight from Vienna. She will leave early to-morrow morning for Konia.

ROYAL COMMISSION ON LICENSING

The Royal Commission on Licensing (England and Wales) will hold its thirty-ninth and fortieth public meetings at Broadway-buildings, Westminster, beginning at 10.30 a.m., to-morrow and on Friday, when continuation of evidence on the Carlisle State Management Scheme will be heard from:—Mr. E. H. Spence and Mr. A. K. Wilson (formerly Chief Constables of Carlisle), Mr. A. A. Johnston (present Chief Constable), Inspector E. Stewart (of the Cumberland County Constabulary), Mr. R. C. Chance (Mayor of Carlisle), the Very Rev. Henry V. Stuart (Dean of Carlisle), and, time permitting, the Rev. A. Jeans Courtney.

EARTHQUAKE IN BURMA

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE

A TOWN WRECKED

RANGOON, May 6.—The earthquake here last night [briefly reported in *The Times* yesterday] has caused great loss of life and damage to property. It was even more severe at Pegu, where 400 people are estimated to have been killed.

The municipal buildings and cooperative banks of Pegu and the Government school are practically in ruins, and many other buildings were damaged, including

the famous Shwehmawdaw Pagoda. [This pagoda is said to contain two hairs of Buddha and is a shrine of great sanctity.] The market was burned out and the whole town presents a spectacle of ruin. A rice mill was completely engulfed, and a cinema collapsed while a performance was in progress. The bodies of the victims are still being extricated.

Fire is still smouldering in the ruins, and it is feared that the death roll is even heavier than has been estimated.

Two miles north of Pegu a bridge collapsed, dislocating all train services beyond the town.

In Rangoon the dead and injured are still being brought to hospital, and the casualties so far exceed 200. Of the public buildings the Secretariat and the Police Commissioner's office were badly damaged and both are closed to-day. The Shwe Dagon Pagoda [the finest and most venerable of all the pagodas in Burma] has had its roof damaged. The offices of the *Rangoon Times* were also damaged.

An unconfirmed report states that Thongwa Island, in the Hanthawaddy district, has disappeared.—*Reuter.*

RANGOON, May 6.—Last night's earthquake was the worst experienced in Burma. In Rangoon itself 50 people were killed and nearly 200 injured. Business to-day is practically at a standstill.

In Pegu fire broke out after the earthquake and floods added to the destruction. The dead at Pegu are now estimated at 1,000, and all the people there are homeless.—*Exchange.*

FULHAM ELECTION

UNIONIST GAIN

The result of the polling yesterday in the by-election in West Fulham caused by the resignation of Dr. Spero, the Labour member for the constituency, was announced late last night as follows:—

Cobb, Sir Cyril (U.)	16,223
Banfield, Mr. J. W. (Lab.)	15,983
Unionist majority ..	240

The following are the figures for the General Election last May:—

Spero, Dr. G. E. (Lab.)	16,190
Cobb, Sir Cyril (U.)	13,979
Gale, G. A. (L.)	5,920
Lab. majority	2,211

The total electorate is 50,610, of whom 27,175 are women. The percentage of the electorate voting was over 63. This is the first Government defeat at a by-election since the General Election.

Sir Cyril Cobb gave the following explanation of his victory:—

Empire Free Trade has appealed to the electorate of West Fulham as it will appeal to the electorate of the country at the next General Election. There has never been within my memory such enthusiasm and interest in any election in West Fulham. This must mean something. The result shows what it meant. Our victory has been largely due to Lord Beaverbrook and outside supporters, but that does not detract from the magnificent work done by our own people in the constituency since the defeat last year.

Mr. Banfield said:—

The fight was hard, clean, and close. We placed the policy of the Government before the people. It is true that free trade versus protection became the dominant issue, and it is evident that many of our Liberal friends abstained from voting because of their anti-Socialist convictions. The only cause for my defeat has been the apathy of my own people. We shall continue to fight, however, and when the next election comes we will once more regain the seat.

ANOTHER BY-ELECTION

CONTEST IN CENTRAL NOTTINGHAM

Sir Albert Bennett, M.P., feels compelled by reasons of health and business to apply for the Chiltern Hundreds, and an immediate by-election will therefore take place in Central Nottingham. It is expected that the writ vacating the seat will be issued on Friday, and the election will take place towards the end of May.

The prospective Conservative candidate is Mr. T. J. O'Connor, K.C., who represented the Luton Division of Bedfordshire in the last Parliament. A formal meeting to adopt him as candidate at the by-election will be held on Friday.

The prospective Labour candidate is Mr. A. E. Waterson, who will have the support of the Cooperative Party. He represented Kettering as a Cooperative from 1918 to 1922. He was once a railway worker in his native town of Derby.

The figures at the General Election last year were:—

Mr. A. J. Bennett (U.)	14,571
Mrs. E. Barton (Lab.) ..	11,573
Mr. A. Brampton (L.) ..	8,735
Unionist majority ..	2,998

Sir Albert Bennett, who was created a baronet in June last year, intimated some months ago that he did not intend to seek re-election.

MEXICO TO DEPORT SOVIET DIPLOMAT

NEW YORK, May 6.—The Mexico City correspondent of the Associated Press reports that Jacob Friedmann, Chargé d'Affaires at the Soviet Embassy since the severance of diplomatic relations between Russia and Mexico some time ago, has been arrested for Communistic activities. It is announced he is to be deported immediately. Friedmann was formerly commercial attaché at the Russian Embassy.—*Reuter.*

THE BUDGET

LIFE POLICIES AND INCOME-TAX

MR. SNOWDEN'S POLICY

WESTMINSTER, TUESDAY

Conservatives are showing increasing unwillingness to accept Mr. Snowden's account of his achievement at The Hague Conference, and his touchiness on the subject led to a sharp passage at question time to-day. He had explained the Government's determination that the amount of the reparations loan to be offered in London should not exceed the amount to be retained by this country—namely, just over 13 per cent. of the whole. SIR LAMING WORTHINGTON-EVANS saw a chance to ask why he had "given away the Spa percentages"—that is, reduced Great Britain's share of reparations as agreed at the Spa Conference. MR. SNOWDEN indignantly retorted that he had not, and motioned his adversary back into his seat with a gesture of intense irritation, which was gleefully mimicked by the Conservatives. He then explained more calmly that our percentage of unconditional reparations would be lower, but our percentage of conditional reparations would be higher within the smaller total adopted in the Young Plan; and he finally promised a White Paper showing exactly the amounts we could expect to receive—a document of which his opponents "could make what use they liked."

LIFE ASSURANCE

More serious trouble followed an eleventh hour discovery, for which credit was due to CAPTAIN BOURNE, that the Budget resolutions proposed to lessen the income-tax rebates granted on life assurance premiums. Under the Finance Act of 1918 premiums on policies taken out before June, 1916, may get relief up to the full standard rate of tax, and premiums on later policies obtain a flat rate relief (up to a certain maximum) of half the standard rate. MR. SNOWDEN proposes to grant relief as though the standard rate were still 4s., instead of 4s. 6d. In reply to CAPTAIN BOURNE'S amendment adding 3d. to the rate of relief, he said that this would mean that smaller incomes out of which premiums were paid might claim back more in relief than they paid in tax.

MR. CHURCHILL meanwhile had perceived that the Budget affected all policies, and burst into the debate with a flaring denunciation of the penalization of thrift, the discouragement of those capital accumulations which guaranteed the payment of death duties, and the breach of a virtual agreement between the State and the insured. It was, he declared, a policy both vicious and short-sighted.

MR. W. GRAHAM made matters rather worse by explaining that only people with over £2,000 a year would be adversely affected, because the greater relief granted by the Budget on the first £250 of income would cancel out the new charges on premiums up to that figure.

THE OLD PRINCIPLE

The Opposition was now in full cry, and SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN severely censured Mr. Snowden for not revealing the extent of his iniquity, although, as MR. SNOWDEN had properly spoken only on the amendment he could hardly have done so. When he was given the chance, by another amendment to prevent any change in the relief granted on policies taken out before June, 1916, his reply was not very reassuring. He was taking only an extra £150,000 a year from only those with incomes over £2,000 who paid premiums of over £237. It was, in fact, his old principle of concentrating taxation on the rich. He ingenuously added that he was not discouraging thrift, because the policies affected had already been taken out. When reminded that they had been taken out upon certain promises of relief, he merely challenged the right of one Parliament to bind its successors. He was deaf to all further appeals, even appeals from the Liberals made by SIR DONALD MACLEAN, and relied wholly on the impression held by the Socialists that this was a good piece of taxation of the capitalist. The result was that the entente, after hurried Liberal consultations within the House, was temporarily dissolved, and the Government majority sank to 30—233 votes to 203.

DEATH DUTIES

The House passed later to the new scale of death duties. CAPTAIN BOURNE and MR. SMITHERS tried to debate the principle of this tax by pointing out that it was inexcusable to make these instalments of a capital levy and use the proceeds as income, particularly when the result was to starve the country of capital, break up landed estates, and encourage the transformation of private into joint stock companies. SIR HUGH O'NEILL argued that the tax was now productive because it was drawing on past accumulations of wealth, but would defeat its own object by preventing such accumulations in future. Other Conservatives, notably LORD CRANBORNE, contended that the tax was part of the policy of town-bred Socialists to ruin the countryside.

MR. SNOWDEN refused to discuss the principle of the tax, which he declared to have been blessed by both Sir Austen Chamberlain and Mr. Churchill. Liberal support caused the defeat of the Conservative attempt to amend the new scales by 252 votes to the deplorably small total of 115.

Finally, both sections of the Opposition combined to criticize the resolution intended to stop evasions of death duties by improper transfer of properties to public companies, but their challenge to the over-wide drafting of resolutions was unsuccessful.

COMMUNIST TROUBLES IN TONGKING

HANOI, TONGKING, May 6.—A band of Communist rebels attacked a concession near Vinh yesterday and killed four natives. They were vigorously pursued by the police, who killed 20 of them, while a score more were wounded and many arrested.—*Reuter.*

COMPANY MEETINGS

Reports of the following meetings appear in our City pages:—

British Power and Light Corporation (1929).
Civil Service Supply Association.
Demodera Tea Company.
Embassy Wine and Club Company.
English and Caledonian Investment Company.
Legal Insurance Company.
London Associated Reinsurance Corporation.
Simo Rubber Estates.
Southern San Paulo Railway.

THE CRISIS IN MALTA

CHURCH AND PRESS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MALTA, MAY 6

Archbishop Caruana, Bishop of Malta, has placed the *Daily Malta Chronicle*, the leading Constitutional newspaper, and *Ix Xemex* (the *Sun*), a Constitutional organ published in Maltese, under ecclesiastical ban, and has forbidden the reading or selling of them under pain of mortal sin. His Grace justifies his action by attributing it to motives evident to whoever has the least Christian sentiment, and adds that if these newspapers continue publication under the same, or different, names and persist in the same tenor, their proprietors, editors, and collaborators will be punished with canonical penalties. The Archbishop warns other editors not to abuse the delicate mission of the journalist.

BISHOPS AND LORD STRICKLAND

MALTA, May 6.—Yesterday's Conference of Bishops, Superiors of Religious Orders and Parish Priests, which met to discuss the situation which has arisen between Church and State, was attended by Archbishop Caruana, but not by the Bishop of Gozo, who was a joint signatory of the Pastoral Letter in which electors were forbidden to vote for Lord Strickland, the head of the Ministry, and his supporters. The letter further instructed the clergy to refuse to administer the Sacrament to those who disobeyed these instructions.

It is understood that at the conference the correct interpretation of this passage of the Pastoral Lotter was discussed, and that it was found that the Pastoral Letter had been misinterpreted by both the clergy and the people. The letter, it was declared, was aimed solely against Lord Strickland, who had "shown impertinence with regard to the Holy See and had adopted a truculent attitude towards the local ecclesiastical authorities." Confessors were free to grant absolution to all those sympathizing with the Constitutional Party, but should withhold absolution from those voting for that party. It was further decided that confessors were not in future to ask penitents to which political party they belonged, as had been done hitherto.—*Reuter.*

MORE UNEMPLOYED

CONTINUANCE OF EASTER STOPPAGES

The Secretary of the Ministry of Labour announces that on April 28 the numbers of persons on the registers of employment exchanges in Great Britain were 1,158,100 wholly unemployed, 447,300 temporarily stopped, and 93,000 normally in casual employment, making a total of 1,698,400. This was 38,087 more than on April 14, the increase being mainly due to the continuance of Easter stoppages, and 534,592 more than a year before. Figures are not available in respect of April 21, 1930 (Easter Monday). The following are details:—

Date	Persons normally in regular employment		Persons normally in casual employment	Total
	Wholly unemployed	Temporarily stopped		
April 28, 1930.				
Men ..	945,100	275,400	90,800	1,211,100
Boys ..	38,000	8,400	200	46,600
Women ..	239,300	153,400	2,300	394,900
Girls ..	35,700	10,100	—	45,800
Total ..	1,158,100	447,300	93,000	1,698,400
April 14, 1930.				
Men ..	843,906	256,842	93,655	1,194,296
Boys ..	31,348	8,177	185	39,710
Women ..	240,705	143,750	2,193	385,628
Girls ..	31,789	8,872	21	40,682
Total ..	1,147,338	416,421	96,054	1,660,313
April 29, 1929.				
Men ..	643,945	184,785	78,349	907,079
Boys ..	32,036	5,566	83	37,685
Women ..	119,423	64,128	1,080	184,631
Girls ..	29,000	3,403	10	32,413
Total ..	824,404	259,882	79,522	1,163,808

THE WOOL TEXTILE DISPUTE

EMPLOYERS TO REOPEN WORKS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRADFORD, MAY 6

A further development in the wages dispute between employers and operatives in the wool textile industry is foreshadowed for to-morrow morning by the statement by Mr. Arthur Shaw, the operatives' secretary. He said that operatives in the woolcombing section had received communications informing them that the firms were satisfied that a considerable number of operatives desired to return to work, and that it had, therefore, been decided to reopen works on Wednesday morning at the new rates. The operatives' executive had requested the workpeople to ignore such communications.

Mr. Shaw still adheres to the estimate he gave last week that there are 60,000 operatives withdrawn, and is of opinion that the acceptances of the invitation will be very few. It is undoubtedly the fact that many combing firms for various reasons have not until now tried to reopen.

GENERAL ELECTION IN CANADA

POLLING IN JUNE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, MAY 6

An early dissolution of Parliament is announced. Polling day is not fixed, but it will probably be in the middle of June.

A report of the debate on the Budget will be found on page 15.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT

The Duke of Connaught arrived at Victoria Station yesterday on his return to London from the Riviera. He was met by Lord De La Warr (Lord in Waiting) on behalf of the King and Queen, and others present were Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught, Lady Patricia Ramsay, Sir Malcolm Murray, Colonel Douglas Gordon, and Major Wickham.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Mr. Snowden stated yesterday, in reply to questions in the House of Commons, that he did not at present intend to raise the rate of interest to depositors in the Post Office Savings Bank and in trustee savings banks. He believed that the pledge given by Lord Arnold at the last election was that the matter would be considered, and it had been considered.

POLITICAL NOTES

CONSUMERS' COUNCIL BILL

CONSERVATIVE MOTION FOR REJECTION

The Trade and Industry Committee of the Conservative Party met at the House of Commons last night under the chairmanship of Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister to consider the Consumers' Council Bill, the second reading of which Mr. Graham, the President of the Board of Trade, will move to-morrow. It was agreed that the most strenuous opposition must be offered to the Bill at every stage, and later the following reasoned amendment for rejection was handed in in the names of Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister, who will move it, Major Tryon, Mr. Stuart Bevan, Mr. Culverwell, Captain A. Hudson, Major Salmon, Mr. West Russell, Mr. Oliver Stanley, Major Harvey, Mr. O. Lewis, Mr. Ramsbotham, and Mr. Womersley:—

That this House, while prepared where necessary to give to an authoritative and independent tribunal adequate powers of investigation and report on prices of articles of food of general consumption or other essential commodities, declines to give a second reading to a Bill which creates an arbitrary and bureaucratic power to fix prices over a wide and indefinite range of commodities, the effect of which must be detrimental to the interests of producers and consumers alike.

While there is little doubt that the Liberal Party at its meeting to-day will accept the advice of its Industrial Committee not to oppose the second reading, many Liberal members are undoubtedly profoundly disturbed by some of the proposals in the Bill, and they will insist upon drastic amendments if the Government decide to proceed with the measure.

This year's conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union will be held in London from July 16 to July 21, and it is expected that 40 Parliaments will be represented by about 1,000 delegates. The meetings will be held in the Royal Gallery of the House of Lords, and the subjects for discussion will include the relation of the Kellogg Pact to the Covenant; the limitation and reduction of armaments, arbitration, and the possibility of more effective economic cooperation in Europe. M. Bouisson, President of the French Chamber, will preside over the conference. The King has promised to receive the heads of the delegations at Buckingham Palace, and all the members of the conference will be invited to visit Windsor Castle. Receptions are to be held at the House of Commons and at Guildhall.

Mr. Baldwin will visit St. Andrews next week-end to fulfil a number of engagements connected with his installation as Chancellor of the University, which will take place at 2.15 on Saturday. In the evening the University will entertain Mr. Baldwin at dinner; on Sunday he will attend service in the Church of the Holy Trinity and read one of the lessons, and on Monday morning he will receive the freedom of the city. Mr. Baldwin, who will be accompanied by Mrs. Baldwin and Sir Geoffrey Fry, will return to London on Tuesday.

Arrangements have been made for the setting up of a Select Committee of the House of Commons to go into the question of shop assistants' conditions. The terms of reference have been widely drawn, so that it will be possible to explore the whole field of hours and other conditions of service.

The promoters of the Tolls Bill, which enables highway authorities to take over bridges and highways on which tolls are charged, have decided not to proceed further with the measure because the Minister of Transport proposes to deal with the question in the Road Traffic Bill. In these circumstances the Canal Boats Bill will be the first order before the House of Commons on Friday.

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Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	2.30 & 8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	THE MULBERRY BUSH	8.40
Daly's	A SONG OF SIXPENCE	2.30 & 8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	2.30 & 8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	2.30 & 8.15
Duke of York's	SUSPENSE	2.30 & 8.30
Everyman	THE GLEN IS MINE	8..5
Gaiety	DARLING, I LOVE YOU	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	B. J. ONE	2.30 & 8.40
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	2.30 & 8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	2.30 & 8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	2.30 & 8.30
Kingsway	HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR	2.30 & 8.30
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	THE CALENDAR	2.30 & 8.15
Lyric	DEBONAIR	2.30 & 8.30
Lyric, Hammersmith	SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER	2.30 & 8.29
New	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Palace	HEADS UP!	2.30 & 8.15
Piccadilly	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	2.30 & 8.15
Prince Edward	RIO RITA	2.30 & 8.15
Prince of Wales	JOURNEY'S END	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Queen's	THE APPLE CART	2.30 & 8.15
Royalty	OUR OSTRICHES	8.30
St. James's	MICHAEL AND MARY	2.30 & 8.30
St. Martin's	HONOURS EASY	8.30
Savoy	THE DAMASK ROSE	8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
The Old Vic	MACBETH	7.30
Vaudeville	DOWN OUR STREET	8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	2.30 & 8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	2.30 & 8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's Theatre	3 & 8
Palladium	6.30 & 9

CONCERTS

Æolian Hall	MR. CHARLES SOUPER	8.15
Grotrian Hall	MR. HARRY FIELD	8.30
Queen's Hall	BUDAPEST MALE VOICE CHOIR	8.30
Wigmore Hall	MISS MARGA STELLA	8.45

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra

THE TIMES

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1930

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate north-easterly to northerly winds; mainly fair; cool; ground frost locally inland at night.

Further Outlook for the British Isles.—Cool generally fair in the South; doubtful in the North. (p. 18)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

A scheme for supplying electricity to East England has been completed by the Electricity Commissioners, and has been forwarded to the Central Electricity Board for adoption. (p. 13)

At the second day's conference of the United Textile Factory Workers' Association at Blackpool a resolution to form one union for the trade was defeated; but it was decided to form a closer federation. (p. 9)

The Private Bill Committee of the House of Commons which has been considering the London County Council (Charing Cross Bridge) Bill yesterday rejected the Bill. (p. 11)

Mr. J. T. Brownlie, president of the Amalgamated Engineering Union, in his presidential address to the National Committee of the Union at Manchester yesterday, said that conditions were arising under which there had got to be a reduction in the hours of labour, but they could not get any further reduction of hours apart from safeguarding. (p. 9)

An Oxford University expedition to Lapland is being organized. (p. 18)

The appointment of Mr. Douglas Veale as Registrar of Oxford University has been approved by Congregation. (p. 18)

At yesterday's session of the conference at Belfast of the Union of Post Office Workers it was decided to revise the benefits of the Mutual Benefit Society of the union in order to restore its financial stability. (p. 9)

Mr. Hugh Elliot, critic and writer on philosophy and an authority on the game of bridge, was killed in an aeroplane accident at Hampton yesterday. (pp. 16 and 18)

The Prime Minister yesterday laid the foundation-stone of a new reference library in Manchester. (p. 13)

The Bournemouth Borough Council yesterday decided to purchase Hengistbury Head for preservation as an open space. (p. 13)

The Royal Horticultural Society's Fortnightly Show opened in the new hall in Greycoat-street, Westminster, yesterday. (p. 19)

At Sotheby's an official transcript of the Thirteenth (Anti-Slavery) Amendment, signed by Abraham Lincoln and other members of Congress, December 5, 1864, fetched £1,500. (p. 13)

A naval tattoo, to mark the centenary of the opening of the Naval Gunnery School at Portsmouth, will take place at Whale Island from July 24 to 30. (p. 13)

POLITICS

In the House of Lords yesterday the Anglo-Russian Commercial Agreement was discussed. (p. 8)

In the House of Commons the Budget resolutions relating to life assurance premiums and the death duties were agreed to on the Report stage. (pp. 8 and 9)

A Conservative amendment for the rejection of the Consumers' Council Bill will be moved to-morrow, when the measure will come before the House of Commons for second reading. (p. 16)

Polling took place in West Fulham yesterday and resulted in a victory for Sir Cyril Cobb, the Unionist candidate. (p. 16)

COURT AND PERSONAL

The King drove to Newmarket yesterday for the first Spring Meeting. It was the twentieth anniversary of his accession, and salutes were fired in London and at naval ports. (p. 16)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

Disorders occurred in Delhi and Howrah, Calcutta, yesterday, arising out of demonstrations against the arrest of Mr. Gandhi. In both instances the police fired on the mobs. In Delhi the victims of the rioting numbered 50, most of whom were seriously injured. Trains running out of Howrah were stoned, and at several points the telegraph wires were cut. (p. 16)

Indignation is expressed in Madrid at the action of the police in firing on students on Monday. Seville University has been closed. (p. 15)

Great loss of life and damage to property has been caused by earthquake in Burma. At Pegu 1,000 lives are reported to have been lost; at Rangoon the casualties are put at 50 killed and 200 injured. (p. 16)

Archbishop Caruana, Bishop of Malta, has placed an ecclesiastical ban on the *Malta Daily Chronicle* and another Constitutionalist newspaper, *Ix Xemex*, published in Maltese, and has forbidden the selling or reading of them by the faithful under pain of mortal sin. (p. 16)

At the request of the British and Iraqi Governments, Sir Hilton Young is going to Baghdad to advise the Iraqi Government on urgent questions concerning finance. (p. 15)

LAW

Summary of Law Cases will be found on page 5.

SPORT

The Newmarket First Spring Meeting was begun yesterday. (p. 6)

The Australians' match with Leicestershire was abandoned yesterday, and owing to the bad weather there was no play in three other matches; Yorkshire beat the M.C.C. at Lord's by seven wickets and Surrey beat Worcestershire at the Oval in an innings. (p. 7)

Ireland beat Monaco in the first round of the Davis Cup competition at Dublin yesterday. (p. 6)

The America Walker Cup golf team arrived in London yesterday; the English players from whom the team to meet Scotland at St. Andrews will be picked were announced yesterday. (p. 7)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—Important New Issues; Philips' Lamp Issue; Rhodesian Railway Debentures; a Trust Company's Issue; Increase in the Floating Debt; Delayed Company Accounts; Rubber Profits and Dividends; and the Accounts of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company. (p. 21)

In the Money Market both loan and discount rates hardened slightly. Of the £837,000 of bar gold in the bullion market France took £515,000 and Germany £208,000, the price being 84s. 11½d. per oz. Silver declined 1-16d. to 19½d. The New York exchange moved against sterling, declining to $4.86. Italian lire were bid for, and the Belgian exchange also moved adversely to London. The greater part of an early fall in Spanish currency was recovered before the close. (p. 22)

On the Stock Exchange yesterday the tendency remained weak, lower prices being established for gilt-edged securities and a large number of Industrial shares. Tin and Rubber shares were affected by the lowness of commodity prices. There was support for Rhodesian Copper shares. The Anglo-American Industrial group was steadier. (p. 21)

THE SUDAN

There is no longer any concealment of the difficulties that have attended the negotiations with Egypt. Their resumption after the Easter Recess, and the delay caused by the absurd episode of the belated courier, did not bring the delegates any nearer to agreement. Unacceptable proposals were made; they were returned with amendments to their proposers, who in turn found the amendments unacceptable, and so the negotiations threatened to expire in an increasing atmosphere of boredom. Last night, however, there was greater promise of agreement, and it is now hoped that the Egyptian delegates will accept an offer which they can only refuse at considerable risk to their political reputation. When they left Cairo they knew perfectly well that the Mahmud-Henderson proposals had been described by MR. HENDERSON at the time of their publication as the "extreme limit" of British concession. They must have realized that, while changes in form might be accepted by HIS MAJESTY'S Government, there was no question about the maintenance of the essential conditions of the Draft Treaty. Unfortunately their sweeping victory in the General Election appears to have inspired the Wafdist leaders with excessive confidence. Against the advice of friends, who urged them first to prove their political and administrative capacity in Egypt, they hurriedly decided to open negotiations at the first possible moment and prepared fresh proposals constituting material encroachments upon the substance of the Draft Treaty. Most of these proposals have now been withdrawn in the face of MR. HENDERSON'S refusal to surrender more than details. Thus an attempt to restrict the area "to the east of "longitude 32deg. E.," where the British force in Egypt was to be stationed, first to an unhealthy port and next to a dismal sand-pit, received no quarter from any member of the British delegation. But there is one vital question on which the Egyptian delegates long refused to withdraw their proposals and on which the negotiations may still break down—the question of the Sudan.

The chief difficulty which has confronted MR. HENDERSON and his colleagues throughout has been the attitude adopted by the Egyptian delegates towards the political status of the Sudan. They refused to recognize the agreement of 1899, establishing an Anglo-Egyptian condominium over the Sudan, as having more than an administrative bearing; in other words they claimed that Egyptian sovereignty over the Sudan was undivided. The claim was the foundation of a series of grotesque demands—including parity between British and Egyptian officials in all branches of the Sudanese administration and the return of the Egyptian troops to that country—and these demands have been defended by a wealth of arguments to which the Wafdist newspapers have lately given prominence. It is claimed, for example, that the Sudan is the necessary outlet for Egyptian emigration, and that the increasing density of the population of Egypt presents a problem which can only be solved by allowing Egyptians the fullest freedom of entry into the country. If freedom of emigration were all that the Wafdist Party demanded its claims could easily be met. Though the fellaheen show little readiness to leave the fleshpots of their country for the hot and forbidding "land of the Blacks," Egypt is in practice already on the same footing in this respect as any other nationality. Egyptians may and sometimes do acquire land in the Sudan. But the real motive behind the demand was an unreflecting and youthful nationalism. Though the Egyptian Government has received the fullest guarantees from this country as to security of the water supply of Egypt, an important section of the Wafdist Party, on the strength of the fact that the Nile passes through the Sudan, has urged the delegates to support the claim to Egyptian sovereignty over the whole of that vast territory, and to demand a division—equal for the present, less equal perhaps in the future—of all administrative posts among British and Egyptian officials. It was all very logical granting certain premises—such as the principle (not yet recognized by jurists) that economic dependence upon a river justifies a claim to political ownership of its entire basin. But from the standpoint of international law the argument is untenable. Pressed to its natural conclusion it would justify a claim to Abyssinia, the source of the most important branch of the Nile. Applied to its relations between Great Britain and Egypt it is quite unacceptable, since it is based upon a misreading or a forgetfulness of recent history, and entirely neglects the Sudanese as a possible factor in the future of their own country.

The recent history of the Sudan entirely justifies the refusal of the British delegates to entertain any claims that are based upon such arguments. While the Wafdist Ministers who now govern Egypt are no doubt animated by a genuine desire to establish permanently friendly relations with this country, it can never be forgotten that with the advent of the first Wafdist Government in 1924 a systematic campaign of anti-British propaganda was started in the Sudan. In spite of warnings the agitation continued until it led to military mutinies. The conversations between MR. MACDONALD and ZAGHLUL PASHA in the autumn of that year were abortive. To MR. MACDONALD'S insistence that there could be no question of an abandonment by Great Britain of the responsibilities which she had contracted for the good government of the Sudan, in the interests of its inhabitants, ZAGHLUL PASHA retorted by demanding a British withdrawal from the country. The subsequent murder of SIR LEE STACK, the Governor-General of the Sudan, had as its consequence the removal of the Egyptian troops from the Sudan and the substitution of Sudanese officials for a number of Egyptian employees who were known to have conspired against the British Administration. Since their departure the country has been at peace, and there is, to state the British case plainly, no reason why that peace should be endangered by the acceptance of the demands which have been put forward by the Egyptian delegation, demands which would be unjust to British and to Sudanese officers and officials. The Wafdist leaders need have no fears that the water supply of Egypt will be endangered, or that the Sudan will be closed to Egyptian traders and immigrants, while an allied British Government controls it. Their desire for a lasting understanding between Egypt and Great Britain is reciprocated in this country. But they have no right at all to ask for a blank political cheque where the Sudan is concerned, and on that issue there can be no question of compromise.

Two Problems in Education

Churchpeople whose opinions are likely to carry most weight with their representatives in Parliament have on the whole given a favourable reception to the proposals for the solution of what used rather strangely to be called the religious question. The White Paper containing these proposals was issued nearly a fortnight ago, and since then a number of views have been expressed. A majority among them confirm the statement expressed in these columns on the day of their publication that "a definite "step has been taken towards the improvement "of our national system of education." Naturally this confirmation is not unanimous. The proposals were described officially as a compromise. For that reason they have been condemned automatically by those responsible for the policy of the Roman Church in this country. Rome does not compromise. Her policy is, at all events officially, *semper eadem*. The fact that from this particular quarter the reception of the proposals has been unsympathetic may be taken as a matter of course, but it does not imply the probability that any subsequent proposals consistent with what she holds to be her interests will be ruled out in advance. However this may be, Roman Catholic schools which can be offered any inducement to reconstruct themselves with a view to entering into the new national system are comparatively few in number. And it would be fatal to any harmonious settlement, which is the only settlement worth having, if the opinion gained ground that Roman Catholic schools could only move forward at the sacrifice of principle.

Among Anglicans there is opposition to the proposals in the quarters where it might be expected, but a warm and influential welcome elsewhere. The Church of England, as a National Church, stands of course in an entirely different position from any other religious body in the country, and there is little substance in the fear lest its influence should be surrendered in return for a grant of money. Under the proposals some non-provided schools are offered the opportunity of taking their place in the coming reconstruction of British education. And the inducement, it is true, is largely financial; but what other practical inducement can be offered? In return the local authorities take over the duty of choosing and appointing the teachers. Herein lies the difficulty with those who mistrust the local authorities and predict that they may appoint teachers of different religious beliefs, or of none, to schools in which the faith of the National Church, or of other sects, has hitherto been taught. No doubt even among members of local authorities there may be fools who think that such persecution can be effective, but there cannot be many of them. It is years and years since what used to be known as secular education had any effective support in this country. "Schools "without GOD," in the Russian phrase, was never a serious policy in England, and to-day such a policy is almost unthinkable. This being so, it is worth suggesting to opponents of the plunge, and to those who are hesitating on the brink, that they consider whether in the true interests of religion they ought not to come in.

In political circles the reception given to the religious proposals has been the more closely watched because it has become evident that they are related to the prospects of the School Attendance Bill. The slow progress, if progress it can be called, of that Bill is causing serious anxiety to its real friends; and it is idle to deny that progress is being delayed by the friends of those who introduced it into Parliament. At first the delay was explained by the alleged absence of Parliamentary time; but this argument deceived no one. As a former Archbishop said to a curate who made the same excuse, "You have all the time there is." Agreed Bills can pass all their stages in a few hours; but they must be agreed. Next it was hinted that the local authorities ought to wait till the necessary Bill for enacting the religious proposals can be grafted on to the Attendance Bill. It would certainly be convenient if the two sets of proposals were passed together; but, if one of them is allowed to hold up the other till all opposition to both has died away, why not fix the Greek Kalends as the appointed day? The truth is, and the Government must know it, that the main opposition to the Attendance Bill comes from some of their supporters who do not like what is called the means test for maintenance grants. It is difficult to believe that this opposition is a real menace to the Bill, which has too many friends in all parties, and not lowest among the party in power, for it to be endangered by those who cannot grasp what continued education means. The sooner the appointed day for the new policy can be made known to the local authorities, the sooner its great and national benefits will take effect.

Charing Cross

The Charing Cross Bill promoted by the London County Council is dead. It has been rejected by the Private Bill Committee of the House of Commons because the County Council could not see their way to suggest any position for the new Southern Railway station but the Lion Brewery site, close to the bridgehead and the river. On that rock the Bill has foundered. Although the Council had been warned by SIR HENRY CAUTLEY that the Committee could not agree to the choice of this particular site, on the ground that it would stop the development of Lambeth, they have decided, after the further investigations which they were asked to carry out, that no other site is practicable. SIR LYNDEN MACASSEY stated yesterday on their behalf that the scheme of the Bill was incomparably the best of all that had come under review—from the standpoint of cost, street traffic, railway passengers' convenience, omnibus and railway interchange facilities, and the practicability of dignified architectural treatment. They are more than ever convinced, he said, that it is the only scheme that meets satisfactorily what they regard as the fundamental requirements of the case. As to that there may be, and of course there are, more than one opinion. The Committee, as SIR HENRY CAUTLEY pointed out, have not heard the case of the Bill's opponents. But, after listening carefully to the case for the County Council, they remained, he said, of the opinion that to put the station where the Council propose would be a blot on the scheme which they could not accept. At the same time, in order not to prejudice the carrying out of a scheme for a new bridge, he suggested that the Bill might be withdrawn so as to facilitate its coming before a fresh Committee in another Session; and it was only when this proposal had been declined that the Bill was finally rejected.

The next step is a matter of national importance. The Committee, though they have felt obliged to reject the official scheme, are still of the opinion that the construction of this bridge across the river would be an immense improvement to the City of London. They believe that such a bridge will be made, and will be suitably made. That belief will be widely shared. For the moment the scheme for a new Charing Cross Bridge has broken down for one reason, and for one reason only. The responsible Committee appointed by the House of Commons would certainly not have rejected a measure to which the House had given a second reading if they had thought that the Bill as it stands was the only possible means of carrying out the great enterprise on the eventual necessity for which practically every one is agreed. "We think," said their Chairman, "that something better can be "done." To find that better way, and to find it quickly, is a task in which the authors, as well as the critics, of the scheme now discarded should all be ready to join, building together upon the experience gained in these months and years of patient inquiry and suggestion. It can be done, and London ought to do it.

By Time's Fell Hand Defaced

A few days ago the RECTOR of HIGH LAVER in Essex wrote of the dilapidation of some tombs in his churchyard, among them those of JOHN LOCKE and of the MASHAM family; and his letter has called forth from MRS. ARUNDELL ESDAILE a plea for greater care generally of the monuments in churches and churchyards. Of these monuments many are good and some are fine examples of English art. It is not yet many years since on that account they would have been considered (historical interest apart) as deserving of neglect or even of destruction. All the sculptors and all the statuary which MRS. ESDAILE'S researches have brought back into knowledge and esteem date from a period after that of Gothic architecture and Gothic monuments. And little more than half a century ago nothing but Gothic was held to be of any value in a church. There had been a strong revulsion from the opinion of the seventeenth and the eighteenth century, which had chipped off the Crusader's nose and carved names on his lady's robe. The nineteenth century in revenge cherished the Crusader, and made faces at the urns, scythes, hour-glasses, cherubs, rosettes, wigs, togas and breastplates, weeping willows and weeping ladies, which were the trappings and the suits of Tudor, Stuart, and Georgian woe. It has remained for the twentieth century to feel its way towards the truth that, up to a point, every age has the right to express itself in its place of worship and especially through its memorials, and that a "Gothic "revival" can work as much havoc as the "broils" that "root out the work of masonry," or the most dandified affectations of "the "polite."

It is pretty generally agreed that those English works of art are too good to be "un-"swept stone besmear'd with sluttish time"; but the very elaborateness of their detail makes them the more subject to decay and the more difficult and expensive to keep in repair. Dilapidation has not yet ceased to be a word of fear, unpleasing to a parson's ear; and, since his churchyard is probably defaced with one or two monstrous masses of brick and plaster mouldering away lopsided within iron railings, he shudders at the thought of being asked to come to the rescue of anything dilapidated outside his parsonage house and glebe, even of a good monument to a memorable man. Restorations, again, would be a heavy burden on offertories for church expenses. And families die out, or become impoverished, or forget the tombs of their forefathers. It is hard to see how adequate restoration can be made of monuments that are already far gone; but for the stitches in time that will save nine MRS. ESDAILE makes a suggestion which has all the charm of fitness. It is that local masons should be invited to do what, doubtless, some are doing already, and that is to make at their own expense from time to time such small repairs as will stop decay. Among the members of the ancient and honourable craft there must be many with a care for church and parish like that of THOMAS HARDY'S father; and they doubtless know that of the artists who made these monuments some of the best were content to be called simply "masons." It is not easy to make a living nowadays; and too much must not be expected from people whose power to do voluntary service may not equal their good will. But here a little and there a little would be better than complete neglect; and the example might soon spread.

NERVOUS SUFFERERS

MORE FACILITIES FOR TREATMENT

FUNCTIONS OF MEDICAL PSYCHOLOGY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—If a public confession can promote the success of an appeal for money, may I make mine in support of the proposed Institute of Medical Psychology?

For 20 years or more it was my duty to examine and advise medical out-patients in several London hospitals. Two or three afternoons of every week during that period were occupied in diagnosing a variety of diseases and disorders and in arranging as far as was possible for the appropriate treatment of the patients. The latter could be divided into two classes—those suffering from organic diseases, such as tuberculosis, rheumatism, cancer, or paralysis, and those suffering from so-called functional nervous disorders, better called minor mental disorders. While the victims of organic disease, many of whom were beyond hope of recovery, received adequate care and attention, the patients suffering from functional nervous disorders, the large majority of whom were capable of being restored to health, were comparatively neglected. This is my confession, one which must hover near the lips of every physician who has attempted to meet the inordinate demands of a crowded out-patient department in a general hospital.

What a confession! Is there anything to be said to make such neglect appear less criminal? It is useless to urge that the neglected patients were only cases of "nerves," of "imaginary illness," of "neurasthenia," of "phobia," and the like. We know that such labels indicate a measure of mental suffering and disability greater than can be laid to the account of organic disease, and we know that such labels proclaim not only the possibility but the probability of recovery in response to special treatment. But the remedy does not lie in a dose of physic, quickly prescribed, or in an operation, skilfully carried out; it needs patient and prolonged search for its discovery, sympathy and understanding for its administration.

And how can a physician in the general clinic of a hospital, surrounded by students, even if he has the training and aptitude for the task, give the time and intimate attention required by the neurasthenic? For those who understand this great problem there is perhaps no more pathetic sight in any of our great cities than the weekly pilgrimage of nervous patients to their hospitals—for a bottle of medicine.

The charitable public are always ready to endow any efforts to discover a cure for cancer. For every case of cancer in our midst there must be 50 of minor mental disorder, the means of relieving which are known. Is it too much to ask of the charitable public that the necessary treatment shall be available for all? The late Sir Ernest Cassel recognized this crying need when he founded the Cassel Hospital for Functional Nervous Disorders at Penshurst, and the Tavistock-square Clinic has made a brave pioneer effort to tackle the problem in London, but without very large additions to its funds thousands of sufferers must still be neglected.

The establishment of an Institute of Medical Psychology is fully justified on scientific and economic grounds; it is urgently demanded for humanitarian reasons by all who have the mental welfare of the community at heart.

I am, Sir, &c.,
E. FARQUHAR BUZZARD.

Oxford, May 6.

MONUMENTS IN CHURCHES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The Rector of High Laver has raised in your columns a point of no small interest. The condition of many of our monuments is, indeed, a serious matter, and one which diocesan authorities, now alive to the importance of our parish records, would do well to consider.

The commonest form of dilapidation, and that most easily remedied, is the dropping of rosettes, urns, lamps, and other small ornaments from the arches or cornices of sixteenth and seventeenth century monuments. These, for a time, are usually placed on the tomb itself, but are too often ultimately cleared away as litter. A dab of new plaster, and they would be secure for centuries.

Sometimes the damage is more serious. A cornice or supporting pillar may crack or give way; a corner of a slab be broken across; a portion of an effigy be knocked off—it is rare indeed that an attempt is made to mend it. Within the last two months I have been asked whether any society would assist in reassembling and setting up one of the most interesting monuments in South London, dismembered over a century ago on the rebuilding of the church; I am informed that it is useless to seek help from outside quarters. Yet these monuments are works of art of the highest interest, often by great Englishmen whose identity is only now beginning to emerge. If an Italian masterpiece were found neglected in a village church the outcry would be loud indeed; our own native art is surely worthy of more care than we bestow on it. Cannot an appeal be made to local masons to give an hour or two to local monuments, where minor repairs alone are in question? The *Stone Trades Journal* has recently shown its interest in the subject by a request to reprint a recent lecture on these monuments given at the Royal Society of Arts; could not the Archdeaconries get into touch with representatives of the trade and ask leave to appeal to its local members for help such as this? The difficulty is that monuments are apt to be looked upon not as works of art but as part of the fittings of an English parish church. We, as a nation, have borne hunger, fatigue, and bad air hour after hour to gaze on Italian masterpieces; did we realize that English masterpieces lie all about us we should do something for their preservation.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
KATHARINE A. ESDAILE.

50, Lansdowne-road, W.11.

OLD ST. MARYLEBONE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The following notice in your issue of April 29 must fill many with regret:—

"The rector and churchwardens of the parish of St. Marylebone give notice of their intention, with a view to the provision of increased playground accommodation for the use of St. Marylebone Schools, to apply for a licence or faculty to enable them to convert a disused churchyard into a playground."

The old Parish Church, or Chapel as it is now called, of St. Marylebone may not be architecturally interesting, but its position in the old High-street, surrounded by its tiny graveyard where trees and flowers can still flourish, and where lie the remains of Charles Wesley, the saintly brother of the more vehement John, and many noted parishioners of a past century, make the proposed alteration very repugnant. This spot is visited each year by English-speaking people from overseas as the scene of Lord Byron's baptism and the original of Hogarth's "Industrious Apprentice at Church."

Some of us who live in Marylebone find it difficult to see any necessity for additional playing ground for children who are only at school from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. and who all live within half a mile of Regent's Park, where they can play on the grass and unsurrounded by houses and tombstones.

I enclose my card and claim to be,
A LOVER OF OLD MARYLEBONE.

SUICIDE HATS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The new season's fashions would seem to include the revival of a type of feminine headgear which, however picturesque it may be, involves a serious danger to both motorists and pedestrians. I refer to that species of hat of which the brim, drooping on each side of the wearer's face, provides her with an effective pair of "blinkers" and so prevents her from seeing the traffic other than that which is directly in front of her when she crosses the street. On two different occasions I have seen ladies wearing these hats and stepping off the near-side kerb knocked down by cars approaching them from the right.

Further, as a motorist, I can assert that if a driver can clearly see the eyes and face of a pedestrian about to cross the roadway he is generally able to divine what the pedestrian's intentions are and to be ready to shape his course accordingly.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,
D. SAPTE, Colonel.

6, Richmond Bridge Mansions, Twickenham.

THE VICEROY ON THE FRONTIER

VISIT TO HILL TRIBES

BY AIR TO WANA

The Viceroy has recently returned to Simla from a tour of the North-West Frontier. He left Peshawar on April 8 by road for Parachinar and visited Razmak and Wana; he flew to Miramshah, the Malakand, and the Swat Valley.

(From a Correspondent at Simla)

In spite of a series of knocks upon her door such as no other country has ever had to suffer, it is still with reluctance and only intermittently that India has been brought to recognize that she has a frontier, which it is somebody's duty to maintain, and to draw from the fact of its existence the obvious conclusion that somewhere must lurk a frontier problem not altogether easy of solution. Those, however, whose business it is to make and keep this land fit for Gandhis to live in cannot afford to share that attitude.

The Viceroy had ample justification for making a second visit to the North-West Frontier Province to study the problems of that fascinating region on the spot. The tour was an immense success. Alike by the leading Khans of the Province in Peshawar, by the Turi elders, and by the innumerable Maliks of Waziristan, by the rulers of Dir and Swat as well as by their subjects, by Afridi heads of clans, and by the people everywhere, the warmest welcome was extended to their Excellencies. This was not merely in keeping

with Pathan traditions of hospitality; nor is it to be taken only as a tribute to the personal reputation which Lord and Lady Irwin enjoy, even in places where salt is made and pots are broken. It means more and may be interpreted as connoting a considerable measure of general satisfaction with the existing order of things, and a determination to maintain it in the face of subversive influences.

On the first day of arrival in Peshawar the omens seemed altogether unpropitious. Unseasonable cold, torrential rain, adverse weather reports, and tales of sodden aerodromes made the odds seem long against the fulfilment of the arduous programme which had been drawn up. But nothing could cast a gloom over the spirits of the large and representative gathering invited by the Chief Commissioner and Lady Bolton to meet the distinguished visitors and enjoy the hospitality for which Government House at Peshawar is justly renowned. The ball room was thronged with guests—British officers, civil and military, Nawabs, Khans and Raises, all filled with the true frontier spirit of cheeriness and glad to see one another as well as to welcome those in whose honour they were gathered together.

Next morning the outlook seemed worse than ever; but the party started at the appointed time for Parachinar. The first item of interest was a visit to the arms factories of the Kohat Pass, where the spirit of Heath Robinson seems to have been let loose, and yet the products are a wonderfully good imitation of scientific manufacture. Beyond Kohat the rain came down again and the drive through the beautiful Miranzai valley to Thal was shorn of its usual delights. Thal, with its outlook upon the hills of Waziristan, its river and its bridge, its new fort rapidly approaching completion, and its rather intimate reminiscences of King Nadir Shah, gave food for reflection as well as for the eye—to say nothing of more material food for the body. Having bidden farewell to their hosts of the 52nd Sikhs their Excellencies resumed their journey up the Kurram valley, still under drizzling clouds. But they were warmly greeted at various points along the road, and there were cheering crowds at Parachinar.

WHERE ROBERTS FOUGHT

An interview with the Turi Maliks and a visit to the Peiwar Kotal, the scene of Lord Roberts's first victory, and to the frontier post of Kharlachi were all that weather made possible next day. But late that evening came a sudden and dramatic change in the weather. By midnight under the moon all the glories of the Safed Koh stood revealed in majesty, and stars shone from a clear sky. And who shall tell of the glory of the morning, when the sun shone and larks sang and on every side could be felt the recurring miracle of spring? But those who were making the Waziristan trip with Lord Irwin—Lady Irwin stayed as the guest of the Political Agent in Parachinar—were not without qualms when they stepped from their cars on the Arawali aerodrome. Hinaidis are heavy things and require firm ground to take off from. There, however, the Hinaidi was, with its attendant fleet of Wapitis, and where an aeroplane can land thence it can rise.

The big machine sailed over Thal, past Shewa and Spinwam to make a perfect landing at Miram Shah. A guard of honour from the Tochi Scouts, rivalling in physique and smartness that from the Kurram Militia which he had just quitted, was drawn up in honour of the Viceroy. One big frontier post, with aeroplane station attached, is somewhat like another. One could not help rubbing one's eyes and wondering how the hare felt when he kept on finding tortoises at every stage in his course. However, the tortoises of Miram Shah did not lack animation, and when the party left by car for Razmak after luncheon every member of it was glad that they were to return next day and see some more of the Tochi Scouts.

Those who have had control of policy in Waziristan can point to one remarkable fact. All the way from Miram Shah to Razmak Narai, a distance of nearly 50 miles, across the Chashmai stream and the broad Tochi valley, up to Chinakai and down to the Sarobi plains, little and big, up again to the Dizh Narai and so past Asad Khel into the Khaisora, over the Long Raghza to Razani and on up into the Khaperai Algad—the valley of the Good Fairy—there is now only one Scout post at Dosalli and not one single regular soldier. For the rest, the Wazir Khassadars, like the British Navy on the seas, see to it that under God's providence those who go to and fro on their lawful occasions do so in safety and without fear.

Razmak now has red roofs, and from any of the hillocks round makes a cheerful spot of red colour amid the green and grey of its surroundings. But, as the Hellenic sage remarked many centuries ago, it is not walls nor buildings

which make a city, nor even red roofs, but the men who dwell there. Judged by this standard Razmak need fear no comparison. The column which it can put out in time of need marched past before the Viceroy and seemed an embodiment of efficiency. Then back to Miram Shah by road again that afternoon. Then a march past of the Tochi Scouts; a jirga with the assembled Wazir and Daur Maliks; a game of polo between the Viceregal staff and the Scouts Officers, both sides mounted on sturdy M.I. ponies whose hooves spurned the flying stones of the parade ground as they had been the asphodel of the Elysian Fields.

The next day was the Viceroy's busiest day. An early start by air from Miram Shah and a wonderful trip over Razmak, down the Takki Zam Valley to Sararogha, and thence right-handed across the innermost recesses of Mahsud country past Kaniguram to the head of the Baddar valley, across the Khaisora to a landing on the Wana plain outside the perimeter camp in which the Wana Brigade has established itself.

Wana—where once, before the Durand Line was drawn, a stripling who afterwards became the Amir Abdur Rahman took refuge from dynastic rivals; where later, when that line came to be drawn, Mulla Powinda brought down the Mahsud host upon the British Boundary Commissioner's escort and the sword of the Abdur Rahman Khel very nearly got even with the bayonet and the kukri; where Harman did his life's work and perished by the hand of an assassin; where in the aftermath of the Third Afghan War, when the evacuation took place, the local tribesmen thought that the end of the British Raj had come and all ties were swept away in a welter of blood and perfidy—Wana is a place of stones and stories, an Aceldama, not perhaps a place for Viceroys to linger in. So once again the great Hinaidi, with its attendants, rose bird-like from the plain, and, taking a straight course over Sarwekai, past the ghastly crags of Girni Sar, over Manzai, Tank, Bannu, and Kohat, touched ground again 250 miles away on the Peshawar aerodrome while the sun was still high in the sky.

The next day was Sunday. On the eighth day there was much work to be done. First came a meeting with the Nawabs and leading Khans of the Province, who presented an address in which their loyalty and their desire to take the lead in all desirable innovations were alike emphasized by them and were suitably acknowledged in his reply by Lord Irwin. Then the admirable services of the Royal Air Force were once more requisitioned, and the Flight, with Lady Irwin also on board the Hinaidi, took its way over the Malakand Pass to Chakdarra. The Swat valley seen from the sky in spring-time is like a chain of large flat emeralds, and the man whose hand set the links of that chain together is the Miangul Gulshahzada Sir Abdul Wadud Khan, Wali of Swat.

THE WALI OF SWAT

The Wali, a quiet soft-spoken man of middle height, who might pose for a portrait of the patriarch David in his post-meridian days, received their Excellencies at his frontier, near that village of Landaki whence, one summer afternoon a generation ago, accompanied by only a few boys, the famous Mulla, known as the Sartor Fakir (the Bare-headed), set out on the march which before evening brought thousands of Mujahidin to the attack on Chakdarra. To-day their descendants were strung out in their thousands along the road for the protection of a British Viceroy.

It is only a few years since the Miangul rose to power, but the benefits of his rule are apparent on every side. The fields are closely tilled, and even the vale of Peshawar cannot show finer crops. A good motor road leads from village to village past the skirts of hills whose tops are crowned with the relics of a bygone civilization. Every bazaar is gaily decorated and thronged with groups of wayfarers and lines of cheering schoolboys. No Viceroy before Lord Irwin had ever been able to go beyond the borders of the British protected area a few miles above Chakdarra. But to-day their Excellencies were able to drive in perfect safety and comfort right up to the ancient capital of Mingaora, and thence to the Wali's headquarters at Saidu, where they were entertained by him at luncheon. After luncheon, at an informal investiture, the Wali received the insignia of a Knight Bachelor of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire—a fitting decoration for such a warden of the marches.

Back in the evening to the Malakand, where the fort hangs like an eagle's nest on the crest of the purple hills and an unrivalled panorama unfolds itself. The officers of the 5th Royal Gurkha Rifles entertained Lord and Lady Irwin at dinner in the evening, and the mildness of the evening allowed those who cared to do so to sit out under the moon and trace in the dim light the line of the old Buddhist road which once brought pious Chinese pilgrims from Peking to worship at the shrines of Gandhara and Taxila.

PATHAN HOSPITALITY

The following day was spent with the Nawab of Dir, who guards the long road to Chitral as far as the Lowari Pass. Here, too, the visit of Lord and Lady Irwin was the first ever paid by a Viceroy, only made possible by the political progress which the people of Dir have made of late under the rule of Nawab Shah Jahan Khan and by the construction of a road fit for motor traffic. The reception tents had been pitched at Kamrani Sar, a vantage point which looks down one way into Swat across the Adinzai tract and the other into the Panjkora, just at the point where the mingled streams of Bajaur and Jandol meet it. Here in a handsome pavilion the Nawab, with his chief retainers, entertained his guests, while on all the slopes and crests of all the hills ascending columns of smoke showed where innumerable pickets were keeping watch. After luncheon the Nawab displayed a rare collection of the wonderfully woven and gaily decorated cloaks and blankets for which his country is famous. But much as his guests might wish to linger to admire these things, time was pressing for the return by air from Chakdarra to Peshawar. The Viceroy dropped from the clouds on the Peshawar aerodrome to receive the welcome of the leading Afridi Maliks and hear details about the recent Sunni-Shia settlement.

In the evening an informal investiture was held, beginning with the conferment on Nawab Sir Dost Muhammad Khan—the friend *par excellence* of all who know him—of the dignity of knighthood and ending with a Royal Humane Society's medal for boatman Khawas, of the Kabul river.

During the tour Lord Irwin came into contact with all the men who count on the Frontier, saw where and how they live and work, and heard from their own lips what they had to say about the scheme of things in general and their own contributions to it in particular. He learnt what they do, what they think ought to be done—a road made here, a post established or dismantled there, a change in administrative methods introduced or some other step forward which may now be within reach. He got that insight into local affairs which only walking to and fro in the land can give.

Obituary

MR. HUGH ELLIOT

BRIDGE EXPERT AND WRITER

Mr. Hugh Elliot, who was killed yesterday, at the age of 49, when his aeroplane crashed at Hampton, Middlesex, was recognized as one of the finest bridge players in this or any other country, and was well known as a writer on the game. His difference with the Portland Club over majority calling has become historical. A conference of auction bridge clubs throughout the country was called, principally as the result of his agitation, and Mr. Elliot did much to popularize the game of contract bridge.

The same power of acute analysis which made him so great an expert at bridge he also devoted to the study of science and philosophy, and he made another reputation as a critic, writer, and reviewer.

Hugh Samuel Roger Elliot was the only son of the Hon. H. F. H. Elliot, son of the third Earl of Minto, and formerly M.P. for North Ayrshire. He was thus a first cousin of the present earl. Born on April 3, 1881, he went to Eton in 1894, to Mr. (afterwards Sir) Walter Durnford's house. He went up to Trinity College, Cambridge, but, as the South African War broke out in 1899, he obtained a commission in the Coldstream Guards, and was seconded for special service in South Africa.

After leaving the Army in 1902, he devoted himself to philosophical and scientific studies. He published in 1912 "Modern Science and the Illusions of Professor Bergson," but of greater interest was his "Herbert Spencer," which appeared in 1917. In this work he attempted to explain why one who profoundly influenced the thought of the sixties and the seventies of the last century, and who was the centre of a score of controversies in which the best minds among his contemporaries took part, is now a spent force. Mr. Elliot believed that if Spencer was over-estimated in the nineteenth century he was certainly under-estimated in the twentieth century, but he was no blind follower of the master. "If we are dogmatic adherents of Spencer's words," he wrote, "we are no true Spencerians at all", and in a prefatory note to his book Mr. Basil Williams related that "once a fervent admirer of Spencer, so fervent that he (Mr. Elliot) carried volumes of the philosopher about with him when campaigning on the South African veld, he, without losing all his former love, can criticize Spencer in the light of history and of to-day's needs." If in this book he hardly succeeded in repairing the breaches which time has made in the Synthetic Philosophy, he showed impressively the heroic element in Spencer—his courage and faith and his devotion to the search for truth displayed in his astonishing effort to compass the whole field of existence.

In "Modern Science and Materialism," 1919, Mr. Elliot undertook a defence of philosophic materialism in which he had to surrender much ground that it once claimed to hold. He defined the bases of his materialism as "the uniformity of law, the exclusion of purpose, and the assertion of monism," and he explained all the complexities of human behaviour by the theory of natural selection. His next book, "Human Character," 1922, was based on the text that "human life is governed, not by reason, but by passion, emotion, and sentiment." His analysis, with its quotations from the great poets, and his account of the passion of love, with an amusing explanation of the best way to dissuade a young man from an undesirable attachment, appealed to the general reader even more than to the student of psychology.

Mr. Elliot also edited the letters of John Stuart Mill, edited and translated Lamarck's "Philosophie Zoologique," and translated Hagenbeck's "Von Thieren und Menschen." For five years from 1915 he was the editor of "The Annual Register," and he contributed articles to *The Times*, the *Edinburgh Review*, the *Nineteenth Century*, and other publications. He was the author of the article on Herbert Spencer, in "The Dictionary of National Biography." Mr. Elliot married, in 1908, Rosa Maud, daughter of Mr. N. Chesterfield, and had one son. He leaves two sisters, one the wife of Sir Lennox Russell, K.C.S., and the other the wife of Mr. W. S. MacGeorge, R.S.A.

MR. DANE SINCLAIR

Mr. Dane Sinclair, chairman of the British Insulated Cables, Limited, and a director of various important cable construction, telephone, and electric supply companies, died yesterday at his residence at Weybridge at the age of 78.

Mr. Sinclair had been associated with the British Insulated Company for a long period, first as general manager, then as managing director, and latterly as chairman. He was born in Caithness in 1852. His early years were spent on the staff of the telegraph department of the North British Railway and subsequently in the service of the Japanese Government as inspector of telegraphs. For his work in that capacity he received the Order of the Rising Sun. On returning home Mr. Sinclair became engineer to the National Telephone Company in the Glasgow district, and under his advice the three principal telephone companies then operating in Great Britain were amalgamated into the large concern which retained the name of the National Telephone Company, and of which he became London manager, and in 1892 engineer-in-chief. This position he held until 1902, when he became associated as general manager of the British Insulated and Helsby Cables, Limited.

In the development of automatic telephones Mr. Sinclair was a pioneer, and his experience and skill were especially exhibited in the formation of the Automatic Telephone Manufacturing Company, which was originally a subsidiary of British Insulated Cables. He was responsible for the acquisition of the Strowger patents, and was active in promoting the use of this system, which has been adopted by the Post Office in the reorganization of the telephone system in the London district and in many centres throughout Great Britain as well as abroad. During Mr. Sinclair's association with British Insulated Cables, Limited, the business was much extended, owing largely to his shrewd judgment and foresight. In recent years the company has completed the electrification of railways in Western Australia, the Great Indian Peninsular Railway in the Presidency of Bombay, and the Mid-Scottish Section of the National Grid for the Central Electricity Board.

A correspondent writes of him:—His kindly disposition, integrity, and genuine character endeared him to a large circle of friends. To those who worked with him his spirit and example were an inspiration. He possessed a remarkable gift for doing the right thing at the right time, and seldom was his judgment at fault. He had an ever open mind to new ideas and projects, tempered with a sane judgment. His was a nature unspoiled by prosperity, and he proved a ready friend to all in adversity.

The funeral will be at Wick on Friday. There will be service at Weybridge Congregational Church to-morrow at 11.15.

MR. WILLIAM McMASTER

Our Ottawa Correspondent telegraphs that Mr. William McMaster, a prominent industrial leader, died at Montreal on Monday night, at the age of 79.

McMaster was one of the outstanding figures in the business world of Canada. His parents were Scottish by blood, but natives of the Isle of Man, who had emigrated to Canada. William McMaster, who was born in Montreal in 1851, received his education at Montreal Collegiate College, and after leaving school entered the employ of a firm called Morland Watson and Co., the owners of an iron and steel foundry which, in the course of time became the Montreal Rolling Mills. McMaster rose by steady steps in the service of this firm, and eventually became its managing director. He took an active part in the promotion of the merger which produced the Steel Company of Canada, and remained a director of that prosperous corporation until his son, Mr. Ross McMaster, who is now its president, succeeded him. Mr. McMaster was considered one of the shrewdest business men in Montreal, and his services were greatly in demand for directorates; he had been for many years a director of the Bank of Montreal, and he was also on the board of the Asbestos Corporation, the Dominion Glass Company, and other companies. He was a Presbyterian in religion and a Conservative in politics, but he took no part in public life, although on one occasion he was a Canadian delegate to the Commercial Congress of the Empire. At the end of his life he was counted one of the richest men in Montreal, but he lived in a very modest way

(Continued at foot of next column)

ROYAL SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE

SIR G. RYRIE ON UNITY OF EMPIRE

Prince Arthur of Connaught presided at the festival dinner last evening at the Hotel Victoria of the Royal Society of St. George. The date coincided with St. George's Day (old style). The banqueting hall entrance was lined by a guard of honour of the Coldstream Guards dressed in the uniform of the year 1770. A procession of the guard of honour with musical accompaniment marked the entry of "The Roast Beef of Old England," the guests standing.

The following message was received from the King:—

"The Queen and I thank you and all members of the Royal Society of St. George most warmly for your kind and loyal message of congratulation upon the twentieth anniversary of my accession, and I wish you all an enjoyable evening." (Cheers.)

The Prince of Wales (President of the Society) wrote:—

"Please convey to members of the Royal Society of St. George my grateful thanks for their good wishes, which I sincerely reciprocate." (Cheers.)

PRINCE ARTHUR'S SPEECH

Prince Arthur of Connaught, proposing the toast of "England," said the Royal Society of St. George was composed entirely of Englishmen and Englishwomen. The name of England was the best in the world. They were proud of it, and their society existed to see that their just pride was given expression to by the proper observance of their national day. The first characteristic of the Englishman was his love of freedom and individual liberty and his resentment at any infringement of his rights. There was also the Englishman's spirit of adventure. Wherever the Englishman had gone he had been a civilizing agent, bringing to bear that sense of justice and fair play that had made his name synonymous with just and equitable dealing.

In his kindness of heart and his sympathy for the man who was "down and out" the Englishman was proverbial and his cheerfulness in the face of adversity was perhaps of all his virtues the one that distinguished him from other nations and evoked their wondering admiration. If they sought an explanation of an Englishman's greatness, might they not turn to the many noble qualities of St. George as the source of his inspiration? Their patron Saint at the age of 20 was one of the bravest young officers serving in the Roman Army at the time of the Emperor Diocletian. Splendid in valour, loyal, chivalrous, and as noble in life as in death when martyred for his Christian faith, he had ever been for all Englishmen a worthy model for heroic endeavour. (Cheers.)

The toast was heartily honoured and was followed by the silent toast to those who died for England and the Empire.

The secretary (Mr. Guy Eden) announced that the Society had now 100 branches, and the three latest were at Cape Town, Nakuru (Kenya), and the Dutch Island of Java. (Cheers.)

AUSTRALIA AND SEA POWER

Mr. L. S. Amery, M.P., proposing "The Commonwealth of Australia," said St. George's Day was the only occasion on which Englishmen ever ventured to "spread themselves." They could them tell the Scots and the Irish and all the rest of them what they really thought. (Laughter.) But they only did this once in a year. Their chief characteristic was meekness. They had learned the truth of the scriptural prophecy that "the meek shall inherit the earth." (Laughter.) Australia is one of England's greatest daughters. She was cradled in sea power, and could only endure so long as sea power was hers. Sea power was also the necessity of our own existence—that was an eternal verity. (Cheers.)

In the Great War Australia played a wonderful and heroic part. Australia had been passing, like ourselves, through a difficult period and had taken emergency measures with regard to trade, but they had not to criticize Australia, but to work together and so find a solution of their difficulties. (Cheers.)

Sir Granville Ryrie, responding, said the function coincided with the twentieth anniversary of the King's accession. They were delighted that the King and his Consort had been spared for so long and beneficent a reign—it is a joy to the whole Empire. (Cheers.) The Imperial Conference which was shortly to take place was an event of importance, and it was to be hoped they would be able to devise means of cementing the Dominions and the Motherland. This would mean the permanent consolidation of the Empire. If any Dominion was to break away there would be disintegration, and Australia felt if anything happened to interfere with the solidarity of the Empire they would be in a precarious position. Australia claimed to be 98 per cent. British. (Cheers.) In the War Australia transported over 400,000 men, they lost 66,000, and their War debt was £300,000,000. Australia did that for the Flag, and they would do it again if need arose. (Cheers.)

Lord Allenby gave "Our President" (the Prince of Wales). The toast of "The Royal Society of St. George" was given by Mr. Alfred Noyes. Admiral Sir Sydney R. Fremantle gave "The Chairman."

There were also present:—

Lord Kylsant, Sir Thomas Horder and Lady Horder, Sir Russell and Lady Wilkinson, Sir William and Lady Bull, Mr. T. M. Willford, M.C., and Mrs. Willford, Lieutenant-General Sir Alfred and Lady Codrington, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. te Water, Admiral Sir Roger and Lady Keyes, Lady Ryrie, Lord and Lady Lindsey, Lady Allenby, Colonel Sir Augustus FitzGeorge, Mrs. Alfred Noyes, Captain J. A. Codrington, the Rev. W. Pennington-Bickford, Sir Herbert Creedy, Lady Wharton, Lieutenant-Colonel L. E. Fremantle, M.P., Major-General J. H. Bruche, Colonel W. H. Franklin, Sir Robert Dibdin, and Commander H. M. Denny.

THE PRESS ASSOCIATION

The sixty-second annual meeting of the Press Association, Limited, was held yesterday afternoon at Byron House, Fleet-street, London. Mr. A. Burchill, *Evening Express*, Liverpool, chairman of the association, presided. The report and accounts, showing an expanding revenue, were adopted on the proposal of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. R. N. Burgess, *Cumberland News*. Mr. A. McLean Ewing, *Glasgow Herald*, was elected to the vacancy on the committee of management caused through the retirement by rotation of Sir James Owen, *Express and Echo*, Exeter. It was announced that Sir James Owen now passed to the consultative board to fill the vacancy resulting from the retirement by rotation of Sir Meredith Whittaker, *Scarborough Evening News*, who, the Chairman stated, had achieved a record in his 17 years' continuous service on the committee and the board.

and eschewed the haunts of society. His wife, who survives him together with his son, was Miss Lucy Greene, a native of Vermont, U.S.A.

"Deadwood Dick," whose real name was Richard Clarke, the express rider and hero of many Indian legends, died yesterday of pneumonia, says a Reuter telegram from New York, at the age of 83. Dick, who was one of the last characters of the now almost forgotten "Wild West," was born in England and went to America as a boy. He was a friend of Colonel Cody, "Buffalo Bill," and other noted scouts, and the hero of innumerable "penny dreadfuls."

"C. E. G." writes:—Not only to "The Littlest Ones" who loved her charming poems and stories will Mrs. Marion St. John Webb's early death bring such loss, and not only to that gifted and beautiful family circle in which her bright spirit moved. There are those, her fellows in their literary aspirations, novices in their art, but in whose work she believed. To these she gave generous encouragement, anxious that they, too, should succeed, and to these she will remain an imperishable memory.

The Hon. Harry Carson, who died on Monday at King's College Hospital at the age of 49, was the elder son of Lord Carson by his first marriage. He was born in 1880, and after leaving school went out to Rhodesia and worked on a farm. He served throughout the South African War, 1899-1902, with the 1st Battalion, The South Staffordshire Regiment. He resigned his commission in 1903 and returned to England, but went out again and served in the Cape Mounted Police. When the Great War broke out he enlisted and served at home and abroad until, in June, 1918, he was discharged on account of wounds with the rank of sergeant. He rejoined later and served as a clerk with the R.A.O.C. until 1921. He had been ill for some time past.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

OXFORD EXPEDITION TO LAPLAND

NEW REGISTRAR OF THE UNIVERSITY

OXFORD, MAY 6

In Congregation to-day, the Vice-Chancellor (the Rev. F. Homes Dudden, Master of Pembroke) presiding, the nomination of Mr. Douglas Veale, M.A., C.B.E., Corpus Christi College, as Registrar of the University from next August 1, 1930, was approved.

Mr. Veale was a scholar of Corpus Christi College. He was placed in the first class in Classical Moderations in 1912 and in the second class in *Literae Humaniores* in 1914. He served as captain in the 4th Battalion, The Gloucestershire Regiment, in France and Belgium. He is now a principal in the Ministry of Health and has served as private secretary to six Ministers of Health.

An amendment to the Statute concerning the Registrar and Assistant Registrar, to provide that the consent of Congregation be given to any appointment of assistant officers, moved by Mr. Sidgwick, M.A., Fellow of Lincoln College, was approved without a division.

A further amendment providing that the Assistant Registrar should attend the meetings of the Curators of the Bodleian Library to keep minutes and conduct correspondence was lost by 34 votes to 18.

A Decree was moved by Mr. Morrison, Student of Christ Church, by which the University gratefully accepted the proposal made by Mr. Charles J. O'Donnell to establish annual lectures on Celtic studies in Oxford and other universities.

The Warden of All Souls (Dr. F. W. Pember) proposed a Decree, which was passed unanimously, authorizing a grant of £50 towards the expenses of the Oxford University Lapland Expedition, 1930. Dr. Pember explained that this was an expedition organized by a keen body of undergraduates on the same lines as previous expeditions to Spitsbergen, Greenland, and British Guiana. The proposal was to start on the north coast and work down to the west coast of Norway, making an ecological survey of animals and plants, and he hoped that the University would encourage this spirit of adventure and inquiry.

It is understood that although the members of the expedition are paying their own expenses, further help is still needed in addition to the grant made by the University for the general funds of the expedition.

The Archbishop of Canterbury visited Keble College to-day, in accordance with a custom which has existed since the foundation of the college in 1870 that the Archbishop shall spend a night at the college as soon as possible after his appointment. Dr. Lang dined with the Warden (the Rev. B. J. Kidd) and members of the college, and to-morrow he will attend a service in the chapel. The Archbishop is also visiting All Souls and Merton Colleges.

CAMBRIDGE, MAY 6

The Vice-Chancellor announces that the lecturer on Mr. Rouse Ball's foundation, Professor H. Weyl, of Zurich, will deliver his lecture in the Arts School on Tuesday, May 13, at noon.

The subject for the Harness prize in 1931 is "The place of the study of Elizabethan stage conditions in the interpretation, past and present, of Shakespeare's plays."

LONDON, MAY 6

Dr. Arthur Compton-Rickett will begin on May 12 a series of four University Extension Lectures on "English Fiction, Yesterday and To-day." The first lecture will deal with "The Art of the Short Story," and will be followed on succeeding Mondays by lectures on "The Development of the Novel," "Algernon Blackwood," and "Arnold Bennett." All four lectures will be delivered at Gresham College, Basinghall-street, E.C., at 6.15 p.m., except that on Algernon Blackwood, which will be at 7.30.

At its meeting last Thursday the council of the University College, Leicester, sanctioned the scheme for the adaptation of part of the college premises as a hostel for men students. It is hoped that this hostel will be ready in October.

The Academic Advisory Committee reported that in connexion with the Vergilian Celebrations this year Professor Conway has promised to lecture on "Vergil after Two Thousand Years" on October 10, and that the Rev. Professor Anderson Scott, D.D., of Westminster College, Cambridge, had consented to be the preacher at the college service on October 12.

The Finance and General Purposes Committee reported a gift by Mr. Fosbrooke of water-colour paintings of scenes in Leicestershire by the late Mr. Henton, and also a gift of pictures, books, and exhibits for the College Museum from Miss Elgood, B.A.

It was decided that this year the annual garden party should be combined with the Encaenia, to be held on June 13, on which occasion the new Visitor, Professor Gilbert Murray, will speak.

PENALTIES FOR "RECKLESS WALKERS"

MR. MORRISON ON A POSSIBLE NECESSITY

Mr. Morrison, Minister of Transport, spoke yesterday at the first annual meeting of the Pedestrians' Association at the Central Hall, Westminster. He said that he was anxious to secure for the pedestrian, as well as for other users of the highway, a safe and convenient road on which to travel. He said that although many accidents on the roads were caused by dangerous and reckless drivers, the Pedestrians' Association would not be wise to ignore the fact that many road accidents were caused by dangerous and reckless walkers.

So far we had not followed some other countries in imposing penalties for dangerous and reckless walking, and he hoped that such action would not become necessary, but if fatal road accidents continued to increase it might be necessary in the public interest to impose penalties on pedestrians who walked to the common danger. The Pedestrians' Association could do much to make such action on the part of Parliament unnecessary, particularly if they worked in cooperation, not only with the Ministry of Transport, but with the motoring associations. He was exceedingly anxious for the help of all in reducing road dangers.

Lord Cecil, president of the association, who is in Geneva, sent a message to the meeting, in which he said:—"There is more need than ever for an association to watch over the interests, not only of pedestrians, but of all users of the road. The Road Traffic Bill is no doubt a step, though, as we think, a small step, in the right direction. We especially regret that no more has been done to restrain excessive speed and to improve the skill and care of motor-drivers. It is clearly our duty to do our utmost to make the Bill effective when it is passed and to strengthen in every way we can the hands of the Administration in coping with this terrible evil."

The following resolution, proposed by Lady Bathurst, vice-president of the association, and seconded by Dr. A. Salter, M.P., was unanimously approved:—"That this first annual public meeting of the Pedestrians' Association welcomes the inclusion in the Road Traffic Bill of the prohibition of motoring on common land, moorland, bridle ways, and footways, as a check on the growing destruction of the activities of cross country and foreshore walking. While it regrets that the Bill abolishes the speed limit for light cars, though imposing no test for drivers, it pledges its loyal cooperation with the Ministry of Transport in all measures for the reduction of the toll of road casualties."

LORD BRENTFORD AND "SAFETY WEEK"

Lord Brentford presided at a meeting of the National Safety Week Council, at Caxton Hall, yesterday. "Safety Week" takes place from May 19 to May 24. Lord Brentford mentioned that he did not possess a car, and, therefore, had not run anyone over. He added that last year's return of street accidents showed an increase, but the increase was less than the increase of previous years. If they could begin to reduce the increase, the time might come when they could change that increase into a decrease.

PRESERVATIVES IN CREAM

At a meeting of the Conservative Parliamentary Agricultural Committee yesterday representatives were appointed to join with members of other parties in a deputation to the Minister of Health regarding the serious damage to the creamery trade arising from the enforcement of the Ministry of Health's order dealing with preservatives in cream.

The meeting of the Committee on the powers of Ministers of the Crown, which had been arranged for to-day at the House of Lords, has been postponed.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

ESTATE OF MAJ.-GEN. SIR HAROLD TAGART

Major-General Sir Harold Arthur Louis Tagart, K.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., D.L., J.P., of Awliscombe House, Honiton, Devon, who died on March 18, left property of the value of £28,817, with net personalty £22,960.

He gives:—

£100 to the vicar and churchwardens of Awliscombe Church, in trust to keep in order the churchyard if he should be buried there; £50 each to the British Legion, Sidmouth Junction branch, and the British Legion, Honiton branch; and his clothing and wearing apparel to the Officers' Benevolent branch of the British Legion. £150 to his chauffeur, Robert Green, and £150 to his wife; £150 between his gardener, William Stone, and his wife; and £50 to his gardener, James Lovering—these legacies to be paid only if the legatees are in his employ at the time of his death.

The Right Hon. Elizabeth Rosa, Baroness Banbury of Southam, of Lowndes-street, S.W., and of Warneford Place, Highworth, Wilts, who died on January 7, aged 75, wife of Lord Banbury of Southam, left unsettled property in her own disposition of the gross value of £83,170, with net personalty £82,144.

She left:—

£200 and her wearing apparel to her servant, Winifred Wood, and £60 to her husband's servant, Alfred Hill.

Sir Edward William Brabrook, C.B., of Langham House, Stafford-road, Wallington, Surrey, who died on March 20, aged 91, left £13,426, with net personalty £11,640. He left:—

£50 to Agnes Mills, "my very good cook."

Mr. Henry Edwards, of Effingham-road, Lee, S.E., formerly with Messrs. Hitchcock, Williams, and Co., St. Paul's-churchyard, E.C., who died on March 9, aged 83, left estate of the gross value of £13,048, with net personalty £12,180. He gives:—

£500 to Dr. Barnardo's Homes; £200 each to the Surgical Aid Society, the Hospital for Consumption, Fulham-road, S.W., and the Cancer Hospital, Fulham-road, S.W.; and £100 each to the London Hospital, the London Orphan Asylum, the British Home and Hospital for Incurables, Guy's Hospital, and the Miller Hospital, Greenwich, S.E.

Mr. James Conacher Hagart, of Adelaide-terrace, Waterloo, Liverpool, who died on January 22, aged 94, left estate of the gross value of £10,099, with net personalty £4,054.

He gives:—

£100 each to St. John's Parish Church, Waterloo, and the Liverpool Caledonian Association.

Mr. Henry Thomas Grills, of Adelaide-road, Southampton, retired accountant, who died on March 23, left estate of the gross value of £7,936, with net personalty £7,671. He left:—

£1,000 each to the Salvation Army and Dr. Barnardo's Homes; £350 and a further £50 "for her kindness, devotion, and nursing" and his clothes and bedroom furniture to Blanche Louisa Blaxall.

The residue of the property to the "Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being of this kingdom for the benefit of the Exchequer of this kingdom."

Mr. Robert Daly, of St. Columbs Court, Londonderry, described as a "caretaker," who died on January 30, left personal property in Great Britain and Northern Ireland valued at £1,793. After numerous bequests, he left:—

The residue of the property to the County Monaghan Irish Church Protestant Orphan Society, the City and County of Londonderry Irish Church Protestant Orphan Society, Dr. Barnardo's Homes, the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, the Mission to Lepers Abroad, the Hibernian Bible Society, the Church Missionary Society, the Dublin University Mission to Chota Nagpore, and the Dublin University Mission to Fuh-Kien.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
Bell, the Rev. Benjamin, B.D., of Warrender Park-crescent, Edinburgh (personal estate)	£1,057
Brand, Miss Jane Anne Scott, of Canford Cliff-drive, Canford Cliffs, Bournemouth (net personalty £13,554)	13,687
Brodrick-English, Mrs. Mary Ann, of Kamsahd, Sleights, Yorks, widow of A. English (net personalty £11,404)	12,660
Chisholm, Dr. George Goudie, M.A., B.Sc., LL.D. (79), of Halliard-road, Edinburgh, formerly Lecturer and Reader in Geography in the University of Edinburgh (personal estate)	1,241
Digby, Mrs. Charlotte Mary (85), of Selwyn-gardens, Cambridge, widow of W. F. Digby (net personalty £6,166)	10,102
Ellis, Mr. Herbert Moates, J.P. (65), of Ouzlewood, Rwell, and of New-court, Lincoln's Inn, W.C., surveyor (net personalty £5,366)	49,308
Everard, Mr. Frederick Thomas (70), of The Warren, High-street, Greenhithe, Kent, and of J. T. Everard and Sons, Limited, shipowners (net personalty £3,088)	27,851
Hall, Mrs. Catherine Gertrude, of Morton-crescent, Exmouth, widow of the Archdeacon of Richmond, Yorks (net personalty £6,613)	8,675
Hall, Mr. John (59), of Charnes Hall, Eccleshall, Staffs, chairman of Hall and Pickles, iron and steel merchants, Port-street, Manchester (net personalty £21,396)	82,416
Hoare, Mr. Walter Edward, of Thornbury, Marlborough-road, Bournemouth (net personalty £4,078)	78,942
Moses, Mrs. Hannah, of New Church-road, Hove, widow of P. Moses (including settled land) (net personalty £1,807)	4,638
Nurse, Mr. Samuel Francis Cressall (72), of Che Rhys Bungalow, Dorchester-road, Weymouth, late of the London Stock Exchange (net personalty £16,031)	17,152
Pennington, Captain William Thomas (35), of Hiverstone, Mersey-avenue, Aigburth, Liverpool (in England) (net personalty £2,198)	2,206
Plowright, Mr. Edward John (79), of Swaffham, Norfolk, a partner in Messrs. Henry Plowright and Sons, ironfounders and agricultural engineers (net personalty £5,164)	6,342
Reed, Miss Bertha Wood, of Fairhaven, Blue House-lane, Limpsfield, Surrey (net personalty £12,215)	16,227
Robson, Mr. Adam Lyall, of The Croft, Treboeth, Swansea, engineer (net personalty £12,359)	13,615
Selden, Mr. Leonard, M.C. (44), of Pleydell-avenue, Stamford Brook, W., who was on the editorial staff of the *Ironmonger*	294
Tulloch, the Rev. George, of St. Ronans, Forres, Morayshire (personal estate)	8,252
Vincke-Minter, the Rev. John, of Partney Rectory, Spilsby, Lincs (net personalty £2,930)	3,009

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The Bishop of Rochester has appointed the Rev. Oscar Hardman, D.D., chaplain of Dulwich College and honorary canon of Southwark, to the rectory of Chislehurst, vacant by the death of Canon Dawson.

The Bishop of Rochester has appointed Canon H. T. Knight, vicar of Shortlands, to be rural dean of Bromley.

The Bishop of Liverpool has made the following appointments:—To be one of his examining chaplains, Canon J. C. H. How, rector of Liverpool. To be Canons Theologian of Liverpool Cathedral:—The Rev. L. W. Grensted, B.D., Fellow of University College, Oxford; the Rev. W. R. Matthews, D.D., Dean of King's College, London; and the Rev. E. E. Raven, M.A., Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge. These canons will be members of the general (non-residentiary) chapter, and will give occasional assistance in the educational work of the Cathedral, amounting to a month's service in every year, or its equivalent. They will also represent the Cathedral in their respective universities.

The Archbishop of York has appointed the Rev. W. S. Morgan, vicar of Holy Trinity, Hull, to the canonry and prebend of Warthill in York Minster.

The Rev. E. B. A. Somerset, lately curate of Bexhill-on-Sea, in charge of All Saints' Church, Sidley, has been appointed vicar of Mexborough, Yorks—patron, the Archdeacon of York.

Simeon's Trustees have nominated the Rev. A. T. Wise, Hon. C.F., vicar of St. Paul's, Birkenhead, to be vicar of All Saints', Hoole, Chester, in succession to the Rev. N. A. Vesey, who has been preferred to Macclesfield.

NOTES

The Rev. H. Mattinson, for 10 years vicar of St. John the Divine, Balham, has resigned.

The annual meeting of the Gibraltar Diocesan Association will be held in the Caxton Hall, Westminster, on Thursday, July 17, at 3 p.m. The Bishop of Gibraltar will preside.

The Bishop-Suffragan of Croydon (Canon E. S. Woods) will be presented by the clergy of the rural deanery of Croydon with his episcopal ring. The local branch of the C.E.M.S. will give him a gold pectoral cross, and the congregation of Croydon Parish Church is subscribing the cost of the robes, about £150.

The Worcester Diocesan Conference will meet on Friday, May 30, under new conditions. The revised constitution provides that every parish shall be directly represented, not only by the clergyman, but by a lay member appointed at the 1930 annual church meeting, in addition to the lay representatives elected as before by the 15 ruridecanal conferences. The membership will consist of 259 clergy and 317 laity.

The Rev. Dr. W. C. Poole, who has ended a 10 years' pastorate at Christ Church, Westminster Bridge-road, is returning to America to take up work in the Methodist Episcopal Church in San Francisco, where he formerly held a pastorate.

A series of mid-day addresses has been arranged by the Christian Social Council. Dr. A. E. Garvie, Principal of New College, Hampstead, will speak at the Church of St. Edmund King and Martyr, Lombard-street, on "International Peace" at 1.10 p.m. to-day.

THE WEATHER

MAINLY FAIR AND COOL

Meteorological Office, May 6

General Inference from Observations at 7 p.m.—An anticyclone is centred west of Iceland, while a small secondary depression off Northern Scotland will move south-eastward. Weather will be mainly fair over the British Isles except in Scotland, where some rain is to be expected. Conditions are likely to be cool generally.

Forecasts for To-day

London, England, S.E., E., S.W., N.W., Midlands, Wales, Ireland.—Moderate north-easterly to northerly winds; mainly fair; cool; ground frost locally inland at night.

Further Outlook.—Cool generally; fair in the South; doubtful in the North.

SEA PASSAGES

English Channel (East) (crossings from Southampton, Newhaven, and Weymouth).—Moderate northerly winds; mainly fair; sea moderate. Straits of Dover.—Moderate winds between east and north; mainly fair; sea moderate.

FLYING PROSPECTS

Air Routes (London - Paris - Brussels - Cologne-Amsterdam).—Variable winds, 5 to 10 m.p.h. at surface, 10-15 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Cloudy, with local rain and thunder on the Continent; showers and fair intervals in South-East England. Visibility 1,000 yards locally at first, improving to 3-6 miles.

Sun rises, 5.24 a.m.; sets, 8.30 p.m.
Moon sets, 3.46 a.m.; rises, 1.59 p.m. Full moon, May 12.
Lighting-up time, 9.30 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 10 a.m. and 10.21 p.m.

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

Kensington Palace, May 6, 7 p.m.—Bar., 1007.1mb. (29.74in.), rising slowly; temp., 51.3deg.; humidity, 81 per cent.; wind, N.E., light; weather, cloudy.

Monday, 7 p.m. to Tuesday, 10 a.m.—Min. temp., 48deg.; rainfall, 3.9mm. (0.15in.).

Tuesday, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.—Max. temp., 58deg.; rainfall, nil.

Sunshine at Kew, 4.9 hours.

SUNLIGHT

The sunlight (ultra-violet rays) figures for

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A CONCERT AT COVENT GARDEN OPERA HOUSE

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, will be present at a concert which will be held at 2.30 on Friday, May 16, at the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, in aid of the appeal for the Royal Free Hospital Extension to Ensure Medical Education for Women. Several of the principal artists of the opera season are giving their services. Already Mmes. Lotte Lehmann, Maria Olczewska, Elisabeth Schumann, and MM. Ivar Andresen, Giovanni Inghilleri, and Heddle Nash have agreed to sing. The last act of *Der Rosenkavalier* is one of the items already arranged. The entire proceeds of the concert will be devoted to the fund; this has been guaranteed by Mrs. P. A. Scarvasy, chairman of the Music Group of the appeal. Tickets can be obtained from the box-office, Royal Opera, Covent Garden, W.C.2, and from the usual agents.

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, MAY 6

The King, attended by Captain Sir Charles Cust, Bt., R.N., and Major the Hon. Alexander Hardinge, left the Palace this morning for Newmarket.

By command of His Majesty, the Earl De La Warr (Lord in Waiting) was present at Victoria Railway Station this afternoon on behalf of The King and Queen, upon the return to London of Field-Marshal the Duke of Connaught.

The Duke and Duchess of Rutland and their family have arrived at Haddon Hall for the summer.

The Duchess of Devonshire will return to 2, Carlton-gardens to-morrow from Ireland.

The Venezuelan Minister expects to return to London on May 13 from Switzerland.

The Earl and Countess of Denbigh will return to 23, South Audley-street to-morrow from Paris.

The Earl and Countess of Haddo returned to 16, Cambridge-square yesterday from Haddo House.

The Countess of Scarbrough, who arrived at 21, Park-lane on Monday, will leave again shortly for Sandbeck Park, Rotherham.

Viscountess Pirrie will return to 46, Mount-street next week from Belfast.

Viscountess Lewisham arrived at 5, Belgrave-place on Monday from Godmersham Park, Canterbury.

Lady Bertha Egerton will return to 13, Portman-square to-morrow from the South of France.

Lady Margaret Nicholson will return to 31, Pont-street on Monday from Berelegh, Petersfield.

Lord Ravensworth left on Monday in the Orford for a cruise in the Mediterranean.

Lord Hardinge of Penshurst has returned to 20, Bryanston-square from Oakfield, Penshurst.

Lord Swaythling has left London for Brussels to attend the funeral of M. Edouard Weiner, and expects to be back in London on Friday. He is therefore unable to accompany the deputation that will wait upon the Secretary of State for War this afternoon with reference to the Cadet Corps.

Lord and Lady Vivian and the Hon. Vanda Vivian have arrived at 94, Eaton-place. (Telephone, Sloane 5463.)

Lord and Lady Elphinstone have returned to 6, Upper Brook-street from Scotland.

Lady Carew has left London for Ireland, where she will spend the summer.

Lady Ludlow has returned from abroad, and has gone to Newmarket.

The Hon. Mrs. Aubrey Herbert and Miss Gabriel Herbert have returned to 28, Bruton-street from Pixton Park, Dulverton.

Clara Lady Vincent has returned to London from abroad.

Lady Gallwey left 13, Pelham-place yesterday for Biarritz. She expects to be away for several weeks.

Lady Ryan has left Morocco, and will be at 22A, Lowndes-mews, Lowndes-place, S.W.1, until May 26. (Telephone, Sloane 7330.)

Major Sir Iain and Lady Colquhoun, who arrived at 68, Eaton-place yesterday from Scotland, will leave again shortly for Scotland.

Sir James and Lady Enid Williams-Drummond of Hawthornden have arrived at Edwinsford, Carmarthenshire, from Hawthornden Castle, Mid Lothian.

Captain and Lady Mary Strickland left on Monday in the Orford for a cruise in the Mediterranean.

Major and the Hon. Mrs. S. Strang Steel have arrived at 39, Portman-square from Philiphaugh, Selkirk.

Mrs. Arthur James returned to 3, Grafton-street last night from Paris.

Mrs. Weisweiller will give a small dance for her daughter, Miss Nadine Weisweiller, on Tuesday, July 1, at 2, Albert-gate.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Pitman and Miss Sybil Pitman have arrived at 68, Eaton-square. (Telephone, Sloane 5666.)

Mrs. Basil Fothergill has left Denham Place, Bucks. Her permanent address in future will be Biddesden House, Andover.

Mr. W. H. C. Romanis has recovered from his recent operation, and has returned to 120, Harley-street.

Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught have consented to attend a theatrical entertainment in aid of the hospitals and charities of St. Marylebone at Drury Lane Theatre on May 11. Among the artists who are giving their services are Mr. Owen Nares, Miss Phyllis Neilson-Terry, Miss Edna Best, Mr. Basil Foster, Miss Ivy St. Helier, Mr. Robert Hale, Mr. Davy Burnaby, Flotsam and Jetsam, and the Victoria Palace Girls.

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, Commandant-in-Chief of the V.A.D.s, has consented to attend on May 14 the finals of the competitions for the Stanley Shields, presented by Sir Arthur Stanley for the best trained men's and women's detachments of the British Red Cross Society.

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, has consented to distribute competition challenge cups and certificates to members of the girls' clubs affiliated to the Social Institutes' Union for Women and Girls, at the City of London School on Wednesday, June 11.

Lady Baron and the Bishop of London will receive the guests at the annual dinner-dance of the Heritage Craft Schools, which will be held at the Savoy Hotel to-night. The speakers will include Mr. Arthur Henderson, Sir Owen Seaman, and Admiral Sir Michael Hodges.

Arrangements have been made to hold the annual Old Bedfordians' dinner at the Criterion Restaurant, Piccadilly, on Wednesday, May 21, at 7.30 p.m. The chair will be taken by the president, General Sir Walter P. Braithwaite, G.C.B., A.D.C., Adjutant-General to the Forces. Tickets may be obtained from Lieutenant-Colonel Ronald Maclear, honorary secretary, Old Bedfordians' Club, Lewes, Sussex.

The annual meeting of the Children's Country Holidays Fund (Incorporated) will take place at 3 p.m. on Tuesday, May 13, at the Whitehall Rooms, Hotel Metropole. The speakers will be Mrs. Philip Snowden, Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson, and the Rev. R. W. M. Lewis. Tickets can be obtained from the Secretary, Children's Country Holidays Fund, 18, Buckingham-street, Strand, W.C.2.

The Surveyors' Institution will hold an afternoon reception at the Zoological Gardens, Regent's Park, on Tuesday, May 27, at 4 o'clock.

Ecclesiastical News and Wills and Bequests will be found on page 18

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MAJOR E. GILLESPIE AND MRS. EAGLES

The engagement is announced between Major Edward Gillespie, D.S.O., Royal Marines, younger son of the late Mr. J. W. Gillespie, and Esmé, widow of Major C. E. C. Eagles, D.S.O., R.M., and daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Cyril Field, of Gateacre, Lancashire.

MR. M. J. B. BURNETT AND MISS CHAMIER

The engagement is announced between Maurice James Brownless Burnett, Royal Artillery, only son of Dr. E. J. Burnett, M.B.E., The Red House, Saltburn-by-the-Sea, and the late Mrs. Burnett, and Crystal, younger daughter of Colonel H. D. Chamier, late The Connaught Rangers, and Mrs. Chamier, The Avenue, Colchester.

FLIGHT LIEUTENANT R. IVELAW-CHAPMAN AND MISS SHORTT

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place early in June at Wrotham, between Flight Lieutenant R. Ivelaw-Chapman, D.F.C., A.F.C., R.A.F., son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Ivelaw-Chapman, Charlton Kings, Cheltenham, and Betty, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Shortt, Borough Green, Kent.

MR. K. F. MACKENZIE AND MISS CAVE

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Kenneth Fitzgerald Mackenzie, M.B., F.R.C.S., only son of the late Rev. R. B. Mackenzie, M.A., of Clifton, Bristol, and Sylvia Dorothea, only daughter of the Rev. Henry C. Cave, M.A., and Mrs. Cave, of The Rectory, Malahide, Co. Dublin.

MR. G. H. LOXLEY AND MISS A. B. BOOTH

The engagement is announced between Gerald Herbert Loxley, third son of the late Rev. A. S. Loxley and the late Mrs. Arthur Loxley, of The Little Cloisters, Gloucester, and Alice Blundell, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Booth, of Oughtrington, Lymm, Cheshire.

MR. H. N. BRADBROOKE AND MISS CHAPMAN

The marriage arranged between Mr. Hugh Bradbrooke and Miss Sylvia Chapman, of Abingdon, will take place in the Church of Saint Michael, at Cumnor, on May 10, at 2.15 p.m.

MR. G. G. ROBINSON AND MISS FORDHAM

The engagement is announced of George Gilmour Robinson, barrister-at-law, son of the late Mr. G. T. Robinson and Mrs. Robinson, of 10, Cadogan-mansions, S.W.1, to Constance Margaret, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Fordham, of Steeple Morden, Royston, Herts.

MR. W. H. WYKEHAM-MUSGRAVE AND MISS B. SWIFT

The marriage arranged between Mr. W. H. Wykeham-Musgrave and Miss Betty Swift will take place at Eastbourne on Tuesday, July 22.

MR. K. MCGREGOR AND MISS D. R. REEVE

The marriage arranged between Mr. Kenneth McGregor and Miss Dorothy Roope Reeve will take place at St. Saviour's, St. George's-square, S.W., on May 31, at 2.30 p.m. Friends will be welcome at the church.

MR. N. D. EVANS AND MISS BAILEY

The engagement is announced between Norman Duthy Evans, of Drayton, Kotagala, Ceylon, only son of the late Dr. H. L. Evans and Mrs. Evans, of Goring, and Margaret Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bailey, of Woldingham.

MR. F. M. B. LUTYENS AND MISS M. CRAWFORD

The marriage of Mr. Francis Lutyens, M.C., and Miss Mollie Crawford will take place at St. Andrew's Church, Darjeeling, on June 7.

MR. F. B. AGLIONBY AND MRS. O. R. COALES

The engagement is announced between Francis Basil Aglionby, of 19, Stanhope-gardens, S.W.7, eldest son of Canon F. K. Aglionby, D.D., and Mrs. Aglionby, and Marjorie Wycliffe Coales, youngest daughter of Canon and Mrs. Russell, Dalethorpe, Dedham, Essex.

MR. C. A. R. PARK AND MISS CANN

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place in June, between Mr. Charles Allen Roberson Park, eldest son of the late Mr. C. R. Park and of Mrs. Park, formerly of Minster, Thanet, and Miss Norah Cann, only daughter of the late Mr. John Cann, J.P., and of Mrs. Cann, of Abingdon Court.

CHRISTENING

The christening of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Adeane took place yesterday afternoon at Chelsea Old Church. The Rev. J. H. T. M. Maude-Roxby officiated, and the child was named Charles Raymond Wyndham. The godparents were the Marquess of Clydesdale, Lord Willoughby de Eresby, Viscountess St. Davids, Viscountess Folkestone, and the Hon. Mrs. James Beck.

DINNERS

MR. R. D. BLUMENFELD

The Prince of Wales last night honoured Mr. R. D. Blumenfeld with his presence at dinner at the Carlton Club Annexe to meet the three senior American Fellows of the Walter Hines Page Newspaper Fellowship—Mr. Clark Howell, of the Atlanta *Constitution*, Mr. Robert P. Scripps, of the Scripps-Howard League newspapers, and Mr. Stuart H. Perry, of the Adrian *Telegram* and vice-president of the Associated Press.

The other guests were:—The United States Ambassador, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mr. Winston Churchill, Sir Thomas Horder, Lord Ashfield, Mr. Selfridge, Mr. Arnold Bennett, Sir Edwin Lutyens, R.A., Sir Montague Barlow, Colonel Wilfrid Ashley, Mr. T. M. Healy, K.C., Lord Baden-Powell, Mr. Geoffrey Dawson, Lord Melchett, Mr. H. A. Gwynne, Mr. Adolph S. Ochs, Colonel Gilbert Hamilton, and Sir Campbell Stuart.

In the morning the Fellows were received by Mr. Baldwin at 10, Upper Brook-street, and afterwards were entertained at luncheon by Sir Donald and Lady Maclean, on behalf of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Spender, at Claridge's.

LINCOLN'S INN

The Treasurer, Mr. Nathaniel Micklem, K.C., and the Masters of the Bench entertained at dinner last night, being the Grand Day in Easter Term:—

The Lord Chancellor, the Hungarian Minister, Viscount Sumner, Lord Greenwood, K.C., Lord Macmillan, Major-General John E. B. Seely, Lord Justice Scrutton, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Walter Halsey, Bt., Sir Oliver Wardrop, Mr. Justice MacGregor (New Zealand), the Rev. Dr. T. Field, Mr. C. M. Pitman, K.C., the President of the Law Society (Mr. Walter E. Foster), Mr. Walter de la Mare, and Mr. Reginald Steggall.

The Benchers present on the occasion were:—

Sir Edward Clarke, K.C., Sir Alfred Hopkinson, K.C., Lord Warrington of Clyffe, Mr. Justice Eve, Lord Justice Lawrence, Lord Danesfort, K.C., Mr. Jenkins, K.C., Sir Thomas Hughes, K.C., Sir Frederick Pollock, Bt., K.C., Lord Blanesburgh, Sir Charles Sargant, Lord Justice Romer, Sir Felix Cassel, Bt., K.C., Mr. Lewis Thomas, K.C., Mr. Pember, Lord Russell of Killowen, Mr. Justice Clauson, Mr. Justice Macnaghten, Mr. Errington, Mr. Theobald Mathew, Lord Tomlin, Mr. Ashworth James, K.C., Mr. Vaughan Williams, K.C., Sir Herbert Cunliffe, K.C., Mr. Cyril Atkinson, K.C., M.P., Lord Hailsham, Sir Malcolm McIlwraith, K.C., Judge Thompson, K.C., Mr. Galbraith, K.C., M.P., Mr. Justice Luxmoore, Mr. Adams, Mr. Barrington-Ward, K.C., Mr. Manning, K.C., Sir William Holdsworth, K.C., Sir Gerald Hurst, K.C., M.P., Mr. Percival Clarke, Judge Hugh Sturges, K.C., Mr. Latter, K.C., Mr. Stafford Crossman, Mr. Hunt, Mr. Eastham, K.C., Mr. Stamp, Mr. Justice Bennett, Mr. Archer, K.C., Mr. Valsey, K.C., and Mr. R. F. P. Rowe (Under Treasurer).

LUNCHEONS

BARONESS CEDERSTRÖM

Baron and Baroness Cederström gave a luncheon party at the Ritz Restaurant on Monday. Their guests were:—The Marquess of Dufferin and Ava, Lord Lurgan, Sir Frederick and Lady Ponsonby, and Mr. and Mrs. August Edwards.

THE LADY MAYORESS

Dr. Francis Ripka, the Chief Mayor of Budapest, who was accompanied by Dr. Edward Vargesel, the Chief of the Economic Department, and Dr. Gabriel Csiki, Pastor of the Unitarian Mission House, were entertained at luncheon by the Lord Mayor of London and the Lady Mayoress at the Mansion House yesterday. The Marquis Alphonse de Pallavicini, Secretary of the Hungarian Legation, introduced them.

THE COMING COURTS

As space for descriptions of dresses to be worn at their Majesties' Courts on May 14, 15, 27, and 28 will be strictly limited, inquiries should be addressed, in writing, to the Social Editor, *The Times*, Printing House-square, E.C.4, at the earliest possible moment.

MARRIAGES

MR. J. F. GRETTON AND MISS LOEFFLER

The marriage took place yesterday afternoon at St. Margaret's, Westminster, of Mr. John Frederick Gretton, only son of Colonel John Gretton, P.C., M.P., and the Hon. Mrs. Gretton, of Stapleford Park, Melton Mowbray, and 35, Belgrave-square, and Miss Margaret Loeffler, eldest daughter of Captain and Mrs. Loeffler, of 51, Grosvenor-square. Canon Blakeney officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore an ankle-length white satin gown with a long, fan-shaped train falling from the waist, and a tulle veil held in place by a wreath of orange blossom. She carried a sheaf of white orchids, and was attended by eight grown-up bridesmaids—Miss Elizabeth Loeffler, Miss Mollie Gretton, Lady Mary Hope, Lady Catherine Willoughby, Miss Sally Lindley, the Hon. Diana Skeffington, the Hon. Joan Marjoribanks, and Lady Alexandra Haig. They wore long dresses of white tulle with scarves draped across the shoulders and wreaths of white camellias in their hair. They carried shower bouquets of lilies-of-the-valley. The Earl of Brecknock was best man. A reception was held at 19, Grosvenor-square, and among the guests were:—

Colonel and the Hon. Mrs. John Gretton, Mrs. Loeffler, Miss Gretton, Miss Muriel Gretton, Lord and Lady Ventry, the Dowager Marchioness Conyngham, Miss Gretta Cameron, Lady St. Audries, the Hon. Audrey and the Hon. Maud Acland-Hood, Lord St. Audries, the Bolivian Minister and Mme. de Aramayo, the Swiss Minister and Mlle. Livia Paravicini, the Marquess de Merry del Val, Mme. Dresselhuys, Mme de Marees van Swinderen, Mlle. de Marees van Swinderen, Prince and Princess Otto von Bismarck, the Swedish Naval Attaché, Mme. Edwardes.

The Dowager Lady Glentanar, Lady Anne Wellesley, Elizabeth Countess of Northesk, Lady Katharine Manley, Lady George Cholmondeley, Lady Lowther, the Hon. Lancelot and Mrs. Lowther, Lord and Lady Leigh, the Duchess of Newcastle, Lady Dundas of Arniston, Miss May Dundas, Viscountess Massereene and Ferrard, the Hon. Mrs. Carnegie, Lady North, the Earl of Normanton, Lady Rosemary Agar, Lady Caroline Agar, Priscilla Countess Annesley, Lady Carson, the Countess of Lindsey, Commander the Hon. Roger Coke, the Countess of Hardwicke, Lady Elisabeth Yorke, Sir Edward and the Hon. Lady Chichester, Admiral the Hon. Sir Victor and Lady Stanley, the Countess of Huntingdon, the Countess of Lisburne, Mrs. George Philippi, Lady Madden, Countess Cowley, Lady Diana Wellesley, the Dowager Lady Floyd, the Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava, Lady Annaly, the Hon. Mrs. Malcolm Bowes-Lyon, Miss Pamela Bowes-Lyon, Cora Countess of Strafford, the Marquess and Marchioness of Headfort, the Countess of Bective, Earl Fitzwilliam, Lady Muriel Liddell-Grainger, Captain the Hon. Henry FitzAlan-Howard, Captain the Hon. John Mitford, Lady Priscilla Willoughby, the Hon. John Willoughby.

The Earl and Countess of Northesk, Lord Charles Hope, Lady Fiona Pratt, Lady Irene Cubitt, Lady Baring, Lady Audrey Talbot, Lady Georgiana Curzon, Lord and Lady Sackville, Lord Romilly, Sir Clive and the Hon. Lady Morrison-Bell, the Hon. Mrs. Montagu Pane, Lady Ursula Talbot, Lady Alice Willoughby, Baron and Baroness Cederström, Lady Cynthia Sissmor, Lady Joan Villiers, the Earl and Countess of Kenmare, Lady Calla Coates, Miss Coates, Lady Alington, Count John de Salis, the Hon. Mrs. Montague Eliot, Miss Eliot, Sir Henry Floyd, Major Barrow, Major W. B. Baird, the Mayor and Mayoress of Burton-on-Trent, Lady Codrington, Colonel and Mrs. Codrington, Mrs. Wendell, Mrs. Hamilton Wedderburn, Captain and Mrs. Burrell, Mrs. Blakeney, M. and Mme. Thyberg, Colonel and Mrs. Ambrose Dudley, Mr. and Mrs. John Grenfell, Mrs. Charles Drummond, Baron Bonde, Baroness Anne Bonde, Mrs. Humphrey Tollemache, Lady Bridges, Major and Mrs. Wodehouse, Colonel Gerard, the Hon. Mrs. Gilbert Hay, the Hon. Cynthia Guest, Mrs. Birch Reynoldson, Mr. Ernest Thesiger, Mrs. Leopold Lonsdale, the Hon. Cecil and Mrs. Lonsdale, Captain Cecil Bladen, Mr. Eustace P. Ralli, Lady Burgoyne, Mrs. A. Campbell, the Hon. Mrs. Ivo Fiennes, Major J. B. Paget, Captain and Mrs. Erskine, Mrs. J. R. Ralli, Mrs. St. George, Major and Mrs. Geoffrey Lubbock, Mrs. M. St. Aubyn, the Hon. Lady Quilter, Mrs. James Baird, Miss Keith Fraser, Sir Harry and Lady Mainwaring, Mrs. Robin d'Erlanger, Mr. Nigel Seely, Lady Robert Manners, Major Spencer, Mrs. Robert Fleming, Major A. E. Mulholland, Miss Lindley, Mr. C. L. Birkin, Miss Gladys Lowther, Mr. M. Lowther, Father Leonard, Mrs. Vere Chaplin, Mrs. Guy Fenwick, Mrs. Cunningham Reid, Lady Maude, Miss Marconi, Lady Castellani, Mrs. John Floyd, Miss Averil Smith, Mrs. Vere Finch.

Alderman and Mrs. Jenkins, Mr. Frank Shirley, Mrs. F. W. Andrews, Mrs. Marriott, Mr. and Mrs. Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. Clubb, Mrs. Hopkinson, Mrs. H. T. Bollett, Lady Dallas, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Bull, Mrs. Gross, Mrs. Hanson, Mrs. King, Mr. F. R. Miller, Mr. W. S. Tucker, the Misses Milligan, Mrs. Charles Hay, Mr. A. Atkin, Major and Mrs. H. T. Laing, Mr. F. E. Sicmor, Mr. and Mrs. Chuter, Mrs. Keith Murray, Dr. Slater, Mr. Michael Renshaw, Mrs. Hardy, Mr. and Mrs. Carrington, Mr. and Mrs. Sharp, Mr. Charles Harvey, Mrs. Bland, Mrs. McEwen, Mr. Thomas Ratcay, Mrs. Fleetwood Hesketh, Mr. and Mrs. C. Burt, Mrs. Mackay Blake, Miss E. Garner, Mr. S. F. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Palmour, Mr. Alan Lawrence, Miss N. Butler, Miss N. Paisley, Mrs. Glasgow, Mr. Sibbert, Mr. Silva, Mrs. Blair, Mrs. James Martin, and Mr. O. Rowley.

MR. A. B. LEITCH AND MISS WILSON

The marriage took place at St. Martin-in-the-Fields yesterday of Mr. Archibald Bisset Leitch, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Leitch, late of Mossley Hill, Liverpool, and Miss Nancie Stansfield Wilson, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Wilson, of Les Rochers, Costebelle, Hyères. The Rev. P. B. Clayton and the Rev. P. McCormick officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a simple gown of heavy white georgette reaching to the ground. Her long train was lined with silver tissue and her veil of tulle was held in place by a headdress of orange-blossom. She carried a bouquet of lilies-of-the-valley. There were five grown-up bridesmaids—Miss Peggy Anstruther, Miss Helen Douglas, Miss Frances Kirk, Miss Betty Railton, and Miss Vera Molyneux-Seel. Their long, sleeveless dresses of yellow chiffon, edged with tulle, had little coats to match. They wore wreaths of green leaves on their hair and carried sheaves of deep red roses. Mr. Charles Fenwick was best man. A reception was held afterwards at Claridge's.

The honeymoon is being spent motoring on the Continent, and the bride's travelling dress of dark brown crêpe romaine was worn with a large hat to match and a silver fox fur.

DANCE

LADY LANSDOWNE

The Marchioness of Lansdowne gave a dance at 20, Mansfield-street last night for her daughter, Lady Katherine Fitzmaurice. The house was decorated with flowers from Bowood and the Embassy band played. Dinner parties for the dance were given by Viscountess Astor, Lady Violet Astor, Lady Henry Bentinck, the Marchioness of Hartington, and Lady Hope.

The Marchioness of Lansdowne's guests at dinner were:—

Colonel and Mrs. Edgar Brassey, Miss Brassey, Lady Joan Villiers, Miss Chamberlain, the Hon. Margaret Thesiger, the Hon. Elizabeth Brand, Lady Georgiana Curzon, Miss Victoria Fuller, the Hon. Esmé Glyn, Lady Eileen Forbes, Miss Angela Nevill, Mr. and Mrs. H. Lloyd Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Rice, Mlle. Livia Paravicini, Sir Victor Warrender, Lord Colum Crichton-Stuart, the Earl of Erne, Mr. E. Spicer, Mr. R. Dawnay, the Hon. Arthur Gore, Mr. J. Ward, Miss Scott Elliot, Miss Phyllis Spender-Clay, Miss Ursula Packe, Miss Ward, Mr. W. Steele, Lord O'Neill, Sir Raymond Greene, Mr. A. Bell, the Hon. Thomas Coke, the Hon. John Bingham, Mr. Huzi Vivian Smith, Mr. Brian Fitzgerald, and Mr. M. Portman.

RECEPTION

THE MAYORESS OF WESTMINSTER

The Mayoress of the City of Westminster gave a musical at home at Caxton Hall yesterday. In addition to the Mayors and Mayoresses of the Metropolitan Boroughs those who accepted invitations to be present included:—

The Lord Chancellor and Miss Sankey, the Lord Mayor of London and the Lady Mayoress, Admiral Sir Henry Bruce, Mrs. J. R. Clynes, Sir Atul and Lady Chatterjee, Mrs. H. Costley-White, Sir Henry and Lady Davenport, Canon F. L. Donaldson, Sir Laming and Lady Worthington-Evans, Sir Edward and Lady Knapp-Fisher, Lady Hanley, Lady Hartley, Councillor the Hon. Arthur and Mrs. Howard, Sir John and Lady Hunt, Lord and Lady Jessel, the Chairman of the London County Council, Mr. and Mrs. George Lambert, Major J. M. Maxwell Lyte, Sir Alexander Mackenzie, Lord and Lady Macmillan, Sir David Murray, Sir Oswyn and Lady Murray, Sir Walter and Lady Peacock, Lady Plender, Field-Marshal Viscount Plumer and Viscountess Plumer, Sir Percy and Lady Shepherd, Countess Rogeri di Villanova, and Lady Willert.

FUNERAL

MR. J. J. GLEW

The interment of John Joseph Glew, who passed away at Bournemouth, took place at Anfield Cemetery, Liverpool, on Monday. Before the interment a service was held at St. Emmanuel's Church, Fazakerley, conducted by the Rev. E. Lomax. Mr. Glew had for several years been secretary to the United Glass Bottle Manufacturers, Limited, also secretary to the Kork-N-Seal, Limited. The chief mourners were:—Mrs. Willis, Mrs. Keenan, Mrs. Jones and Miss Sarah Glew (sisters), Mr. Willis (brother-in-law), Miss Lilly Willis, Mr. John Greenwood, Mr. Hugh Greenwood (nephews and nieces), Mr. Kenyon (London), Nurse Carter (London), and Mrs. Lomax.

Others at the church were:—Colonel J. T. Hopgood (Rainford), Mr. and Mrs. Hecker (representing Charlton factory), and Mr. and Mrs. Warr (St. Helens).

Among those at the graveside were:—Mr. J. S. Cannington, Major W. F. Dixon-Nuttall (directors of United Glass Bottle Manufacturers, Limited), and Mr. Gilbert Gilbey (director of United Glass Bottle Manufacturers, Limited, and Kork-N-Seal, Limited), Mr. V. Robinz, Mr. Birchall, Mr. Boardman (representing St. Helens factory), and Mr. Stephens (Liverpool office). Others present were Mr. Nash, Mr. Parks, and Mr. McGowan.

ASCOT ROYAL ENCLOSURE

We are requested to state that applications for vouchers for the Royal Enclosure at Ascot should be sent in before May 31, after which date no applications can be considered.

Applications should be addressed to the Viscount Churchill, G.C.V.O., Ascot Office, St. James's Palace, S.W.1.

FLOWERS AND ALPINE PLANTS

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY'S SHOW

The Royal Horticultural Society's Fortnightly Show, which is being held in the new hall in Greycoat-street, Westminster, opened yesterday afternoon. There was an exceptionally varied collection of flowers and plants, so that there was plenty to interest those who garden entirely in the open and also those who love greenhouse plants from warmer lands. Many new and little-known plants were submitted to the committees, and several were so beautiful as to attract a continuous stream of admirers throughout the day. The show will be open to-day from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

The most striking exhibit in the show was a collection of varieties of *Anthurium Scherzerianum* staged by Messrs. Sander, who made the brilliant red spathes the more effective by intermingling them with the drooping racemes of the amber-yellow orchid *Dendrobium thyrsiflorum*. The group contained all the most modern forms of *Anthurium Scherzerianum*, some of which have spathes nearly 6in. across, while the colours include not only self-coloured scarlets, crimsons, and cerise-reds, but beautifully spotted forms of *A. S. Rothschildianum* which have a ground colour of white, pink, or creamy yellow. Two exceptionally fine self-coloured varieties received awards of merit.

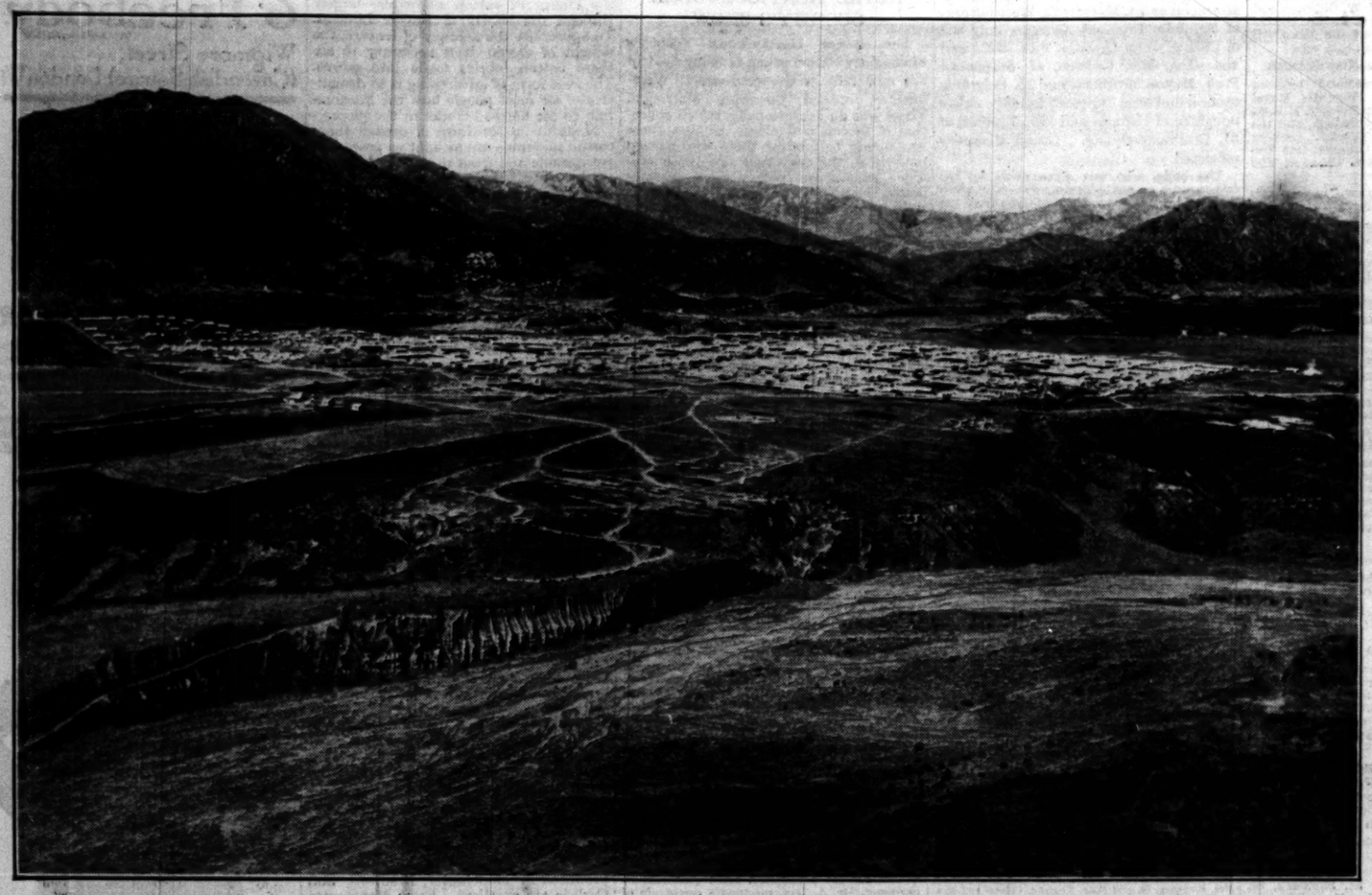
Another imposing exhibit was a collection of about 80 varieties of *Caladium*, shown by L. R. Russell, Limited, and it is doubtful whether a more comprehensive group of these ornamental-leaved stove plants has ever been exhibited. In the centre of the hall Mr. H. J. Jones had an attractive group of blue, white, and pink hydrangeas, and near by Messrs. J. Peed and Son showed their strain of *Streptocarpus*. Messrs. Blackmore and Langdon and Fogwill's Seed Stores both showed good groups of *Schizanthus*, and Messrs. Dobbie and Co. provided a most brilliant piece of colour with about three dozen well-grown plants of their strain of *Calceolaria* which has large flowers, and a great range of colours including a beautiful orange shade.

OLD-WORLD FLOWERS

There were several groups of carnations, the best being that of Messrs. Allwood Brothers, and Mr. James Douglas showed a collection of florist's auriculas, old-world flowers for which the firm is famous. Lord Rothschild sent from his garden at Tring Park a display of the crimson *Gloriosa virescens Rothschildiana* trained on wire frames. The beauty and unusual nature of the exhibit gave rise to much comment, and in view of the skill required for its production Lord Rothschild's gardener, Mr. A. Dye, received a certificate of cultural commendation. Messrs. Stuart Low had a miscellaneous collection of greenhouse plants, and Messrs. Jarman and Co. showed varieties of *Pelargonium*.

There were many exhibits of alpine plants, and there were six competitors for the Sewell Medals which have been provided, through the generosity of that enthusiastic amateur Mr. A. J. Sewell, to encourage the cultivation of plants suitable for the rock-garden or alpine house. The medal offered for the best exhibit of six pots or pans staged by an amateur was won by Mr. Mark Fenwick, who sent, among other things, a wonderful specimen of *Haberlea Ferdinandi-Coburgii* carrying over 50 inflorescences, many of which had five flowers. The nurserymen's medal was won by Clarence Elliott, Limited, whose exhibit included *Daphne rupestris* and *Schizocodon soldanelloides*. In a non-competitive exhibit Mr. Sewell showed an exceptionally fine specimen of *Lewisia Howellii*. Messrs. M. Prichard and Sons had a most attractive display in the form of a miniature rock garden, and their drifts of *Lithosperm

ON THE NORTH-WEST FRONTIER: VICEROY'S VISIT TO HILL TRIBES



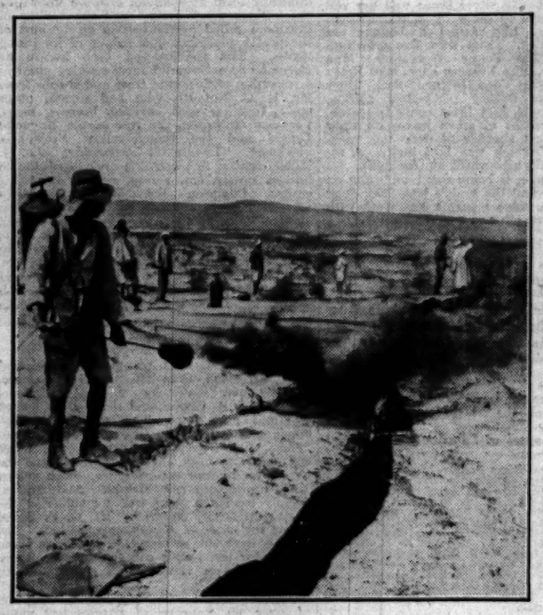
IN THE HEART OF WAZIRISTAN.—A view showing the British headquarters at Razmak, Waziristan, visited by the Viceroy during his tour of the North-West Frontier Province described in an article on page 17.

THE WANA PASS.—In the course of his visit to the North-West Frontier the Viceroy went by air from Miramshah to Wana. Our photograph of the Wana Pass shows a convoy passing along an old river-bed road. Wana lies just behind the gap in the hills.

THE DELPHIC FESTIVAL.—A scene from one of the classical revivals at the Delphic Festival last week. The performances, which were given in the ancient theatre at Delphi, attracted visitors from many parts.

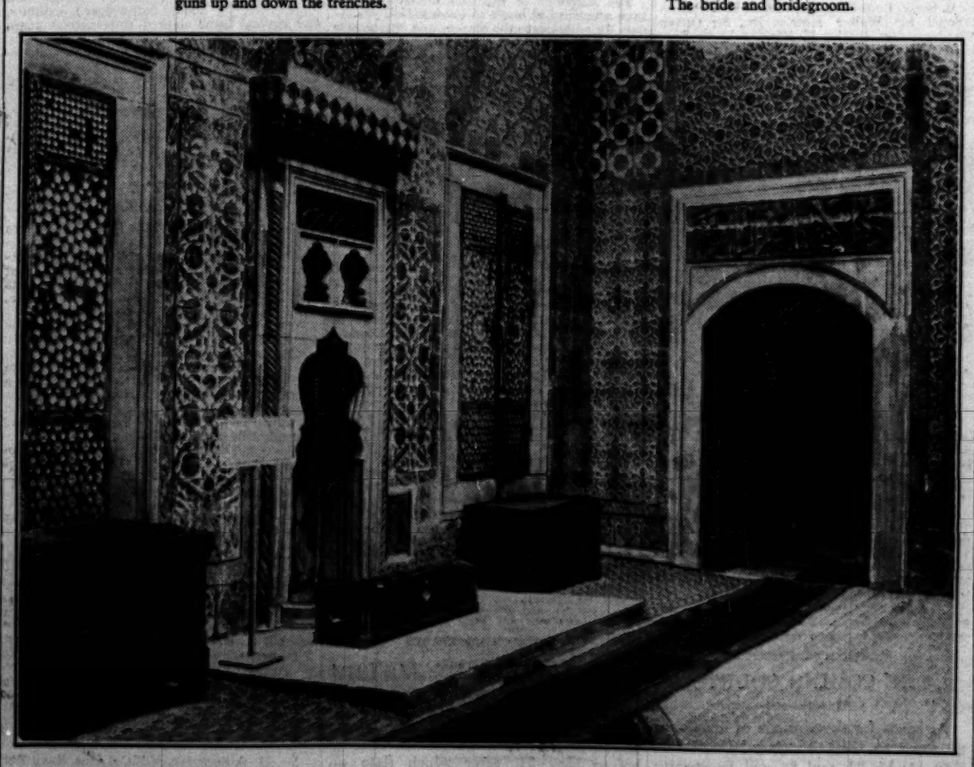
A MAIN STREET IN PESHAWAR.—The Viceroy's tour of the hill country of the North-West Frontier started from Peshawar, where he and Lady Irwin were given a warm reception. We give a view of the main street of the city.

BRITISH OMNIBUS FOR SWEDEN.—An A.E.C. "Regent" omnibus being slung on to a barge at Millwall before shipment for service in Stockholm. It is of the latest type used in London.



"THE LOCUST FUSILIERS."—Fighting the invasion of locusts in the desert of Sinai. The method is to lead the army of locusts towards trenches, over which they pour in green and yellow cascades, and then to play flame-guns up and down the trenches.

WEDDING AT ST. MARGARET'S.—Mr. J. F. Gretton, only son of Colonel John Gretton, M.P., married Miss Margaret Loeffler at St. Margaret's, Westminster, yesterday. The bride and bridegroom.



THE IMPERIAL HAREM.—A corridor of the former Imperial Harem in the Eski Serai, Stambul, which was recently opened to the public as part of the Museum of Top Kapu. The Eski Serai, or Old Palace, was begun in 1468 by the Conqueror of Constantinople, Sultan Mohamed II. Fatih, and was not abandoned until just before the Crimean War.

THE APPLE AS A DRINK

See this trade mark on every bottle whether bottled locally or by the makers.

"Golden Pippin" Cider-de-luxe is not just an ordinary cider but has justified its claim to be in a class by itself for over 80 years. It is not a "mass production" brand but it is a "pedigree cider" limited to the amount of vintage fruit available, from the pure undiluted juice of which alone it is made, receiving in every process of manufacture as much care as the finest continental wines. Those who know "Golden Pippin" take the greatest pride in it and refuse other brands.

SPECIAL SAMPLE OFFER.

If unobtainable from your usual supplier we will send a case containing 3 doz. champagne pints or a 9-gallon cask for 22/6, carriage paid in England and Wales, and we pay carriage on returned empties, which are charged extra if not returned within three months. Kindly send name and address of your usual retailer.

Golden Pippin CIDER-de-LUXE

Sole Makers
WILLIAM EVANS & CO LTD 2 WIDEMARSH HEREFORD

EMPIRE FAIR
ROYAL ALBERT HALL
KENSINGTON W
MAY 21ST TO MAY 24TH.

IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE BRITISH LEGION

PRICES of ADMISSION
11 a.m. to 6 p.m. 2/-
After 6 p.m. 1/-

LE TOUQUET
Four hours from London. Two hours from Paris.
CASINO & LEADING HOTELS
OPENED AT EASTER
and will not close until October.
WESTMINSTER
in pine forest close to Casino. 250 rooms with bath and 'phone.
GRAND HOTEL
on the beach—very central. 200 rooms with 'phone and bath.
ROYAL PICARDY
the most beautiful Hotel in the world.

Out at last!
—and better than ever!
We desire to explain for the late appearance of our official guide—"Norway, Nature's Wonderland"—and to inform the numerous enquirers that copies are now available.
The new guide is profusely illustrated and full of interesting information about Norway. It gives details of inexpensive tours and cruises, particulars of hotels and accommodation, and many other matters of interest to everybody contemplating a holiday in Norway.
Ask your Travel Agent for a copy or write to—
NORWEGIAN STATE RAILWAYS.
Travel Bureau, Norway House,
22, Cockspur Street, London, S.W.1

CATALOGUE illustrating Overcoats for every purpose, and PATTERNS of Burberry Tweeds and Coatings, post free on mention of "The Times"

THE ROBUSTOR BURBERRY

A lightweight coat for racing or everyday use

The Robustor is just the type of Overcoat the majority of men require for Spring and Summer wear. Made from fine pure wool

BURBERRY-PROOFED TWEEDS & COATINGS

it is almost weightless, yet it excludes cold winds, and generates healthful warmth when it's chilly. Burberry-proofing further increases the usefulness of The Robustor by rendering it

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whilst still maintaining natural ventilation; so that it is not only Warm without Weight, but also Proof without Heat—an ideal combination in an Overcoat designed to keep its wearer dry and comfortable in every kind of weather.

BURBERRYS Ltd. HAYMARKET LONDON S.W.1

THIRTY FIVE YEARS AGO

See me dance the polka

The rollicking, frolicking polka was all the rage thirty-five years ago. So were chaperones, conservatories and fans. Thirty-five years ago came also, pure, dry, free-running Cerebos Salt, which set the standard of table refinement then, as it does to-day.

Cerebos SALT

SPRING CLEAN
YOUR FLOORS & FURNITURE WITH
MANSION ANTISEPTIC POLISH
THE QUICK & EASY WAY TO BRIGHTNESS

Jeanne Lanvin of Paris
will show her new collection of Dresses, Coats, Hats,
from May 12 to May 16
in London,
Hotel Splendide, 105 Piccadilly

The following advertisement is for information only in compliance with the regulations of the Committee of The Stock Exchange, London, and is not an invitation to the public to subscribe either for Shares or for Units represented by Certificates to be issued by Royal Exchange Assurance, referred to below.
The Directors collectively and individually are responsible for the information herein contained.

N. V. GEMEENSCHAPPELIJK BEZIT VAN AANDEELEN PHILIPS' GLOEILAMPENFABRIEKEN, EINDHOVEN.

PHILIPS' INCANDESCENT LAMP WORKS HOLDING COMPANY, EINDHOVEN.

(Incorporated with Limited Liability in and under the Laws of the Netherlands.)

SHARE CAPITAL.

Authorised. Florins.		*Issued and Fully Paid-up.* Florins.
30,000	in 6 Priority Shares of Florins 5,000 each	30,000
60,250,000	in Cumulative Preference Shares of Florins 1,000 each	18,846,000
181,250,000	in Ordinary Shares of Florins 1,000 each	53,791,000
Florins 241,530,000		Florins 72,667,000

(At par of exchange, viz., Florins 12.107=£1, Florins 1,000=£82 11s. 11d. approx.)
The Preference and Ordinary Shares can be divided into 10 sub-shares of Florins 100 each.

THE COMPANY HAS NO LOAN CAPITAL OUTSTANDING.

This Company was incorporated under Dutch law on 23rd April, 1920, in order to keep the control of the operating Company, viz., N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken, Eindhoven (Philips' Incandescent Lamp Company), in Dutch hands by acquiring the majority of its Preference and Ordinary Shares. The control of the Holding Company is in turn vested in its Fls.30,000 nominal priority shares which are entitled to a dividend of 4 per cent. per annum, and can only be held by Dutch nationals domiciled in Holland, or by a Dutch Company the majority of whose Directors are Dutch and domiciled in Holland. Apart from the priority shares which were issued for cash, all the shares of the Holding Company were issued in exchange for an equal number of shares of the Operating Company, and the Operating Company will guarantee that the Preference and the Ordinary Shares of the Holding Company will receive as in the past the same rate of dividend and the same subscription rights as those of the Operating Company. The shares of both Companies are quoted on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange; those of the Holding Company enjoy a wider and more active market and as a result are usually quoted higher than those of the Operating Company.

The Balance Sheet of the Holding Company as at December 31st, 1929, and the Profit and Loss Account for the year ended December 31st, 1929, appear below :—

BALANCE SHEET as at 31st December, 1929.

LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.	
Ordinary Share Capital—		Ordinary Shares Philips' Incandescent Lamp Company	Fls.53,791,000.00
Authorised	Fls.68,750,000	6% Cumulative Preference Shares Philips' Incandescent Lamp Company	18,846,000.00
Less Amount unissued ..	14,959,000	Philips' Incandescent Lamp Company	10,089,295.50
	Fls.53,791,000.00		
6% Cum. Preference Share Capital—			
Authorised	Fls.22,750,000		
Less Amount unissued ..	3,904,000		
	Fls.18,846,000.00		
Priority Share Capital	30,000.00		
Dividends unclaimed	5,943.00		
Balance available for distribution	10,053,352.50		
	Fls.82,726,295.50		Fls.82,726,295.50

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the Year ended 31st December, 1929.

Dr.		Cr.	
Balance	Fls.10,053,352.50	Interest Account	Fls.10,053,352.50

As will be seen from the above Balance Sheet, the Holding Company now owns 53,791 ordinary shares and 18,846 preference shares of Philips' Incandescent Lamp Company, hereinafter referred to as the Company, or over 81 per cent. of its ordinary capital and over 89 per cent. of its preference capital.

PHILIPS' INCANDESCENT LAMP COMPANY

BUSINESS.—The Company, which is one of the largest industrial undertakings in Holland, was incorporated in 1912 with an issued capital of Fls. 5,750,000, to take over the business of the firm of Philips & Company, established in 1891. The Company is the second largest manufacturer and the largest exporter of incandescent lamps outside the U.S.A., and occupies a leading place among manufacturers of X-ray tubes. In 1925 N. V. Philips Radio was formed to manufacture wireless valves and the exports of this wholly-owned subsidiary are now larger than those of any other producer outside the U.S.A. The manufacture of wireless sets, loud-speakers and accessories was undertaken in 1927, sales being almost entirely confined to the Dutch market until the second half of 1929, when the success achieved at home justified exports on a large scale. The Company's products have met with conspicuous success in every market where they have been introduced.

The Company's chief works are at Eindhoven, Holland, and comprise a lamp factory, a wireless factory, a bakelite factory, a glass factory, a paper and cardboard factory, an X-ray tube factory, a Neon-tube factory and a research laboratory. Their total floor space exceeds 2,400,000 square feet. Heavy customs-duties and transport charges have induced the Company to manufacture part of its products in Belgium, England, Germany, Italy, Poland, Spain, and Sweden. In every case this has proved profitable and plans are under consideration for starting manufacture in other countries.

In order to keep pace with the demand for its goods, the Company is constantly enlarging its plants in Holland and abroad. Large sums are being spent each year on research. The research laboratory at Eindhoven is the largest and finest laboratory of Physics in Europe.

The distribution of "Philips" products is effected through a world-wide organisation of highly efficient selling agencies which are mostly operated through subsidiaries. Offices are maintained in nearly every European country and also in India, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, the Far East, and in every important country of South America.

Although full advantage has been taken of the latest labour-saving machinery, about 39,000 persons are employed by the Company and its subsidiaries, of whom over 20,000 are employed in the works at Eindhoven. The Company has the whole-hearted support of its employees, who participate in the profits after the payment of a first dividend of 6 per cent. on the capital and enjoy the advantages of dwelling houses at low rentals, clinics, schools, sports grounds and a recreation building.

The Company is on friendly terms with the General Electric Company of America which owns about 12 per cent. of its ordinary capital and is represented on the Board of Directors.

CAPITAL AND DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS.—The authorised capital of the Company is Fls. 250,000,000 divided into 62,500 Cumulative Participating Preference Shares and 187,500 Ordinary Shares, each of Fls. 1,000, of which 21,096 Preference Shares and 65,627 Ordinary Shares are issued and fully paid.

The Company's issued capital has been increased to its present amount of Fls. 86,723,000 by the offer of shares on bonus terms.

Additional information required in compliance with the regulations of the Committee of The Stock Exchange, London.

All shares of the holding Company are entitled to one vote per share in General Meeting. No resolution for the modification of the Articles of Association, the increase or decrease of capital or the dissolution of the Company, can be passed without the sanction of a separate Meeting of the holders of Priority Shares.

The Priority Shares are entitled to a preferential dividend of 4% and in the case of liquidation to priority over the Ordinary and Preference Shares in repayment of capital. The Preference Shares are entitled to a preferential cumulative dividend at the rate of 6% per annum and to participate with the Ordinary Shares in the remaining profits, after the Ordinary Shares have received 6%, in such a way that each Preference Share will receive by way of participation one-fifth of the amount received by each Ordinary Share. In liquidation the Preference Shares have priority over the Ordinary Shares as to repayment of capital and arrears of the preferential cumulative dividend of 6% but have no further right to participate in the assets. After 4% has been paid on the Priority Shares and 6% and any arrears of cumulative preferential dividend on the Preference Shares, the Ordinary Shares are entitled to dividend at the rate of 6% per annum and to participate with the Preference Shares in any remaining profits in such a way that each Ordinary Share will receive five times as much as each Preference Share received by way of participation. In liquidation, the Ordinary Shares rank for repayment of capital after repayment of capital on the Priority Shares and repayment of capital and arrears of cumulative preferential dividend on the Preference Shares.

For the last three years the Holding Company has paid dividends of 4% on its Priority Shares, 9% on its Preference Shares and, since 1921, the same dividends on its Ordinary Shares as those paid on the Ordinary Shares of the Operating Company.

Issues of Shares have been as follows :—

Date	No. of full shares	No. of sub-shares
PRIORITY SHARES		
20.3.1920 ..	6	—
PREFERENCE SHARES		
20.3.1920 ..	2,250	—
30.12.1925 ..	1,125	—
1.12.1927 ..	1,407	—
20.7.1928 ..	1,758	—
14.12.1928 ..	1,576	1,820
24.5.1929 ..	4,993	2,810
30.10.1929 ..	5,061	2,130
ORDINARY SHARES		
20.3.1920 ..	3,950	—
12.6.1923 ..	300	—
30.12.1924 ..	3,500	—
30.12.1925 ..	2,166	—
1.12.1927 ..	3,541	—
20.7.1928 ..	4,427	—
14.12.1928 ..	4,038	3,890
24.5.1929 ..	14,226	5,470
30.10.1929 ..	16,013	3,940

All the above shares have been issued against a corresponding number of Preference and Ordinary Shares of the Operating Company with the exception of the Priority Shares which were issued for cash at par. No shares are under option.

In no case has any commission been paid on subscription.

The price payable by Higginson and Co. for the 4,000 Ordinary Shares of Florins 1,000 each in respect of which the 400,000 Units will be issued is Florins 4,050 per Share less a commission of 5 per cent.

Copies of (a) Draft (subject to modification) of the Deed of Covenant between Higginson and Co., Royal Exchange Assurance and the Company, under which the Certificates will be issued; (b) Agreement between Higginson and Co., N.V. Philips Gloeilampenfabrieken, Eindhoven, and N.V. Gemeenschappelijk Bezit Van Aandeelen Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken, Eindhoven, under which Higginson and Co. have agreed to acquire the 4,000 Ordinary Shares of the Company; and (c) Translation of the Statutes of the Company, can be seen at the Offices of Linklaters and Paines, 2, Bond Court, Walbrook, London, E.C.4, during usual business hours on any day prior to 15th May, 1930.

The Articles of Association of the Company impose no restriction on the borrowing powers of the Company.

Under the Articles of Association of the Company no remuneration is payable to the Directors of the Company, nor is a Director required to hold a share qualification.

DIRECTORS.

G. H. DE MAREZ OYENS, Eefde, Holland (Chairman).
DR. A. F. PHILIPS, Eindhoven, Holland.
H. L. PHILIPS, Zaltbommel, Holland.

BANKERS.

ROTTERDAMSCHE BANKVEREENIGING, Amsterdam.

AUDITOR.

L. DE VRIES, Accountant, Amsterdam.

BROKERS.

ROWE and PITMAN, 43, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2.

SECRETARY TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

H. L. PHILIPS, Zaltbommel, Holland.

BRITISH FISCAL AGENTS OF THE COMPANY.

HIGGINSON and Co., 80, Lombard-street, London, E.C.3.

London, 7th May, 1930.

The value of the subscription rights accruing to the ordinary shareholders may be gathered from the following table :—

—	Subscription Right given to Ordinary Shareholders	Average market value of rights at time of offer in Fls. per old share	Total paid up capital on completion of the Issue
1924 ..	1 in 2 at 150%	320	Fls. 18,500,000
1925 ..	1 in 4 at 150%	430	" 23,125,000
1927 ..	1 in 4 at 200%	575	" 28,907,000
1928 .. July	1 in 4 at 200%	1,000	" 36,134,000
Nov.	1 in 5 at 250%	885	" 43,361,000
1929 .. May	1 in 2 at 250%	2,278	" 65,042,000
Oct.	1 in 5 at 250%	1,385	" 86,723,000

The distribution of profits takes place in the following order :—
1. 10% to the Reserve Fund and 5% to the Dividend Reserve Fund until they reach Fls. 1,000,000 and Fls. 500,000 respectively. Both these funds now stand at their stipulated maximum.
2. A dividend of 8% cumulative on the preference shares.
3. A dividend of 6% on the ordinary shares.
4. Of the remainder, 10% to the employees.
   12% to the Management.
   3% to the Board of Directors, with a maximum of Fls. 20,000 to each Director.
5. Of the Balance then remaining, 5% to the employees, and 95% at the disposal of the General Meeting for additional writings-off and reserves and for distribution among shareholders in such proportion that, on this distribution each ordinary share receives five times as much as each preference share.

EARNINGS AND DIVIDENDS.—Dividends have been paid on the Ordinary shares of the Company every year and in addition a share bonus of 100% was paid in respect of 1919. Apart from the war years and those immediately following the Company shows an unbroken record of rapidly expanding earnings. The following table shows the growth of the earnings, the provision made for depreciation and extraordinary writings-off and the dividends distributed on the ordinary shares since the Company's formation.

Year	Net earnings before depreciation	Depreciation	Extraordinary writings-off	Net earnings after depreciation and Extraordinary writings-off	Dividend on Ordinary Shares
	Fls.	Fls.	Fls.	Fls.	
1912	1,239,000	484,000	—	755,000	7%
1913	1,747,000	947,000	—	800,000	11%
1914	2,354,000	1,074,000	—	1,280,000	11%
1915	4,481,000	1,781,000	—	2,700,000	20%
1916	4,458,000	1,908,000	—	2,550,000	41%
1917	5,106,000	2,504,000	—	2,602,000	41%
1918	7,718,000	3,193,000	—	4,525,000	51%
1919	11,308,000	1,419,000	—	9,889,000	51%
1920	10,151,000	—	3,005,000	7,146,000	11%
1921	6,041,000	4,481,000	—	1,560,000	11%
1922	3,944,000	1,285,000	700,000	1,959,000	11%
1923	5,830,000	2,004,000	1,300,000	2,525,000	16%
1924	8,211,000	1,782,000	1,300,000	5,129,000	16%
1925	7,498,000	2,179,000	1,300,000	4,001,000	16%
1926	9,087,000	2,984,000	1,300,000	4,845,000	16%
1927	14,106,000	2,546,000	4,400,000	7,160,000	21%
1928	29,209,000	10,499,000	8,000,000	10,710,000	21%
1929	42,952,000	10,801,000	14,850,000	17,483,000	21%

* and a Share Bonus of 100%.

If in 1929 no appropriation had been made out of profits for extraordinary writings-off, the amount available for distribution to the Ordinary shareholders would have been Fls. 20,000,000 equal to over 37 per cent. of the capital ranking for dividend.

BALANCE SHEET AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

The Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company for the year ended December 31, 1929, are reproduced below in condensed form :—

BALANCE SHEET as at 31st December, 1929.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
Authorised Capital—			Factory Sites	Fl. 1	
75,000 Ordinary Shares of Fls.1,000 each..	Fls. 75,000,000		Factory Buildings	1	
25,000 6% Cum. Part. Preference Shares of Fls.1,000 each ..	25,000,000		Plant, Machinery, &c.	1	
	Fls.100,000,000		Sites of Dwelling Houses and Recreation Ground	1	
Issued Capital—			Dwelling Houses	5,134,568	
65,627 Ordinary Shares of Fls.1,000 each, fully paid ..	65,627,000		Undeveloped Sites	3,056,137	
21,096 6% Cum. Part. Preference Shares of Fls.1,000 each, fully paid	21,096,000				8,190,709
		86,723,000	Patents and Trademarks		1
Reserves		85,905,600	Participations in and Advances to other Undertakings		23,522,274
Creditors (including Pension Fund)	15,832,472		Debtors (including Subsidiary Companies' Balances) less Reserve ..	103,591,053	
Dividends unclaimed	990		Stock	49,863,127	
Dividends on Ordinary and Preference Shares and carry forward	12,903,617		Securities	6,861,563	
Participations of Directors, Management and Staff	5,912,779		Cash, Bankers and Bills Receivable ..	14,349,731	
		33,749,858			174,665,474
	Fls.206,378,458				Fls. 206,378,458

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the Year ended 31st December, 1929.

Dr.		Cr.	
Depreciation of Buildings, Machinery, &c. ..	Fls.10,609,971	Operating Account	Fls.42,951,604
Writings-off on Participations	7,708,037		
Registration Fees, &c., on issues of shares ..	2,150,633		
Extraordinary Writings-off on Buildings, Machinery, &c.	Fls.4,000,000		
Dividend on Ordinary and Preference Shares	12,890,479		
Participations of Directors, Management and Staff	4,592,484		
	21,482,963		
	Fls.42,951,604		Fls.42,951,604

It will be observed from the Balance Sheet that the entire capital expenditure of the Company on Factory Sites and Buildings, Plant and Machinery, Sites of Dwelling Houses and Recreation Ground, and Patents has been written down to the nominal figure of Fl. 1 for each item. The similar items in the accounts of the Company's subsidiaries have been dealt with in the same manner. The Buildings and the Plant and Machinery of the Company and its Subsidiaries have been valued for insurance at Fls.120,000,000. A combined statement of the current assets, viz. stock, debtors, marketable securities, bills receivable and cash on hand and at bank, of the parent Company and the Companies it controls, shows a total figure of over Fls. 175,000,000 against current liabilities of less than Fls. 42,000,000. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has any funded debt outstanding in the hands of the public. The profits of the group for 1929 are considerably higher than those shown in the Company's accounts.

PROSPECTS.—In spite of adverse trade conditions, sales for the first 3 months of 1930 are considerably higher than those for the corresponding period of 1929. The present rate of profits is sufficient to pay the same rate of dividend on the capital as for 1929, after writing off the cost of new factories and plant to be erected this year.

400,000 Units of Florins 10, each representing one 100th part of an Ordinary Share of Florins 1,000 of Philips' Incandescent Lamp Works Holding Company, Eindhoven, have been sold by

HIGGINSON & CO.,

80, LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.3.

These Units will be represented by Certificates to Bearer issued by Royal Exchange Assurance as Depositary under a Deed of Covenant under which Higginson & Co. will deposit with the Agent of the Depositary in Amsterdam, 4,000 Ordinary Shares ranking for dividend as from 1st January, 1930. The Certificates, which will have coupons attached, will be issued in denominations of 1, 5, 10 and 20 Units, and will entitle holders in the terms of the Deed of Covenant to a proportionate part of all rights and privileges attaching to the deposited shares, including dividends and subscription rights, but excluding voting rights which will be exercised by the Depositary in the best interests of the holders of the Certificates.

The Deed of Covenant will provide that on and after 1st October, 1930, Certificates representing 100 Units or multiples thereof may be surrendered to Higginson & Co. in London as Agents of the Depositary, and a corresponding amount of Ordinary Shares of the Company delivered at the Offices of the Agent of the Depositary in Amsterdam at the cost and risk of the person surrendering such Certificates and upon payment of a fee of 1s. 8d. per Certificate surrendered, the Government stamp duty and the charges and expenses incurred. Conversely, on and after 16th June, 1930, Ordinary Shares of Florins 1,000 each of the Company ranking *pari passu* with the deposited shares may be deposited by any holders thereof with the Agent of the Depositary in Amsterdam and a corresponding amount of Certificates issued by the Depositary in London at the cost and risk of the person depositing the Ordinary Shares, and upon payment of British Stamp Duty and a fee of Florins 5 per Florins 1,000 nominal value of the Ordinary Shares of the Company, so deposited and the charges and expenses incurred.

The Deed of Covenant will provide for sub-dividing and consolidating Certificates into different denominations on payment of British Stamp Duty, a fee of one penny per Unit and the charges and expenses incurred. On a return of capital or sale of bonus shares or rights the Depositary will be entitled to retain a fee of one penny per Florins 10 on the amount received for distribution and a like fee on the nominal value of any distribution in kind together with any expenses incurred.

The Deed of Covenant will contain, *inter alia*, provisions for convening Meetings of Certificate Holders and for enabling a prescribed majority thereof to bind the minority in respect of the matters therein specified and for payment to the Depositary and Higginson & Co. of certain fees and expenses.

Dividends on the Ordinary Shares converted into Sterling at the current rate of exchange will be distributed less British Income Tax by Higginson & Co. as Agents of the Depositary to holders of the Certificates against surrender of the appropriate coupons. Under present Dutch Law, dividends are distributed without deduction therefrom in respect of Dutch taxation.

Application will be made to the Committee of the London Stock Exchange for permission to deal in the Certificates, and an Official Quotation will be applied for in due course. The Ordinary Shares of the Company are quoted on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange.

Definitive Certificates will be delivered at the offices of Higginson & Co., on and after 16th June, 1930, in exchange for fully-paid Letters of Acceptance.

For the information required in compliance with the Regulations of the Committee of The Stock Exchange, London, in so far as it is not contained above, see next col.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

IMPORTANT NEW ISSUES

DUTCH LAMP COMPANY'S FINANCES

A number of important new issues are being arranged. To-day reference is made to three of them. An issue has been placed privately of 400,000 units representing Ordinary shares of Philips Incandescent Lamp Works Holding Company at the price of £3 7s. 3d. a unit; a public issue is about to be made of £2,500,000 of Six per Cent. Debentures of the Rhodesia and Mashonaland Railways; and a small Debenture issue of one of the more recently formed Scottish investment trust companies is offered for subscription forthwith. In the market yesterday there was a general expectation of another large issue of the gilt-edged class. It was said that the stock would be offered for subscription on Thursday; and would consist of £3,500,000 of Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Five per Cent. Debenture stock at par.

The Philips' Lamp Issue

The Philips' Lamp issue is not being made by public subscription, the units having been placed privately. The particulars of the issue are being published solely for the purpose of conforming to Stock Exchange regulations, which prescribe that, before permission to deal can be granted, full particulars must be published. The issue consists of 400,000 units of 10 florins, each representing one one-hundredth part of an Ordinary share of 1,000 florins, and the price per unit is £3 7s. 3d. These units rank for dividend as from January 1, 1930. On the basis of the present 21 per cent. dividend, which it is expected the company will be able to maintain, the yield is over £5 3s. per cent. The undertaking is a remarkable one. The holding company itself was formed in 1920 in order to keep the control of the operating company, Philips' Incandescent Lamp Company, in Dutch hands by acquiring the majority of its Preference and Ordinary shares. The control of the holding company is vested in its 30,000 florins (nominal) of priority shares, which are entitled to a 4 per cent. dividend, but can only be held by Dutch nationals domiciled in Holland or by a Dutch company. The business, which is one of the largest industrial undertakings in the country, was originally established in 1891, and was incorporated as a company in 1912 with an issued capital of 5,750,000 florins. Its present capital is 72,667,000 florins. It is the second largest manufacturer and the largest exporter of incandescent lamps outside America, and is a leading manufacturer of X-ray tubes. In 1925 a subsidiary was formed to manufacture wireless valves, and the exports of this subsidiary are claimed to be larger than those of any other producer outside the United States. Three years ago the manufacture of wireless sets, loud-speakers, &c., was undertaken. The company's chief works are at Eindhoven, where it employs over 20,000 people, but it also manufactures part of its products in Belgium, England, Germany, Italy, Poland, Spain, and Sweden. The company is on friendly terms with the General Electric Company of America, which owns about 12 per cent. of its Ordinary capital.

Strong Financial Position

The most striking features of the company are its extraordinarily rapid expansion in recent years, the great prudence with which its finances have been conducted, and the resultant strong position disclosed by the balance-sheet. In the last five years the net earnings have risen from 7,498,000 florins to 42,952,000 florins. Last year nearly one-fourth of its net profit was written off for depreciation, after which nearly one-third of the total profits was appropriated for extraordinary writings off. After providing for ordinary depreciation, the earnings were equal to 37 per cent. on the Ordinary capital. Fixed assets have been written down to one florin for each item, and the patents and trade marks to the same figure. The fixed assets of the subsidiaries have been similarly dealt with, but it is explained that the buildings and plant and machinery of the company and its subsidiaries have been valued for insurance at no less than 120,000,000 florins. Thus the company's hidden reserves are exceptionally large. Liquid assets amount to over 175,000,000 florins, against current liabilities of less than 42,000,000 florins. Neither the company nor any of its subsidiaries has any funded debt. The present price of the shares in Amsterdam is 445 per cent., *cum* the 1929 dividend of 21 per cent.; the issue price of the units is equal to 405 per cent.

Rhodesian Railway Debentures.

Arrangements are being made for the issue in a few days of £2,500,000 Six per Cent. Rhodesia and Mashonaland Railways Consolidated Debentures, which will constitute the balance of an authorized total of £10,000,000. The price of issue will be 100½, but a substantial "turn" will be involved by the fact that a full half-year's interest is to be paid on August 1, while allottees will be allowed to spread payment of their calls until July 21. The Rhodesia Railways and the Mashonaland Railway operate a system comprising 2,549 miles of track, extending from Vryburg in the Union of South Africa in the South and from the Port of Beira through Southern and Northern Rhodesia to the Katanga district of the Belgian Congo. The companies have additional branch lines 129 miles in length under construction. The new financing contemplated is largely due to the needs for increased transport arising from the development of the important new copper field in Northern Rhodesia. Since October, 1926, from which date railway rates and fares have been regulated by a special Government Commission, on a basis calculated to produce a "standard revenue," the traffic of the railways has shown gratifying expansion. This has been sufficient to enable them not only to reduce rates but to maintain the gross revenue of the whole system at over £5,000,000 a year; to set aside the whole of the required reserve of £1,500,000; and to make provision for depreciation and renewals amounting to £1,274,000. The present issue of debentures has been approved by the Railway Commission, and the interest charged thereon will consequently be covered by an increase in the standard revenue provided for under the existing railway laws.

A Trust's Debenture Issue

The Home and Foreign Investment Trust, which was incorporated in December, 1926, and has an issued capital of £750,000, is making an issue of £353,420 of Five per Cent. Debenture stock, 1953-63, part of a total authorized amount of £500,000. The price is 95, at which figure the flat yield is £5 5s. 3d. per cent and the redemption yield at the latest date £5 6s. 3d. per cent. In the first 16 months of its existence the company earned a profit of £26,365, in the year ended March 31, 1929, of £24,533 and in the year ended March 31 last of £32,008. Holders of the Ordinary shares have received dividends rising from 5 per cent. in the first year to 7 per cent. last year. A valuation of investments at the prices ruling on March 31 last showed an aggregate value in excess of the book value. The gross income of the current year is estimated to exceed £85,000, as against £72,000 last year, and the sum required to pay interest on the total authorized amount of Debenture stock is £25,000.

Floating Debt Increased

Expenditure for the week ended May 3 amounted to £26,980,497 (of which £12,500,000 represented interest payments), and exceeded receipts by £16,090,143. Receipts in respect of the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan, 1940-44, amounted to £1,891,883. The Treasury borrowed, in the form of Ways and Means Advances £8,400,000 from Public Departments and £1,500,000 from the Bank of England. Sales of Treasury Bills in excess of repayments provided £3,545,000. As the following table shows, the floating debt was increased on the week by £13,445,000 :—

(000's omitted)

Floating Debt	May 3, 1930	April 26, 1930	May 4, 1929
	£	£	£
Ways and Means advances :—			
By Bank of England	1,500	—	—
By Public Departments	52,930	44,530	41,535
Treasury Bills outstanding	573,700	570,135	704,070
Totals	£628,130	£614,685	£745,605

Compared with a year ago there has been a reduction in the total of the debt of £117,475,000, and since the beginning of the current financial year a decrease of £9,285,000.

Delayed Company Accounts

The prosecutions instituted at Guildhall yesterday by the Board of Trade were taken on the initiative of the Stock Exchange Committee, whose action in this matter the investing public will appreciate. Having granted permission for the shares of these companies to be dealt in, a moral responsibility rested upon the committee to ensure that the companies should carry out their legal obligations in duly issuing reports and holding annual meetings. In reply to questions asked yesterday in the House of Commons, the President of the Board of Trade said he was considering whether the system of securing compliance with the law could be improved. At the same time he reminded the investing public that shareholders in any case in which they have cause to complain of delay in filing the annual return may take police-court proceedings themselves or bring the matter to the notice of the Board of Trade.

Rubber at a Low Price

The weakness recently apparent in crude rubber became still more pronounced yesterday, the price falling very nearly to the record low level of 6¾d. reached in 1922. This fresh fall in the commodity has, it will be noticed, followed Monday's announcement of a further expansion in the London and Liverpool stocks, which are now within a few hundred tons of 100,000 tons. Producers' hopes are, of course, pinned to the results to be obtained from the May tapping holiday, but while this may lead to some reduction in stocks it will automatically raise production costs of the estates which have joined the scheme. Meanwhile the results disclosed in reports of rubber estates for 1929 are on the whole by no means unsatisfactory, as will be gathered from the following table summarizing the results of nine companies :—

—	1929 Output and sale price	1929 Net profit	1929 Div.	1928 Output	1928 Net profit	1928 Div.
	Lb.	£	%	Lb.	£	%
Chuay ..	436,000 (9·80d.)	5,924	6	388,069 (10·47d.)	6,195	6
Edarapolla T.	380,283 (7·622d.)	5,300	10	311,622 (8·702d.)	4,148	10
Hanwella ..	504,942 (9d.)	5,675	2½	397,280 (8·28d.)	93	Nil
KelaniValley	788,141 (7·907d.)	7,937	17½	605,041 (8·673d.)	7,276	15
Lanadron ..	1,140,825 (8·74d.)	11,951	4	1,174,739 (10·64d.)	19,901	5
LangkatSum.	666,000 (9·27d.)†	1,134‡	Nil	598,000 (10·43d)†	2,474	4
Ledbury ..	731,500 (9·11d.)	11,826	10	699,944 (10·12d.)	11,396	10
Mahawale ..	585,507 (8¼d.)	516‡	Nil	400,250 (9½d.)	1,770	2½
St. George ..	933,356 (8·131d.)	11,165	10	834,548 (9·777d.)	8,091	10

† Applies to that portion of the crop sold.
‡ Loss.

Two of the companies in the above table produce tea as well as rubber, and their profits have, of course, been derived from both crops. It will be noticed that the average sale prices shown are appreciably above the current quotation for rubber.

"Globe" Insurance Results

The report of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company shows that the net new life assurances granted last year were larger by £11,160 at £1,715,731, in spite of a decrease of £38,331 in the single premiums. The fire premium income was increased by £148,223 to £4,846,322, while the underwriting profit, after allowing for the reserve for unexpired risks in respect of the larger income, was less by £34,605 at £260,243, being 5·37 per cent., which may be regarded as a not unfavourable result in a generally poor year for fire insurance offices. Accident premiums were rather higher by £8,778 at £5,870,766, but the underwriting surplus was less by £91,329 at £167,694, and represented only 2·85 per cent. of the premium income. The large volume of business in this account would have included casualty insurance in the United States :—

Department	1929	1928
	£	£
LIFE—		
New business (net)	1,715,731	1,704,571
Average amount per policy(net)	510	504
Single premiums	109,847	148,178
Net rate of interest	£4 10s. 5d.%	£4 11s. 3d.%
FIRE—		
Premiums	4,846,322	4,698,099
Underwriting profit after allowing for 40 per cent. reserve ..	260,243	294,848
Percentage of profit ..	5.37%	6.28%
ACCIDENT AND MISCELLANEOUS—		
Premiums	5,870,766	5,861,988
Underwriting profit after allowing for 40 per cent. reserve	167,694	259,023
Percentage of profit ..	2.85%	4.42%
MARINE—		
Premiums	401,947	411,072
Profit or loss to P. and L. a/c	33,435	25,117
Fund at end of year ..	460,779	464,429

Marine premiums were lower by £9,125 at £401,947, and, after allowing 40 per cent. of the premium income for unexpired risks, £33,435 is transferred to profit and loss, leaving the fund at the end of the year at £460,779.

Interest Receipts and the Dividend

Total premiums of the "Globe," excluding those of the life department, were higher by £147,876 at £11,119,035, and, after deducting profit and loss expenses, the net underwriting profit was £425,787, a reduction of £121,127 :—

—	1929	1928
	£	£
Total premiums (ex. life) ..	11,119,035	10,971,159
Profit and loss expenses not charged to other accounts ..	35,305	32,074
Net underwriting profit ..	425,787	546,914
British taxation	50,000	50,000
Members' life profits	23,000	23,000
Total interest for year	530,457	517,458
Debenture interest	30,647	31,143
Dividend :—		
Per share for year	25s.	25s.
Cost for the year ..	547,845	535,190
Funds other than life and annuity	15,063,415	14,520,348
Life and annuity funds ..	9,014,046	8,620,800
Total funds	24,082,461	23,141,329

Total interest earnings and a transfer of £23,000 from the life department together amount to £562,487, and only fall short by £15,805 of the debenture interest and the cost of the dividend for last year, which is increased by 1s. a share.

STOCK EXCHANGE

A WEAK TONE

PRICES MOSTLY LOWER

With a few exceptions the stock markets yesterday remained in a weak state. Gilt-edged securities were unsettled, particularly the new Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan, which continued to be offered in view of the coming call, and, while the international group of industrials was steadier, the principal home groups, such as Textiles and Coal and Engineering shares, were distinctly out of favour. Brokers with large provincial connexions reported that clients in the North were sellers on balance, the inference being drawn that bad times were compelling some liquidation of capital. The state of the markets for Tin and Rubber shares was affected by fresh weakness in commodity prices, rubber, by falling to 6½d.-6 13-16d. per lb., almost touching the lowest price hitherto recorded. It is expected that dealings will start this morning in the latest New Zealand loan.

Renewed weakness occurred in gilt-edged securities. The Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion scrip from an opening price of 2½ premium fell to 1½ premium. At about this level the appearance of a big buyer rallied the market, and the scrip touched 2 premium, closing at 1¾, or 5-16 lower on the day. There were falls of ¼ in Three-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion (77½) and ⅛ in Four per Cent. Consols (87½). Five per Cent. Conversion (102¾), and Local Loans (64). The Five per Cent. War Loan lost 3-16 to 101 9-16. Funding "Fours" were ¼ easier at 89⅞. Home Corporation stocks remained heavy; Birmingham fell to ¼ discount, and West Ham to 1 discount. India loans were comparatively steady, selling orders being fairly well matched by buying orders. The HOME RAILWAY Market attracted very little attention, and the tone remained dull, with small declines in Great Western (85½), Southern Deferred (30¼), and Underground shares and Income bonds.

In the FOREIGN Market Brazilian loans remained out of favour. There were falls of ¼ in the 1913 "Fives" (64¼), Six-and-a-Half per Cents. (56), and the 1914 Funding (78), while the San Paulo 1928 Loan fell 1 to 76, and the Seven-and-a-Half per Cent. Coffee Loan was as much as 2 points lower at 90. Continental Government loans were as a rule steady, but Rumanian Consolidated weakened to 47. Inquiry for Japanese bonds was renewed; the old "Fours" hardened to 76¼, and Manchurian Railway "

A copy of this Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies. Application will be made to the Glasgow, Edinburgh, and London Stock Exchanges for permission to deal in the Stock, and an official quotation will be applied for in due course.

THE HOME AND FOREIGN INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917).

AUTHORISED SHARE CAPITAL, £1,000,000

DIVIDED INTO 100,000 SHARES OF £10 EACH.

ISSUED: 75,000 SHARES OF £10 EACH

AND CONVERTED INTO

5 PER CENT. CUMULATIVE PREFERENCE STOCK ..	£450,000
ORDINARY STOCK	300,000
	£750,000

TRUSTEE FOR DEBENTURE STOCKHOLDERS.
THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, LIMITED, 42, St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.

DIRECTORS.
JOHN ADAM, of Rossieadhar, Crieff, Perthshire, Retired Marine Insurance Broker (Chairman).
WILLIAM WALTER BROCK, 185, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, C.2, Chartered Accountant.
JAMES ALLAN COOK, The White Lodge, Davidsons Mains, Midlothian, Retired Insurance Manager.
GEORGE MACGREGOR, 131, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, C.2, Insurance Manager.
JOHN RITCHIE RICHMOND, C.B.E., Holm Foundry, Calbeart, Glasgow, Managing Director of G. & J. Weir, Ltd., Cathcart.
ADAM KEIR RODGER, 109, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, C.2, Insurance Manager.
ALEXANDER RENNIE STENHOUSE, 117, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, C.2, Insurance Broker.

BANKERS.
THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, LIMITED, Edinburgh, Glasgow, London, and Branches.
THE UNION BANK OF SCOTLAND, LIMITED, Edinburgh, Glasgow, London, and Branches.

SOLICITORS.
MONTGOMERIE & FLEMINGS, 241, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, C.2.

BROKERS.
BUCHANAN, GAIRDNER & TENNANT, 19, St. Vincent Place, Glasgow, C.2.

AUDITORS.
McCLELLAND, KER & CO., C.A., 120, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, C.2.

SECRETARIES and REGISTERED OFFICE.
MITCHELL & SMITH, C.A., 163, West George Street, Glasgow, C.2.

ISSUE OF

£353,420 5 PER CENT. DEBENTURE STOCK, 1953-63

BEING BALANCE OF £500,000 AUTHORISED.

ISSUE PRICE, 95 PER CENT.

YIELD :—IMMEDIATE .. .. £5 5 3 PER CENT.
ALLOWING FOR REPAYMENT AT PAR AT LATEST DATE .. .. £5 6 3 PER CENT.

Payment may be made in full on Application or on such dates as may be arranged.

The Stock is issued subject to a Deed of Agreement and Declaration of Trust (hereinafter called the Trust Deed) dated Eleventh December, 1928, entered into between the Company and the Trustee for the Debenture Stockholders and is secured by a Personal Bond by the Company in favour of the Trustee for the nominal amount of the Stock.

The Stock will bear interest from the respective dates of payment for the Stock at five per cent. per annum, payable on 1st May and 1st November in each year for the period ending on that date.

The Stock will be issued in amounts of £50 and multiples thereof, free of stamp duty to original allottees, and will be transferable by Deed in amounts of £10 and multiples thereof.

The Stock will be repaid at par on 1st November, 1963, but the Company may repay in whole or in part at par on or at any time after 1st November, 1953, on three months' previous notice. In the event of the Company going into voluntary liquidation for amalgamation or reconstruction at any time prior to 1st November, 1953, the Stock will be repaid at 102 per cent. The Company has power to purchase the Stock in the open market, or by agreement with a holder may purchase or redeem his Stock, and may re-issue Stock so purchased or redeemed in the same or any other form authorised by the Company's Articles of Association for the time being and the Deed of Agreement and Trust before mentioned.

The Trust Deed provides that, so long as any Stock shall remain outstanding, the Company will not borrow any sum or sums of money beyond sums of such amount that the total sums borrowed by the Company at any time including the Stock for the time being outstanding, all which shall rank *pari passu* except as regards time and mode of payment, shall not exceed the subscribed capital of the Company for the time being, with the addition thereto of a further sum from its Bankers or others not exceeding twenty per centum of the Subscribed Capital of the Company for the time being for which further sum temporary security over specific assets of the Company may be given, and the Trust Deed further provides that, in the event of the Company's Share Capital being increased—which has happened as within specified—any sums which may be borrowed (otherwise than such foresaid further sum as the Company may be authorised to borrow from its Bankers or others not exceeding twenty per centum of its Subscribed Capital for the time being) in consequence of such increase will not be borrowed or secured in such way as to rank preferably to the Stock from time to time issued and outstanding. Subject thereto the Company may exercise its borrowing powers in any way competent under its Articles of Association for the time being. Any further issue of Stock may be at such price, at such rate of interest, and be repayable at such time and on such conditions and at such premium as the Directors may determine at the time of issue thereof.

£146,580 of Debenture Stock has already been issued on the terms and conditions of the present issue. This Prospectus is in respect of the balance of £353,420 still available for issue out of the total already authorised of £500,000.

APPLICATIONS.—The Directors invite Applications for Debenture Stock of the Company in terms of this Prospectus. Applications will be dealt with in order of receipt and the list of Applications may be closed when so resolved by the Board.

SETTLEMENT.—Settlement may be made forthwith or on a date or dates to be arranged.

PURPOSES OF ISSUE.—The present issue of Stock will be used to repay loans and advances from the Company's Bankers.

DATE OF INCORPORATION.—The Company was incorporated on 1st December, 1926, and carries on the business of an Investment Trust Company. It was authorised to commence business on 17th December, 1926.

FINANCIAL POSITION OF COMPANY.—The following is the Report of the auditors of the Company with respect to profits and dividends paid since its Incorporation :—

(Glasgow, 28th April, 1930.

To THE DIRECTORS of THE HOME AND FOREIGN INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED.

We beg to report that the profits of The Home and Foreign Investment Trust Limited, from the date of Incorporation (1st December, 1926) to 31st March, 1930, were as follows :—

(a) Period from 1st December, 1926, to 31st March, 1928	£49,878 15 9
Less—Interest on Loans, £15,835 9s. 2d.; Management Expenses, £3,080 2s.; Income-tax, £6,589 10s.—total	23,514 1 2
Net Profit for sixteen months	£26,364 14 7
(b) Year to 31st March, 1929	£61,014 8 1
Less—Interest on Loans and Debentures, £25,067 5s. 7d.; Management Expenses, £3,094 2s. 6d.; Income-tax, £7,419 13s. 6d.—total	36,481 1 7
Net Profit for year ..	£24,533 6 6
(c) Year to 31st March, 1930	£71,915 19 3
Less—Interest on Loans and Debentures, £29,041 14s. 5d.; Management Expenses, £3,278 4s. 6d.; Income-tax, £7,587 12s. 8d.—total	39,907 11 5
Net Profit for year ..	£32,008 7 10

Profits realised from the sale of Investments are not available for dividend and no such profits have been included in the foregoing figures.

The following Dividends have been paid :—

(a) For the year ended 31st March, 1928.
On £300,000 Preference Stock, 5 per cent.
On £200,000 Ordinary Stock, 5 per cent.

(b) For the Year ended 31st March, 1929.
On £300,000 Preference Stock, 5 per cent.
On £200,000 Ordinary Stock, 6 per cent.

(c) For the six months ended 30th September, 1929.
On £300,000 Preference Stock at rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
On £200,000 Ordinary Stock at rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

For the six months ended 31st March, 1930, the dividend recommended by the Directors for approval of the Annual General Meeting on 13th May, 1930, is :—
On £300,000 Old Preference Stock at rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
On £200,000 Old Ordinary Stock, 4 per cent (actual), making 7 per cent. for the year.
On £150,000 New Preference Stock at rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
On £100,000 New Ordinary Stock, 4 per cent. (actual).

No dividend was payable on the original issue of 50,000 Shares of £10 each prior to their Conversion into Stock as at 1st April, 1927, or on the subsequent issue of 25,000 Shares of £10 each (issued at £11 10s.) prior to their Conversion into Stock as at 1st October, 1929.

Yours faithfully,
McCLELLAND, KER & CO., C.A., Auditors.

FINANCIAL POSITION.—The investments at 31st March, 1930, numbered 413 of an aggregate book value of £1,438,854 15s. 4d. Practically the whole investments of the Company are in securities having a Stock Exchange quotation, and a valuation of these at the prices ruling on the 31st March, 1930, shows the aggregate values to be £1,478,954 9s. 10d. This excess is in addition to the amount of £45,574 6s. 0d. at credit of Capital Reserve Account shown in the Balance-Sheet below.

Preliminary and Debenture Issue expenses (including commission aftermentioned) and provision for the discount of £15 per cent. on redemption of the £146,580 of Debenture Stock already issued—a total of £30,415 6s. 0d.—have already been provided from the Capital Reserve Account. Commission at the rate of one-half per cent. on the nominal amount has been paid in respect of the £146,580 of the Debenture Stock already issued—the total so paid amounting to £732 19s. 0d.

The following is the Balance-Sheet of the Company as at 31st March, 1930 :—

CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES.

Capital—		
Authorised—		
100,000 Shares of £10 each fully paid	£1,000,000 0 0	
Issued—		
75,000 Shares of £10 each fully paid	£750,000 0 0	
Converted into—		
£450,000 5 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock ..	£450,000 0 0	
£300,000 Ordinary Stock	300,000 0 0	
		£750,000 0 0
5 per Cent. Debenture Stock, 1953-63—		
Authorised	£500,000 0 0	
Issued		146,580 0 0
Loans and Bank Overdrafts secured on Investments		416,295 10 9
Sundry Creditors and Purchases for Subsequent Settlement		50,502 10 8
Unclaimed Dividends		122 12 1
Capital Reserve Account		45,574 6 0
Revenue Account Balance		30,225 2 9
		£1,445,350 2 3

Note.—(1) Uncalled Liability on Investments, £54,297 6s. 0d. (2) Instalments on New Investments not yet due, £5,458 10s. 0d.

ASSETS.

Investments at or under cost	£1,438,854 15 4
Sundry Debtors	8,372 14 10
Cash at Bank, Dividend Account	122 12 1
	£1,445,350 2 3

Glasgow, 28th April, 1930.—We have audited the Accounts of The Home and Foreign Investment Trust Limited for the year ended 31st March, 1930, together with the above Balance-Sheet, and we have to report (a) that we have obtained all the information and explanations we have required, and (b) that in our opinion the above Balance-Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the Company's affairs, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the Books of the Company.

We have seen Certificates from the Company's Bankers and Correspondents in London and Glasgow and others for the Securities held by them on behalf of the Company.

McCLELLAND, KER & CO., C.A., Auditors.

ESTIMATE OF GROSS INCOME, 1930-1.—The Gross Income of the Company for the current financial year, which does not include profits on investments realised, is estimated to exceed £65,000. The sum required to meet the interest on this entire issue is £25,000.

PARTICULARS GIVEN IN COMPLIANCE WITH COMPANIES ACT.—The following further particulars are given in compliance with the Companies Act, 1929 :—

(a) The minimum subscription upon which the Directors could proceed to allotment was fixed by the Articles at 30,000 Shares of £10 each. The total number of Shares allotted was 50,000 Shares of £10 each, all of which were issued for payment in cash, have been fully paid, and were converted into £300,000 5 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock and £200,000 Ordinary Stock on 1st April, 1927. On 17th June, 1929, a further issue was made of 25,000 Shares of £10 each at £11 10s. per Share, all of which were allotted for payment in cash, have been fully paid, and were converted into £150,000 5 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock and £100,000 Ordinary Stock on 1st October, 1929. Both said Stocks are officially quoted on the Glasgow and Edinburgh Stock Exchanges. (b) No promotion money was paid, and no underwriting contract was entered into in respect of the issue of the Shares of the Company. (c) No Commission have been paid to other than Underwriters in the ordinary course of business. (d) The Articles of Association provide that unless in the case of British Government Securities or Securities carrying the obligation or guarantee of the British Government, not more than 5 per cent. of the combined Subscribed Share and Debenture Capital and Loans for the time being or more than 10 per cent. of the Subscribed Share Capital, whichever is greater, shall be invested in any one security, except with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution of the Company in General Meeting. It is further provided that no Investment shall be made upon which there is unlimited liability.

COMMISSION.—No underwriting contract has been or will be entered into in respect of this issue of Debenture Stock. The Company will pay to Stockbrokers, Bankers, and recognised Agents a commission of one-half per cent. on the nominal amount of Stock applied for through them and issued.

FORM OF APPLICATION.—Applications for the Stock should be made on the Form accompanying the Prospectus and sent to the Registered Office of the Company with a remittance in payment of the amount applied for, or alternatively the date or dates when it is proposed to make payment should be stated in the place provided in the Form. Interim receipts will be granted pending the preparation of the Stock Certificates.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION AND DEEDS OF AGREEMENT.—Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, of the Deed of Agreement and Declaration of Trust, and of the Personal Bond relative thereto may be seen at the Registered Office or at the Office of the Company's Solicitors during ordinary business hours.

PROSPECTUS.—Copies of the Prospectus, with Forms of Application, may be obtained from the Bankers Brokers, and Solicitors of the Company, or at the Registered Office.

7th May, 1930.

FORM OF APPLICATION. No. .....

This Form must be filled up and sent entire to the Secretaries, The Home and Foreign Investment Trust Limited, 163, West George-street, Glasgow, C.2. Cheques should be made payable to the Company.

The Home and Foreign Investment Trust Limited.

Issue of 5 per cent. Debenture Stock, 1953-63 at the Price of 95, Free of Stamp Duty.

To the Directors of THE HOME AND FOREIGN INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED.

GENTLEMEN,

I/We request you to allot to me/us £..... of the 5% Debenture Stock, 1953-63, of the Company in terms of the Prospectus issued by you dated 7th May, 1930.

I/We send herewith a remittance for £..... in payment for that amount of Stock ; } Strike out one
or
I/We shall make payment to you of £..... in settlement of the price of that amount of } of these al-
Stock on the day of , 1930. } ternatives and

I/We undertake to accept the amount of Stock above specified or any less amount that you may allot to me/us. } fill in the other

USUAL SIGNATURE .....

NAME IN FULL.....

ADDRESS IN FULL.....

DESCRIPTION .....
(If a lady, state whether "Married," "Widow," or "Spinster.")

Date.....

PLEASE WRITE IN BLOCK CAPITALS. 1930.

In the case of no allotment being made, an intimation to that effect will be sent in due course along with the price paid (if any) for Stock not allotted.

MONEY MARKET

FRENCH GOLD PURCHASES

DOLLAR EXCHANGE LOWER

As expected, there was keen competition for the £837,000 of bar gold available in the bullion market yesterday, and the whole amount was sold at the high price of 84s. 11½d. per oz., *i.e.*, the equivalent of the Bank's selling price, which is quoted in the form of standard. France took £515,000 of the amount, and Germany £208,000. Surprise was expressed at Germany taking gold at such a price with an exchange of 20.36½m., and also that German purchases at this price should be confined to open market gold, for the whole of the £267,000 of bar gold sold by the Bank of England was understood to be for France. The Bank duly received the amount of £300,000 in sovereigns which has just arrived from the Cape. The further export of gold caused discount rates to harden again, but while some brokers endeavoured to call the rate for three months fine bank bills $2^{3}/_{16}$ per cent. in the morning, the actual working rate in the afternoon was no better than $2\frac{1}{4}$-$2^{5}/_{32}$ per cent. A certain amount of what is generally regarded as central bank purchases was reported at $2^{1}/_{16}$ per cent. Hot Treasury Bills were offered at the slightly higher rate of $2^{1}/_{16}$ per cent. The market sold a few May bills to the clearing banks at 2 per cent. Money was fairly plentiful at 1½-1¾ per cent. for loans for the night from lenders other than the clearing banks, 1¾ per cent. being the usual rate for renewals. The clearing banks adhered to 2 per cent. as their charge for regular market loans.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1¼ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.)	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.)			
Day to day	For short periods	60 days	3 months	4 months	6 months
1½	1¾–2	2¼	2⅛–2⅛	2¼	2⅜–2⅛

Discount (Treasury Bills)				(Fine Trade Bills)
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	4 months	4 months	6 months
⅞	⅞	2–2⅛	2⅛–2⅛	2⅛–2⅜

NATIONAL BANK OF HUNGARY

—	April 30	Inc. or dec.
	Pengos	Pengos
Assets		
Metal reserve ..	183,094,197	+ 2,610,108
Inland bills, warrants and securities ..	248,140,675	+ 45,820,509
Advances on movable security ..	53,300	—
Advances to the Treasury ..	82,885,608	—
Premises and equipment ..	6,138,519	—
Other assets	58,463,744	– 2,253,101
Liabilities		
Share capital	34,756,095	—
Reserve fund	8,119,287	—
Notes in circulation ..	463,671,577	+ 93,784,942
Current accounts, deposits, &c.	24,987,567	– 48,160,518
Other liabilities	47,221,217	+ 553,091

SWISS NATIONAL BANK

—	April 30	Inc. or Dec.
	Francs	Francs
Assets		
Gold holdings	578,799,794	+ 12,625,580
Gold exchange	391,084,708	+ 18,965,158
Domestic bills	37,490,443	+ 2,092,399
Advances against securities	45,995,583	+ 4,475,898
Security holding	22,212,250	– 2,306,112
Due from banks	36,295,204	+ 6,630,578
Other assets	22,440,744	+ 328,507
Liabilities		
Capital reserve	34,500,000	Unchanged
Bank notes in circulation ..	916,284,480	+ 64,460,845
Other sight liabilities	158,754,180	+ 22,475,910
Other liabilities	29,897,060	+ 1,005,352

—*Reuter.*

BANK OF SPAIN

—	April 26	Inc. or Dec.
	Pesetas	Pesetas
Gold in hand	2,460,332,528	+ 443,886
Silver in hand	713,627,191	+ 5,398,611
Foreign bills	38,103,863	+ 4,902,298
Discount and short bills ..	1,847,689,562	– 74,369,537
Treasury accts., Treas. loan and redeemable debt	679,060,662	– 6,158,267
Notes in circulation ..	4,395,097,575	– 52,257,550
Current accounts, deposits, &c.	840,726,850	+ 3,575,571
Dividends interest and other obligations ..	71,883,763	– 24,022,560
Government securities ..	192,562,982	– 2,336,927

—*Reuter.*

BANK OF POLAND

—	April 30	Inc. or Dec.
	Zloty	Zloty
Assets		
Gold, including amount held abroad ..	702,075,121	+ 44,457
Foreign currencies and balances abroad ..	403,577,155	– 9,378,043
Silver and other coin ..	721,928	+ 14,055
Bills discounted	607,037,767	– 1,764,772
Advances	81,477,338	+ 1,241,556
Bank reserve bills	83,171,279	+ 98,723
Advances to the State ..	53,000,000	Unchanged
Buildings and furnishings ..	20,000,000	Unchanged
Other assets	116,961,083	+ 7,684,544
Liabilities		
Share capital	150,000,000	Unchanged
Reserve fund	110,000,000	Unchanged
Notes in circulation ..	1,248,548,680	– 29,619,780
Current accounts	364,193,634	+ 28,008,180
Government accounts ..	75,000,000	Unchanged
Other liabilities	91,982,055	+ 1,551,221

—*Reuter.*

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The New York exchange moved against sterling, and closed only slightly above the lowest point of the day—namely, $4.86. After rising to 123.87f., the Paris rate closed at 123.85¼f.—a rise of ⅛c. on balance ; while the German exchange was unaltered at 20.36½m. Italian lire were bid for, and the Milan rate was finally 92.68l., compared with 92.72½l. The Belgian exchange also moved against sterling, declining to 34.83b. Fresh weakness was apparent in Spanish currency, but the peseta rallied towards the end, the Madrid rate closing at 39.56p., after having been 40p. The Batavia exchange fell to 12.07⅛d. On the whole the recent recovery in Argentine pesos was fairly well maintained, the Buenos Aires rate closing at 43¾d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported yesterday :—

Place	Method of quoting	Par of exchange	May 6	May 5
New York	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.86-4.85⅛	4.86⅛-⅛
Montreal ..	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.87½-.86¼	4.87⅛-.86¼
Paris ..	Fr. to £	124.21	123.84-123.87	123.83-123.87
Brussels ..	Kr. to £	35.00	34.82½-34.84	34.84-34.85½
Milan ..	Lire to £	92.46	92.67-92.73	92.69-92.75
Zurich ..	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.08-25.08⅞	25.07¼-.08¼
Athens ..	Dr. to £	375	374⅞-375⅛	374½-375⅛
Helsingfors	M. to £	198.23	192.95-193.15	192⅞-193⅛
Madrid ..	Pts. to £	25.2215	39.50-40.00	39.15-39.55
Lisbon ..	Escu. to £		108⅛-108¾	108⅛-108¾
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.07½-12.07⅝	12.07½-.08
Berlin ..	M. to £	20.43	20.36-20.36½	20.36-20.36½
Vienna ..	Sch. to £	34.58½	34.46-34.49	34.45-34.49
Budapest ..	Pen. to £	27.82	27.79-27.82	27.79-27.82
Prague ..	Kr. to £	164.25	164-164¼	163¾-164⅛
Warsaw ..	Zloty to£	43.38	43.33-43.38	43.34-43.39
Riga	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.17-25.27
Bucharest ..	Lei to £	813-6	817-819	817-819
Con'stin'ple	Pst. to £	110	1.025‡	1.025‡
Belgrade ..	Din. to £	25.2215	274½-275	274½-275
Kovno ..	Lit. to £	43.46	43.40-43.46	43.40-43.46
Soda	Lv. to £	673.659	668-673	668-673
Reval ..	E.Kr.to£	18.159	18.21-18.27	18.21-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15¾-16¼	18.15¾-16¼
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	18.16⅛-11¼	18.09⅜-.09⅜
Copenh'gn	Kr. to £	18.159	18.16¼-.16¾	18.16¼-.16¾
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97⅛	97⅞-97⅞	97⅞-97⅞
Bombay ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5⅞₂-1/5⅞	1/5⅞₂-1/5⅞
Calcutta ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5⅞₂-1/5⅞	1/5⅞₂-1/5⅞
Madras ..	Per rup.	18d.	1/5⅞₂-1/5⅞	1/5⅞₂-1/5⅞
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1/6⅛-1/6⅜	1/6-1/6⅜
Kobe	Per yen	24.58d.	2/01⅜₂-0⅞	2/01⅛₂-0⅛₂
Shanghai ..	Per tael	—	1/10⅞-11⅛	1/10⅞-11⅛
Singapore ..	Per dol.	2/4	2/3¹³₁₆-3¹⁵₁₆	2/3¹³₁₆-3¹⁵₁₆
Batavia ..	Fl. to £	12.107	12.06¾-.07½	12.07⅜-.08⅛
Manilla ..	Per dol.	24.066d.	2/0⅛	2/0⅛
Rio de Jan	Per mil.	5.899d.	5⅝₆₄-5⅝₆₄	5⅝₆₄-5⅝₆₄
B. Aires ..	Per dol.	47.577d.	43¹⁵₁₆-43¹⁵₁₆	43¹⁵₁₆-43¹⁵₁₆
V'paraiso†	9 to £	40	39.94	39.93
M'video ..	Per dol.	91d.	45¼-45¾	45½-46¼
Lima† ..	Soles tol	12.166	12.78‡	12.75‡
Mexico ..	Pesceto £	9.76	10.15-10.35	10.15-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilization at $2.90-3.05 to 100kr. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

BUYING RATES PER £100

—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
On :	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia ..	92 12 6	92 1 3	91 10 0	90 18 9
New Zealand ..	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 0	92 3 9
Africa & Rhodesia ..	99 15 0	99 2 0	97 10 0	96 17 6

SELLING RATES

—	Cable Transfers	Demand
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	95 7 6	95 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

The Bank of England yesterday announced the receipt of £300,000 in SOVEREIGNS from abroad and the sale of £267,400 in BAR GOLD. Since Wednesday last there has been a net influx of £54,603, as shown below :—

ARRIVALS		WITHDRAWALS	
	£		£
May 1	Nil	May 1—	
		Bar gold ..	1,093
May 2—		May 2—	
Sovs.	1,000,000	Sovs.	6,000
		Bar gold ..	5,172
May 3—		May 3—	
Sovs.	1,000,000	Bar gold ..	501,559
May 5	Nil	May 5—	
		Bar gold ..	1,463,573
May 6—		May 6—	
Sovs.	300,000	Bar gold ..	267,400
		Net influx ..	54,503
Total ..	£2,300,000	Total ..	£2,300,000

Net influx for 1930 to date, £16,998,577 ; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

In the bullion market the £837,000 of bar gold available was sold at 84s. 11½d. per oz., compared with 84s. 11¾d. on April 29. In addition to the purchases mentioned above, India bought £60,000, the home trade £24,000, and the Continental trade £30,000. A sum of £105,000 of South African bar gold was purchased for shipment direct to India *via* Durban by the steamer sailing on May 19.

Silver was a quiet and dull market, the price declining $^{1}/_{16}$d. to 19¼d. per oz. for cash, and $^{19}/_{16}$d. for forward delivery. At the lower price, however, India gave a little support.

Imports of gold into Great Britain and Northern Ireland, registered from midday on May 1 to midday on May 5, amounted to £2,000,813, of which £2,000,000 came from Australia, while exports amounted to £74,623. In the same period imports of silver amounted to £55,861 and exports amounted to £127,047.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call Money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2⅛-2⅜	1½-2
New York	3	2⅜-2½	2½
Paris	2½	2¼	2¼
Berlin	5	4½	4¼-6¼
Swiss Bank places	3	2½	—
Milan	6	6½	—
Amsterdam	3	2½	3
Brussels	3	2⅝	1¾

CENTRAL BANKS AND PRICES

AUSTRIAN NATIONAL BANK'S DOUBTS

The report of the Austrian National Bank for 1929 contains an interesting review of economic events throughout the world last year. Reference is made to the decline in wholesale prices, and the report states that it is widely assumed that this fall had a marked influence on the discount policy of the leading banks of issue during the last few months. If it is borne in mind, however (the report proceeds), that the fall in prices was in most cases obviously an outcome of overproduction, doubts must be felt as to the efficacy of central bank policy in this respect. Moreover, the question must arise as to whether an increase of prices and the consequent creation of an inducement to maintain production at too high a level would really be a desirable aim for cooperative measures on the part of central banks.

The accounts of the Bank show a net profit of 19,786,298 schillings, and with the balance brought forward there is a total available of 19,843,815 schillings. Pension fund receives 989,315 schillings ; pension reserve fund 5,500,000 schillings ; statutory reserve fund 989,315 schillings ; the shareholders' dividend of 12½ per cent. (against 11½ per cent. for 1928) absorbs 5,400,000 schillings ; and 6,846,573 schillings is allocated to the Federal Government in respect of its participation in profits, to be applied to the reduction of the State debt. This leaves a balance of 118,613 schillings to be carried forward.

BRITISH MATCH ACCOUNTS

ADVANCE IN PROFITS

The accounts of the British Match Corporation, which was formed in 1927 and owns all the Ordinary shares of Bryant and May, Limited, and all the shares of Bryant and May (Brazil) and of J. John Masters and Co., show that the net revenue for the year ended April 30 amounted to £493,931. This is £73,257 higher than for the preceding year. As recently announced, no change is made in the total dividend for the year on the Ordinary shares, the final payment of 4 per cent. now proposed making 6 per cent. for the year, free of tax. After allowing £371,250 for this dividend, £23,121 for the Preference share dividend, and writing £80,000 off goodwill, rights, &c., and £3,302 off office fittings and furniture, the carry-forward is increased from £51,208 to £67,466.

The balance-sheet shows shareholdings in subsidiary companies at £5,923,049—a slight increase on the year—while goodwill, rights, &c., are again taken at £800,000. A new item appears among the assets—namely, amount owing by a subsidiary company, £173,275. Debtors amount to £58 (against £885) and creditors show little change at £10,772. The cash item shows a reduction on the year from £330,218 to £240,443.

ELECTRIC COMPANIES COOPERATION

BRITISH, DUTCH AND GERMAN CONCERNS

BERLIN, May 6.—An important transaction is about to be concluded by various European electric concerns, including the International Standard Electric Company, of London, the Philips Company, of Holland, and the Lorentz Company, of Germany. The Dutch company is to sell its shares in the German company to the British concern.

As the Standard Electric Company to a certain extent cooperates with the Allegemeine Elektrizität Gesellschaft and has control of a number of other German companies as well as being connected with the American International Telephone and Telegraph Company (Western Electric), the new combine is likely to become a decisive factor in the electricity industry.—*Reuter.*

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MONTREAL, May 6.—The market was fairly active and firm throughout the session. Investment accumulation was noticeable in standard issues, Brazilian Traction being the leading feature. The strong rally at New York, together with the belief that the recent decline was overdone, and the easiness of credit conditions were the chief contributing factors to the firmness.

REUTER'S QUOTATIONS

—	May 6	May 5	—	May 6	May 5
Abitibi ..	31	30¾	Cons. Mining	219	214
Alberta Pac. Grain ..	19	18½	Dom. Bridge	68½	61
Asbestos ..	21½	21½	Dom. Textile	70	66
Do., Pref. ..	No bid	No bid	Fam. Players	53¼	No bid
B.C. Packers ..	7	7	Fraser Cos.	12	12
Brax. Tract. ..	47¾	45½	Hollinger ..	4*	6
B.C. Pwr., A ..	39½	No bid	Int. Nickel ..	33⅛	32¼
Do., B. ..	No bid	18	Massey, H. ..	33	32¼
Brit. Emp. Steel ..	No bid	No bid	Montreal Ld. ..	128¾	127
Do., 1st Pf. ..	No bid	No bid	Nat. Brew. ..	29⅞	28⅞
Do., 2nd Pf. ..	5	5¼	Nat.Steel Car ..	60½	59
Brompton	23	23¾	Port Alfred Pulp, Pref.	No bid	No bid
Calgary	150	150	Power Corp.	82½	80
Can. Car.	24½	23½	Price Bros.	78	No bid
Do., Pref. ..	96½	96½	Quebec Pwr.	62½	61
C. Cottons ..	No bid	No bid	Shawinigan ..	75¾	74
C. Indust. Alcohol, A ..	65¼	65¼	S. Canada Power ..	32½	32
Do., B. ..	No bid	No bid	Steel Co. of Canada ..	45¾	44¼
C. Power	15	14¾	W'per Elec.	42¾	42¼
C. Steamship ..	18¼	18	St. Montreal	308	307
Do., Prefd. ..	68¼	67½	Can. Bank of Com. ..	253	No bid
Cockshutt	18¼	18⅞	Royal Bank ..	301	302

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights.

PROPOSED FOREIGN LOAN FOR HUNGARY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUDAPEST, MAY 6

The Hungarian Finance Minister, Dr. Wekerle, introduced this morning in Parliament the Bill asking the authorization of the Government to raise a long-term foreign loan of 500,000,000 pengos, equivalent to £18,000,000. The loan is to be employed for investment in connexion with the State railways, for the construction of modern roads, for the reorganization of credit institutions, and for other profitable investments. Probably the loan will be raised by instalments and the security, the State revenues proceeding from the Customs, the sugar tax, the tobacco and salt monopolies, and other revenues of the State, will be pledged.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

ACTIVE BUYING

NEW YORK, May 6.—With the cessation of the selling movement there was a large contraction in the volume of trading on the Stock Exchange to-day, sales being returned at 4,746,000 shares, against over 8,250,000 shares yesterday. The rally which started yesterday afternoon was continued, stocks advancing readily under investment buying and bear covering.

The opening was firm, with active buying and brisk advances in a number of standard issues. There was a large accumulation of overnight buying orders attributed to brokerage houses expressing the belief that yesterday's sharp recovery had inaugurated the resumption of the bull movement. The initial rise was followed by extens

COMPANY MEETINGS

SOUTHERN SAN PAULO RAILWAY COMPANY

CONDITIONS IN BRAZIL

IMPROVING OUTLOOK

The NINETEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Southern San Paulo Railway Company, Limited, was held yesterday at the office of the company, River Plate House, London, E.C.

SIR FRANCIS VOULES, C.B.E. (the chairman), presided, and in moving the adoption of the report and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1929, said:—The accounts now before you cover the second full year's transactions of the company since it was reorganized and, as will be seen from the revenue account, the net revenue for the year, after charging all expenses and making provision for income-tax and contingencies, amounted to £10,187, which compares with £8,928 for the previous year.

Our principal source of revenue, as you are aware, is derived from the interest on our holding of State bonds, which for the year under review amounted to £42,549, as compared with £44,049 for the preceding year. The decrease of £1,500 is partly accounted for by our having realized part of our holding of State bonds and partly owing to the lower sterling value of the milreis, in which currency the interest is received.

REVENUE ACCOUNT

The average rate of exchange at which these proceeds were taken to revenue account was, for the year under review 5.21⅞/256d. as compared with 5.3d. for the year 1928. Other interest and sundry receipts amounted to £2,436, so our total revenue credits for the year amounted to £44,985. Against this sum must be set the interest on our Five per Cent. Debenture stock amounting to £25,942, rent and administration, legal and notarial charges, and advertising amounting to £2,060, part of which was a special expenditure—non-recurring, and provision to cover income-tax and contingencies amounting to £6,795. The total charges to revenue account for the year were therefore £34,798, thus leaving us with a balance on revenue account of £10,187.

One-half of this sum has been appropriated to the sinking fund for our Five per Cent. Debenture stock in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed, thus leaving a balance of profit available for the general purposes of the company of £5,094, to which must be added the balance on net revenue account brought forward from last year amounting to £864. The total net profit therefore available to be dealt with amounts to £5,958, and I will shortly move a resolution for dealing with this sum.

It may be remembered that at the time of the reorganization of the company the board estimated that on the basis of exchange of 6d. per milreis the net surplus revenue available for the general purposes of the company should amount to about £4,500, which sum should gradually increase as the new Debenture stock was redeemed. The net surplus for the year under review has exceeded this figure by nearly £600 although the rate of exchange has not been as favourable as 6d. per milreis.

COMPANY'S HOLDING OF STATE BONDS

Turning to the balance-sheet it will be seen that our holding of State bonds now amounts to 29,105 contos, which is 468 contos less as compared with the previous year. These 468 contos were realized at an average price of about 89½ per cent., the price at which the bonds were received by the company from the Government being 78½ per cent.

In accordance with the provisions of the trust deed 90 per cent. of the amount realised for these bonds was applied to the sinking fund for our Debenture stock, and the remaining 10 per cent. has been retained by the company and forms part of the general assets.

The 29,105 contos of State bonds which we now hold represent about 93 per cent. of the original issue of such bonds, and the sterling equivalent of the market value thereof at December 31, 1929, was about £503,000, as compared with the book value of about £553,000. Owing, however, to the improvement in Brazilian Exchange the present value is about £549,000. It must be borne in mind, however, that in valuing our investment there is a very limited market for the bonds in Brazil and no market whatever in London. These bonds are to be amortized at par or by purchase under par by the operation of an annual sinking fund during the period of 30 years from October 1, 1927.

Investments at cost amounted to £14,810, which figure at the date of the balance-sheet was slightly in excess of their market value, but at the present time the market value of these investments is in excess of cost.

On the other side of the balance-sheet it will be seen that we have purchased and redeemed a total of £81,150 of our Five per Cent. Debenture stock. Of this amount £24,160 was purchased during the year under review at an average price of about 82 per cent.

Sundry creditors and reserve for contingencies amounts to £41,842, which is about £900 more than last year. With regard to this item a very considerable part, about 86 per cent., represents reserves for taxation and contingencies. The balance is for sundry creditors in the normal course of business, including amounts owing for investments purchased but not paid for at the close of the year.

PROFIT AND DIVIDEND

Referring again to the balance of net profit available to be dealt with of £5,958, it will be observed from the directors' report that the board proposes that this sum should be utilized in the payment of a dividend of 15 per cent. on the "A" shares, which, after deduction of income-tax at 4s. in the pound, would absorb £3,600 and leave a balance to be carried forward to next year of £2,358. In view, however, of the provisions of the Budget, the rate of tax to be deducted from the dividend will be 4s. 6d. and will absorb £3,488, thus leaving a balance to be carried forward to next year of £2,470.

The year under review has been one of considerable anxiety to those interested in Brazilian enterprise. At one period exchange fell substantially below the stabilization rate, and fears were entertained amongst the best informed as to whether the Government would succeed in maintaining the stability of exchange.

Rumours were also rife as to political disturbances. Fortunately, however, the Presidential election passed off quite satisfactorily, and Dr. Julio Prestes de Albuquerque, the present Governor of the State of San Paulo, has been duly elected President. We may congratulate the President that he has weathered the political storm that at one time inclined to look serious, and wish that the President-elect may enter upon his term of office under the most favourable conditions next November, and that his assumption of office may synchronize with a fresh era of prosperity and progress. For my part, whatever may be the fluctuations, either of exchange or coffee, I have great faith in the future of this great State, upon which our prosperity depends. There has also been of late a consistent improvement in the value of the milreis. This improvement has been brought about and maintained without any controlling influence of the Bank of Brazil.

COFFEE SITUATION

There has also been a marked improvement in the coffee situation, in which, as holders of Internal Bonds of the State of San Paulo, we are vitally interested.

The recent issue of the Coffee Realization Loan and the fact that the coffee crop for the current year is estimated at about half that of the previous year have created a feeling of greater confidence, and, although the question of exchange is a very dangerous one to attempt to forecast, it looks as though, during the current year, this company might expect to enjoy the benefits of a steady rate.

The Chairman then moved the adoption of the report and accounts.

Mr. B. H. BINDER, F.C.A., seconded the motion, and no questions being asked the resolution was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN also moved the following resolution, which was duly seconded and carried unanimously:—"That a dividend on the "A" shares at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum, less income-tax at 4s. 6d. in the pound, in respect of the year ended December 31, 1929, be now declared."

The re-election of Mr. B. H. Binder, F.C.A., the retiring director, and the reappointment of the auditors terminated the proceedings.

THE LEGAL INSURANCE COMPANY

A YEAR OF HEAVY FIRE LOSS EXPERIENCE

FAVOURABLE RESULTS IN ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT

SIR J. FIELD BEALE ON BUSINESS CONDITIONS

The TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Legal Insurance Company, Limited, was held yesterday at the head office of the company, Legal Insurance Building, No. 231, Strand, London, W.C.

SIR J. FIELD BEALE, K.B.E. (chairman of the company), presided.

The GENERAL MANAGER and SECRETARY (Mr. John M. Ewing) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors to the shareholders,

The CHAIRMAN said:—Before asking you to receive and adopt the twenty-second annual report and accounts I must refer with very deep regret to the death of our colleague Mr. John C. Holmes, and I am sure it would be your wish that I should at this time acknowledge the valuable services rendered by him to the company. He was one of the original directors and always took a keen interest in our progress. We all very much regret the serious loss the company has sustained.

You will observe that our accounts this year appear in a slightly different form from that of previous years—i.e., with the addition of a profit and loss account to the revenue account. This change is made in order to comply with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1929.

You will also see from the report that Mr. Atkinson decided to leave the board—a decision which his colleagues regret, and they wish him good health in his retirement.

THE YEAR'S PREMIUM INCOME

From the revenue account it will be noticed that our gross premium income at £419,845 is a few hundred pounds higher than the preceding year, while the net income at £330,428 is a few hundred pounds less; the variation following the incidence of our reinsurances.

This does not show the advance in premium income we have been fortunately able to show in previous years, but perhaps it reflects the condition of trade generally throughout the past year. It has been a time of uncertainty in many ways. The General Election in May gave a pause to trade, and since then there seems to have been a general slowing down, which is reflected in insurance as in other businesses.

I am glad, however, to record that our direct business does just continue to expand, although the rate of expansion is not so great as in former years.

Turning to the other side of the account, you will see losses paid and outstanding amount to £184,051, and represent 55.7 per cent. of the net premium income.

I dare say you will have noticed during the past year reference in the daily Press to the number of fires at home being greater in 1929 than for many years past, also that many of the individual fires were of a serious nature and involved abnormally large sums.

It is a remarkable and unfortunate coincidence that a similar state of affairs has also been experienced in many parts of the foreign field. From a fire point of view one could almost sum up the year's experience by saying that serious fires have been numerous and losses unduly high.

May I just add that up to date in the current quarter the fire loss experience of our company has been lighter than for many years past? We do not know what the rest of the year has in store for us, but anyhow we have made a good start.

GENERAL ACCIDENT AND MOTOR BUSINESS

In our general accident department we were more fortunate, as in all sections we have had that favourable trading which has been our experience for many years.

Our motor business has been very carefully scrutinized and revised and has been profitable, but whether the provisions of the Motor Transport Bill, which proposes to impose a form of compulsory third party insurance, will ultimately tend to increase the number and cost of claims it would be unwise perhaps at this moment to forecast. But I cannot resist a feeling of apprehension that compulsion by Act of Parliament in a matter of this sort may have unforeseen repercussions in unexpected directions. I think I am right in saying that the feeling generally in insurance circles is that legislation of this sort will possibly tend to increase the cost of claims.

In our loss of profits section we have again experienced very satisfactory results.

Commission and expenses of management amount to £144,387, and the ratio at 43.7 per cent. is rather higher than in the preceding year. The cost of gathering business tends to increase, but these expenses receive our constant attention and are always closely examined, and every economy is effected commensurate with the efficient working of our business.

The balance forward of the revenue account, which is the reserve for unexpired risk on a 40 per cent. basis, and the additional reserve you will observe at £248,212, is £8,212 higher than the reserve brought in from the previous year.

Turning to our profit and loss account, you will see that our dividends, interest, &c., at £20,340, are nearly £1,000 up on the yield of the previous year.

It is gratifying to know that even in a year of such exceptionally heavy fire loss experience we are nevertheless able to carry to the balance-sheet a balance of £31,825, which will provide for payment of the same dividend as last year and leave a slightly increased balance to be carried forward to 1930.

INVESTED FUNDS INCREASED TO £456,332

The balance-sheet shows the invested funds at £456,332, nearly £5,000 greater than the total of the preceding year. Not a great increase, but the alteration is in the right direction.

We have, of course, like many other companies, been passing through a difficult period, but we have been by no means idle in that period, having made certain alterations and extensions in our organization to cope with the existing conditions, the cost of which we have charged to our trading, and the benefit of which we hope to receive in the near future.

Before concluding, I would like to extend a cordial and hearty welcome to Mr. Walter Carter, who is attending our annual meeting for the first time as a director. We are delighted to have the benefit of his wise counsels and special knowledge of our business.

I cannot conclude without recording our appreciation of the splendid help we have as usual received from our parent company, the Royal Insurance Company, and acknowledging once again and most cordially the valuable services rendered during the year by each individual of our widespread organization, comprising our local directors, our staff and agents both at home and abroad.

I now move: "That the report and accounts be received and adopted, and that a dividend of 17½ per cent., less income-tax, be paid on the paid-up capital of the company," and I ask the deputy-chairman to second the resolution.

Mr. HAROLD G. BROWN (deputy chairman) seconded the resolution, which was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

The retiring directors—Mr. Walter Carter, Sir Arthur H. Marshall, K.B.E., Messrs. Edward Harrow Hyde, H. A. Sanders, and Francis J. Weld—were re-elected, as also were the auditors, Messrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths and Co.

A vote of thanks to the staff at home and abroad was proposed by SIR ARTHUR H. MARSHALL, K.B.E., and seconded by Mr. E. H. HYDE, to which the GENERAL MANAGER suitably replied.

Mr. H. A. SANDERS proposed a hearty vote of thanks to the chairman, which was seconded by the RIGHT HON. J. W. HILLS, P.C., M.P. This was acknowledged, and the business terminated.

APRIL RUBBER CROPS

Company	1930 Lb.	1929 Lb.
Cheras	53,800	49,752
Pochfille	25,500	19,076
Selaksil	129,600	115,500
Nordanal	55,000	52,500
Sungei Bata	54,000	51,043
Simoni		
Puras	90,400	59,192
Sungei	54,000	68,071
Elechiba	108,000	104,873
Tandoh		
United		
Petani	235,000	192,996
Windsor		
(F.M.S.)	30,000	29,443

BRITISH POWER & LIGHT CORPORATION

REVIEW OF FIRST YEAR'S OPERATIONS

FACTORS AFFECTING RESULTS

MR. H. A. VERNET ON THE OUTLOOK

The FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the British Power and Light Corporation (1929), Limited, was held yesterday at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

MR. HENRY A. VERNET (the chairman) presided and in the course of his speech said:—The balance-sheet needs but little explanation. Turning to the profit and loss account, the balance after management expenses and income-tax is £20,535, which it is proposed to carry forward. The results disclosed in the report, of which I have to move the adoption, have fallen short of the expectations formed at the time when the corporation was launched. I do not propose to offer excuses, but will explain as shortly as possible the reasons for the shortcoming.

TWO IMPORTANT FACTORS

These reasons fall under two general headings—time and climatic conditions. The time required to expand sales of current has proved greater than was anticipated, so that earnings for 1929 have fallen short of estimates, while an unusual lack of rainfall from January to July of last year caught the North Wales Company short of water reserves and caused an increase in the expenses of this our most important subsidiary.

The current sold by the North Wales Power Company to general consumers—as distinguished from the Aluminium Corporation, Limited—totalled slightly over 46,000,000 units, as against 41,000,000 sold in 1928. The Electricity Distribution of North Wales and District sold not far short of 2,000,000 units, compared with rather over 1,000,000 units in 1928, while the English distribution companies between them sold just on 1,000,000 units.

In the case of the North Wales Power Company the increase in general sales over 1928—some 5,000,000 units, equal to 12 per cent.—is in itself not unsatisfactory: quite the reverse. As to the English companies, the trouble is to be attributed not to a lack of demand but to difficulties and delays in connexion with various matters, such as wayleaves. The obstacles encountered have been numerous rather than fundamental; many have been overcome, and the remainder are in process of adjustment. There is no evidence to indicate that the original estimates of sales are not capable of attainment; given time, they should be found conservative.

THE NORTH WALES POWER COMPANY

During the year 1929 items in the North Wales balance-sheet to a total of some £300,000 have been eliminated, mainly by writing down the Ordinary shares. In accordance with the agreement with the Treasury, £5,000 has been transferred from profits to special renewals fund. In addition, a depreciation reserve account has been instituted as from July 1—the date on which we took over the North Wales Power Company—and there has been transferred to this reserve account from profits the sum of £14,992. The total of these two appropriations corresponds to £39,984 in a full year, and has been calculated on the basis of a considered scheme determined by our managing director, Mr. Twiss, and supported by other competent opinion. You may rest assured that the amount is adequate.

The drought in North Wales necessitated the purchase of some 11,000,000 units which otherwise could have been generated by the company, and it is computed that the loss due to the drought amounted to approximately £17,000. This is a serious item of expense to a company showing a surplus, before depreciation, of £30,262.

We believe that a similar misfortune is not liable to overtake the company in the current or subsequent years. The new dam at Maentwrog only came into operation in October, 1928, and the drought which commenced in January, 1929, found it only partially filled. The early cessation of the winter rainfall left no opportunity to fill it until the rainfall became normal in the month of August. We hope and expect that this experience will not be repeated. The drought such as occurred and continued over some months in 1929 is believed to be unprecedented.

We have now, moreover, completed the purchase of further lands which, before the drought, were not in our possession and so could not be flooded. In consequence of this, our reserves of water at the beginning of this year were the equivalent of 5,000,000 units more than at the beginning of 1929. Subsequent rainfall has augmented this advantage, and on March 31 last the water storage was equivalent to 8,000,000 units more than at the corresponding date last year.

THE DISTRIBUTION COMPANIES

The most important of these at present is the Electricity Distribution of North Wales and District, which draws a bulk supply from the North Wales Power Company and distributes by retail in a considerable portion of that company's area. It shows very satisfactory progress during the year, the increase in the units sold amounting to 85 per cent., and progress is being well maintained.

The English companies, as was explained in the report, are in the early stages of development. Nevertheless, by the end of the year they had obtained 2,284 consumers, and sold just on 1,000,000 units.

In the circumstances explained to you, we have deemed it expedient to permit the subsidiary companies to carry forward their balances rather than trench upon their resources in order to permit of our paying our shareholders a dividend for the first period of operations. Given normal conditions, we see reason to expect that this experience will not have to be repeated. The increases in sales during the first three months of the current year are encouraging. Those of the North Wales Company are up about 12 per cent., those of the Electricity Distribution Company of North Wales far more. Those of the five English companies are also progressing, but no percentage would be of value for comparison because of the limited scale of their operations at this time a year ago.

The Chairman concluded by moving the adoption of the report and accounts.

MR. TWISS'S REMARKS

Mr. G. V. TWISS, in the course of his remarks seconding the resolution, said:—As stated in the report, the corporation took over the management as from July 1, 1929, and I am pleased to be able to say that an organization has now been established on a system evolved to suit the requirements which is working out in practice efficiently and economically. Six months is a very short time to get such arrangements into being and working order, and, although benefits are already reflected in the accounts of the companies, such short period must be considered rather a time of sowing than of reaping.

The delays which the chairman referred to have certainly been tiresome. As a case in point, it was desired early in 1929 to build an inter-connecting main between the West Hampshire system and Ringwood, which, besides assisting with the supply of Ringwood, will enable supplies to be given to consumers in Burley *en route*.

The building of this line is still held up owing to the difficulty of wayleaves with the Commissioners of the New Forest, which became intensified as soon as the New Forest Commissioners knew that the Central Electricity Board projected a grid transmission substantially on the same route. Such difficulties are, however, bound to happen owing to the nature of this work, and tend to make it slow.

I should like, however, to add my personal testimony of the excellent work of my chiefs of staff in London and our engineers and managers in the various areas for the way in which they have worked and cooperated in the new organization. In this connexion I particularly refer to those who used to work under other methods of management, and I know how difficult it is for men to have to revise and adjust their methods, and thank them for the generous way they have done so.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

CIVIL SERVICE SUPPLY ASSOCIATION

DEVELOPMENT OF THE STRAND SITE

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Civil Service Supply Association, Limited, was held yesterday at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London.

COLONEL E. WATTS ALLEN, C.B.E. (chairman and managing director), presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. Geo. H. Barber) read the notice convening the meeting.

The CHAIRMAN, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, said the figures for the past year, whilst not unsatisfactory, were not as good as they had reason to anticipate. In spite of the General Election the result of the first half of the year was quite promising, but in the latter half of the year came the American and the Hatry financial disturbances, which affected the resources and incomes, both large and small, of many thousands of their customers. It was unfortunate that in a year already bristling with difficulties there should have been the necessity for additional taxation. Inevitable as it might be, it undoubtedly would have the effect of ultimately increasing unemployment and of delaying a much desired internal prosperity. Money must be made before it could be spent.

THE SUBSIDIARY BUSINESSES

He was sure the members of the company would be glad to know that the trade in the Strand stores had greatly improved during the year. The subsidiary businesses had not had a successful year. The constant increase in unemployment and the depression which was unfortunately so general in most industrial centres were wholly responsible for the unsatisfactory results. The profit and loss account showed a profit balance of £64,140, to which was added transfer fees £93 and amount brought forward of £14,836, making a total of £79,070, as compared with £68,990 last year. The effect of the revaluation of the freehold and leasehold properties after making certain deductions was to increase the capital and general reserve to £304,852, as against the previous figure of £144,471.

Nothing would give him greater pleasure than to be able to say with some measure of assurance that at the next annual meeting the directors would have a greatly improved balance-sheet to submit.

OPTIMISM OF THE BOARD

The board were optimistic and believed wholeheartedly that there was a prosperous future for the Association, but the sheer bad luck of running into a period of greatly increased unemployment, which had so adversely affected the subsidiary companies' turnover and profits, coupled with the repeated delays in settling the difficulties connected with the rebuilding of the Strand premises, saddling them as it had for the time being with expensive buildings which could not possibly in their present condition earn the interest on the Debenture money expended on them, had made the directors chary of prophesying for the immediate future. Those shareholders who had been good enough to visit him at the Strand stores, and who had gone over the buildings with him, had had pointed out to them the enormous difference the coming Strand frontage and the joining up with the back portion of the stores in Bedford-street, Chandos-street, and Agar-street was going to make and were enthusiastic as to the possibilities when the building was completed. The essentials for success in that kind of business were good value, good quality, and courteous and efficient service. As to quality and value there was no shadow of doubt that the C.S.S.A. was unbeatable.

THE NEW STRAND STORE

With regard to the new building in the Strand, although the way seemed to be clear of all obstacles, after the repeated setbacks he hesitated to assure the shareholders that by that time next year the new building would be completed. He could only say he hoped and thought that would be the case, and that nothing in the power of the directors would be left undone to speed on the very necessary work of development. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. JOHN BOGGON (the deputy chairman) seconded the motion, which was carried after some discussion.

Mr. T. W. King, C.B.E., was re-elected a director of the company, and the auditors, Messrs. Joscelyne, Miles, Page and Co. and Mr. Geo. W. Hutchesen, were reappointed.

The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

ENGLISH & CALEDONIAN INVESTMENT COMPANY

SECURITIES WELL SPREAD

DIVIDEND OF 6 PER CENT.

The THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the English and Caledonian Investment Company, Limited, was held yesterday at 82, King William-street, London, E.C.

Mr. EDWARD S. ARLISS (the chairman), in moving the adoption of the report, said:—The period under review has been one in which an almost unparalleled combination of adverse circumstances has caused acute depression in the stock markets of the world. In our own market there has been a very heavy decline in stock values, which became more pronounced at about the time of the Hatry crash, and which was—wrongly, I think—entirely attributed by many people to that event.

HOME AND OVERSEA DEPRESSION

I think the chief causes accounting for the fall in our market are the depressed state of some of our important industries, the collapse of the American stock market which took place towards the end of last year, and the heavy losses incurred by a large section of the public through unwise speculation in the unsatisfactory securities which were created in this country on such an enormous scale during the last two to three years.

These factors, in conjunction with the generally unsatisfactory economic conditions existing almost throughout the world, have caused a drastic readjustment of security values towards lower levels.

Turning to our Dominions and India, Canada is suffering from the world-wide depression of agriculture; in India political unrest has been, and unfortunately still is, the cause of considerable anxiety, and economic conditions in Australia are at the present time unsatisfactory owing to a variety of causes, the chief of which are, probably, overspending during many years, high costs of production, and the agricultural depression to which I have already referred.

In the East we see acute depression in the rubber and sugar producing industries; and in the Argentine the railways, in which so much British capital is invested, are suffering from depression in the meat and agricultural industries. The coffee crisis in Brazil has resulted in a severe fall in almost all Brazilian securities. Another unfavourable factor has been the high money rates which ruled during the greater part of the period under review, which not only caused depression in the prices of fixed-interest-bearing securities, but also increased our bank charges considerably.

You will understand that, in such circumstances, the task of trust company management has not been easy.

CAPITAL RATHER MORE THAN INTACT

Many of the newer investment trusts, formed at about the time when the bulk of our capital was subscribed, are now reporting depreciation in the value of their investments of anything up to 15 per cent., and you will, I am sure, feel that it is a matter for congratulation that we are able to report to you that the depreciation which we have suffered—namely, about 3½ per cent.—has been more than met by our contingency fund, and that consequently our capital is rather more than intact after writing off all the expenses incidental to the formation of our company and the issue of our capital. At March 31 last the company had 134 investments in its portfolio. Apart from Government Bonds, these consisted of Debentures, Preference and Ordinary shares, and are spread over a hundred-and-one different undertakings situate in 24 different countries. The risk of investment is therefore widely distributed.

As stated in the report, a surplus has been realized on the sale of certain of the investments, which has been transferred to the contingency fund against possible depreciation of the company's investments.

THE DIVIDENDS

On October 1 last the Preference dividend for the half-year to September 30, 1929, and an interim dividend of 2½ per cent. actual on the Ordinary stock was paid. It is now proposed to pay the dividend on the Five per Cent. Cumulative Preference stock for the half-year to March 31, 1930, and a final dividend of 3½ per cent. actual, making 6 per cent. for the year ended on that date. These payments are all less income-tax at 4s. 6d. in the pound, and will leave the sum of £3,466 16s. to be carried forward to the next year.

The resolution was carried unanimously, and a vote of thanks to the chairman concluded the proceedings.

EMBASSY WINE & CLUB

A SUCCESSFUL YEAR

RESULTS OF M. NAINTRE'S ORGANIZATION

CONTINUITY OF MANAGEMENT POLICY

The SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Embassy Wine and Club Company, Limited, was held yesterday at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

LIEUT.-COLONEL the HON. W. EGERTON (chairman of the company), who presided, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, referred first to the death of the late managing director, M. Luigi Naintre. Continuing, he said that the result of the year's trading had been the very satisfactory net profit of £21,476, as compared with £18,193, which the board proposed to deal with as set out in the report, including the payment of 100 per cent. on the Ordinary shares.

A new asset in the balance-sheet was "Premiums paid in respect of an insurance policy on the life of the managing director." On May 18, 1929, a 10-year endowment policy for £20,000 had been taken out on the life of M. Luigi Naintre and the premiums paid to March 31 amounted to £1,991. Owing to the death of that gentleman the capital sum of £20,000 was now due to the company and would show a surplus of approximately £18,000 in the next year's accounts.

Shareholders in the circumstances would wish for a few words as to the future. Their company was partly an investment holding company owning the whole of the issued Ordinary share capital of Mariaux Club, Limited, which controlled the Embassy Club, while the trading part of their company consisted of the wine business.

TRIBUTE TO THE LATE M. NAINTRE

Both the Embassy Club and the wine business had been brought to their present prosperous condition by the late M. Naintre, thanks to his personality and his organization of the businesses; this company, as a fact, was the result of 10 years of M. Naintre's work, during which he had gathered together a most capable band of assistants, both men and women. M. Naintre's personality could, of course, never be replaced, but his organization still remained, and with the assistants whom he had personally trained to carry out his ideas it still continued. It was the intention of the board to maintain the organization, and at the earliest moment to appoint a managing director, which would probably be a rather difficult task. In the meantime, both the Embassy Club and the wine business were being run on precisely the same basis as hitherto.

Mr. ALFRED METHUEN seconded the motion, and it was carried unanimously.

The retiring director (Lieut.-Colonel the Hon. W. Egerton) was re-elected; the auditors (Messrs. Franklin, Wild and Co.) were re-appointed; and a hearty vote of thanks to the chairman and directors closed the meeting.

DEMODERA TEA COMPANY

SATISFACTORY RESULTS

The ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Demodera Tea Company, Limited, was held yesterday at the offices, 9, St. Helen's-place, London.

Mr. ROBERT W. M. ARBUTHNOT (the chairman), in moving the adoption of the report, said that, since they last met, tea, like the majority of raw products all over the world, had passed through difficult moments, but had on the whole, when compared with others, fared well, and he thought that the year's results must be considered satisfactory. It was proposed to pay a final dividend of 3 per cent. on the Preference shares and 15 per cent. on the Ordinary shares, making 6 per cent. and 25 per cent. respectively—thus maintaining the same dividend as last year; to transfer £10,000 to general reserve, £8,000 to reserve for depreciation, and £2,000 to income-tax reserve, leaving £15,995 to be carried forward. The crop for the year was 1,986,741lb., as against the previous year's crop of 2,018,635lb. By a curious coincidence the cost of production was exactly the same in both years—namely, 49.43 cents per lb., which was in these days a very moderate figure. On the new acreage figures this represented a yield of 713lb. per acre.

To-day, perhaps even more so than usual, the cry was for quality rather than quantity. Last year conditions were generally favourable for large crops, and the surplus at the end of the year was 42,000,000lb. higher than at the end of 1928. Of this additional surplus 90 per cent. was represented by teas from Sumatra and Java, and Ceylon was responsible for only 3 per cent. This he thought was one direct result of the removal of the tea duty. A voluntary scheme of restriction was now in force, but the board were against concerted action on those lines, considering it wiser, from all points of view, to leave it to the individual estate to improve its quality and not to interfere with the laws of supply and demand.

Mr. AUSTIN DICKSON, in seconding the motion, said that during his recent visit to Ceylon he inspected the estate and found that under the able management of Mr. Reid, their superintendent, and Mr. Hyde, the visiting agent, it had further improved in yield and appearance since he saw it two years before. The tea all looked healthy and vigorous.

The report was unanimously adopted.

SIMO RUBBER ESTATES

DIVIDEND OF 25 PER CENT.

The TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Simo Rubber Estates, Limited, was held yesterday at 4, Lloyd's-avenue, London.

Mr. W. GARDNER TARBIT (the chairman) presided, and, in moving the adoption of the report, said that they had earned rather more than 25 per cent., which rate of dividend they recommended for the year, but in view of the present price of rubber it seemed to the directors prudent, for the time being, to conserve the company's resources until the position was clearer. The company's financial position remained sound, as, at the date of the balance-sheet, they had liquid assets totalling some £47,000 with which to meet liabilities of £10,600. After allowing for the payment of the final dividend there remained a surplus of nearly £30,000 to meet any further capital expenditure which might be required.

The crop harvested for the year was 1,130,434lb., against 1,050,000lb. for the previous year. This would undoubtedly have been larger, but for a serious drought which occurred during the latter months of the year, and had in fact lasted well into this year. In view of this, they were not budgeting for any large increase in crop during 1930, the manager's estimate of 1,150,000lb. having been allowed to stand; but this would naturally have to be modified to allow for the May cessation of tapping. The company's estates were visited regularly, and reports indicated that everything was in a satisfactory condition.

Dealing with the general outlook for the industry, he said they welcomed the success of the consultations between Dutch producers and the Rubber Growers' Association, which had resulted in the recommendation for suspension of tapping during the present month. Whatever the results from this, it had at least secured the principle of joint action amongst European growers, and, one was glad to note, of a very considerable percentage of non-European growers. It was a great stride in the right direction, for it was only the joint action of the producers which could lift this great planting industry to the more profitable status that it well deserved.

The report was unanimously adopted.

BRAZILIAN MARKETS

RIO DE JANEIRO, MAY 5.—EXCHANGE on London unchanged at 5⅝d. The COFFEE market closed easy, with No. 7 N.Y. standard 125 reis lower at 14$650. Receipts were 10,000 bags, making 2,580,000 bags for the season to date, against 2,378,000 a year ago. Clearances were 1,000 bags to the U.S. and 15,000 bags to Europe. The stock is estimated at 314,000 bags, against 294,000 bags a year ago. At SANTOS No. 4 N.Y. standard was quoted 21$020. Receipts were 37,000 bags, increasing the aggregate for the season to 8,300,000 bags, against 7,458,000 bags a year ago. Clearances were 20,000 bags to the U.S. and 5,000 bags to Europe, and 1,000 bags elsewhere. The stock is estimated at 986,000 bags, against 1,080,000 bags a year ago.

OILFIELDS NEWS

HEITA WHALING.—Catch for the week ended May 5 was 580 barrels of oil. Total catch to date, 190,744 barrels.

VENEZUELAN OIL CONCESSIONS.—The production for the week ended May 3 at Bolivar was 90,316 metric tons (previous week, 91,598 metric tons); at Maracaibo, 7,011 metric tons (7,335 metric tons).

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

SETTLEMENT DATES

Ticket	—	May 20	June 3
Pay-day	To-morrow	May 22	June 5

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Highest and Lowest, 1929	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
56⅝ 52	Consols, 2½%	55⅜ 55⅝	..
88 15/16 81⅛	Do., 4%	87¼ 88	-⅛
103¼ 99 15/16	War Loan, 5%	101½ 101⅝*	-3/16
101⅞ 99⅛	Do., 4%	101⅛ 101⅜	-⅛
91¼ 82⅝	Fdg. Loan, 4%	89¼ 90	-⅛
95⅛ 90	Victory, 4%	93⅝ 93⅞	-⅛
95⅝ 90	Do., Sen. Bds.	93⅝ 93⅞	-⅛
80¼ 72 7/16	Conversion, 3½%	77¾ 78	-⅛
100 93	Do., 4½%	98¼ 98½	-¼
	Do., 5%	102¼ 102½	-⅛
101⅜ 97¼	Treas. 5%, '32-33	102¼ 102½	..
100 96½	Do., 4½%, '30-32	100⅜ 101	..
98 13/32 94⅞	Do., 4½%, '32-34	101¼ 101⅜	..
97⅛ 93⅞	Do., 4%, '31-33	100 100¼	..
60¼ 55	Irish Land, 2½%	58¼ 59¼	-¼
66 60¼	Do., 3%	65½ 64½	-½
65 5/16 60	Local Loans, 3%	63¼ 64⅛	-⅛
84⅜ 80	Tvaal, 3%, '23-53	81 83	..
266 239	Bank of England	251 254	..
82⅞ 77¼	Egyptian, 3%	81 83	..
71¼ 60	India, 3½%	62 65	-¼
61¼ 50½	Do., 3%	52⅜ 55⅛	..
52 44	Do., 2½%	44 46	..
101⅞ 98	Do., 5½%	101⅛ 101¾	..
92⅜ 80¼	Do., 4½%, '50-55	83¼ 84¼	..
109 103 7/16	Sudan, 5½%	106½ 107½	..
66⅜ 60	Ldn. Cty., 3%	64 65	..
76½ 70	Do., 3½%	76 77	..
104⅜ 99¼	Do., 5%, '40-60	102 103	..
104¼ 100	Corp. of Ldn., 5%	104 105	..
65¾ 59	Met. Water, "B"	65½ 66½	..
67 58¾	Do., "A"	65¼ 66¼	..
85⅛ 81	Met. Cons., 3%	86 87	..
73½ 67½	Do., 2½%	70 71*	-½
64 58	Pt. of Lond., 3% "A"	61½ 62½	..
83¼ 76¼	Do., 4% "B"	81 82	..
100¾ 93	Do., 4¼%	96 97	..

DOMINION AND COLONIAL

103½	98	Aust., 6%, '31-41	99½	100 ..
99¼	90½	Do., 5%, '45-75	91½	92 ..
91¾	86⅛	Can., 4%, '40-60	90½	91 ..
85¾	78⅝	Do., 3½%, '30-50	83¾	84¼ -¼
95¼	91 11/16	Cape, 4%, '16-36	94	94½ ..
82⅝	78¼	Do., 3½%, '29-49	82¼	82¾ ..
81½	78¼	Do., 3%, '33-43	82	82½ ..
113¾	108½	G. Col., 6%, '45-70	109½	110 ..
104¼	99	Kenya, 5%, '48-58	101¼	101¾ ..
85½	81⅝	N.Y.L.I., 3%, '34-44	85	85½ ..
76⅞	72½	Do., 3%, '20-49	76½	77 ..
88	83½	N.S.W., 3%, '55	86	86½ ..
77	69¼	Do., 3½%, '30-50	70	70½ ..
94⅜	90½	Do., 4%, 1933	94½	95 ..
99½	88¼	Do., 5%, '45-65	89¾	90¼* -¼
102	92	Do., 5½%, '47-57	94¼	94¾ ..
104	98¼	N.Zeal., 5%, '46	100¾	101¼ ..
97⅞	91⅞	Do., 4½%, '45	95¼	95¾ +⅛
89⅜	82¼	Do., 4%, '43-63	85½	86 ..
98⅜	94⅛	Do., 3½%, '40	89	89½ ..
80¾	75	Do., 3%, 1945	79½	80 ..
104½	98½	Nig., 5%, '47-57	102½	103 ..
100	89	Qld., 5%, '40-60	88¼	88¾ ..
84	73⅝	Do., 4%

OFFICIAL RECORD OF DEALINGS

In the following statement are shown the prices at which business in officially quoted stocks was transacted yesterday as shown in the list issued by the Stock Exchange. Appended to each section will be found prices at which business was done in securities which, under the order of the Stock Exchange Committee, are included in the Supplementary List of unquoted securities. The sequence of marking is not necessarily that in which the bargains were done.

The meaning of the signs used is as follows:—‡, Exceptional bargains, including those done free of stamp duty; A, bargains done with or between non-members; ††, bargains done during unofficial hours or on the previous day; A, the purchaser pays the accrued interest in addition to the price; ‡‡‡, income-tax free up to 6s. in the pound; ‡‡2, income-tax free up to 1s. 2d. in the pound; ‡‡3, income-tax free up to 5s. in the pound.

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

2½% Anns., 53½ ½ ¾ ¼ ¾
2¼% Anns., 58½ 9½
2½% Cons., 55½ ½ ¾ ⅛ ¼ ⅜ ⅛ 47⅛ 5⅞ ½ ¼ ⅛ ¼ ¼
4% Consol. Ln., 86½ ¼ ⅞ ¼ 77⅛ ½ 86¼ ¼ 77½ 8¼ 7⅞ ⅞ ⅞ ¾ ⅞ ⅞ 7⅞ ⅞ ⅞

Bertam Cons., 3/11 -/11½ 4/-
Bocoek, 29/9
Bocking, 14/11½ 15/- 11/6
Brighstan and Lowlands Para, 27/6† 8/9
Ingra Land and Carey, 14/6
Jalan, 30/-
Java Cons., 2/2† -/11½
Malacca, 28/9††
Malakoff, 10/- 9/10½
Manchester Borneo, 14/4½
Mandarin, 13/10½ 14/-
Nerimah Pegoh, 2/3 -/3
Nebokis, 8/-
New Crocodile River, 2/-
Straits Plantns., 15/6
Tandjong, 29/3
Tjiasem, 2/6 -/6 -/3 -/4 -/3½ -/5½ -/6 -/5½ -/6
Ud. Sua Betong, 35/-41½†† 60/-
Ud. Sumatra, 1/10 -/8†

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Alliance, 1/10½ -/9 -/9
Bekoh Consol., 1/-
Bekoh, 1/10½ -/11
Brech, -/10½
Bukit Mertajam, 2/10
Bukit Rajah, 2/-
Cheviot, 2/8½ -/8½ -/10
Cons. Malay, 4/7½
Dornakaidan, 2/-
Dutch Sumatra, 1/92 2/1½
Gan Kee, 2/4½
Gordon, 1/5½ -/7½
Kali, 1/7½ 1/9
Karmen, 13/6††
Kuala Kelang, 2/-
Kuala Selinsing, 6/11
Lavant, -/7½
Lugal, 7% Deb. (£70 pd.), 77 8 8 7½ 7 ½
Malaya Tobacco, 4/7½
Mount Austin, 16/-2
Padang Para, 1/3¼
Rambutan, -/11½ -/10½
Salamis, 15/6
Rubber Serie, 10/-
Selangor River, 14/3††
Selborne Rubber Co., 2/3 2/- -/2½
Semboian Rets., 29/4½
Sepang Selangor, 16/- -/10½
Sungei Buaya, 15/-††
Tui, -/11½
Ud. Sua Betong (in. at 60/-, 30/- pd.), 23/92†† -/92††
-/9
Valambrosa, 10/6

SHIPPING

Argentine, 19/4½
British India, 4½% Deb., 89¼
Cairn, 6/-
Ce Gen. Transatlant., 6½% Obs., 99⅞
Canard, 20/7½ -/6 -/6 -/9 -/6 -/7½ -/7½ -/3 -/4½ -/9
Do., 5% Deb., 96†† 98¼ 4½ 4
Do., 5% Deb., 1930, 99¼ 4½ 4
Elder Dempster, 6% Pref., 5/3
France, Fenwick, 14/5½
French, 6½% Deb., 101
Furness, Withy Pref., 14/4½
Great Eastern Train, 13/9 14/6 -/6
Lamport and Holt, 6% Pref., 2/9
Do., 5% Deb., 1937, 94
Oceanic, 4½% Debs. (2nd Ser.), Bearer, 94½ 5
Orient, 6% Pref., 21/6††
P. & O., 8% Pref., 30/-††
Do., Deferred, 26/-††
Do., Deb., 4½ ††, 5½ 7/9 -/6 7/4 -/6
Do., 5½% Deb., 100
R.M.S.P., 5%
Royal Mail, Deb., 67
Union-Castle, 6% Deb., 89 9
White Star, 8½% Pref., 11/6 -/3 -/3 -/11½ 10/6 11/11½

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Tankers, Pig. Pref., 8/2½†† 8/-†† -/9½ 8/-
Do., Funding Certs. (Reg.), 28¾
Ud. British, 9/10½

TEA AND COFFEE

Assam, 31/4½ 2/9 1/4½
Assam Company, 10/9½
Assam Frontier, 22/- 2/-
Bengal Ud., 19/6
Charonia, 11/6†† -/10½ 12/1½
Chirra, 11/- 12/10½ Δ††
Chulia, 26/6
Consd. Estates, 58/6
Cross Ind. Ests., 2/3 2/2½ 2½ 5 4½ 5
Eastern Produce, 86/6 6/-
General Ceylon, 27/6
Jokai, 6/- 7/-7½
Kelanis, 2/-
Kyarma Devan Hills, 42
Nedeem, 41/3

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Adams Peak, 26/3 -/3 -/9Δ
Belgeri-Chardwar, -/9
Budla Beta, 76/6††
Kali, 1/7½ 1/9
Manipka, New, 5/7½ 5/- pm
Haydelia, 1/9½ -/9
Lunuva, 45/- 46/-
Panawatte, 17 6 -/8
Poonmudi, 1/10½ -/10½
Tara, 5¼ 5½ 2/6
Tyrrhcoan, 38/6††
Do., New, 51/9 5/-†† -/8†† -/9Δ†† -/9Δ††† 2/6 -/9††
2/-

TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES

American, 232 30
Anglo-American, 6% Pref., 103 2¾ ¼
Cable and Wireless, 6% "A," 50½ 2 1¼ 1½ 2 30¼ 1¼ 50½ 1½ 50 2 ¼
Do., "B," 23½†† 3 4½ 2 3½ 1½ 3½
Do., 5½% Pref., 99¾ 3½ ¼ ¼ 2½†† 3 1½ 1 2 1¼ ¼ ¼ 3
Consolidated, 6% Bds., 85
Do., 6% Certs. (Bearer), 84
Eastern, 5½% Pref., 63 3
International Cap. Stk. in Shs., 65½† 1½†† 5 5 4½
85 3 4½ 4½ 4½ 4½
Marconi Intl. Marine, 38/6†
Ud. River Plate, 6% Pref., 91/3 -/3

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Anglo-Portuguese, 7% Deb., 102½ 2¼
Bell of Canada, 15†††
Canadian Marconi, 6% Deb., 6/- 4½ -/4½
Radio Corp. of Amer., 847/4††† 8 7 -/6 -/9 -/6 -/7½ -/7½ -/3 -/4½ -/9
½ ½ ½ ½ ½ 50 50 50 ½ 49½ 50¾ 49⅞ 50¼ ¼ ¼ 49⅞
50¾ 49¾ ¼ ¼ 50¼ 1 50¼ 49⅞ 50¼ ¼ ¼ 49¾
50¼ 49¾ ¼ ¼ 50¼ 1 50¼ 49⅞ 50¼ ¼ ¼ 49¾

TRAMWAYS AND OMNIBUS

Anglo-Argentine, 5½% 1st Pref., 38/9 7/6 -/6
Do., 6% 2nd Pref., 55/-
Do., 6% Deb., 93½††
Do., 4½% Deb., 73½††
Do., 5% Deb., 71 1
Bath Electric., 5% Pref., 10/- -/7½
Brazilian Trac., 4½% Deb., 1947 ¼ ¼ ¼

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

7.30 A.M.—To Canary Islands (Las Palmas).
9 A.M.—To Egypt, Palestine and Syria.
NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.
6 P.M.—To Dutch East Indies, East Africa (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika), Egypt (exc. Port Said), and Sudan, Mauritius and Madagascar.

TO-MORROW (THURSDAY)

2 A.M.—To Colombia (Buenaventura), Ecuador.
7.30 A.M.—To Cape Verd Islands.
9 A.M.—To Egypt (exc. Port Said).
NOON.—To Canary Islands (all parts), China (all parts)* Japan*.
6 P.M.—To Australia, Cape Verd Islands, Ceylon, China (all parts), Dutch East Indies, East Africa (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika), Egypt, Cyprus, Palestine, Sudan, &c., India, Aden, Persia (exc. North) (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) and Seychelles, Iraq and Persia (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah), Straits Settlements, Siam, French Indo China, North Borneo, &c., West Coast of Africa (French Equatorial Africa (Gabon), French Senegal and Sudan), Air Mail to Australia (Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and all Eastern State Cities).†
8 P.M.—To Argentine, Bolivia (exc. North), Chile (exc. North), Paraguay and Uruguay, Brazil (Rio and Santos), West Indies (Barbados, Grenada, and St. Lucia.)

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main oversea mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London :—

Destination		Posting at G.P.O.	London
ARGENTINA, BOLIVIA (exc. North), CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY :—			
R.M.S.P. (Alcantara)		May 8	8 p.m.
R.M.S.P.† (Alcantara)		May 9	6 p.m.
Houlder (Marquesa)		May 10	7.30 a.m.
R.M.S.P.† (Deseado)		May 12	6 p.m.
Du. pkt. (Gelria)		May 14	8 p.m.
Du. pkt.† (Gelria)		May 15	6 p.m.
ASCENSION AND ST. HELENA : U.-Castle (Llandovery Castle)		May 29	7.30 a.m.
AUSTRALIA : P. & O. (Naldera)		May 8	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Comorin and Barrabool)		May 15	6 p.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND ALL EASTERN STATE CITIES : Air Mail†		May 8	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, BOLIVIA (N.), PERU (exc. Iquitos) : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
BRAZIL (Rio, Santos) : R.M.S.P. (Rio, Santos) : R.M.S.P.† (Alcantara)		May 8	8 p.m.
(Rio, Santos) : R.M.S.P. (Deseado)		May 9	6 p.m.
(Bahia) : L. & H. (Newton)		May 9	8 p.m.
(Rio, Santos) : R.M.S.P.† (Deseado)		May 9	8 p.m.
(exc. Ceara, &c.) : Du. pkt. (Gelria)		May 12	6 p.m.
(exc. Ceara, &c.) : Du. pkt.† (Gelria)		May 15	6 p.m.
CANADA (Quebec City, &c.) : Direct (Duchess of Atholl)		May 9	6 p.m.
(Quebec City, &c.) : Via N.Y.† (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
(exc. Quebec City, &c.) : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
(all parts) : Via N.Y. (Homeric)		May 14	2 a.m.
(all parts) : Direct (Duchess of Richmond)		May 16	2 a.m.
(Mac. Post) (all parts) : Direct (Duchess of Atholl)		May 9	5.30 p.m.
(Mac. Post) (all parts) : Direct (Duchess of Richmond)		May 15	5.30 p.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (Las Palmas) : Via Madrid and Cadiz		May 7	7.30 a.m.
(all parts) : E.D. (Bontry)		May 8	Noon
(Tenerife) : Via Madrid and Cadiz		May 10	7.30 a.m.
(all parts) : Du. pkt. (Gelria)		May 14	8 p.m.
(all parts) : Du. pkt.† (Gelria)		May 15	6 p.m.
CAPE VERD IS. : R. Star (Avila Star)		May 7	7.30 a.m.
R. Star (Avila Star)		May 8	6 p.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (B. Honduras, Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), CUBA AND MEXICO : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
CEYLON : P. & O. (Naldera and Karmala)		May 8	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Comorin and Barrabool)		May 15	6 p.m.
CHINA (all ports) : Via Siberia*		Daily	Noon
(all ports) : Holt (Pyrrhus)		May 13	6 p.m.
(all ports) : Via Suez (Naldera and Karmala)		May 8	6 p.m.
(Shanghai and N. China) : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Maria and Buenaventura), CHILE (N.) : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
(S. Maria) : E. & F. (Bayano)		May 16	7.30 a.m.
(Buenaventura) : Gulf (Plum Branch)		May 8	2 a.m.
COSTA RICA : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
E. & F. (Arigna)		May 17	7.30 a.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES : Du. pkt. (Tjerimai)		May 7	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Naldera and Karmala)		May 8	6 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika) : Fr. pkt. (Exp. Grandidier)		May 7	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Naldera)		May 8	6 p.m.
ECUADOR : Gulf (Plum Branch)		May 8	2 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN : Ital. pkt. (Helouan)		May 7	6 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) : Ital. pkt.† (Helouan)		May 8	9 a.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c. : P. & O. (Naldera)		May 8	6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c. : Air Mail†		May 10	6 a.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, SYRIA : Fr. pkt. (L. Lotti)		May 10	6 p.m.
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA : Ital. pkt. (Ausonia)		May 7	9 a.m.
Ital. pkt. (Esperia)		May 13	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Esperia)		May 14	9 a.m.
FALKLAND IS. : Direct (Lautaro)		May 9	6 p.m.
GUIANAS (Br., Fr., and Du.) : Ger. pkt. (Brm. in Harrison (Stationers))		May 9	7.30 a.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North), (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) AND SEYCHELLES : P. & O. (Naldera)		May 8	6 p.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA AND PERSIAN GULF : Air Mail†		May 10	6 a.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) : P. & O. (Naldera)		May 8	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (P. Loti)		May 10	6 p.m.
JAMAICA : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
J.D.F. (Jamaica Settler)		May 13	7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Homeric)		May 14	2 a.m.
JAPAN : Via Siberia*		Daily	Noon
Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
MADEIRA : U. Castle (Kenilworth Castle)		May 9	11.30a.m
MAURITIUS : Via Durban (Kenilworth Castle)		May 9	11.30a.m
MAURITIUS AND MADAGASCAR : Fr. pkt. (Exp. Grandidier)		May 7	6 p.m.
NEWFOUNDLAND : Via Canada (Duchess of Atholl)		May 9	6 p.m.
Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Homeric)		May 14	2 a.m.
(Mac. Post) : Via Canada (Duchess of Atholl)		May 9	5.30 p.m.
NEW ZEALAND : Via Panama (Rangitane)		May 9	7.30 a.m.
Via Panama* (Karamea)		May 9	6 p.m.
Via Vancouver (Duchess of Richmond and Aorangi)		May 16	2 a.m.
PERU (Iquitos) : Booth (Hildebrand)		May 19	8 p.m.
PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA : U.-Castle (Kenilworth Castle)		May 9	11.30a.m
SOUTH AFRICA (Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban, &c.) : Air Mails†		May 9	11.30a.m
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST AFRICA (Union Provinces, Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Bechuanaland, &c.) : U.-Castle (Kenilworth Castle)		May 9	11.30a.m
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS : Holt* (Pyrrhus)		May 13	6 p.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, FRENCH INDO-CHINA, NORTH BORNEO, &c. : P. & O. (Naldera and Karmala)		May 8	6 p.m.
UNITED STATES : Cunard (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
U.S.L.* (Leviathan)		May 12	8 p.m.
W. Star (Homeric)		May 14	2 a.m.
Ger. pkt.* (Bremen)		May 14	2 a.m.
Fr. pkt.* (Paris)		May 14	Noon
VENEZUELA : Ger. pkt. (Rugia)		May 9	7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	2 a.m.
Harrison (Stationers)		May 13	6 p.m.
WEST COAST OF AFRICA : Belgian Congo (exc. Katanga) and French Middle Congo : Fr. pkt. (Amerique Del. pkt. (Leopoldville)		May 10	6 p.m.
Fr. Equatorial Africa (Gabon), Fr. Senegal, Sudan : Fr. pkt. (Alsina)		May 21	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Amerique)		May 8	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Anfa)		May 10	6 p.m.
Sierra Leone, Liberia, Gold Coast, Nigeria, Ivory Coast, Dahomey, Br. and Fr. Togoland, Br. and Fr. Cameroons, Fernando Po and Sp. Guinea : Gambia, E.D. (Abinel)		May 12	6 p.m.
Fr. Guinea, Ivory Coast, Fr. Togoland, Fr. Cameroons : Fr. pkt. (Amerique)		May 14	2 a.m.
WEST INDIES (Leeward) : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)		May 10	6 p.m.
(Barbados, &c.) : Harrison (Matador)		May 10	2 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : Ger. pkt. (Rugia)		May 8	6 p.m.
(Barbados, &c.) : Harrison (Statesman)		May 9	7.30 a.m.
(Barbados, &c.) : R. & F. (Arlesian)‡		May 13	6 p.m.
		May 17	7.30 a.m.

* Correspondence to be forwarded by this route must be specially so addressed.

*‡ Air fee is 4d. per oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.

† Air fee is 2d. per half oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.

‡ If Air fee to be prepaid by ordinary postage stamps in addition to the ordinary postage and registration fee, 7 may be affixed as follows :—

To Egypt and Palestine, &c.	2d.	per half oz.
" Iraq	3½d.	"
" Persia and India (Karachi)	5d.	"
" India (Delhi)	7d.	"

An Air Mail label should be attached.

† Letter and post-cards only.

DISPATCHES OF PARCEL MAILS

Parcel mails will be dispatched to the destinations shown, the times given being the hours for posting at the General Post Office. TO-DAY, 9 A.M.—To Colombia (Pacific Coast), Ecuador (by direct ship to Guayaquil). 11 A.M.—To Fiji (via New Zealand). 1.15 P.M.—To Australia, Ceylon, Egypt, Palestine, Sudan and Syria (by sea route), Gibraltar and Morocco, India, Iraq and Seychelles (by sea to Bombay), Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika Territory, Malta, New Zealand (via Australia). 6 P.M.—To Argentine and Paraguay, Brazil (Porto Alegre, Rio, Santos and Sao Paulo), Chile (exc. Magallanes) (via Argentina), Falkland Islands and S. Georgia (via Monte Video), Guianas (British and Dutch), Uruguay, West Indies (Barbados, Grenada, St. Lucia, Trinidad and Tobago), West Indies, Leeward Islands (exc. Trinidad). TO-MORROW, 9 A.M.—To Dutch East Indies (Sumatra), Dutch East Indies (exc. Sumatra), Rabaul, Hong-kong (via Suez), Latvia, New Zealand (direct), Russia-in-Europe, Russia-in-Asia, Straits Settlements (Penang), Siam, &c., Straits Settlements (Singapore), &c. 11 A.M.—To Chile (Magallanes), Falkland Islands (direct), Fiji (via Canada), Newfoundland. 1.15 P.M.—To Portugal, Rhodesia (via Cape Town), South Africa and Madeira. 6 P.M.—To Bahamas and Bermuda, British Honduras (via U.S.A.), Honduras Republic (via U.S.A.), Mexico (via U.S.A.), West Indies (Leeward Islands).

INWARD MAILS DUE

Letter mails are expected from the following countries and will probably be delivered in London as shown :—

TO-DAY.—Argentina, Uruguay and Brazil, by ss. Ahaeda Star. China and Japan, via Siberia. Egypt and Sudan, by Italian packet. Trinidad and Guianas, by ss. Pellerin de Latouche. TO-MORROW.—U.S.A., Australia, Japan, Shanghai and North China, Bahamas, Fiji, Jamaica, Mexico, Central America, Panama, West Coast of South America, Leeward Islands and Windward Islands, by ss. President Roosevelt. U.S.A., Bahamas, Mexico and Central America, by ss. Albert Ballin. Canada and Newfoundland, by ss. Nova Scotia. Windward Islands and Trinidad, by ss. Traveller. U.S.A., Canada and Bermuda, by ss. Bremen.

LINERS EXPECTED

The following table shows the approximate times at which, according to the latest information available, incoming liners are expected at home ports :—

TO-DAY

ALMEDA STAR (B. Star), from South America; Plymouth, 1 p.m. Due London, Thursday, 3 p.m.
BAYANO (E. & F.), from Barbados; Avonmouth, noon.
CITY OF HANKOW (Ellerman), from Rangoon; Avonmouth.
CITY OF PARIS (Ellerman), from Bombay; Plymouth, a.m.
MATIANA (B.I.), from East Africa; Plymouth, p.m. Due London, Thursday, p.m.
MOREA (P. & O.), from Bombay; Royal Albert Dock, 8 a.m.
ORONSAY (Orient), from Australia; Southampton, 8 a.m. Due London, Thursday, 8 a.m.
PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE (C.G.T.), from West Indies; Plymouth, 3 p.m.

TO-MORROW

ALBERT BALLIN (Ham.-Am.), from New York; Southampton, noon.
BREMEN (N.D.L.), from New York; Southampton, noon.
CITY OF KNOSS (Ellerman), from Far East; London.
MENELAUS (B. Funnel), from Japan; London, a.m.
PRES. ROOSEVELT (U.S.L.), from New York; Plymouth, 5.30 a.m.

FORTHCOMING SAILINGS

Particulars of forthcoming sailings of liners from this country will be found in the companies' announcements on page 2.

MOVEMENTS OF LINERS

(FROM OWNERS AND LLOYD'S)

AFRICAN

EGBA .. .. For Grand Bassam, left Takoradi 2nd
EGORI .. .. For L'pool, left Dakar 3rd.
NEW BRIGHTON .. For W. Africa, left Norfolk 4th.

AMERICA-LEVANT LINE

BANTRIA .. .. For Swansea, left L'pool 3rd.
RIVER DELAWARE .. Fm. Philadel., arr. N.Y. 3rd.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT

MARYLAND .. .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Baltimore 5th.

BEN LINE

BENVORLICH .. .. For Yokohama, arr. Mishe 2nd.
BENWYVIS .. .. For Far East, arr. Middlesbrough 5th.

BLUE FUNNEL

ANTENOR .. .. For N. China, left Hong-kong 2nd.
ASCANIUS .. .. For Australia, left Cape Town 3rd.
AUTOLYCUS .. .. For Ldn., left Belawan 3rd.
BELLEROPHON .. For Japan, left L'pool 3rd.
EURYBATES .. .. Fm. Java, arr. Ldn. 4th.
EURYMEDON .. .. For Java, left Amsterdam 3rd.
MEMNON .. .. For Japan, left Rotterdam 4th.
MENELAUS .. .. Fm. Japan, arr. Casablanca 3rd.
MERIONES .. .. Fm. Ldn., left Pt. Said 5th.
PERSEUS .. .. For Java, left Sabang 3rd.
POLYDORUS .. .. Fm. Java, ar. Amsterdam 3rd.
POLYPHEMUS .. .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Pt. Said 5th.
TEIRESIAS .. .. For Japan, left Singapore 3rd.

BLUE STAR

ALMEDA STAR .. .. Fm. B. Aires, arr. Lisbon 5th.
ARANDORA STAR .. Fm. Med. Cruise, arr. 8thmth. 6th.

BOOTH

BASIL .. .. For Aracaty, left Victoria 3rd.

BRITISH & AFRICAN

APAPA .. .. For L'pool., left S. Leone 4th.
ASPAM .. .. Fm. L'pool., arr. Calabar 3rd.
BADAGRY .. .. For Grand Bassam, left Takoradi 2nd.
DAVID LIVINGSTONE Fm. L'pool., arr. S. Leone 5th.
DEIDO .. .. For Cape Cst., left Takoradi 3rd.
NEW TORONTO .. For Bathurst, left Dakar 3rd.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

BEAVERDALE .. .. For Montreal, left Havre 6th.
PRINCESS JOAN .. For Victoria, left Balboa 4th.

CLAN LINE

CLAN MACALISTER .. Fm. Greenock, arr. Glasgow 5th.
CLAN MACBRAYNE .. For Glasgow, left Dunkirk 5th.
CLAN MACGILLIVRAY .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. B'dam. 5th.
CLAN MACKENZIE .. For Ldn., left Tuticorin 5th.
CLAN MACINTOSH .. For L'pool., left Mchstr. 6th.
CLAN STUART .. .. For Middlesbro', left Antwerp 5th.
HESPERIDES .. .. For La Plata, left B. Aires 5th.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE

INDIANA .. .. For Havre, left Vigo, 3rd.
ST. JOSEPH .. .. For Havre, left Autofagasta 5th.

CUNARD & ASSOCIATED LINES

CUNARD

ALAUNIA .. .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Montreal 5th.
ANDANIA .. .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Mersey 6th.
ANTONIA .. .. Fm. L'pool., arr. Montreal 5th.
BERENGARIA .. .. For N.Y., stz. 757 miles West of Bishop's Rock, noon, 5th.
CARINTHIA .. .. For Messina, left Venice 3rd.
FRANCONIA .. .. For Hilo, left Honolulu 4th.
MAURETANIA .. .. Fm. N.Y., arr. 8thmth. 6th.

ANCHOR

CIRCASSIA .. .. For L'pool, left Gib. 6th.

ANCHOR-DONALDSON

ATHENIA .. .. For Glasgow, left Quebec 3rd.

COMMONWEALTH AND DOMINION

PORT CAROLINE .. For Ldn., left Colon 30th.

DONALDSON

CORACERO .. .. Fm. Glasgow, arr. M'video 3rd.

ELDERS AND FYFFES

ABOUAL .. .. Fm. Garston, arr. Las Palmas 5th.
CARARE .. .. Left Trinidad 3rd.
CASTALIES .. .. For B'dam, left S. Marta 2nd.
MANDISER .. .. For Bremer'en, left Pto. Castilla 3rd.
MOTAGUA .. .. Left Jamaica, stz. For A'mouth, left Tela 3rd.
PACUARES .. .. For Antwerp, left Havana 6th.

ELLERMAN AND BUCKNALL

CITY OF CARLISLE .. Left Rangoon 5th.
CITY OF HALIFAX .. Fm. Beira, arr. Table B. 5th.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL

BRANKSOME HALL .. For L'pool, left Pt. Said 4th.
CITY OF CALCUTTA .. For Ldn., left Colombo 4th.
CITY OF CHESTER .. For Beira, left Pt. Natal 5th.
CITY OF LONDON .. For Karachi, left M'sailles 3rd.
CITY OF MANCHESTER For Calcutta, left Mersey 6th.
CITY OF SALISBURY .. Fm. Manilla, arr. Philadel. 5th.

ELLERMAN'S WILSON

BARRANO .. .. Fm. Mormugao, arr. Cochin 4th.

FURNESS LINE

KENMORE .. .. Fm. Danube, arr. Antwerp 4th.
PACIFIC EXPORTER .. Fm. Portland, O., arr. 'Frisco 4th.
PACIFIC PIONEER .. Fm. Vancouver, arr. Olympia 4th.
PACIFIC TRADER .. For Clyde, arr. Mon 5th.
QUEENMORE .. .. Fm. Bourgas, arr. Varna 3rd.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA

ADOLF VON BAEYER .. For Hamburg, left Valparaiso 5th.
ARAGONIA .. .. For Bahia, left B. Aires 3rd.
CARL LEGIEN .. .. For Hamburg, left Valparaiso 3rd.
CLEVELAND .. .. For Hamburg, left Boston 5th.
FREIBURG .. .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Belawan 5th.
HAINEN .. .. For Hamburg, left Norfolk, Va. 4th.
KYPHISSIA .. .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Bahia 5th.
RESOLUTE .. .. For 'Frisco, left Hilo 4th.
SCHWABENWALD .. For Palta, left Guayaquil 4th.
TIRPITZ .. .. For Hankow, left Colombo 5th.
TOLEDO .. .. For Table B., left Las Palmas 5th.

HAMBURG SUD-AMERIKA

ANTONIO DELFINO .. For Hamburg, left Santos 6th.

HARRISON

ACTOR .. .. For Demerara, left Trinidad 5th.
GLADIATOR .. .. Fm. Galveston, arr. Mersey 5th.
MAGICIAN .. .. Fm. Galveston, arr. N. Orleans 5th.
SENATOR .. .. For L'pool, left Pernambuco 4th.
TACTICIAN .. .. Left Cuba 3rd.

HENDERSON

HENZADA .. .. For L'pool, left M'sailles 4th.
KEMMENDINE .. .. For Ldn., left M'sailles 5th.

HOULDER

HARDWICKE GRANGE For B. Aires, left St. Vincent 4th.
ORANGE RIVER .. .. Fm. Santa Fé, arr. Rosario 4th.
SAGAMA RIVER .. .. For Antwerp, left St. Vincent 5th.

SUTHERLAND

GRANGE .. .. Fm. Magallanes, arr. Ldn. 5th.

JAMAICA DIRECT FRUIT LINE

JAMAICA MERCHANT For Ldn., left Kingston 3rd.
JAMAICA PLANTER .. For Jamaica, left Ldn. 6th.
JAMAICA PRODUCER .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Kingston 4th.
JAMAICA SETTLER .. For Ldn., left R'dam 5th.

LAMPORT AND HOLT

HONFLEUR .. .. Fm. Boston, arr. N.Y. 4th.
SOCRATES .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Santos 4th.

LEYLAND

ATLANTIAN .. .. For Dominica, left Trinidad 4th.
NEVISIAN .. .. For Kingston, left Colon 5th.
NUBIAN .. .. Fm. Pt. Limon, arr. Mersey 5th.

LLOYD SABAUDO

CONTE BIANCAMANO Fm. Genoa, arr. N.Y. 5th.
CONTE ROSSO .. .. For Genoa, left B. Aires 6th.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

MIN .. .. Fm. Shanghai, arr. Suez 6th.

NEDERLAND ROYAL MAIL

BISTANG .. .. For Macassar, left Los Angeles 3rd.

HUYGENS

CHRISTIAAN
RATAJA .. .. For Batavia, left Pt. Swettenham 5th.

NELSON

HIGHLAND MONARCH For B. Aires, left Lisbon 5th.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

BOKUYO MARU .. For Yokohama, left Los Angeles 2nd.
CEYLON MARU .. For Calcutta, left Osaka 4th.
FUSHIMI MARU .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Kobe 5th.
HAKODATE MARU .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. Kobe 4th.
HAKONE MARU .. For Ldn., left Yokohama 5th.
HAKOZAKI MARU .. For Kobe, left Singapore 6th.
KATORI MARU .. For Antwerp, left M'sailles 5th.
KAWACHI MARU .. Fm. Yokohama, arr. M'video 4th.
MATSUTE MARU .. For Hamburg, left Kobe 4th.
NAGATO MARU .. Fm. Osaka, arr. Calcutta 4th.
RAKUYO MARU .. Fm. Shimonoseki, arr. Valparaiso 5th
SADO MARU .. .. For Japan, left Shanghai 4th.
TATSUTA MARU .. For 'Frisco, left Honolulu 3rd.
YOKOHAMA MARU .. Fm. Vancouver, arr. Yokohama 5th.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD

ALLER .. .. For Tsingtao, left Colombo 5th.
ALSEN .. .. For Bremen, left B. Aires 4th.
ATTO .. .. Fm. W. Africa, left Las Palmas 5th.
CHEMNITZ .. .. For Colombo, left Penang 4th.
GOSTENORN .. .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Calbo 5th.
HAVEL .. .. Fm. Seattle, arr. Portland, Ore. 1st.
KARLSRUHE .. .. For N.Y., left Halifax 5th.
MONSUNBERG .. .. Fm. R'dam, arr. Shanghai 6th.
MUSALA .. .. For Hamburg, left Valparaiso 3rd.
REMSCHEID .. .. For Bremen, left Tsingtao 6th.
SCHWANEN .. .. For Hamburg, left St. Thomas 2nd.
SIERRA VENTANA .. For Bremen, left Rio de Jan. 5th.
WERRA .. .. Fm. B. Aires, left Lisbon 5th.
WIESBADEN .. .. Fm. Valparaiso, arr. Panama 5th.
WOSIDIUS .. .. For Benito, left Dakar 3rd.
YORCK .. .. For Houston, left Havana 2nd.

PACIFIC STEAM

ORSOVA .. .. For Havana, left Vigo 5th.
ORSOWA .. .. For Cristobal, left Havana 4th.

P. & O. AND ASSOCIATED LINES

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL

ALDERE .. .. Fm. Bombay, arr. Singapore 6th.
BEHAR .. .. For Calcutta, left Bombay 5th.
KHYBER .. .. For Ldn., left Otaru 6th.
MALOJA .. .. For Brisbane, left Fremantle 6th.
MANTUA .. .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Yokohama 6th.
MOOLTAN .. .. For Ldn., left Melbourne 6th.
MOREA .. .. For Ldn., left Plymouth 6th.
NALDERA .. .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Gib. 6th.
NARKUNDA .. .. For Ldn., left Pt. Said 5th.

BRITISH INDIA

DUMRA .. .. For Hull, left Pt. Said 5th.
KARAGOLA .. .. For Pt. Natal, left Zanzibar 6th.
MALLA .. .. For U.K., left Zanzibar 6th.
MARGHA .. .. For Calcutta, left Pt. Sudan 6th.
NARDANA .. .. For Sydney, left Calcutta 5th.
NIRPURA .. .. Fm. Sydney, arr. Sourabaya 5th.
NUDDEA .. .. For Pt. Kembla, left Pt. Pirie 3rd.
TARLIWA .. .. Fm. Osaka, arr. Amoy 6th.
TALAMBA .. .. For Osaka, left Singapore 6th.
TILAWA .. .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. Shanghai 5th.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING

OTAKI .. .. For Ldn., arr. Rio 6th.
RUAPEHU .. .. For 8thmth., left Wellington 5th.
TONGARIRO .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Fremantle 6th.

FEDERAL

SOMERSET .. .. For Ldn., left Halifax 5th.

UNION OF NEW ZEALAND

AORANGI .. .. For V'couver, left Auckland 6th.
KAIRANGA .. .. Fm. 'Frisco, arr. Wanganui 3rd.

PRINCE

EASTERN PRINCE .. For Trinidad, left Bahia 2nd.
HIGHLAND PRINCE .. Fm. Al'andria, arr. Syrian Cst. 4th.
LANCASTRIAN PRINCE .. Fm. Mchstr., arr. Tunis 5th.
MALAYAN PRINCE .. Fm. Kobe, arr. Shanghai 4th.
PERSIAN PRINCE .. For Mchstr., left Alexandria 3rd.
SCOTTISH PRINCE .. Fm. Alexandria, arr. Mersey 4th.
SIAMESE PRINCE .. Fm. Davao, arr. Macassar 5th.

RED STAR

BELGENLAND .. .. For Antwerp, left N.Y. 3rd.

ROTTERDAM LLOYD

KEDOE .. .. Fm. R'dam, arr. Batavia 4th.
PALEMBANG .. .. Fm. R'dam, arr. Batavia 5th.

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET

ARAGUAYA .. .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Algiers 5th.
ASTURIAS .. .. For 8thmth., left B. Aires 6th.
ATLANTIS .. .. Med. Cruise, arr. Venice 5th.
CULVERA .. .. For U.K., left Jacmel 3rd.
DESNA .. .. For L'pool, left Lisbon 5th.
NARVA .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. B. Aires 4th.
NAVASOTA .. .. Fm. Zarele, arr. Ldn. 6th.
NICTHEROY .. .. For Ldn., left Los Angeles 3rd.

SHAW SAVILL AND ALBION

PAKEHA .. .. Fm. Auckland, arr. Panama 4th.

SILVER LINE

SILVERASH .. .. For Boston, left Suez 4th.
SILVERBEECH .. .. Fm. Kobe, arr. Shanghai 5th.
SILVERPALM .. .. Fm. Boston, arr. N.Y. 4th.
SILVERAY .. .. For Macassar, left 'Frisco 3rd.

UNION-CASTLE

BAMPTON CASTLE .. For Pt. Natal, left Mombasa 5th.
DROMORE CASTLE .. Fm. Mauritius, arr. Newport N. 5th.
LLANSTEFFAN CASTLE Fm. Antwerp, arr. L. Marques 5th.

YEOWARD LINE

AVOCETA .. .. For L'pool, left Pas Palmas 5th.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS

(FROM OWNERS AND LLOYD'S)

AACHEN .. .. For Antofagasta, left Magallanes 5th.
AGUILA .. .. For Las Palmas, left Madeira 5th.
AKI MARU .. .. Fm. Yokohama, arr. Thursday Island 5th.

AMERICAN BANKER

ANGERS .. .. For M'sailles, left Shanghai 3rd.
ANGICOS .. .. For M'sailles, left Piraeus 4th.
ARDEOLA .. .. For Las Palmas, left Madeira 5th.
ARUCAS .. .. For Las Palmas, left Madeira 5th.
ATHOS II. .. .. For M'sailles, left Pt. Said 4th.
BAMPTON CASTLE .. For Pt. Natal, left Tamatave 6th.
BRD. DE ST. PIERRE Fm. M'sailles, arr. Zanzibar 4th.
CEDRIC .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. N.Y. 6th.
CEPHEE .. .. Fm. Dunkirk, arr. Sydney 3rd.
CHAMBORD .. .. For Pt. Louis, left Tamatave 4th.
CHEF MECANICIEN MARILOU.. For Halphong, left Pt. Said 3rd.
CITY OF AUCKLAND .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Bombay 4th.
CITY OF EASTBOURNE For Ldn., cld. Pt. Swettenham 5th.
CITY OF EVANSVILLE For Manila, left Pt. Swettenham 6th.
CITY OF LYONS .. .. Fm. Manilla, arr. Singapore 6th.
CITY OF NEWCASTLE For Hull, left Shanghai 5th.
CITY OF ORAN .. .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Adelaide 5th.
CITY OF PERTH .. .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Calcutta 6th.
CITY OF WORCESTER For Philadel., left Halifax 5th.
CORINTHIC .. .. For Ldn., left Colon 2nd.
DORIC .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Montreal 4th.
DWARKA .. .. For L. Marques, left Pt. Natal 6th.
GARADA .. .. For Karachi, left Bombay 5th.
GOUBKO .. .. For Newcastle, left N.Y. 3rd.
KABAMBA .. .. For Wellington, left Clyde 6th.
KAROA .. .. For Bombay, cld. Lourenco Marques 6th.
KOLN .. .. For Bremen, cld. Vigo 6th.
LECONTE DE LISLE .. For M'sailles, left Tamatave 1st.
MAR. PACHA .. .. For M'sailles, left Al'andria 3rd.
MEXIQUE .. .. Fm. St. Nazaire, arr. Havana 3rd.
NALDERA .. .. For Bahrein, left Gib. 6th.
NATIA .. .. Fm. Adelaide, arr. Pt. Natal 6th.
ORFORD .. .. Cruise, left 8thmth. 6th.
PIAKO .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Brisbane 5th.
PLANTER .. .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Pt. Said 6th.
PORTHOS .. .. For Yokohama, left Algiers 3rd.
ROCHAMBEAU .. For Naples, left Algiers 5th.
SPHINX .. .. Fm. M'sailles, arr. Yokohama 3rd.
TANGO MARU .. For Yokohama, left Brisbane 6th.
TELDE .. .. For Teneriffe, left Mersey 6th.
WALMER CASTLE .. For Pt. Natal, left Madeira 6th.
UMZUMBI .. .. For Mombasa, left Calcutta 6th.

REINSURANCE RATES

The following reinsurance rates are now being quoted in the London market :—

Vessel	Voyage and Casualty	Guinea per cent.
SUMATRA	Yokohama, March 21, and Manila for Gothenburg Ashore Pearl Bank	7

CASUALTY REPORTS

(FROM LLOYD'S)

BATAVIER VII.—Flamborough Head, May 6.—Information from Bridlington Coastguards :—Dutch m.v. Batavier VII. now refloated, apparently undamaged and anchored in Bridlington Bay.

JOHAN VAN OLDENBARNEVELT.—Amsterdam, May 6.—Dutch m.v. Johan Van Olderbarnevelt, outward bound, and Dutch s. Reggestroom, inward bound, have been in collision in North Sea Canal. Both damaged : former returned to port in tow.

NO. 1.—New York, May 6.—Dredge No. 1, reported owned by New Jersey Shipbuilding and Dredging Company, anchored off Elmhurst, Staten Island, had an explosion dynamite aboard yesterday, blast snapped cable, dredge drifting in Killvonkull, later sunk entrance Newark Bay. Reported menace to navigation.

REGGESTROOM.—See Johan Van Oldenbarnevelt.

AIRCRAFT MOVEMENTS

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS

CITY OF BUSSEIE .. Fm. Karachi, arr. Jask 6th.
CITY OF BALOCHA .. Fm. Mirabella, arr. Al'andria. 6th.

LLOYD'S REGISTER OF SHIPPING

VISITATION COMMITTEE'S TOUR

The Visitation Committee of Lloyd's Register of Shipping started their tour

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

55, 56, 57, COURTFIELD-GARDENS, S.W.5. A FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL in QUIET POSITION, OVERLOOKING GARDENS. Gas fires, hot and cold water in bed rooms. Private sitting rooms, also bed-sitting rooms. Only three minutes Gloucester-road Tube and Met. Excellent cooking. Small room and breakfast, 3gns. Full board from 5gns. Inclusive. 'Phone, Frob. 7006.

QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE.

72, QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE, W.2. — Well FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS; ALL ROOMS constant hot water, gas fires, rings; ALL FLOORS baths, 'phones, central heating. From 3 guineas, including breakfast, baths, service.—Park 1662.

22/6 PER WEEK (from).—FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS for business or professional men; five minutes Gloucester-road Stations; meals and attendance as required; Unfurnished Rooms also available.—Phone Western 6418.

30/- WEEKLY.—One or two luxuriously Furnished Bed-Sitting Rooms; private bath room; use car; meals optional; or unfurnished.—Frobisher 4360.

A FREE LIST of FAMILIES RECEIVING GUESTS, in London, seaside, country. ALSO of HOMES for ELDERLY PEOPLE and INVALIDS.—All Souls' Association, 3, All Souls'-place, W.1 (opposite Langham Hotel).

A LERT AGENCY (117, Regent-street) arranges ACCOMMODATION free. Foreign students, overseas visitors recommended to inspected addresses, suites, private families, guest houses, flats. Town, country, seaside.

ACCOMMODATION.

ALL requiring ACCOMMODATION of any kind, LONDON, COUNTRY, or SEASIDE, should apply for Harvey and Harvey's

FREE LIST.

489a, Oxford-street, W.1. (Mayfair 2156.)

PERSONAL RECOMMENDATIONS and arrangements made FREE of CHARGE to all requiring APARTMENTS, LONDON, COUNTRY, SEASIDE.—Call, write, or 'phone Universal Accommodation Bureau, Abbey House, Westminster. (Vic. 7763.)

WANTED

FRENCH GENTLEMAN (22) wishes to be received in an English gentleman's family for five or six months; would give about 3gns. for high-class food; must be in London or very near; no boarding house entertained.—Write particulars Box 1213, Samson Clark and Co., Ltd., 57, Mortimer-street, W.1.

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE, both in business, desire to be received in private house as PAYING GUESTS; large room, bath; garden; moderate; state terms.—Write Box 03892, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

BARMOUTH.—MIN-Y-MOR (HAPPY HOLIDAYS). Accommodation 120; good chef; ball room; garage; from 9s. daily inclusive. according season. 'Phone 55.

BOARD-RESIDENCE and APARTMENTS; everything comfortable; all year round; overlooking sea; good boating, fishing, and very safe bathing; garage and Inglewidden Farm, Cadgwith, Ruan Minor, Cornwall.

BOARD-RESIDENCE, 22s. 6d. June and July, 25s. August; old-world cottage rooms; Cotswold village; clean and homely.—Mrs. Hendy, High-street, Bisley, near Stroud.

BOARD-RESIDENCE, highly recommended; near golf and sea.—Miss M. Watts, Rock Hill, Rock, near Wadebridge, Cornwall.

BOARD-RESIDENCE, June, July, and August, Northern Italian family boarding house; beautiful holiday; good cooking; comfort studied; terms moderate.—Write Box E.566, The Times, E.C.4.

BOGNOR REGIS.—Merryvale, Wessex-avenue, minute 20 sea, 2 mins. golf; PAYING GUESTS received; bed and cold water in bed rooms.—Mr. and Mrs. Winzar White.

KEMPSEY, EAST CLIFF,

BOURNEMOUTH, Bath-road.—High-class boarding establishment, in an acre beautiful ground; central all amusements. Three minutes Pier, Pavilion; tennis court; hot and cold water; garage; from 3½gns. Tariff on application.

BOURNEMOUTH, Wheaton Lodge, Branksome Wood-road.—Board-Residence; own garden; minutes pine, Pier, &c.; from 3gns.—Mrs. D. Hindby. 'Phone 5987.

BOURNEMOUTH (Manor-road), in an acre beautiful grounds, 100 yards sea, central for everything.

HINTON FIRS, EAST CLIFF.

Hot and cold running water bed rooms; central heating; chef de cuisine; most comfortable; garage. From 3½ guineas.—Telephone 5409.

BOURNEMOUTH.—LAMMERMOOR.—Best position EAST CLIFF; three acres of delightful gardens; own tennis and croquet lawns; garage. Famous for cuisine.

BOURNEMOUTH HANDBOOK.—40 pages descriptive matter, views Bournemouth and district, including advertisements, hotels, boarding houses, &c., post free 1d.—A.R.C. Office (1335), Fir Vale-road, Bournemouth.

BOURNEMOUTH, DURRANT-ROAD.

THE GATE HOUSE.

Close sea, Square, and Merrick Park Links; hot and cold water bed rooms. From 2½gns. Phone 5740.

BOURNEMOUTH, EDENCOURT, SUFFOLK-ROAD, near Square, Gardens, Sea, W. Station; bathing accommodation beach; from 3gns. Phone 3960.

BOURNEMOUTH.—COLLINGWOOD, WEST CLIFF, one minute pier; near all amusements and shops. Hard tennis court; garage. Telephone 931.

BOURNEMOUTH.—OAKLANDS, West Cliff; terms moderate; close sea and gardens; use fires bed rooms; separate tables, excellent cuisine.—A. Kean.

BOURNEMOUTH.—Visitors before deciding where to stay should read the HOTEL and BOARD-RESIDENCE COLUMNS of THE TIMES.—For reliable information concerning these advertisements write "The Times" Representative at Smith's Library, The Square, Bournemouth.

CORNWALL, MOUSEHOLE BAY.—Superior private house, delightfully placed; quiet; h. and c. in bed rooms; garden, tennis; close to beach; from 3gns.—Betts, Prah Sands, Marazion.

CROMER. — LYNDHURST BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT; Front; electric light; personal supervision; from 2½gns. according to season; tariff.—Tree.

DEVON, SOUTH. — THURLESTONE APARTMENTS, CROSS PARK HOUSE. Telephone, Thurlestone 2. Central heating, hot and cold bed rooms; garage; golf and river fishing; one mile; camping field.—Frank Tidley.

DEVON.—HOLIDAYS; pure, healthy country; with board from 27s. 6d. per week.—Honey, Hall Farm, Lydon, Charlstock, Chard.

EASTBOURNE, FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL; finest holiday home at strictly moderate terms; own garage, grounds; tennis, dance room; good table.

EASTBOURNE. — 28, JEVINGTON-GARDENS. — Comfortable APARTMENTS; central position; two minutes sea and Devonshire Park; moderate terms.—Mrs. Lambert. Telephone 1705.

FARMHOUSE.—BOARD-RESIDENCE or APARTMENTS, close to sea, lovely cliffs; good cooking; highly recommended.—Mrs. S. Carnow, Ruan Minor, S. Cornwall.

FOLKESTONE.—GREYSTONES,

Clifton-crescent; magnificently situated on Leas, facing sea; cooking, service; appointments excellent.—Mrs. Corcoran.

FOLKESTONE.—EL KAHIRA, 15, Westbourne-gardens, one minute Leas, &c.; full South; French, English cuisine; separate tables; from 3gns.; week-ends by arrangement; prospectus on application.

GUESTS received large farm; modern conveniences; electric, wireless, 'phone; garage; tennis; excellent table; from 2½gns.—Abbotts Farm, Saffron Walden.

GUESTS WANTED in gentleman's comfortable home in Lizard district; excellent table. Terms moderate and Professor Force.—Write Box E.1, The Times, E.C.4.

GUESTS RECEIVED private house, Kent; large shady garden by sea; own tennis, golf, bridge; car; good bathing.—Write Box P.1727, The Times, E.C.4.

LANCING, near Worthing.—BOARD RESIDENCE; charming house; garden; tennis; near station, sea. Downs; parties from 2½gns.—Stead, Culver House.

LITTLEHAMPTON.—PRIVATE APARTMENTS with BOARD; central position, near sea, golf, tennis, river; every comfort and convenience; also private nursery suite with bath room, &c.; for gentlemen's children in charge of own nurses.—Apply Mrs. Goodwin, Victoria Lodge. Tele. 175.

LITTLEHAMPTON.—WALDEN. 9, Irvine-road.—Very comfortable BOARD RESIDENCE, near sea, tennis and golf links; garden; south aspect.—Mrs. Heath.

MIDHURST.—THE GATE HOUSE is most comfortable; quiet; position; beautiful garden; electric light; excellent cuisine; golf, tennis. Tele. 58.

OXFORD.—Lady receives in her private house STUDENTS or GUESTS; comfortable home; good position.—Mrs. T., 181, Woodstock-road.

PAYING GUESTS; every possible comfort offered in nice country house, ideal surroundings; good tennis; half-hour Cambridge; moderate; no others.—Write Box S.711, The Times, E.C.4.

ST. ALBANS.—St. Hilda's, BOARD-RESIDENCE, near station, golf, and Cathedral. Separate tables. Moderate terms. Garage. 'Phone 446. Estab. 1880.

SOUTH CORNWALL.—APARTMENTS. Board; near 9-hole golf course; indoor sanitation; boating; cooking recommended.—Hocking, Treglosnick Farm, St. Keverne.

SOUTH CORNWALL.—Roseland House, in Roseland, Sloan-High-Lanes.—An old country House, where guests can see REAL country life; within a few minutes Gerrans Bay; safe bathing, fishing, boating (own boat kept); garden, garage.—Apply Mrs. Voss.

SUSSEX.—GUESTS RECEIVED; beautifully situated country house; glorious views; secluded grounds; tennis, sports, dancing; indoor sanitation; bath room; liberal table; garage; moderate.—Douglas, Hazelhurst, Brede.

THE SUSSEX PAD, SUSSEX COAST.—Vacancies for summer; every form of amusement catered for; covered tennis courts, dancing, billiards, bridge, boating, fishing, golf (one mile distant); excellent cuisine; inclusive pension from 3½ guineas weekly.—Apply Manager, The New City, near Rye.

THREE ROOMS to be LET in country house, Cambridgeshire and Suffolk border; nice garden and lawns; use of car; charming village; lady would like congenial companionship.—Write Box S.789, The Times, E.C.4.

TORQUAY, THE SANDRINGHAM.

Central. Restful. Select. Separate tables. Billiards. Terms from 3½gns. weekly. Tele. 3276.—Hutchins.

TORQUAY.—GUEST HOUSE; separate tables; excellent cuisine; beautiful grounds; sea and country; convenient golf and amusements.—Greenacre, Wellewood.

TREVONE BAY, a delightful Cornish resort for holidays.—First-class BOARD-RESIDENCE (from 3gns.); garage; Bandits, Trevone Bay, Padstow.

TWO LADIES would TAKE TWO OTHERS as PAYING GUESTS; charming corner small Surrey village; one very large, one small bed room; modern conveniences; own car; large garden; easy reach links.—Write Box E.1, The Times, E.C.4.

WALTON HEATH.

Tele.: Burgh Heath 1216.

HIGH HEDGES, TOWER-ROAD, TADWORTH. Excellent situation, close to station, links, and buses; good cooking; comfortable, cheerful rooms; radiators and gas fires in bed rooms, hot water day and night; terms inclusive.—Apply as above.

SURREY HILLS.

WONDERFUL AIR, 500ft. up; exceptional food and comforts; tennis, golf; large sunny garden; London 36 minutes; moderate.—"Hydro" Residential Caterham.

LET HOTELS and BOARD-RESIDENCE FREE (all British Resorts, Irish Ports, French Coast), also tariffs where available. District visiting must be stated.—Rundell's (1336), Fulwood-place, Holborn.

WANTED

A LADY and her friend offer 3gns. each per week for comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE for a long stay over the South or South-East Coast; are in no way invalids.—All Saints' Nursing Association, 3 and 3, All Saints'-place, London, W.1.

ACCOMMODATION REQUIRED.—Gentleman, old bachelor, only, active; Surrey, Sussex, Kent; 4gns. Four adults, Apartments. Country, Sutton districts. 12gns. board residence. Mayday Hostel's Agency, 113, New Bond-st., W.1.

WANTED for GENTLEMAN, accommodation near Esher; also couple require accommodation Langham-gate district; own catering.—UNIVERSAL ACCOMMODATION BUREAU, Abbey House, Westminster, S.W.1 (Vic. 7763).

CONTINENTAL

RIVIERA, JUAN LES PINS.—English GUEST HOUSE, quiet, modern home comforts; moderate.—Le Bastelon, Chemin des Sables, Antibes.

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS

(Established 1778),
ESTATE AGENTS, SURVEYORS AND VALUERS,
25, MOUNT-STREET, W.1.
5, WEST HALKIN-STREET, 13, HOBART-PLACE, EATON-SQUARE, S.W.1.
AND 45, PARLIAMENT-STREET. Telephone: Grosvenor 1553.

A CHARMING PERIOD RESIDENCE TO BE DISPOSED OF.

CLARGES-STREET, MAYFAIR.

AN opportunity occurs to acquire the LEASE of ONE of the most attractive of these PERIOD RESIDENCES. Large suite have been expended. In excellent order; all modern conveniences installed.

LEASE ABOUT 12 YEARS. RENTAL £300 PER ANNUM.

REASONABLE PREMIUM FOR AN IMMEDIATE DISPOSAL.

Seven bed and dressing rooms fitted hot and cold water lavatory basins, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, and compact domestic offices.

Strongly recommended by
GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1.

A REAL BARGAIN.
GREEN-STREET, MAYFAIR.

IN ONE OF THE FEW STREETS NOT COMMERCIALISED.

TO be SOLD, a most attractive up-to-date medium-sized RESIDENCE upon which large sums of money have been expended for own personal comfort; ten bed rooms, four bath rooms, four reception rooms, excellent domestic offices. SERVICE LIFT; PARQUET FLOORS; INDEPENDENT HOT WATER SYSTEM. ELECTRIC HEATING, and other modern conveniences.

LEASE ABOUT 58 YEARS.
GROUND-RENT £72 PER ANNUM.
PRICE FOR QUICK SALE £7,000.

Strongly recommended by GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1.

FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES OR PRIVATE OCCUPATION.

Within a few minutes of Oxford-circus.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY.

A beautiful example of a genuine Adams House.

PRACTICALLY EQUIVALENT TO FREEHOLD.

TO BE SOLD, WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

THE PROPERTY has been partly converted into two Maisonnettes without in any way disturbing the special Period features, and can at small cost be reinstated.

The UPPER MAISONNETTE fitted passenger lift; six or seven bed rooms, four bath rooms, two or three reception rooms, domestic offices; central heating, constant hot water.

The LOWER MAISONNETTE; four rooms ground floor and the whole basement of original house.

DOUBLE GARAGES with CHAUFFEURS FLATS OVER at rear.

LEASE 980 YEARS.
GROUND-RENT £100 PER ANNUM.

Apply GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1; or their other Offices.

SEYMOUR-STREET.

(Just out of Portman-square.)
TO BE SOLD,

A Charming Double-fronted RESIDENCE, with due south aspect; six bed rooms, two baths, three reception rooms, compact offices.

LEASE 27 YEARS. LOW GROUND-RENT.
PRICE ONLY £5,500.

Apply GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1; or at their other Offices.

For full particulars of and orders to view above, or specially selected lists, apply

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS,
25, MOUNT-STREET, W.1. Tele., Grosvenor 1553. Or their other offices.

ARTICLES FOR SALE AND WANTED

Private Announcements 3 lines 6s. (minimum); Trade 3 lines 9s. (minimum)

FURNITURE

FURNITURE.—IMPORTANT PRIVATE SALE of new and second-hand now being sold at one-third original cost, removed from GROSVENOR-GARDENS, S.W., and YEOVIL, SOMERSET; also a consignment of new furniture manufactured for the OVERSEAS CLUB, NEW ZEALAND. Among these goods are several well-made bed-room, dining, and drawing-room suites. Every item for furnishing equal to new; 45 solid oak bed-room suites, comprising wardrobes, dressing chests, cupboard stand; the lot £5 15s.; 20 double-sized ditto in waxed oak, mahogany, walnut, Queen Anne and other periods, from 11gns. to 150gns.; 175 lounge chairs beautifully sprung in art linen, from 25s. to 10gns.; Chesterfield to match; 130 real hide club chairs fully sprung fitted with feather cushion, £4 15s. each, cost double; a few settees to match; 25 gentlemen's fitted wardrobes; from £4 10s.

WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION to the following goods, only in use six months, comprising Italian figured walnut hand-made bed-room suite, complete with twin beds and Staples springs, 36gns., the lot, cost double. Similar lot in French-grey walnut equally cheap. Any of the above items sold separately.

All goods bought can remain stored free and packed for country. On view 9-8 daily.

A. MARSH & CO., LTD.,

Furniture Depositories
(patronised by the Crown Agents for the Colonies),
114-118, KENTISH TOWN-ROAD, N.W.1.
10min. Oxford and Piccadilly Circus; and all principal rail termini. Est. 1857. North 0758.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE

removed from
EATON-PLACE,
Hampton, St. John's Wood, Sloane-street, and elsewhere.

NOW ON SALE AT PRICES LESS THAN AUCTION.

FOR BEST VALUE YOU MUST COME TO THE WEST.

CADOGAN FURNITURE GALLERIES, Ltd.,
162, SLOANE-STREET, S.W.1.
Near Sloane-square.

MAHOGANY FINISH 4ft. PEDESTAL DESK, £5. We stock a full range of all types of desks, both new and secondhand.—EDGLEYS, Ltd., 151, Fleet-street, E.C.4. 'Phone, Central 1746.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Trade with the original firm, est. 150 years. Maximum prices for platinum, gold, vulcanite; jewellery, old gold, &c. Cash at once.—Call or post, Paget and Co. (Dept. T.), 219, Oxford-street, W.

A Good Price by MITCHELL'S, 309, High Holborn, W.C.1, for Ladies', Gentlemen's DISCARDED CLOTHING, FURS, Uniforms, Linen, Teeth, Jewellery, Plate, &c. Buyer attends or cash by return. Holborn 7127. Est. 1860.

TYPEWRITERS, Duplicators, Adders, Calculators. Office Furniture Bought, Sold, Hired, Repaired.—Taylor's, 74, Chancery-lane, W.C. Holborn 3793.

TOWN HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

HYDE PARK (Close to).

£2,250 will purchase the direct Lease of pretty bow-fronted HOUSE, built at only 2 floors above ground.

FIVE BED, BATH, TWO RECEPTION.

Good offices and order. Recommended.
Sole Agents, FAREBROTHER, ELLIS and Co., 26, Dover-street, W.1. (Regent 7846.)

CLOSE TO ORATORY, S.W.

FACES SOUTH, MODERNIZED.

TRUST LEASE of splendid little house. READY FOR OCCUPATION.

FOUR-FIVE BED, TWO BATH, TWO-THREE RECEPTION.

Central heating; parquet floors; constant hot water, paved garden.

Apply FAREBROTHER, ELLIS and Co., 26, Dover-street, W.1. (Regent 7846.)

PORTMAN-SQUARE (Just off).

A Charming little HOUSE recently MODERNIZED and with SOUTH ASPECT. FIVE BED, BATH, TWO RECEPTION.

Central heating; constant hot water; parquet floors, lavatory basins in bed rooms.

Lease 24 years at £90 Ground Rent. Reduced price.

Apply FAREBROTHER, ELLIS and Co., 26, Dover-street, W.1. (Regent 7846.)

CHARMING KENSINGTON FREEHOLDS.

£5,500.—Five bed, three reception, bath; pretty garden; constant hot water; parquet flooring, &c. VACANT POSSESSION.

£3,250.—Delightful little property in quiet favourite position close to Station and Kensington Gardens; five bed, three reception, bath; garden.

Apply NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, W.1. Regent 3377.

CHELSEA.

Facing South over the Royal Hospital Gardens.

A HOUSE full of particular charm, well planned and artistically decorated; modernized and ready for occupation.

Hall, three-four reception rooms, five bed and dressing rooms, bath room, compact domestic offices; small garden.

Lease about 10 years unexpired.
Rent £8 per annum.
PRICE £2,000.

A long lease on favourable terms might be negotiated. Agents:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

ELM TREE-ROAD.

A Detached NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE, overlooking Lord's, containing two large reception rooms, lounge hall, seven bed rooms, three bath rooms; garage and good garden. Rent £250 per annum and premium.—Agents, ANSCOMBE and RINGLAND, 8, Wellington-road, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

SALE THIS DAY.

22, BELGRAVE-SQUARE.

AN IMPOSING TOWN RESIDENCE, upon which *thousands of pounds have been lavished on decorations and improvements.*

Seven bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, six fine reception rooms, complete offices. OWN PRIVATE GARDEN.

Electric passenger lift. Central heating.

SPACIOUS GARAGE PREMISES AT REAR.

Lease 44 years. Ground-rent £200 per annum.

To be SOLD by AUCTION to-day, at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, at 2.30 p.m.—Auctioneers, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, W.1.

ARTISTIC LITTLE HOUSE off SLOANE-SQUARE; one double, one single bed, two reception; lease five years; £25 per annum; £600 for lease and unexpired fittings; might let.—Write Box N.767, The Times, E.C.4.

OVERLOOKING GARDENS and WITHIN a SHORT DISTANCE of KENSINGTON GARDENS.

A Beautifully appointed FAMILY RESIDENCE, exceptionally modernized and decorated.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE AT A BARGAIN PRICE

Nine bed rooms, three baths, four reception rooms, marble-paved hall, and bright domestic offices. Independent boiler, service lift, parquets floors, &c. Lease 31 years, ground-rent £20 per annum.

PRICE £4,400 ONLY.

Agents, GARLAND-SMITH and Co., 100, Mount-street, W.1. (Gro. 2360-1.)

A NON-BASEMENT HOUSE TO BE LET.

A charming modern residence adjoining Portland-place; five bed rooms, two handsome bath rooms, two reception rooms, &c. Two garages. Moderate premium asked.

WAY & WALLER,

5, Hanover-square, W.1. Mayfair 8022.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.

OVERLOOKING THE PARK.

A ATTRACTIVE single HOUSE, with prettily laid-out RENT garden, fountain, and summer house. Principal suite of double bed room, £400 landing, dressing room, bath room, three PER ANN. more bed rooms, double drawing and dining rooms, small study, kitchen, and offices. Premium £340 for lease. Extras at valuation.—Write Box N.770, The Times, E.C.4.

EGERTON-CRESCENT.

A CHARMING HOUSE in a desirable position; six bed rooms, bath, three reception rooms, and excellent offices. Reasonable premium required for direct Lease.—Recommended by the Sole Agents,

W. A. ELLIS.
178, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 2161.

BEING MODERNIZED.

BELGRAVE-SQUARE (just out of), facing South across gardens.—Really choice HOUSE with double garage; nine bed, three bath, four reception, lounge hall. Tiled bath rooms. Four orders. Independent hot water. Lease 20 years. Low rental.

FOR DISPOSAL. Moderate rent. Very reasonable premium required.

Lease to include works in progress.—Sole Agents, ADAMS and WATTS, 38, Sloane-street, S.W.

BROADSBURY PARK, N.W.6.—On two floors; five bed, bath, two reception, lounge hall; garage; garden; hot and cold to bed rooms. Private lease. Inclusive price £1,750.—GRAHAM and GRAHAM, 17, Motcomb-street, S.W.1.

TOWN HOUSES (continued)

TO BE LET, FURNISHED, for four or five months.

MONTAGU-SQUARE.—In the best position in the square, and beautifully appointed throughout; 10 bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms. About 25gns. a week will be accepted for this choice house.—Agents, MARTIN CLARKE and CO., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

FURNISHED RESIDENCES.

PORTLAND-PLACE (close to).—TO BE LET, from at once for a few months, a particularly charming FAMILY RESIDENCE and GARAGE; about 12 bed rooms, three bath rooms, and some four or five reception rooms.—Terms from Sole Agents, MARTIN CLARKE and CO., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

GREAT CUMBERLAND-PLACE.—TO BE LET for the season or longer, a very attractive RESIDENCE of medium size; seven or eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms. Rent about 20gns. a week.—Agents, MARTIN CLARKE and CO., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

OTHER RESIDENCES are AVAILABLE in UPPER and LOWER BERKELEY-STREET, MONTAGU-SQUARE, BERKELEY-STREET, &c.—Agents, MARTIN CLARKE and CO., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

FURNISHED TOWN HOUSES

AT GREATLY REDUCED RENTS.

BELGRAVE-SQUARE (adjoining).—Eleven bed rooms; passenger lift.

CADOGAN-SQUARE.—Eleven bed rooms; 25gns. a week.

WILTON-CRESCENT.—Eight bed rooms; 15gns. a week.

SLOANE-GARDENS.—Seven bed rooms; 12gns. a week.

RUTLAND-GATE.—Twelve bed rooms, hall room; passenger lift.

Agents,

WHITE, BERRY & TAYLOR,

50, Sloane-street, S.W.

FOR SALE or to be LET FURNISHED.

SMITH-SQUARE District of WESTMINSTER.—Modernized small-scale HOUSE with seven bed, two bath, two reception rooms, &c. FREEHOLD £8,000, or 15 gns. weekly furnished.—Sole Agents, BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

60GNS. WEEKLY FURNISHED.

WESTMINSTER (close to St. James's Park).—Modern RESIDENCE HOUSE with five bed, two baths, three reception rooms. Available for six months.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

BONDESBURY PARK, 6, MILVERTON-ROAD.—Charming NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE, containing six bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms and good garden. Lease 70 years; ground-rent £14 per annum. To be SOLD by AUCTION at an early date.—Keys with the Agents, LEOPOLD FARMER and SONS, 61, High-road, Kilburn, N.W.6.

CLOSE TO

CAVENDISH-SQUARE.

The 989 YEARS' LEASE of a DELIGHTFUL SMALL GEORGIAN HOUSE

TO BE SOLD.

Seven bed rooms, three bath rooms, four magnificent reception rooms.

Central heating throughout, constant hot water, electric power, &c. Exquisite fine panelling, fine old fireplaces, period decorations.

Agents: GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

LEASE 12 YEARS. NO PREMIUM.

CADOGAN-SQUARE (off).—Charming little HOUSE; six four bed, bath, two reception; excellent condition.—Full details from Agents, ADAMS and WATTS, 38, Sloane-street, S.W. (Sloane 6208-9.)

CAMPDEN HILL.—Well FURNISHED COTTAGE; two bed, bath, two reception rooms; quiet, open views.—Agents, MARTIN CLARKE and Co., 16, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

VALE ESTATE, CHELSEA.

CHARMING SMALL NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE with private garden; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms; compact offices on attractive lease. Lease 74 years. Ground-rent £15 per annum.—WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., Sloane-square, S.W. Sloane 8141.

£4,000.

OVERLOOKING RIVER WITH GARDEN AND GARAGE.

CHELSEA.—A most delightful sunny HOUSE; eight bed, three bath, three reception; quarter acre garden, and garage with studio room. 25 years' LEASE for DISPOSAL.—BARKER and NEALE, 13, Lowndes-street, S.W.1.

CHELSEA.—An attractively decorated and modernized HOUSE; four bed, bath, two reception rooms; parquet floors; paved garden. Premium £1,400.—Agents, Lease MARLER and MARLER, 25, Sloane-street, S.W.1. 20 years. Sloane 5234.

£150 P.A.

FREEHOLD, WITH POSSESSION.

CHELSEA.—Charming little MODERNIZED HOUSE, in quiet square; four bed, three reception, kitchen, bath; garden; immediate possession. PRICE 4,000gns.—Keys with WHEELER and ATKINS, 1, Sydney-street, Chelsea. Flaxman 1687.

CHELSEA. NO BASEMENT. GARAGE.

DELIGHTFUL Modern, Labour-saving HOUSE; four bed, two bath, constant hot water, lavatory basins in bed rooms, two receptions, maids' sitting room, &c. ONLY £3,500 for 99 YEARS' LEASE.—ALEXANDER KING and COULD, 37, Conduit-street, W.1.

DELIGHTFUL low-built FREEHOLD with large garden and garage, seven bed, two bath, three reception.—BARKER and NEALE, 13, Lowndes-street, S.W.1.

EDWARDES-SQUARE.

Small and delightful Georgian House, with front garden and overlooking the extensive gardens; use of tennis courts; perfect seclusion.

Four-five bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms.

FREEHOLD, £4,750.

NORFOLK and PRIOR.
14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1. (Mayfair 6363.)

FREEHOLD.

JUST OFF LENNOX-GARDENS.

ENTIRELY remodelled, modernized, and specially designed small HOUSE for SALE; four bed rooms, two modern bath rooms, charming drawing room, dining room, and a

FINE STUDIO.

Parquet floors. New sanitation. Electric power. Lavatory basins with hot and cold supplies in bed rooms.—Keys with owner's Agents,

PETER JONES, Ltd., Sloane-square, S.W.1. Slo. 3434.

EATON-TERRACE.—BIJOU HOUSE must be SOLD; five bed, bath, three reception, and small garden.—Keys, BARKER and NEALE, 13, Lowndes-street, S.W.1.

OWN PRIVATE GARDEN.

Electric passenger lift. Central heating.

SPACIOUS GARAGE PREMISES AT REAR.

Lease 44 years. Ground-rent £200 per annum.

To be SOLD by AUCTION to-day, at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, at 2.30 p.m.—Auctioneers, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, W.1.

FAVOURITE CHELSEA SQUARE.—Beautifully FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET for three or six months; six bed, bath, three reception rooms. Rent only 13gns. per week.—F. W. GAPP and Co., 54, Lower Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 9245 (3 lines).

FURNISHED HOUSES

TO BE LET IN
HAMPSTEAD and ST. JOHN'S WOOD.

Selected lists from ERNEST OWERS, Ltd., 200, Finchley-road, N.W.3 (Hampstead 4910), and at West Hampstead and Golders Green.

FURNISHED TOWN HOUSES

TO BE LET,
FOR THE SEASON.

Apply to GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

GOOD HOUSE and Garden, W.11, for small family; 6 large rooms; South aspect; quiet. Could make three flats. PRICE £2,500. No premium.—Write Box 8,762, The Times, E.C.4.

JUST IN THE MARKET.

HAMPSTEAD, on the edge of the Heath. All modern conveniences; five bed, two baths, two reception rooms; garden; lease 16 years. PRICE £4,750.—SAUNDERS, 150, Finchley-road, N.W.3. Hampstead 0108.

KENSINGTON, in one of the most favoured and quiet positions on Campden Hill.—A semi-detached RESIDENCE, having seven-eight bed rooms, bath room, double drawing room with parquet flooring, dining room; service lift; complete domestic offices. Ground-rent £13 a year, lease about 67 years. PRICE £4,500.—Sole Agents, CHESTERTON and SONS, 116, Kensington High-street, W.8.

KENSINGTON.—Excellent HOUSE with five bed rooms, two or three reception, bath room, kitchen, &c., for SALE at £1,650 (or 32 years' lease.—Agents, HUGHERDON and HINDS, 4, Abingdon-road, Kensington High-street.

KENSINGTON.—Very attractive FURNISHED COTTAGE to be LET for six months or longer; double bed room, bath room, two reception rooms, kitchen; every convenience.—14gns. per week.—Sole Agents, MARLER and MARLER, 25, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 5234.

Now being entirely modernized and redecorated.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE (just off).—Charming medium-size HOUSE available in this sought-after position; seven bed rooms, THREE BATH ROOMS; three reception rooms, and lovely garden; modern improvements. Lease 15 years. RENT ONLY £180 per annum. Reasonable premium.—Early inspection advised by Owner's Agents,

MESSRS. KING & KING,
15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2934 (3 lines).

HYDE PARK-GATE,
KENSINGTON.

LOW-BUILT RESIDENCE in this quiet cul-de-sac; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms.

RENT £550.

Favourable LEASE for DISPOSAL, with large garage if required.—Sole Agents, JAMES E. HISGROVE and GALSWORTHY, 9, Kensington-square, W.8.

TOWN HOUSES (continued)

ROBINSON, WILLIAMS & BURNANDS.

89, MOUNT-STREET, W.1. Gros. 2430.

UNIQUE RESIDENCE in quiet position near KNIGHTSBRIDGE to be LET; five bed, bath, three reception rooms, &c., in perfect order; parquet floors. Lease 10 years. Rental £500 per annum. Reasonable premium. Recommended.

PARK-LANE (just off).—TRUST LEASE for SALE at a low figure; south aspect; beautifully appointed HOUSE, with nine bed rooms, four bath rooms, four reception rooms and perfect tiled offices. Moderate ground-rent.

NON-BASEMENT HOUSE and GARAGE, in quiet cul-de-sac off KNIGHTSBRIDGE; three bed, bath, one large reception room, &c. Lease 16 years. Rental £150 per annum. Premium required. Polished oak floors and staircase.

TO BE LET FURNISHED, a charming NON-BASEMENT HOUSE with five bed, bath, two reception, and lounge hall, &c. Rental 14gns. per week.

Further particulars of above and other houses from ROBINSON, WILLIAMS and BURNANDS, 89, Mount-street, W.1.

KNIGHT & CO.,

14, CROMWELL-PLACE, S.W.7.
Facing South Kensington Station.
Telephone: WESTERN 3424 (3 lines).

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

FAVOURITE position, secluded yet close to the Station.—Beautifully decorated RESIDENCE for SALE; distinct hot water, central heating, facilities, parquet flooring throughout, panelling, painted walls and ceilings; tiled offices, five charming bed rooms (parquet floors), principal and secondary bath rooms, three elegant reception rooms, remodelled domestic offices. Inspected and highly recommended.

GLOUCESTER-ROAD.

NEAR the Station.—To be LET at moderate rent without premium, spacious RESIDENCE; licence to convert if desired; ten bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception and entertaining rooms, complete domestic offices. Inspected and recommended.

VICTORIA-ROAD, KENSINGTON, directly adjoining. —A delightful modernized HOUSE in perfect condition; two large living rooms, five bed rooms, two bath rooms, good domestic offices; garden; parquetry floors; most artistic new decorations; electric power; independent hot water supply. Freehold, £4,850.—Strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

SLOANE-SQUARE, overlooking Gardens, with private gardens at back of house.—Really delightful Willett-built HOUSE; four living rooms, six to seven bed rooms, two modern bath rooms; independent hot water, tiled offices. Redecorated in perfect taste. PRICE £4,500. Open to offer. Very long lease at low ground-rent.—Sole Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

SPACE FOR GARAGE.

KENSINGTON.—A chance to SECURE the LEASE at small ground-rent of a low-built RESIDENCE, which contains six bed rooms, bath, three ground-floor reception rooms, good domestic offices; excellent garden. Agents, STORY and Co., 49, Kensington High-street, W8.

£3,000.

QUEEN'S-GATE, within stone's throw of Park.—A delightful NON-BASEMENT COTTAGE RESIDENCE; well decorated, having four bed rooms, bath room, oak panelled drawing room, dining room, kitchen, &c.; electric light, and power; every modern convenience.—Sole Agents, STORY and Co., 49, Kensington High-street, W8.

FREEHOLD

£3,750.

REGENT'S PARK.

IN A FAVOURITE SOUTH TERRACE and ENJOYING BEAUTIFUL OPEN VIEWS.

Having been reviewed in "Country Life" is evidence that this property is one of distinctive and unique character. It is a charming illustration of judicious

FLATS AND CHAMBERS
(Continued from Page 27)

EXCEPTIONALLY CHARMING DE LUXE SERVICE FLAT to be LET unfurnished in South Kensington, entrance to delightfully arranged gardens; three rooms, bath room, &c.; ground floor; extensively and artistically decorated; constant hot water; thoroughly qualified steward, butler, and valet; excellent cuisine.—Apply Managing Agents, MARLER and Co., 95A, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. Kelvin 8792-3.

HARRODS (Near).

CHARMING FIRST-FLOOR FLAT available; three rooms, kitchen, and bath room, &c.; constant hot water; resident housekeeper; artistic decorations; delightfully sunny. Rent £200 per annum, no extras.—Apply Managing Agents, MARLER and Co., 95A, Gloucester-road, S.W.7.

51 LOW RENT. FIVE BED ROOMS, &c. to 6GNS. PER WEEK.—KNIGHTSBRIDGE, near Oratory. Well FURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED UPPER MAISONNETTE. Five beds, two reception, kitchen, bath, telephone.—L. J. CURTIS and Co., Abbey House, 2, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

34-4 GNS. PER WEEK WESTMINSTER, CHELSEA and KENSINGTON. Well FURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED FLATS. Two to three bed, two reception, kitchen, bath, telephone.—L. J. CURTIS and Co., as above.

£105 and £180 PER ANNUM.—WESTMINSTER (facing gardens, tennis). Unfurnished FLATS. Two to three bed, one and two reception, kitchen, bath.—L. J. CURTIS and Co., as above.

LUXURIOUS FURNISHED FLAT, facing South over Park; two bed rooms; constant hot water; garden; 4½ guineas.—23, Albert-road, Regent's Park. Primrose 4396.

MAYFAIR.

In a secluded position, facing South.
UNFURNISHED SERVICE FLAT
on the top floor in a modern building, containing two bed rooms, one bath room and one large reception room. Central heating, constant hot water, passenger lift.
Rent £500 per annum inclusive. Long lease.
Agents, Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

HUGO HOUSE, SLOANE-STREET, S.W. MESSRS KING and KING, as Sole Agents for the above building, are now able to offer these delightful FLATS for letting. Every modern and up-to-date improvement. All bright and sunny rooms. Each contains four bed rooms, two reception rooms, two bath rooms, and offices. New Leases. No premiums. Rents £550 per annum. Immediate inspection advised.—Plans and all details at the Agents' offices, 15, Bruton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos. Sloane 2294 (3 lines).

NEAR BELGRAVE-SQUARE. — Small, MODERN FLATS (one to four rooms) shortly ready; lift, radiator heating all rooms; constant hot water; grill room. Rents from £70. Plans can be seen and decorations arranged to suit tenants.—Write Box E.580, The Times, E.C.4.

NEWLY DECORATED FLAT to be LET FURNISHED for six months; two bed, two reception, bath; constant hot water; gas fires, electric light; close Victoria Station; resident housekeeper; 7 gns. per week. No agents.—Write S.741, Willings, 85, Strand.

GARAGE AND FLAT.

OLD MAYFAIR.—Charming PIED-A-TERRE, facing South, of large sitting room with bedroom, bath, mid-kitchenette, w.c., and separate garage for two cars; beautifully decorated; constant hot water, good outbuildings; pretty garden. Tenis court. 'Phone Grosvenor 1874, or write Box E.173, The Times, E.C.4.

£110 P.A. INCLUSIVE. 10 Years £650.

PALL MALL (No. 14).—Self-contained FLATS, well Furnished; efficient service; telephone; lift; excellent cuisine. Moderate tariff. Regent 2044.

PORTMAN MANSIONS, W.1.—A Lady is anxious to LET her well FURNISHED FLAT; two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, and maid could remain. Rent 7gns. per week.—Write Box 8784, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

RICHMOND.—Beautiful FIRST FLOOR FLAT in well-known 18th century mansion, surrounded by lovely parklands; six bedrooms, two bath rooms; constant hot water; garage; £300 per annum.—JARMAN, Eton-street, Richmond.

MODERN MANSION FLAT.

NEW BUILDING. FACING SOUTH.
Close to Bryanston-square.
SECOND-FLOOR FLAT, in first-class order and beautifully bright; constant hot water; electric power; three bed, two reception, tiled bath room, partly tiled kitchen. Lease 61½ years.
RENT £315 PER ANNUM. PREMIUM £100.
DRUCE and Co., 55, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 8101.

FIRST-CLASS
SERVICE FLAT
CLOSE TO
ST. JAMES'S-SQUARE.

Light, bright, and airy cent. hall, excellent reception, bed, bath, and kitchen accommodation. Unfurnished. Rent £900 per annum. Service. No premiums. Decorations to reasonable choice.—Agents, GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

SERVICE FLATS
(facing the Park).
Furnished or Unfurnished for any period.
High-class Restaurant. Children specially catered for.
Apply KENSINGTON PALACE MANSIONS,
De Vere Gardens, London, W.8.
Telephone: Kensington 3675 (six lines).

SELF-CONTAINED FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT in the ADELPHI, overlooking gardens and river; two rooms, bath, and offices; telephone; electric light and power; constant hot water; 3 guineas per week. Would redecorate to suit tenant; references.—Write Box E.560, The Times, E.C.4.

SELF-CONTAINED MAISONNETTE; two sitting, two bed, bath, kitchen, large cellar; Kensington; central; rent reasonable.—Frobisher 1119.

SERVICE FLAT.—Rent £140 per annum plus charges; three rooms, bath, &c.; very bright; in good order. Key with WIGGINTON, 280, Earl's Court-road, S.W.5.

BURTON and SLOANE-COURT.
SEVERAL of these much-sought-after FLATS to be LET, FURNISHED; four bed, bath, two reception rooms. Rents from 12gns. per week.—F. W. GAPP and Co., 54, Lower Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 9245 (3 lines).

SHERWOOD COURT, Seymour-place.—Very well FURNISHED FLAT to be LET, moderate rent.—Tele. Padd. 5526.

SLOANE-STREET (near). Exceptionally well-fitted SERVICE FLAT. Full central heating, constant hot water, fitted basins, &c. Three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms. Moderate service charges. Long or short lease.—WILLIAM WHITE, P.A. LETT Ltd., Sloane-square, S.W.1. (Sloane 8141.)

PREMIUM ENTIRELY WAIVED.
SLOANE-STREET, S.W. (best off).—£500 Per Annum.—An exceptional opportunity to secure a delightful and well-appointed SERVICE FLAT, with every modern convenience; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, lift, porters, and excellent service and catering. Fixtures at valuation.—Recommended by Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tel. Nos., Sloane 2294 (3 lines).

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—An exceptional opportunity occurs to secure a most light and pleasant SERVICE FLAT, overlooking extensive private gardens. Contains: three bed rooms, two reception rooms, spacious bath, kitchen, and usual offices; liveried porters, lifts, &c. Rental only £275 per annum.—Write Box E.565, The Times, E.C.4.

AT A VERY LOW RENT.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Exceptionally well FURNISHED MAISONNETTE FLAT; two bed, two reception, kitchen, and bath; available for six or 12 months.—Sole Agents, JOHN MEACOCK and Co., 9, Pelham-street, adjoining South Kensington Station. Kensington 5662 and 5275.

A GENUINE BARGAIN.
SOUTH KENSINGTON (close to Albert Hall).—ONE of the choicest MANSION FLATS available; four bed, two reception, &c.; lift; central heating, constant hot water; new fireplaces, parquet floors, tiled walls to kitchen, scullery, and bath room, &c., &c. Over £2,000 recently been spent in decorations and improvements. Rent £500 per annum. Lease 14 years. Premium only £1,500. Or might be Let Furnished at 30 guineas per week. Confidently recommended.—Agents, TAYLOR, HOVE and Co., 88, Gloucester-road, S.W.7.

SOUTH KENSINGTON (close to).—Charming FURNISHED MAISONNETTE, comprising three bed rooms, two reception, bath; scrupulously clean; redecorated; 4½ guineas per week for season.—Further details of W. HILL GILLES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

CENTRAL LONDON.

SOUND PRE-WAR CONSTRUCTION ENTIRELY MODERNIZED. Attractive entrances and stairs; electric lifts and liveried porters; constant hot water. Lease 15 years to tenant's requirements of two reception, four-five beds, and bath. FROM £256. per annum.—Apply Estate Office, Gordon-mansions, Francis-street, W.C.1.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—Up-to-date well FURNISHED FLAT in new building; large bright room, tiled bath room, large reception room, and kitchen; CONSTANT HOT WATER; ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR; telephone, lift, porters, and all conveniences. Rent 6gns. or near offer.—GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE CHAMBERS, 22, Ryder-street, S.W.1.—Sumptuously FURNISHED SERVICE FLATS to be LET for any period; every comfort and attention; cooking as modern; tariff on application. Also Unfurnished Suites.—Apply to Management, as above.

ST. JAMES'S PARK (near to).—Light SERVICE FLAT; one reception, two bed rooms, dressing room and bath room; constant hot water; rent £225 per annum and 10% service charge. Recommended.—ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 123, Victoria-street, S.W.1. (Vic. 8881.)

ST. JAMES'S.—A compact SUITE of three rooms, available for either business or residential purposes. A moderate rent only required.—Inspected and recommended by CLAUDE M. LEIGH, F.A.I., 16, Hanover-square, W.1. Mayfair 5454.

LARKHALL ESTATE, CLAPHAM. NEW FLATS. THE LAST THREE BLOCKS are now AVAILABLE for LETTING; three-four rooms; constant hot water; Frigidaire fitments; lock-up garages; large, well-planned rooms; pleasant garden surroundings. Rents, together with rates, from £2 2s. to £2 16s. per week.—Apply for illustrated booklet, Secretary, Larkhall Estate, Ltd., Dept. D/T., 101, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S.W.1. Telephone, Franklin 6272.

TO be LET on lease GROUND and FIRST FLOOR MAISONNETTE, backing on to delightful gardens, with entrance from drawing room; two bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms, kitchen, gas fires, electric light. Rent £170 per annum.—Apply 14, Stanley-gardens, W.11. Park 1276.

TO be LET, FURNISHED, SOUTH KENSINGTON, for six months, GROUND-FLOOR MAISONNETTE; three bed, three reception rooms; large light rooms; direct access to charming garden; 9 guineas.—Write Box S.788, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET FURNISHED, SELF-CONTAINED SUITE (two rooms and bath room) for month of June, July, weekly.—11, Cromwell-road, S.W. Western 6427.

UNFURNISHED FLAT, KNIGHTSBRIDGE. June 24; bed, sitting, bath; constant hot water; moderate rent; small sum fittings.—Phone Sloane 6486 before 11 a.m.

PICCADILLY-CIRCUS.
WELL FURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED SUITES. Excellent service and cooking. Lift to all floors. Constant hot water; telephones in all suites. Rental from £7 7s. weekly. Special terms long tenancy.—Apply steward, 31, Haymarket, London, S.W.1. Gerrard 8376

A KNIGHTSBRIDGE BARGAIN.
WELL-FURNISHED Modern FLAT; large lounge, two good reception, four good bed rooms, tiled bath room and offices; constant hot water; Rent 9gns.—J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

MODERN FLATS. RENTS FROM £165 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE.
WIMBLEDON COMMON (close to).—High and healthy; four to five rooms, kitchen and bath room; electric heat and hot water services; garage if required. Apply on premises, Fairholme, The Ridgeway, or to Managing Agents, BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

WESTMINSTER
A COMPACT MODERN FLAT,
in quiet position, close to Smith's Square.
Small hall, one large and three smaller bed rooms, tiled bath, two reception, kitchen, and usual offices; central heating; passenger lift; moderate premium for long lease and fittings.
RENT £425 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE.
Agents, GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

WESTMINSTER.—SECOND-FLOOR FLAT; five rooms, kitchen, bath; £200 per annum; premium to include some fixtures; £120; vacant Sept.—Write Box 3582, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS (continued)

WESTMINSTER.—Excellent MANSION FLAT to be LET FURNISHED; two reception, three bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; lift; phone. Annual terms, weekly. Apply CHAS V. STEVENS and Co., 56, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Vic. 4806.

WEST KENSINGTON.—Constant hot water.—Unfurnished SELF-CONTAINED GROUND-FLOOR FLAT; two reception, two bed rooms, kitchen; electric light and power in all rooms; rent £120 per annum on three or five years' agreement; lino, curtains, and special fittings to be bought, £175.—Apply Porter, Flat No. 50, Talgarth Mansions, Baron's Court, W.14.

FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.
WHITEHALL COURT.—One bed room, one reception room, and bath-dressing room.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Telephone, Victoria 3100.

2, WEST BOLTON-GARDENS, S.W.5, FURNISHED, Two (or three) Large Rooms; constant hot water; kitchen, bath; 3gns. weekly. Kensington 9972.

UNIQUE SERVICE FLAT.
25, QUEEN'S GATE.—SELF-CONTAINED UNFURNISHED SUITE, near Park; constant hot water; one bed, one sitting room; passenger lift; excellent service and catering. Rent £200 per annum inclusive.—Apply Manageress.

74, BOLLESTON-SQUARE (near VICTORIA STATION.—Two entertaining, three bed rooms, kitchen, bath; rent £220 inclusive; no premium; long lease; completely redecorated to tenant's choice.—Full particulars, Coombs, Lightoller, 60, Upper Richmond-road (Putney 1244), or Porter, 74, Eccleston-square (Franklin 6056).

CONSTANT HOT WATER.
£270 PER ANNUM.—KENSINGTON (in quiet square). The LEASE of a really charming MANSION FLAT. The accommodation comprises four bed, bath, two reception rooms, offices. Moderate premium to include fittings.—ROW and SON, 32A, Kensington High-street, W.8.

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE SERVICE FLAT.
£225 PER ANNUM.—In one of the smaller mansion blocks, close to St. James's Park; two bed rooms, dressing room, sitting room, and bath room; constant hot water; excellent service. 2gns. weekly.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

£200 PER ANNUM.—HAMPSTEAD (just off Fitzjohn's-road).—Splendid FIRST FLOOR MANSION FLAT. *Very* sunny; decorated throughout in splendid taste; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, good kitchen, scullery, &c. All modern conveniences. Reasonable premium.—ERNEST OWERS, Ltd., 200, Finchley-road, S.W.3 (Hampstead 4910), and at West Hampstead and Golders Green.

Reduced Rent for Immediate Let.
6GNS.—SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Bright, clean, and well FURNISHED FLAT with passenger lift; two reception, four bed rooms, bath, &c.—Agents, DRAKE and RUCK, 39, Alfred-place, South Kensington (opposite Station).

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

SEAFORD.

UNFURNISHED GROUND-FLOOR SELF-CONTAINED FLAT,
containing one bed room, one large sitting room with bay window, very large well-fitted kitchen, bath room, and w.c.; right on the sea front; electric light and gas; separate tradesmen's entrance at rear.
CENTRAL HEATING throughout the Flat.
CONSTANT HOT WATER
to bath, lavatory basin in bed room, and sink in kitchen. Rent only £80 per annum, including heating and all rates and taxes; no extras, no furniture or fixtures to buy. Immediate possession. Only 95 minutes from Victoria or London Bridge. Call 10-5 daily, including Saturdays and Sundays, or write
11, Esplanade, Seaford, Sussex (three minutes railway station)

SIDMOUTH.—Attractive self-contained FLAT; reception, two bed rooms, bath, &c.; close sea; July 5gns., August 6½gns.—Write Box S.768, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED

FINCHLEY-ROAD neighbourhood.—UNFURNISHED FLATS WANTED for genuine applicants; three-four bed rooms. Rent £250-£300.—Particulars, please, to SAUNDERS, 150, Finchley-road, N.W.3. Hampstead 0106.

FURNISHED FLAT WANTED immediately; three-four bed rooms; moderate; Kensington preferred.—Herbert Lodge, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.

SERVICE FLAT (two bed rooms), convenient for Pall Mall. REQUIRED by retired Army Officer. Rent £300.—Particulars to Major, 7, Albert-mansions, S.W.11. SAUNDERS, 40, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. Western 6611-2.

UNFURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED MANSION FLAT wanted; two bed, one reception, bath room, kitchen; second or third floor; rent about £140 per annum; West of Regent-street, within 1½ mile Claridge's.—Write Box G.1593, The Times, E.C.4.

URGENTLY REQUIRED by applicant, now inspecting, an Unfurnished FLAT in Mayfair or Knightsbridge district; with three bed, two reception rooms, two bath rooms, and kitchen. Rent up to £500 per annum. Usual commission required.—Details "Mr. L.," care of BAXTER, PAYNE and LEPPER, 14, Sackville-street, W.1. Ger. 0616.

WANTED, FURNISHED MODERN FLAT; three or four bed rooms, reception room, kitchen; near park, good district; three months or longer; approximately £4 to 7gns. weekly; highest credentials.—D. Walker, Langham Hotel.

WANTED, REGENT'S PARK neighbourhood, Unfurnished FLAT; six bed rooms, two bath, and two reception; &c. Rent about £700 per annum. Applicant will inspect immediately.—Please forward particulars to GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

WITH STUDIO AND TENNIS LAWN.
BEDFORD PARK, W.4 (20mins. from West End).—A magnificent detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE (non-basement), standing in old-world grounds in this attractive residential district; eight bed rooms, bath room, two fine reception rooms, and studio or billiard room (19ft. by 24ft.); conservatory, cloakroom, and excellent offices; delightful grounds of about half-an-acre, including tennis lawn, with valuable road frontage; ample garage space; a beautifully built property of most attractive design. PRICE £4,250 FREEHOLD.—Keys with TYSER, GREENWOOD and Co., adjoining Turnham Green Station, Bedford Park, W.4. (Chiswick 0135.)

DETACHED FREEHOLD WITH STUDIO.
BEDFORD PARK, W. (5mins. from West End).
QUEEN ANNE STYLE STUDIO RESIDENCE; exceptionally attractive; non-basement; four bed, bath room, two large reception rooms, up-to-date domestic offices. MAGNIFICENT STUDIO (24ft. by 20ft.). LOW PRICE for IMMEDIATE SALE, £1,450 FREEHOLD.—Keys with TYSER, GREENWOOD and Co., adjoining Turnham Green Station, Bedford Park, W.4. (Chiswick 0135.)

CHISWICK, with vacant possession.—The well situated detached double-fronted FREEHOLD RESIDENCE "GLENBUCK," 61, BARROWGATE-ROAD, having commanding frontage of 81ft. and depth of 150ft.; extensive accommodation; wide entrance hall, cloak room and w.c., dining room, drawing room, study, three reception rooms, good offices; large garden, tennis lawn, conservatory; ample space for garage.—Will be sold by Auction on Thursday evening, 22nd May, 1930, at 8 p.m., unless previously disposed of by Messrs. GREENWOOD and Co., 386, High-road, Chiswick, W.4, and Bedford Park Estate Office, Turnham Green Station, W.4, from whom particulars can be obtained.

RICHMOND,
THE PARK AND RIVER.
FOR THE CHOICEST HOUSES
PENNINGTONS,
Auctioneers, Estate Agents, and Surveyors,
ADJOINING RAILWAY STATIONS, RICHMOND,
AMIDST RURAL SURROUNDINGS.

PETERSHAM.—Charmingly situate, close golf links; four bed, dressing room, bath room, two reception (one 17ft. by 15ft.), usual offices; nice garden; electric light.—Price upon application from (80-14-L.T.)
PENNINGTONS, Ltd., as above.

EAST SHEEN.—Delightfully situated Detached RESIDENCE, situate on high ground by Richmond Park and standing in charming grounds of approximately 1½ ACRE; central heating, electric light, &c. Accommodation: eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, two reception rooms, saloon or billiard room, lounge hall, domestic offices, garage and gardener's cottage. FREEHOLD £7,000.—MELVILLES, 233, Upper Richmond-road, East Sheen.

EAST SHEEN.—To be LET, Unfurnished, delightful MODERN Detached RESIDENCE in unique situation, pleasantly adjoining Richmond Park; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, and offices; large, well-kept garden and garage; rent £162 10s. per annum.—MELVILLES, 233, Upper Richmond-road, East Sheen, S.W.

WIMBLEDON.

In a sheltered position. Sunny aspect.
A Solidly-built RESIDENCE, in excellent order throughout; three reception rooms, 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, ground-floor offices; electric light, power and gas installed; central heating and labour-saving appliances; garage.
PRICE £2,600. ATTRACTIVE GARDEN stocked with fruit trees.
Apply HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1; High-street, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19.

A DISTINCTIVE RESIDENCE facing the Common, on gravel soil; seven-eight beds, bath, four reception rooms, on TWO FLOORS only. Bargain at £6,500 FREEHOLD.—Recommended by

OGDENS OF WIMBLEDON.
Offices facing the Station. 'Phone 0044.

BEAUTIFUL KEW GARDENS.

Choice spot in countried surroundings, close to Stations (District and North London Lines), Royal Gardens, and shops and within easy access to Richmond.

BARGAIN PRICE £1,300.

A fine detached NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE, good repair; charming walled secluded garden; wide hall, two large reception rooms, bath room, five-six bed rooms; electric light; gravel soil. A wonderful opportunity.

HOUGHTONS of KEW GARDENS,
facing Railway Station. 'Phone, Richmond 0326-7, and at Richmond and Putney.

HARTLANDS, BUSH HILL PARK.
ENFIELD, MIDDLESEX.

A MODERN RESIDENCE particularly well appointed and decorated. Seven bed rooms, bath room, hall, and three reception rooms. Lounge.
Large garage and exceedingly pretty gardens with tennis lawn and kitchen garden. Vacant possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on May 14th next. Illustrated particulars of MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

FINCHLEY-ROAD.—Four bed, three reception; expensively decorated. FREEHOLD PRICE £2,850. Sole Agents, GRAHAM, 61, Fortune Green-road, Hampstead 6748.

EIGHT MINUTES GOLDERS GREEN.
FINCHLEY.—An exceptionally well-built FREEHOLD DETACHED RESIDENCE of good design, only two minutes main road. Pre-War but modern. Contains three reception, six bed rooms, tiled bath room, and good domestic offices.
GARAGE. ATTRACTIVE GARDEN.
PRICE £2,850.—Apply to E. C. LLOYD, Surveyor, 18, Manor-parade, Church End, N.3.

HARROW.—Modern labour-saving HOUSE, close to station and shops, at much reduced price; all good rooms, tiled offices, large garden, room for car; three bed, bath, two reception rooms. £1,000 cash, including fittings, or £100 down. An excellent proposition.—CLARKE and Co., The Harrow Estate Offices.

FREEHOLD BARGAIN.
PUTNEY HEATH (Close to).
Quiet position, convenient stations and buses.
MODERN DETACHED RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, dressing, and three reception rooms; GARAGE; garden. PRICE £2,950.—Apply
DOUGLAS KERSHAW & CO.,
153, UPPER RICHMOND-ROAD, PUTNEY.

PUTNEY.—To be SOLD FREEHOLD, modern BIJOU RESIDENCE; four reception, five bed rooms, two maids' rooms, usual offices; full South front, back, and kitchen garden, fruit trees.—Write Box N.787, The Times, E.C.4.

SUBURBAN HOUSES (continued)

NEAR HARROW.—Semi-detached HOUSE; six rooms, large garden, rockeries, crazy paving; garage; telephone, electric light, gas (or coal); only built 2½ years. Price, Freehold, £1,200. Owner would take £375 and leave remainder on mortgage.—Write Box 068, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

ROEHAMPTON, S.W., top of the Hill.—Well-planned detached HOUSE; garden and garage; four bed rooms; two reception rooms; central heating. PRICE ONLY £2,950.—THOLE and NEWMAN, 5, Egerton-terrace, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

On Thursday next.
ROXBY HOUSE, PINNER,
will be offered by AUCTION on Thursday, May 8th (if not previously sold by Private Treaty). Three reception, six bed, usual offices; good garden.—Particulars of the Auctioneers, STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE, Station Approach, Pinner. 'Phone 127.

TOTTERIDGE, in beautiful old-world surroundings, 20mins. from City or West End.—Detached RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY standing in about SEVEN ACRES, approached by carriage sweep; two good reception, study, five bed, tiled bath room, modern domestic offices; electric light, power, and gas; delightful loggia and conservatory; exquisite gardens and tennis court; double garage. £5,000 FREEHOLD.—Apply Owner's Agents, BATTY and STEVENS, 9, High-street, Barnet. (Barnet 2060.)

TO be LET, BLACKHEATH, S.E. Overlooking Greenwich Park and Heath.—Charming SMALL HOUSE, with much panelling; three bed, bath, two reception, two w.c.'s and offices; rent and rates total £175 per annum.—Full particulars from STOCKER and ROBERTS, 3, Railway Approach, Lewisham, S.E.

UNIQUE BARGAIN for CITY MAN.—Architect-built HOUSE (1928) FREEHOLD, 30mins. from Admiralty, 3min. station; golf, tennis; no traffic noise; dry, bracing; lovely garden; four bed, two reception; central heating; sunny.—Write "Owner," Faltowfield, Rustlip.

By Order of Executors.
DINDER, EVERSLEY PARK-ROAD.
WINCHMORE HILL,
MIDDLESEX.
High and open position.
A thoroughly good and well-planned detached FREEHOLD MODERN RESIDENCE,
beautifully fitted and artistic. Six bed rooms, dressing and bath rooms, hall, and three large reception rooms.
Garage for three cars. Exquisite grounds, about ONE ACRE. Vacant possession.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on May 14th next. Illustrated particulars of MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

WIMBLEDON.—Enjoy wonderful open views. Eight minutes Station. Charmingly designed detached RESIDENCE, every labour-saving device; four good bed rooms, model bath room, panelled dining room and hall, drawing room, downstairs cloak room, &c.; splendid garden; garage; £1,850 FREEHOLD; rare opportunity.—HAWES and Co., facing Wimbledon Station.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

KING & CHASEMORE,
Chartered Surveyors,
HORSHAM.

MID-SUSSEX, on the outskirts of a delightful old-world Village, 1½ mile from Haywards Heath.—To be LET unfurnished on long lease, a dignified early GEORGIAN RESIDENCE; 12 bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms; ample buildings, beautiful gardens, cottage, 4½ ACRES; all modern conveniences; ideal for London business man; close to golf and hunting. Rental £210 per annum. Small premium for tenant's fixtures and improvements, or would be let furnished for the summer, or possibly for a long period.
HORSHAM, three miles.—For SALE, a SMALL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY in a secluded part, with modern well-built residence (eight bed rooms, four reception rooms), garage, cottage, and 23 ACRES of park-like meadowland. £6,000.
BALCOMBE FOREST, picturesque COUNTRY RESIDENCE, with tile hung walls, occupying a unique situation on sandy soil, commanding glorious views; seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, two reception rooms; large lounge hall; beautifully wooded grounds. £8,500.
WEEK-END COTTAGE, near HORSHAM. £500.
ST. LEONARD'S FOREST, near HORSHAM.—A modern stone-built RESIDENCE; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath room; unique situation commanding glorious views; convenient for London and Brighton; with 20 ACRES of pasture and woodland. £2,450.
HORSHAM, three miles.—Small GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, with 10 ACRES. £1,975.
WEST SUSSEX, near the South Downs.—For SALE, an exceptionally attractive RESIDENTIAL and AGRICULTURAL ESTATE of nearly 400 ACRES, with picturesque house residence (six bed rooms), all modern conveniences; splendid model farm buildings and five cottages. Price reduced to £10,000.
HOUGHAM, near BOGNOR, WEST SUSSEX, overlooking the village green.—A really attractive old-fashioned RESIDENCE; seven bed rooms, bath rooms, three reception rooms; stabling and garage; pretty gardens. £2,300 only.

JUST IN THE MARKET.

A MOST FASCINATING small PROPERTY amidst lovely surroundings near Sevenoaks, entirely rural and secluded, overlooking a picturesque old-fashioned village, well away from main road traffic, yet only 40 minutes from London; delightful residence of unique charm, facing South and commanding extensive views; pretty lounge hall, two large reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, and adequate domestic offices; company's electric light; very charming garden with tennis court and paddock, in all nearly 2½ ACRES. A genuine bargain at £2,750 FREEHOLD. Only just available and unlikely to remain long unsold.—Full details and photographs from
F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

EASY MOTOR RUN FROM IPSWICH.
A Finely situated XVIITH CENTURY RESIDENCE in a quiet part of Suffolk; three reception, four-five bed, bath room (hot and cold); preserving its old character, with exposed oak beams and open fireplaces, the house is fitted with all modern comforts, and has stabling, kennels, &c., the grounds occupying about 5 ACRES (mostly rich old pasture). Price, FREEHOLD, £1,250.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

£1,975.

HORSHAM AND THE COAST.
A MIDST delightful unspoilt country, and in an excellent social district, a RESIDENCE; three reception, four bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, and offices; excellent water; electric light; modern drainage; large garage; workshop and buildings; inexpensive gardens. FREEHOLD.
ABOUT 10 ACRES IN ALL.
Bungalow and another seven Acres can be had.
WALLIS and WALLIS, 31, High-street, Guildford.

IN A LOVELY PART OF
DEVONSHIRE
yet accessible to Paddington in about three hours.
AN exceptionally spacious HOUSE in the Georgian style, with fine views and obtaining the maximum sunshine; three large reception (32ft. by 17ft., 30ft. by 18ft., and 22ft. by 14ft.), seven bed rooms, bath room, &c.; gardener's cottage; double garage. Charming grounds, full-size tennis court, pretty gardens, two good paddocks, in all 3¼ ACRES; first-rate golf and hunting; company's water, telephone, main drainage, gas. PRICE, FREEHOLD, £4,500.—Illustrated brochure from
F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, Piccadilly, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

Secluded and sunny situation between
GUILDFORD AND WOKING.
PRICE £4,000 FREEHOLD.
A TTRACTIVE old-fashioned COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing large lounge hall, dining and drawing rooms, nine bed rooms, bath room, *servants' hall, usual offices.*
Company's water. Electric light. Telephone. Sandy soil. Partial central heating.
GARAGE. STABLING.
Matured gardens and grounds of about
FOUR ACRES
with tennis and other lawns, flower and kitchen gardens, orchard and meadow. Apply HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.22665.)

ATTRACTIVE old black and white FARMHOUSE; Elizabethan chimneys; two reception rooms, kitchen with fine old oak beamed dairy, five bed rooms, bath room and bath room; three miles railway station. PRICE £1,100, or with numerous barns, stabling, &c., and 9 ACRES, £1,450. IMMEDIATE Possession.—J. M. WELCH and SON, Estate Agents, Dunmow, Essex.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY. ADJOINING NORFOLK BROADS.
A CHOICE SPORTING and RESIDENTIAL ESTATE and FARM, 200 ACRES, with delightfully placed House, charming but inexpensive gardens, foreman's house, excellent buildings, three cottages, 187 acres broadland, with exceptional private wild fowling and good boating. Low price £4,500 or near offer.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

ELVETHAM HALL ESTATE, FLEET, HANTS.

A really charming half-timbered and brick COUNTRY HOUSE with uninterrupted woodland views amidst unspoilt country; main road and near North.—Write Golf Course; one hour Waterloo. All modern requirements and open to surveyor's inspection and valuation. Large drawing room, dining room and study, seven bed rooms, bath room, servants' quarters, hall and usual offices; several fitted basins; central heating in hall and landing; ample cupboards; electric light; brick garage and toolshed; ¼ ACRE of kitchen garden; main drainage; gas; water. £3,250. More land available if required.—Full particulars from POOL and SON, Fleet, Hants. 'Phone 53.

40 MINUTES LONDON.

A QUEEN ANNE HOUSE in a pretty, unspoilt part of Berkshire, only 28 miles London, accessible to golf links and away from main roads. Fitted regardless of cost, the Residence contains many special features of interest. There are three very well proportioned reception rooms, billiards room, all with parquet floors, six principal and three servants' bed rooms, four tiled bath rooms, and model domestic offices; central heating, constant hot water; company's water, electric light and power; modern drainage; outside garage for two cars, chauffeur's cottage, and outhouses; most charming grounds, with prettily shaded lawns, old walled-in pleasure garden and rosery, kitchen garden, orchards, and parklike pastureland, about 11 ACRES.
MOST MODERATELY PRICED FOR QUICK SALE.
Illustrated brochure from the Owner's Agents,
F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, Piccadilly, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

BATH (outskirts).—Attractive HOUSE; three reception, nine bed; electric light, central heating; two cottages, suitable delicate or invalid persons; glass-covered corridor; South aspect, fine view; garden 2½ ACRE.—Lieut.-Colonel Davis, Weston Park House, Bath.

BOURNEMOUTH.—ONE of the finest RESIDENCES in a first-class district for SALE at a reasonable price. Lounge; three reception, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, convenient offices; central heating; charming grounds; chauffeur's cottage; double garage.—Apply ORMISTON and KNIGHT, 24, Poole-hill, Bournemouth.

BRIGHTON.—At a low reserve.—To be SOLD by AUCTION, at the Old Ship Hotel, Brighton, on Tuesday, May 13th, at 2.30 p.m., substantially built modernized FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, 2, EASTERN-TERRACE, in a first-class position facing the sea at Kemp Town, with Possession; 12 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, three handsome panelled reception rooms (a period style), electric passenger and service lifts and central heating. Also extensive Freehold Garage and stabling in rear, with five living rooms over.—Particulars of Messrs. H. H. Wells and son, Solicitors, 17, Paternoster-row, E.C.4; and of the Auctioneers, JENNER and DELL, Brighton and Hove.

BUCKS (Chilterns).—Suitable school, guest house, or private residence, with annexe, 18 bed rooms, four bath rooms, five-six reception; stabling, garage, two tennis courts; about 6 ACRES. Sacrifice price.—MEADOWS, Gt. Missenden.

BUCKS, near CHESHAM; 600 feet up.—Delightful old CONVERTED COTTAGE; three sitting, four bed rooms; all modern conveniences; charming well-stocked garden and orchard of THREE ACRES. FOR SALE FREEHOLD at £2,200, or would be Let Unfurnished.—J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

CAMBERLEY, SURREY.—Unfurnished HOUSES to be LET from £65 per annum upwards; all convenient positions.—STONE and COWOLL, High-street, Camberley.

CHARMING HOUSE, lovely views; large rooms; lounge hall, eight beds, four receptions, bath, and usual offices; easily worked; garage; outhouses; vinery, conservatories; well-stocked old-world garden; two lawns, one tennis; 300 fruit trees, four acres, worked well by one man; near three golf links, mile from sea, station and Walmer. £2,800.—K., Addeham, Upper Deal, Kent.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

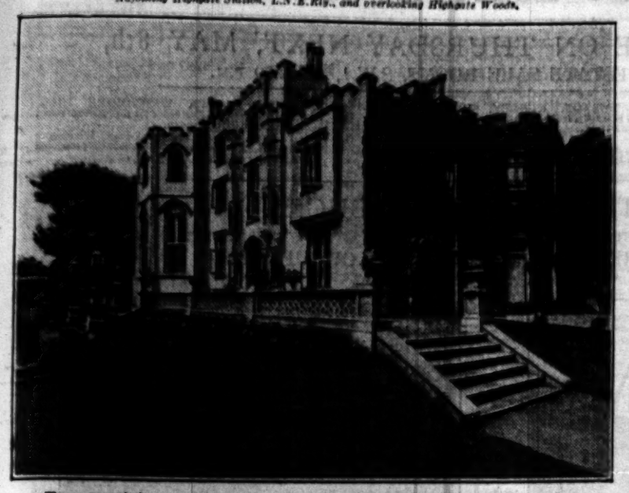
£1,350.—BERKS (in secluded rural situation, between Cookham and Maidenhead, immune from floods).

SOUTHWOOD HALL, HIGHGATE, N.

ABOUT 4½ MILES FROM CHARING CROSS.

AS A PRIVATE RESIDENCE, SCHOOL, INSTITUTION, OR FOR DEVELOPMENT.

Adjoining Highgate Station, L.N.E.Ry., and overlooking Highgate Woods.



The accommodation comprises 14 bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, large entrance hall, four spacious reception rooms, full-size billiard room, complete offices;
CHARMING WELL-TIMBERED GROUNDS,
matured lawns, flower and kitchen gardens, orchard, and
TWO HARD TENNIS COURTS.
Range of outbuildings easily adaptable for stabling or garages; two Cottage Residences, Cottage; Detached Gymnasium.
THE PROPERTY POSSESSES VALUABLE FRONTAGES TO MUSWELL HILL-ROAD AND WOOD-LANE OF ABOUT 1,000 FEET.

TOTAL AREA ABOUT FOUR ACRES.

THIS HIGHLY IMPORTANT FREEHOLD PROPERTY TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, AT THE MART, 155, QUEEN VICTORIA-STREET, E.C., ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 2ND, 1930, AT 2.30 O'CLOCK (UNLESS PREVIOUSLY SOLD), BY

PRICKETT & ELLIS.

ILLUSTRATED PARTICULARS, PLANS AND CARDS TO VIEW TO BE HAD ON APPLICATION.
OFFICES: 57, CHANCERY-LANE, W.C.2 (HOLBORN 4830). HIGHGATE STATION (L.N.E.R.): 412, ARCHWAY-ROAD, N.6 (MOUNTVIEW 1569), AND 4, HIGH-STREET, HIGHGATE, N.6 (MOUNTVIEW 0234).

E. WATSON & SONS,

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS & ESTATE AGENTS,
HEATHFIELD, SUSSEX, (TELEPHONE 11),
AND AT WADHURST.

EAST SUSSEX.

In a delightful and unspoilt spot about 2½ miles from Uckfield and the main London-Eastbourne road. A perfect example of an

OLD SUSSEX HOUSE,

in beautiful order and with an exceptional wealth of old oak timbers and other interesting features. Lounge hall, three receptions, seven beds, bath, &c.; double garage; pretty gardens and two paddocks; FIVE ACRES.

PRICE £3,850.

A unique small country place, confidently recommended by

Messrs.
E. WATSON and SONS,
as above.

MAYFIELD, on the outskirts of this old village. Close to Churches (R.C., &c.) and Convent.—Detached RESIDENCE in own grounds; two-three receptions, four bed, bath; tennis; main water and drains; electric light passes. £1,450.—Sole Agents, E. WATSON and SONS, as above.

EAST SUSSEX, Wadhurst (near).—Old Sussex FARMHOUSE; two receptions, three bed, bath; buildings and 26¼ Acres; main services available; within reach shooting. Would divide, £2,150 or offer.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(Continued from Page 28)

CORNWALL (NEWQUAY).—Lady's HOUSE (FURNISHED comfortably) to be LET, close sea, golf links; May, June, July; exquisite coast scenery; small party preferred; 4-5gns. weekly; not less two months; plate, linen.—Wake, Cubert, Newquay.

DEVON.—Charming old COTTAGE in cove, facing sea, garden, beach; two sitting, five bed rooms; well furnished; June 4gns.; July-August and September 5gns.—Marriott, Torcross, Devon.

EASTBOURNE HOUSES.
KILLICK & DAVIES. 'Phone 229.

ESSEX.—UNSPOILT COUNTRY, 27 miles London, one hour from house to Liverpool-street, 5 miles Chelmsford.—Well-appointed and comfortable COUNTRY HOUSE; electric light; radiators, telephone, &c.; six bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms, billiard room, and large loggia; garage, stabling, garden, &c., in all about 2½ ACRES.
To be LET FURNISHED 6 or 12 months. Rent 5-5gns. per week each months, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

FOLKESTONE, SANDGATE, HYTHE, and DYMCHURCH.—For FURNISHED HOUSES apply SHERWOODS, Agents, at any of the above. Head Office, Folkestone.

KENT.—A delightful BUNGALOW with beautiful garden (2 Acres) and LARGE TENNIS COURT, to be let short or long period; 4-two receptions, three bed rooms, Co.'s water, main drainage, &c.; LARGE GARAGE; 3-gns., including plate and linen; 17 miles London Bridge.—Write Box N.775, The Times, E.C.4.

MILFORD-ON-SEA.—SEASIDE COTTAGE to be LET FURNISHED; three beds, two reception, good garden. Any period 3½-4½gns. per week.—HEWITT, 62, High-street, Lymington, Hants.

BEAUTIFUL KINGSWOOD, SURREY.
To be LET FURNISHED. Close to Golf, &c. MODERN, detached HOUSE; four bed rooms, bath, two reception, garage; large garden. Plgns. per week for nine months or longer.
BRADDY and RANDALL, F.A.I., Auctioneers, 2 and 4, High-street, Sutton.

NORFOLK.—OLD HOUSE and GARDEN, mile Brooke, 2½ sta.; boat, vegetables from garden; 3-gns. week.—Write Box E.576, The Times, E.C.4.

N. DEVON.—COTTAGE; two sitting, three bed, bath, 3 rooms; close sea; 2½ gns. week, six weeks May, June.—Write Box S.774, The Times, E.C.4.

MAIDENHEAD THICKET.
OVERLOOKING MILES of WOODED COMMON.—Delightful COUNTRY HOUSE in secluded position, amid grounds of about three acres, with tennis lawn, court, field, garden, &c., in all about 2½ ACRES. To be LET, FURNISHED for 12 months. Rent 5-gns. per week each month, including rabbit warren. Most picturesque surroundings. The Castle enjoys a sunny, healthy, but private situation.—Further particulars from J. WATSON LYALL and Co., 21, Pall Mall, principal Scottish Estate Agents, or Barty, Solicitors, Dumbiane.

THAMES RIVERSIDE; immediate possession; 20 miles London; fully and completely FURNISHED, exceptionally well fitted and decorated; large lounge and tiny hall, four bed, kitchen, bath (hot and cold); gas, terraced, four bed, kitchen, bath (hot and cold); gas, electric light, phone, wireless, main water; lawn leading to own landing stage; motor launch accommodation six; large garden (fruit, flowers and vegetables) at rear to main road, heated greenhouse and frames; two garages; Essex Super Six Saloon; chauffeur-gardener's six-roomed cottage. The whole (including everything) in perfect condition. £2,500. One-half of rent, 8½ per cent.—"E.," care of Davies and Co., 95, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.

TO be LET FURNISHED, SUFFOLK, charming 13TH CENTURY HOUSE; two-reception, four-five beds, bath (hot and cold); four miles Alburgh, sea; beds, bath (hot and cold); four miles Alburgh, sea; phone, garage, 1½ acre garden; 4½gns. weekly.—Apply 20, Edith-villas, W. Kensington, W.14.

TO be LET FURNISHED OLD-WORLD COTTAGE; three bed rooms, two sitting rooms, bath room; rose garden; very suitable for week-ending; Lady Rhondda's Cottage, St. John's, Woking. Telephone 494 Woking.

TO be LET, FURNISHED, summer or longer, charming 19-roomed BUNGALOW; sea, golf (close); garage; attendance arrangeable; fishing.—Rev. W. Bourke, Harlech.

TO be LET for July-August, beautifully situated HOUSE, overlooking sea, in grounds of six acres; two large bed rooms with hot and cold, two smaller bed rooms, four entertaining rooms, two bath rooms; electric light; garage two cars; excellent servants' accommodation; nine miles Dublin, three miles Kingstown Pier; good golf links, tennis club near.—O'Brien, Monalaggia, Killiney, Dublin.

BORDERS OF HERTS AND ESSEX.
To be LET FURNISHED for three months from end of June, HOUSE; four bed, three sitting rooms, baths; telephone; two indoor lavatories; plate, linen, and two servants left; send garden.—Apply A., Benthall Cottage, Stansted, Essex.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED
3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

WANTED to RENT for the SUMMER MONTHS, a FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY HOUSE with 14 to 16 BED ROOMS, TWO or THREE BATH ROOMS, with ELECTRIC LIGHT; QUARTERS for CHAUFFEUR ANYWHERE WITHIN 1½ HOUR of LONDON if SUITABLE GROUND; CAREFUL TENANTS.—PARTICULARS to HAMPTON and SONS, 20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

WANTED, in HERTS or SURREY, up to £8,000, a PERIOD HOUSE with eight bed, two baths, three reception rooms; Essentials; enclosing grounds of at least 2 acres, high up, good train service; Suitable houses will be personally inspected by FOLKARD and HAYWARD on behalf of genuine applicant.—Particulars to 115, Baker-street, W.1. Usual commission required.

GENTLEMAN returning from California at end of month wishes to buy old-fashioned HOUSE with oak, &c., in Surrey or Sussex, having four or more bed-rooms, two reception, &c.; main services if possible; garage, garden, and fields, say 15-20 acres; £5,000 or less.—Full details to Purchaser's Agents, 28a, Albemarle-street, Piccadilly, W.1

HARTLEY WINTNEY, BASINGSTOKE neighbourhood.—WANTED to RENT, HOUSE; five-seven bed rooms; modern conveniences; garage; one acre garden.—Write Box E.537, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED, HOUSE to RENT, SEVENOAKS; two reception, three or four bed rooms; would consider short lease with option to purchase.—Write particulars to Box N.784, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED to PURCHASE, FREEHOLD, with early possession, either an OLD or MODERN RESIDENCE, in first-rate condition, having electric light, &c.; seven to nine bed rooms, and three or four pleasant sitting rooms. Must have attractive gardens and land up to 50 ACRES, and a cottage or stall's quarters; any countryfied situation within 50 miles of London, but not East Kent or Essex.—Only serious-minded sellers need write to Mrs. Kerr-Crosbie, 167, Fitzhanger-lane, Ealing, W.5.

REQUIRED, RENT or PURCHASE, HOUSE; four bed rooms; main services; garage; secluded garden; Sussex, near Brighton or Haywards Heath preferred.—Write Box S.778, The Times, E.C.4.

SMALL HOUSE WANTED; month August; four bed rooms, two reception, bath room, kitchen, and garden; cook-maid left; Oxford, Burford, or Malmesbury district preferred.—Write Box 2233, The Times, 84, Fleet-street, E.C.4.

WANTED to RENT FURNISHED, preferably with option to Purchase, within one hour of London, a very well-appointed and well-Furnished Country House; about 12 bed rooms required, three-four bath rooms; good situation, high ground with views, within 35 miles London; absolutely secluded from others; large grounds or small park, about 20-50 Acres.—Particulars of suitable Properties should be sent to Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

WANTED to PURCHASE an ESTATE of 1,500 to 2,000 ACRES; good pheasant shoot in the chief consideration, a big house is not wanted; the same would only be demolished. A moderate-sized house of 12-14 bed rooms not objected to. Counties of Herts, Hants, Wilts, Oxon, or Bucks preferred.—Full details to Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading, who will require the usual commission.

WANTED, within 20 miles of Hyde Park, to RENT or PURCHASE on easy terms, a Modern Detached HOUSE, having four-five bed rooms, two reception and usual offices; small matured garden and garage; Bickley, Hurstlands or Beckenham district preferred, but others considered.—State full particulars to Dawson Scott, Prescot, Longfield, Kent.

WANTED, end of July about six weeks, FURNISHED HOUSE five-six bed rooms; garage; New Forest, Dartmoor, Exmoor, or any locality where riding and horses available; within reach bathing.—Mrs. Paget-Cooke, 47, Warwick-gardens, London.

WANTED to RENT, Unfurnished HOUSE, SURREY or KENT, about 25 miles from London; eight or nine bed rooms, three reception rooms; garage; not more than two acres.—Write Box 1216, care of A. W. Brown, 39, Totthill-street, S.W.1.

WANTED, SMALL HOUSE, five to six bed rooms, Kingston Hill, Ditton Hill, or similar district; if suitable, will take one, two, or three acres of land.—DUFFY, 44, North-row, W.1.

WANTED, June-September inclusive, FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE, easy daily reach London; two-three reception, four-five bed rooms; good garden; moderate rent.—Write 4, Merton-road, Kensington, W.8.

WANTED, FURNISHED COUNTRY COTTAGE, July, August, Sept.; 50 minutes train London; five bed rooms; tennis.—Hibbert, 2, Stanhope-gardens, S.W.7.

WANTED to RENT at once, medium-sized HOUSE in West End; no premium.—Write Box 8409, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

WANTED, on Lease, COUNTRY HOUSE, Sussex preferred; not less than 20 bed rooms; for scholastic purposes.—Write Box G.1585, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED for two months or longer, SIX-ROOMED COTTAGE, secluded position, 12 miles radius Watford; 3-4gns. week.—Box 1187, Smith's Library, Watford.

YACHTSMAN wishes to RENT, or long lease, good modern HOUSE and garden, within 100 miles of London; six bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms; must be on sea and have good anchorage for yacht.—Write Newell, 15, Bathurst-street, Sussex-square, W.2.

BUSINESS PREMISES
3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agents for all available SHOPS, &c., and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

BOND-STREET.—FIRST FLOOR four rooms to be LET, 4,000 per annum, including use.—Write Box 602, care of Pott's, 180, Fleet-street, E.C.4.

BOND-STREET.
Within a few yards. A reconstructed CORNER BUILDING having floor area of over
12,500 SQ. FT.
including SHOP with 50ft. window space.
Central heating. Two passenger lifts. To be Let on Lease.
Plans and further particulars from D. B. GRAY and PARTNERS, 129, Mount-street, W.1.

CHANCERY-LANE (just off).—Excellent OFFICE or BUSINESS PREMISES; splendid repair, completely modernised; good light; net floor area 2,000 sq. ft. Rent £450 per annum or offer.—Apply Mrs. WILSON, 34, Kingstreet, Cheapside, E.C.2.

MILL HILL, N.W.7.
FINE SHOPS to be LET with FLAT OVER, in best position. Rent £200 per annum for the first year.—Sole Agent, CHRISE, 27, Broadway, Mill Hill, N.W.7.

ADJOINING WOOLWORTH'S IN A BUSY KENT TOWN.
FREEHOLD BUSINESS PREMISES, comprising double-fronted shop and two rooms over. PRICE £2,950.—Apply Agents, VICKERS and STANLEY, 87-8, Bonnet-street, W.1. Museum 1716.

BUSINESS PREMISES (continued)

19, PRINCES-STREET,
HANOVER-SQUARE.
IMPORTANT GROUND-FLOOR SHOP with office, fitting room, cutting room, work room, and large basement. Lease four years unexpired at £550 per annum exclusive. Part basement let at £52 per annum. Price, to include elaborate mahogany shop fittings, £200.—Sole Agents, GOLBIE and GREEN, 9, Bruton-street, London, W.1.

ALDWYCH, W.C.
MAGNIFICENT SUITE of OFFICES on the fourth floor, in a modern building with every convenience.
Passenger lifts. Central heating.
Fireproof floors. Inter-office 'phones, &c.
FLOOR AREA 7,200 SQUARE FEET.
(Might be divided.)
Full particulars of:—
WILLIAM WILLETT, LTD.,
SLOANE-SQUARE, S.W.1. Sloane 8141.

WESTMINSTER.
OFFICES to be LET, Three Rooms, third floor, close to the Houses of Parliament, Government Offices, and Professional area. Rent, including rates, £160 per annum.—Apply P. S. KING and SON, Ltd., Orchard House, 14, Great Smith-street, Westminster.

GROSVENOR-GARDENS.
VICTORIA.—Excellent SUITES of large spacious lofty OFFICES to be LET in building with all modern conveniences. Rentals from £150-£550 per annum inclusive.—Apply WALLER and Co., 3, Grosvenor-gardens, S.W.1.

TO BE LET. NO PREMIUM.
WIGMORE-STREET.—Newly erected BUSINESS PREMISES; shop over 40ft. deep, basement, upper part with separate entrance; suit any first-class trade; £500 per annum.—GALE, POWER and Co., 35, Sackville-street, W.1.

TO be LET
on Lease for 60 years or Yearly Tenancy.
50 RAILWAY ARCHES
and
12 ACRES OF LAND
(at ROTHERHITHE).
TWO MILES FROM CITY.
CANAL, RAIL, AND ROAD FACILITIES.
Can be divided into substantial blocks.
BENJ. CLOKE (Dept. T.),
Windsor House, Victoria-street, S.W.1.
Telephone: Victoria 5551-2.

£250 PER ANNUM.—Fine SHOP PREMISES with BASEMENT, SOUTH KENSINGTON STATION; available on new lease.—Sole Agents, JOHN MEACOCK and Co., 9, Pelham-street, adjoining South Kensington Station. Kensington 5682 and 8275.

SPORTS GROUNDS
3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

NORTHOLT, under one mile from four stations, with electric trains to City and West End.
Excellent FREEHOLD LAND suitable for SPORTS GROUND
for SALE with POSSESSION, in all nearly 3¼ ACRES.
For full particulars apply Sole Agents, GOLBIE and GREEN, 9, Bruton-street, W.1.

PROPERTY INVESTMENTS
3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

S.E. SUBURB.
High Yield with Security.
MODERN BLOCKS of MANSION FLATS in favoured residential district. Fully let to produce £1,930 per annum. FREEHOLD to be SOLD to yield about 9½ per cent. Existing mortgage could be transferred.—Apply GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

STAINES, MIDDLESEX.
High Yielding Security.
MODERN CORNER BLOCK of THREE SHOPS and spacious UPPER PART let, to produce net income of about £344 per annum. FREEHOLD to be SOLD to pay nearly 10 per cent. A bargain.—Apply GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

QUICK SALE REQUIRED.
W.C. DISTRICT.—Important BLOCK of SHOPS and OFFICES in splendid position, fully let. Long Leasehold interest to be SOLD to yield about 9 per cent, with valuable reversions to increased income in few years.—Apply GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

GOLDERS GREEN.—SIXTEEN Attractive main road SHOP PROPERTIES, some in occupation of Multiple firms. Rents, value £300 per annum. Long ground leases. PRICE £80,000. Might divide.—SYDNEY A. NAYLOR and Co., F.A.I., Southampton-buildings, High Holborn, W.C.

HACKNEY.—FREEHOLD CORNER SHOP PREMISES, main road. Let on lease at low rent of £125 per annum until 1933. Worth £250 per annum. PRICE £2,000.—SYDNEY A. NAYLOR and Co., F.A.I., Southampton-buildings, High Holborn, W.C.

S.W.—In a high-class suburb.—A large ESTATE of FREEHOLD MANSION FLATS, having a rent roll of over £16,500 per annum, for SALE at an attractive price.
WESTERN SUBURB, in a very high-class district, newly erected BLOCK of MANSION FLATS, fully let and producing £4,615. The estate is FREEHOLD. PRICE £40,000. Mortgage of £27,000 might remain.
HEALEY and BAKER, 29, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.

WOOD GREEN, HIGH-ROAD.—Opportunity to secure a remunerative and well secured investment. SHOP PREMISES let to a clothier with about seven years unexpired at £425 per annum. PRICE FREEHOLD £5,000.—ARNY, HILLIER, PARKER, MAY and ROWDEN, 27, Maddox-street, W.1. Tele., Mayfair 67101.

A SOUND INVESTMENT.
BOURNEMOUTH.—To be SOLD by AUCTION on 20 May, 20th, the commodious FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, "WESTERN COURT," Western-road, Branksome Park; converted into five excellent Self-Contained Flats; four well let and one vacant. Total actual and estimated rents £627 per annum. Three garages, two large grounds, South aspect, near sea.—Particulars of FOX and SONS, Auctioneers, Bournemouth West.

BY Order of Liquidator.—LEASEHOLD INVESTMENT with 50 years to run. WAREHOUSE PREMISES in BETHNAL GREEN. Producing £343 per annum. Ground-rent £106 per annum. AUCTION 31st May.—Particulars of BROWETT, TAYLOR and Co., 3/4, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.

By Order of Public Trustee and others.
AUCTION 15th MAY.
FOR OCCUPATION and SOUND INVESTMENTS.
14 PROPERTIES.—WANDSWORTH COMMON, BALHAM, UPPER TOOTING, BATTERSEA PARK, CLAPHAM COMMON and TANKERTON, to be SOLD to highest bidders.—Particulars of
JOHN G. DEAN & CO.,
129, St. James's-road, Wandsworth Common, S.W.17.

SUITABLE FOR DEVELOPMENT.
KINGSTON-ON-THAMES.—In the centre of the shopping district. SPLENDIDLY CONSTRUCTED PROPERTY having a frontage of 75 feet with depth of 50 feet, and three floors over. PRICE £14,000 FREEHOLD, or would let on lease at £400. All services.—A. G. BONSOR, Fife House, Kingston.

FREEHOLD GROUND-RENT.
£4,100 PER ANNUM secured on West End Block of Flats. Unexceptionable Property. Trustee's security. PRICE 18½ years' purchase. Principals only write W. A. DROWLEY, A.A.I., 14, Hanover-square, W.1.

WANTED

ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, 62-64, Brook-street, W.1, have a fund of £150,000 immediately available for the purchase of WEEKLY or QUARTERLY HOUSE PROPERTIES. Small sums also considered. NO COMMISSION REQUIRED.

MORRIS & MORRIS,
ESTATE AGENTS and MORTGAGE BROKERS,
61 and 62, CHANCERY-LANE, W.C.2 (Tele., Hol. (0394).
have LARGE FUNDS available for
(1) The purchase of freehold or leasehold ground rents.
(2) The purchase of shops and business premises.
(3) The purchase of building estates and sites.
(4) The improvement of farm lands and buildings.
(5) Mortgages and mortgage debentures.

URGENTLY REQUIRED for special fund of private investor, good WEST END PROPERTY, either in single units or in blocks. Established districts preferred but not essential. An immediate decision can be given and suitable lots inspected at once by the Surveyors, RILEY and BAKER, 29, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.

WANTED, FREEHOLD GROUND-RENTS, reversions under 50 years; houses only; London and suburbs.—Particulars actual purchaser, Room 22, 65, Conduit-street, W.1.

SHOOTING AND FISHING
and
COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PROPERTIES
will be found on Page Four

BUILDING LAND AND SITES
3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY.
Under three miles of the City, with a long frontage to one of the most important Northern arteries.—A FREEHOLD UNRESTRICTED SITE of over 6½ ACRES in extent is for SALE, affording unequalled opportunities for development. Vacant Possession of the whole. Particulars will only be given to bona fide buyers.—Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

BUILDING ESTATE of 200 ACRES, close to railway stations on District and G.W. Railways, seven miles Marble Arch. 5,500ft. road frontages. All services. All land tailoring sold for development. PRICE £100,000.—Plans and full details from CUTHBERT LAKE and SUTTON, Chartered Surveyors, 9, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2. Telephone, Holborn 8177.

GRAVEL.—400 ACRES in Middlesex; railway facilities on two lines. PRICE £100 per acre. Principals dealt with only.—Write Box E.561, The Times, E.C.4.

GUILDFORD.
ADJOINING MERROW GOLF COURSE.
Within one mile of Guildford Town and London Road Station with electric trains to town every 20 minutes.
ONLY 20 REMAINING SITES
in choicest position, entirely secluded by belt of matured timber.
Main gas, water, and electric light. No road charges. Price from £200 per plot.
SOLE AGENTS,
GOLBIE and GREEN, 9, Bruton-street, London, W.1.

OLD HAMPSTEAD.
UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY of creating an Estate on model architectural lines by the purchase of about 7 ACRES of FREEHOLD LAND approached by private roads, at present producing from old residential property about £2,500 per annum. Possession of the entirety can be had in sections.—FAREBROTHER, ELLIS and Co., 29, Fleet-street, E.C.4.

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS

Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

A GEM OF EARLY ENGLISH ARCHITECTURE.

WILTS AND SOMERSET BORDERS.
HINTON ABBEY, HINTON CHARTERHOUSE.

Gloriously situated on a hillside nearly 400ft. above sea level on the site of the Carthusian Priory of Hinton (remains of which are in the grounds), about one mile from Frashford and six miles from Bath.

Historical Freehold Tudor Manor House, in excellent preservation, facing South, approached by long drive and containing entrance hall, four reception rooms, 10-12 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, complete domestic offices with servants' hall; central heating; electric light; independent hot water system.

Monastic Chapel, Refectory, Monks' Dormitory, Library, and Dovecote.

Garage, Stabling, Farmery. Entrance Lodge. Five Cottages. Beautifully Timbered Pleasure Grounds and 130 acres wood, remainder pasture and arable, the whole estate covering about

280 ACRES,

about 150 acres being in hand, and of which vacant possession is offered on completion. Residue well let and producing £230 14s. per annum. For SALE privately, or, if unsold, by AUCTION, June 3rd next. Solicitor.—Christopher C. Gill, Esq., 3, Miles-buildings, Bath. Joint Auctioneers.—Messrs. FORTT, HATT and BILLINGS, 3, Burton-street, Bath; and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1. Surrey Office, West Byfleet.

ADJOINING
CHIPSTEAD GOLF LINKS.
Private Gate on to the Seventh Tee.
DELIGHTFUL OLD DUTCH-STYLE COTTAGE RESIDENCE.
occupying a beautiful situation 500ft. up, enjoying panoramic views of the Downs.
Quaint entrance and lounge hall, two reception, five or six bed rooms, bath room, maids' sitting room and offices.
Many quaint interior features. Co.'s gas and water; electric light available; modern drainage.
Charming pleasure garden with exceptionally good tennis court, pretty courtyard, vegetable garden, rose beds, and delightful spinney; in all
ABOUT ¾ ACRE.
LOW PRICE 3,000 GUINEAS FREEHOLD.
Inspected and highly recommended by the Sole London Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

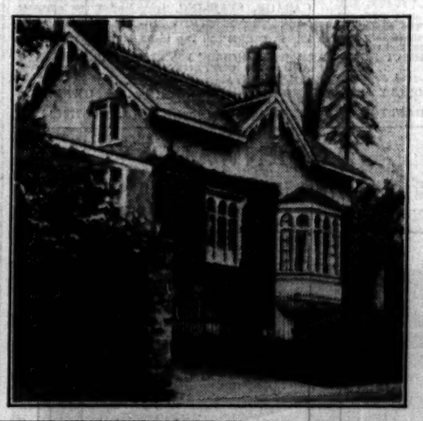
HENDON (Best Part).
Close to station, shops, golf, &c.
WELL-BUILT PRE-WAR RESIDENCE,
conveniently planned on two floors, enjoying South aspect.
Three reception rooms, five-six bed rooms, bath room, good domestic offices.
Electric light and power. Garage (two cars).
LARGE GARDEN
with fruit trees, kitchen garden, flower beds, &c.
FOR SALE,
OR TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.
Further particulars from
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HERTS.
Good position on the outskirts of the county town, on high ground, commanding fine views.
WELL-APPOINTED RESIDENCE, in excellent order, containing:—
Lounge hall, four reception, eight bed rooms, three bath rooms.
Main drainage; electric light.
Company's gas and water, radiators; garage; cottage.
Well-laid-out pleasure gardens, lawns, flower borders, shady trees, and shrubs.
IN ALL ¾ ACRE.
PRICE, FREEHOLD, £3,500,
or £2,700 without the Cottage.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

A CITY MAN'S IDEAL.
"MEROK," NORTH PARK,
GERRARD'S CROSS, BUCKS.
Most attractive FREEHOLD MODERN RESIDENCE in a good district, easy access of the City and West End; lounge hall, three reception, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, and compact offices; co.'s electric light, gas, and water; modern drainage; telephone; site for garage.
BEAUTIFUL GARDENS, with tennis lawn and orchard, in all
ABOUT ONE ACRE.
Low Price.
For SALE privately or by AUCTION later. Inspected and recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BEDFORD PARK (best part).
25 minutes from City and West End by an excellent service of electric trains.
A VERY ATTRACTIVE DETACHED RESIDENCE,
tastefully decorated and in good order throughout.
Large hall, six bed rooms, dressing room, two reception rooms, bath room, well-arranged offices.
Electric light and power, part central heating.
Detached garage. Pretty garden.
FOR SALE, FULLY FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
Strongly recommended by
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

PHENOMENAL BARGAIN.
DULWICH.
UPSET PRICE ONLY £500.
Soundly constructed RESIDENCE, five minutes from station, shops, &c.
Entrance hall, two-three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms; electric light and power; garage (two rooms over); well-stocked, matured garden of about One Acre. AUCTION LATE MAY (unless sold in meantime).—Sole Agents,
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.



DEVON,
HONITON.
An enchanting
OLD-FASHIONED COTTAGE,
with all modern conveniences.
Five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, &c.
GARAGE. CENTRAL HEATING.
Electric light. Gas. Main water. Main drainage.
To ensure quick sale offered at the low price of
£1,500,
FREEHOLD.
HEWITT & CHERRY,
1, Bedford-circus, Exeter.
'Phone 3479.

FACTORIES
3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

FREEHOLD FACTORY PREMISES for SALE, DALSTON: 20,000 sq. ft., 12,000 covered; draw-in-yard; 15 minutes City and West End; vacant possession.—Write Box E.482, The Times, E.C.4.

TO BE LET ON LEASE
(within 25 minutes of London).
NEWLY ERECTED FACTORIES.
2,000 to 32,000 square feet.
SLOUGH ESTATES, LTD.,
TRADING ESTATES,
SLOUGH.
Telephone: Slough 240.
OVER 120 FIRMS ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

SALES BY AUCTION
4 *lines* 9*s.* (*minimum*)

To Land Speculators, Wharfingers, Timber and Gravel Merchants, Farmers, and others.

HERTS, BUCKS and MIDDLESEX.
For SALE by AUCTION in 15 lots, at the Swan Hotel, Rickmansworth, Wednesday, 28th May, 1930, at 4.30 p.m.
VALUABLE FREEHOLD SHOP PLOTS, High-street, Hunton Bridge, for the erection of shops, garages and business premises.
SHEPHERDS-HILL FARM, HAREFIELD, 45½ Acres valuable Freehold Land (and premises), ripe for development as a BUILDING ESTATE for small houses, having useful frontages to existing roads.
BATCHWORTH WHARF, RICKMANSWORTH.—Valuable frontages to the Grand Junction Canal and River Colne—extensive warehouses, machine sheds, stabling, offices, and two cottages, in all over one acre; very suitable for timber trade.
LODGE LANE SAND and GRAVEL PITS, CHALFONT ST. GILES, together with the machinery, sheds, trade stock, &c., and equipment; a substantial brick-built Bungalow (vacant), in all 17½ Acres. The goodwill will also be included.
Within a short walk of Chalfont-road Station (Metropolitan Railway), two parcels of FREEHOLD BUILDING LAND, with frontages of over 3,700ft. to LODGE LANE and LONG-WALK, CHALFONT ST. GILES, together embracing an area of 22 Acres; suitable for the erection of small houses.
600ft. up amid the Chilterns, the Freehold Pleasure or small Dairy Farm known as SPRING COPPICE FARM, SPEEN, BUCKS, with an old-fashioned farmhouse and farm buildings; 41½ Acres orchard and pasture land.
Plans and particulars may be obtained of the Auctioneers.

STIMPSON, LOCK & VINCE,
9, Station-road, Watford; Station Bridge, Northwood, and at St. Albans, Bushey, and Pinner.
Solicitors, Messrs. F. T. Jones and Son, 68, Coleman-street, E.C.2.

DOUGLAS YOUNG & CO.
FORTHCOMING AUCTION SALES.
May 15th, on the Premises.
FOREST HILL.—GROVE HOUSE, DACRES-ROAD.—Detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE in attractive grounds; lounge hall, three reception, five bed, bath; vacant possession.
(Followed by Sale of Contents.)
May 21st, London Auction Mart.
CLAPHAM.—15, HETHERINGTON-ROAD.—Eight rooms, bath; part possession; remainder producing £38 7s.; lease 38 years unexpired; ground-rent £8 per annum.
BROCKLEY.—48, CHALSEY-ROAD.—Eight rooms, bath; possession; lease 66½ years unexpired; ground-rent £7 7s. per annum.
CITY of LONDON (Re John Howell and Co., Ltd.).—By Order of the Liquidator.—Unique opportunity. CORNER PREMISES, CARTER-LANE, ADDLE-HILL, and WARDROBE PLACE. Shops and Offices; actual and estimated income £2,735 per annum; over 10,000ft. vacant possession; lease 28¾ years unexpired; head rents £870 per annum.
Full particulars of Auctioneers, 69, Coleman-street, E.C.2, and 213, Clapham-road, S.W.9.

65, ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD.
VALUABLE LONG LEASEHOLD.
SHOP & OFFICE PREMISES.
Floor space about 7,000 sq. ft. Lift, central heating. Frontage to Churchyard 18ft., depth 70ft., return frontage to Canon-alley 35ft.
WITH VACANT POSSESSION.
For SALE by AUCTION by Messrs.
GOOCH & WAGSTAFF
at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Wednesday, May 28th, 1930, at 2.30 p.m.
Solicitors: Messrs. Hewitt, Woollacott and Chown, 6, Bond-court, Walbrook, E.C.4.
Auctioneers' Offices:—
79, CORNHILL-STREET, BANK, E.C.2.
Telephone, Metropolitan 8293.

SHELLWOOD MANOR ESTATE,
Three miles from Holmwood, four miles from Dorking and Reigate,
comprising
A FINE OLD MANOR HOUSE,
having half, three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, bath room; garage; company's water and electric light; TWO STOCK RAISING and GRAZING FARMS, SEVERAL SMALL HOLDINGS, NUMEROUS ENCHANTING WOODLANDS and OTHER BUILDING SITES, SMALL RESIDENCES and COTTAGES.
The whole extending to an area of about
1,084 ACRES,
which will be offered for SALE by AUCTION, in 48 lots, by Messrs.
GOLBIE & GREEN,
at the Red Lion Hotel, Dorking, on Monday, May 12th, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. precisely (unless previously disposed of privately).
Full particulars, plans, and conditions of sale of the Vendors, Messrs. Percy Harvey Properties, Ltd., Moorgate Station-chambers, E.C.
The Solicitors, Messrs. Hackrell, Maton, Godlee and Quincey, 21, Cannon-street, E.C.4, or of
The Auctioneers, at their Offices, 9, Bruton-street, London, W.1. Telephone, Mayfair 3875-6.

SALES BY AUCTION (continued)

J. EWART GILKES & PARTNERS,
2, HANS-ROAD, BROMPTON-ROAD
(adjoining Harrods), S.W.3.
Telephone: Sloane 6149-9, will offer
THREE DISTINCTIVE and ATTRACTIVE HOUSES by AUCTION at tempting reserves at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, E.C., at 2.30 p.m.

SALE THIS DAY.
OVERLOOKING REGENT'S PARK
2, TITCHFIELD-TERRACE, REGENT'S PARK.—REALLY DELIGHTFUL modernised GEORGIAN FREEHOLD HOUSE, four reception rooms, five bed rooms, three bath rooms, parquet floors. Central heating throughout. Independent hot water. Large double garage connected with house. Ideal for conversion into two self-contained maisonettes or for private occupation. Perfect decorative repair.

56, BRYANSTON-STREET, MARBLE ARCH, W.1.
Ideal for Doctor or similar profession, or private occupation. Modernised and redecorated double-fronted Leasehold House. Two reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room, &c. Lease 22 years; ground-rent £50.

26, BASIL-STREET, KNIGHTSBRIDGE.
TOWN HOUSE of dignity and character, having large lounge, three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, three bath rooms. Central heating throughout. Parquetry floors and perfect decorations. Lease 53 years, ground-rent £250.
Particulars and conditions of sale of the above properties of the Solicitors, Messrs. Chapman-Walker and Shephard, 25, Dover-street, W.1, and the Auctioneers, Messrs. J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, as above.

SALE WEDNESDAY NEXT, MAY

Telephone: Regent 7560. Telegrams: "Selanist, Picy, London."

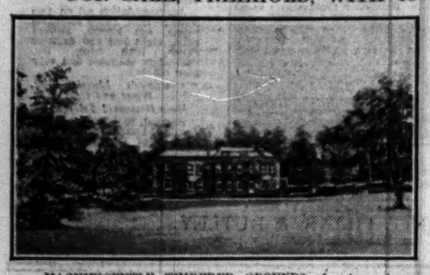
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

Branches: WIMBLEDON. Phone 0080. HAMPSTEAD. Phone 2727.

BETWEEN REIGATE AND DORKING

AND WITHIN THREE MILES OF THE FAMOUS WALTON HEATH GOLF COURSE.

FINE OLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, WITH 18 OR 55 ACRES.



The house occupies one of the most delightful positions in the county, and is approached by two long drives with lodge entrances.

Electric light. Company's water. Main drainage. Central Heating. Telephone.

Panelled lounge hall, spacious dining and panelled drawing rooms, billiard or music room, panelled library, 13 or 14 bed and dressing rooms (all guests' rooms have lavatory basins), four bath rooms, complete offices.

Stabling. Garages.

Accommodation for men.

FARMERY. FOUR COTTAGES.

MAGNIFICENTLY TIMBERED GROUNDS of unique charm; broad terrace and lawn, two grass tennis courts, hard court, rose garden, kitchen garden, glasshouses.

TWO BEAUTIFUL LAKES of about Five Acres, with islands and classic temple.

Half-mile from Station, 40 minutes from Town, and in the immediate vicinity of similar high-class properties.

Inspected and recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.15718.)

SURREY AND KENT BORDERS

JUST SOUTH OF THE NORTH DOWNS ABOUT TWO MILES FROM A GOOD STATION.

FOR SALE, CHARMING RESIDENCE OF THE GEORGIAN TYPE.

Occupying a lovely position in the centre of its parklike grounds.

LODGE ENTRANCE. SOUTH ASPECT. MODEL FARMERY.

TWO OTHER COTTAGES.

Company's water. Electric light.

Drawing room (22ft. by 20ft. 6in.), dining room (23ft. 3in. by 17ft.), smoking room (25ft. by 18ft.), fourth sitting room, 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms.

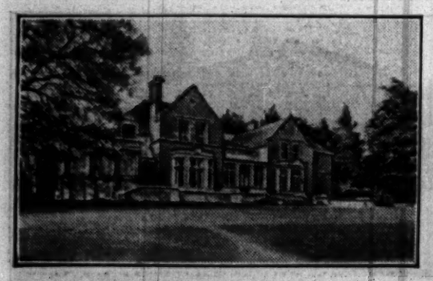
GARAGE, LOOSE BOXES.

DELIGHTFUL GROUNDS WITH STREAM, DOUBLE TENNIS COURT, WALLED GARDEN, ORCHARD, PARKLAND.

IN ALL ABOUT 39 ACRES.

A BRIGHT SUNNY HOUSE WITH A LOVELY OUTLOOK.

Inspected and recommended by the Agents:—
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (K.20986.)



SOMERSET.

NEAR THE DORSET BORDER.

HUNTING WITH TAUNTON VALE AND OTHERS.

In the same family since its erection,

now for urgent Sale on most attractive terms.

SOLID STONE-BUILT HOUSE ON A SOUTHERN SLOPE.

Near charming old Country Town. Magnificent views.

The residence is exceptionally well built, well equipped with town water, gas and drains, and contains fine hall and staircase, four reception rooms, billiard room, 10 or 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms, and good offices.

Model stabling for eight horses. Garages for five cars. Two cottages.

FINE OLD WALLED GARDENS and small range of glass. Beautifully-sheltered pleasure grounds, dropping from in terraces to the South to valuable timbered parkland, about

57 ACRES IN ALL.

The Property would be Sold as a whole for far less than the cost of stable block, or might be divided.

THE WHOLE PLACE IS BEAUTIFULLY MAINTAINED.

Inspected and strongly recommended.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (W.7863.)

THE LOVELY SOUTH DEVON COAST.

OCCUPYING UNDOUBTEDLY ONE OF THE FINEST SITUATIONS.

Overlooking a sandy bay, entrance to harbour, and having views of wonderful beauty, in fact the finest scenery along the whole of the coast.

FOR SALE,

UNIQUE AND UNUSUALLY CHARMING PROPERTY.

The House, designed by a well-known Architect, is exceptionally well built, the outer walls being of beautiful stone. It contains briefly:—

Hall, cloak room, lavatory (hot and cold), splendid dining hall about 30ft. by 12ft., lounge or drawing room about 20ft. by 13ft. (*both these rooms open to verandah*), six or seven bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, bright offices with maids' sitting room.

All modern comforts, electric light and power plugs, central heating, company's water.

Garage with chauffeur's room. Flower room, &c.

LOVELY GARDENS,

with abundance of flowers, beautiful shrubs and plants, terraces, lawns, beautiful herbaceous borders, sundial, bird baths, and other appealing features, partly walled kitchen garden, in all nearly

3 ACRES.

A FLIGHT OF STONE STEPS LEADS DOWN ON TO THE BEACH.

Splendid yachting and boating facilities. Several golf links near by.

Full details of Mr. L. H. Page, Estate Agent, Salcombe, Devon, or Sole Agents (C.41278.)

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

Strongly recommended from personal inspection.

"THE COPSE," WATER TOWER HILL, SOUTH CROYDON.

Occupying a wonderful and unique position in the highest point of this favourite residential locality, entirely secluded and quiet and free from all traffic nuisances, commanding extensive views, and yet within easy distance of two stations with wonderful train service.

IN PERFECT ORDER AND DELIGHTFULLY APPOINTED.

The well-planned House provides nine bed rooms, study, two bath rooms, billiard and three reception rooms, maids' room, and offices.

ALL COMPANIES' SUPPLIES. GARAGES FOR THREE CARS.

First-rate tennis and other lawns, rock and rose gardens and spinney.

The whole about ONE ACRE.

View strictly by order only from the Agents,

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.29022.)

CLOSE TO ONE OF SURREY'S WELL-KNOWN GOLF COURSES.

ABOUT 35 MINUTES FROM WATERLOO.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD.

pre-War MODERN HOUSE, in sunny situation.

Lounge hall, two good reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, bath room, compact offices. *All main services, independent hot water supply.*

GARAGE with wash-down.

Beautifully kept grounds of about ONE ACRE, tennis lawn, flower and kitchen garden, &c.

Inspected and recommended. (S.22402.)

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

HANTS & WILTS BORDERS. FOR SALE AT £7 PER ACRE,

EXCELLENT FREEHOLD SPORTING ESTATE of about

1,100 ACRES,

including some 130 acres of woodlands, plantations and belts providing good natural covert, whilst the partridge ground is also very good.

There are THREE FARMS, with CAPITAL FARMHOUSES, buildings, and eight cottages let off and producing £637 per annum. Sporting in hand.

A GENUINE BARGAIN.

Sole Agents,

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

ABOUT 30 MINUTES FROM BAKER-STREET.

On two floors only. All modern conveniences.

MIDDLESEX.

FOR SALE, attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; three reception rooms, sun loggia, seven bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, and offices.

DOUBLE GARAGE.

Charming well-stocked grounds, tennis lawn, rose terrace, kitchen garden, &c., in all about ONE ACRE. Near several golf courses.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (M.34311.)

BETWEEN

KING'S LYNN AND NORWICH

IN AN EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD PARTRIDGE COUNTRY AND WITH CAPITAL HUNTING AND FIRST-RATE SOCIAL ADVANTAGES.

TO BE SOLD WITH ABOUT 30 OR 330 ACRES.

A well-planned RESIDENCE, delightfully situate on rising ground, with a very pretty outlook, and approached through an Avenue of Limes, guarded by superior Lodge.

Electric lighting, central heating, &c., are installed, and the accommodation includes:—

Three reception rooms, nine bed rooms, bath room, maids' sitting room, and well-found offices.

GARAGE, STABLING. PAIR OF COTTAGES.

The grounds, which include an unusually beautiful rock and water garden, contain fine old timber, croquet and two tennis lawns, fine walled garden, and parklands.

COMPACT HOME FARM WITH HOUSE, EXCELLENT BUILDINGS AND TWO COTTAGES.

The whole in first-rate heart and condition.

STRONGLY RECOMMENDED from inspection by the OWNER'S AGENTS,

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (E.7784.)

CORNWALL

ON THE S.E. COAST,

IN A GRAND POSITION FACING THE SEA.

To be SOLD, a most attractive, well-planned and charmingly appointed RESIDENCE containing two large reception rooms, good offices, bath room, five (or more) principal bed rooms, maids' accommodation over garage for two cars, play or box room, &c.

Gas in kitchen suites. Electric lighting.

TASTEFULLY LAID OUT GROUNDS OF 1¼ ACRES.

If desired the furniture (genuine old oak pieces, beds by Heals, china, &c., by Goodes, &c.)

can also be purchased.

Price and particulars from Owner's Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.41214.)

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London." Sussex Office: West Byfleet.

ORDER OF SALE ON THURSDAY NEXT, MAY 8th,

AT HARRODS ESTATE SALE ROOMS, S.W.1, AT 2.30 P.M.

1. NOCK HILL, DENHAM, BUCKS.—Choice Freehold Residence; garage, lodge, about 3 acres.
2. WENTWORTH HOUSE, WICKHAM, HAMPSHIRE.—Queen Anne Residence; garage and large garden.
3. NORTON, KENLEY, SURREY.—Well-appointed Freehold Residence; building for garage; 1¼ acre.
4. ABINGER, EWELL, SURREY.—Pretty Freehold Residence with garage and half an acre.
5. RIDGE HOUSE, WINCHMORE HILL, N.21.—Freehold Residence for professional man; garage and large garden.

6-12 (even numbers), York-road, Winchmore Hill, N.21.—Four freehold residences producing £316 per annum.

BEAUTIFUL PART OF BUCKS.

EXECUTORS' SALE. 550 FEET UP. FINE VIEWS. COMPLETE IN EVERY WAY.

A MINIATURE SHOW PLACE WITH LOW UPKEEP.

COST OVER £20,000. PRESENT PRICE £6,000.

PICTURESQUE OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE WITH MODERN ADDITIONS,

containing a quantity of old oak and other features. Oak-panelled dining hall, two reception rooms, billiard or music room, two bath rooms, nine bed rooms, offices, &c.; company's electric light and water; modern drainage; telephone; two cottages; garages for four cars; model farmery; outbuildings.

REALLY BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GARDENS

which have been laid out at a large expense and at the moment are in excellent order; also valuable pasture, the whole extending to

ABOUT 17¼ ACRES.

N.B.—Further land available. Inspected and very strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SOMETHING OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

KINGSWOOD AND CHIPSTEAD.

PRICE £2,600. FREEHOLD.

500 feet above sea level. Glorious unspoilt country. Under 20 miles from London. Southern aspect.

A QUAINT OLD-FASHIONED FARMHOUSE

with all modern conveniences. Hall, two reception, billiard room, well-arranged domestic offices, five bed rooms, bath room, box room, &c.

Central heating. Electric light. Company's water. Modern drainage. Telephone. Large building suitable for garage.

MATURED GARDENS,

with tennis court, kitchen garden, paddock, in all about

3 ACRES.

Full particulars of the Owner's Agents, Messrs. ALEXANDER KING and GOULD, 57, Conduit-street, W.1, and HARRODS, Ltd., 62 and 64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NORTH CORNWALL.

Five miles from the Cornish Coast, commanding glorious views.

"GONVENA," WADEBRIDGE,

standing on a hill amidst delightful surroundings.

WELL APPOINTED FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, with entrance hall, three to four reception rooms, cloak room, 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete domestic offices.

GARAGE. STABLING. FARMERY. COTTAGE.

Well-timbered pleasure grounds, two tennis courts, walled kitchen garden, 35 Acres of rich pasture, in all

ABOUT FORTY-TWO ACRES.

Excellent Hunting: Shooting and Fishing.

For SALE privately; if unsold, AUCTION in June.

Auctioneers, Messrs. BUTTON and MUTTON, St. Tudy, Cornwall, and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SURREY BARGAIN.

Wentworth Golf and Tennis Club one mile. On high ground. Sand and gravel soil.

MELLOWED OLD HOUSE

in show gardens of the district (yet inexpensive of upkeep), lawns, kitchen garden, and paddocks, in all

ABOUT SEVEN ACRES.

Six bed rooms, four reception rooms, two bath rooms; electric light; Co.'s gas and water; telephone; excellent water; separate hot-water supply; garage for three or four, outbuildings; five-roomed lodge.

PRICE FREEHOLD ONLY £3,800.

Inspected and strongly recommended by the Agents,

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

STOKE POGES (Near).

surrounded by large Estates.

TO BE LET FURNISHED FOR THREE MONTHS OR LONGER.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOUSE,

with every possible convenience, splendidly furnished, within easy reach of the River and main line stations.

The accommodation on two floors comprises—Hall, five reception, 14 bed rooms, two dressing rooms, four bath rooms; Co.'s water, electric light; central heating and telephone.

BEAUTIFUL OLD-WORLD GARDENS, dotted with magnificent specimen trees, wide-spreading lawns, rose garden, kitchen garden, and grassland, in all

ABOUT 22 ACRES.

Garage for four cars, with additional garage accommodation.

Inspected and strongly recommended by the Agents,

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OWNER MUST SELL.

HERTFORDSHIRE.

Forty-five minutes Town; favourite district, commanding much floral views; 350ft. above sea level.

WELL-APPOINTED CHARMING FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

with large and lofty rooms; electric light; central heating.

Free of the minimum cost of upkeep.

Spacious hall, cloak room, three large reception rooms, billiard or dance room, conservatory; 11 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.

Garage, chauffeur's flat, stabling; gardener's cottage; greenhouse, &c.

BEAUTIFUL GARDENS,

two tennis lawns, mixed orchard, &c., of

ABOUT 3½ ACRES.

Further land adjoining up to 10 acres can be acquired if desired.

Price considerably reduced to £4,250 for a quick sale.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

ROEHAMPTON AND WIMBLEDON.

High and healthy position. Splendid views.

FOR SALE AT A MARKET PRICE

Exceedingly attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, designed by well-known architect for present owner. Entrance hall, cloak room, three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, three bath rooms, offices.

Central heating, Co.'s electric light, gas and water; independent hot water; main drainage.

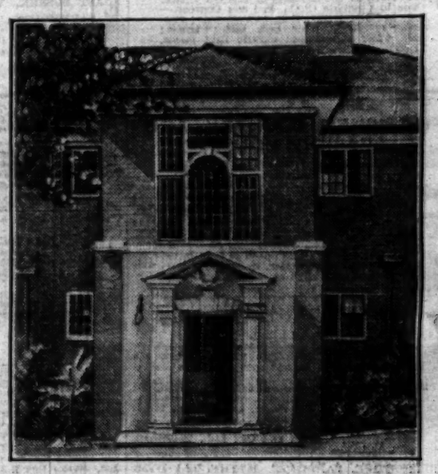
Garage and chauffeur's flat; charming gardens, with tennis lawn, in all

ABOUT 1¼ ACRE.

First-rate golf, polo and tennis.

Recommended by the Sole Agents,

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.



FOR CONTINUATION OF ADVERTISEMENTS SEE OVERLEAF.

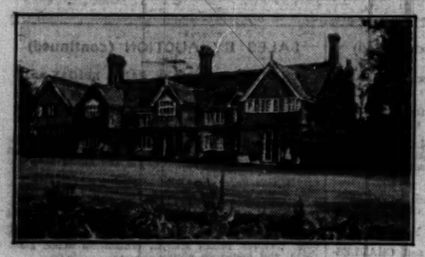
TELEPHONE: GROSVENOR 1440 (THREE LINES).

WILSON & CO.

F. R. WILSON, F.S.I. A. J. SOUTHERN, F.A.I. C. H. NEWBERY, F.S.I., F.A.I.

BEAUTIFUL OLD WEST SUSSEX MANOR HOUSE.

Lovely exterior of mellowed brickwork with stone slab roof.



300 ACRES.

A place of rare charm and character, with original oak beams, fireplaces, and fine old oak panelling.

Lounge hall, three delightful reception rooms, 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms, electric light, central heating; garages; stabling.

Several cottages; lovely old gardens, with portions of the old moat and fishponds; home farm, for the most part good pasture; capital buildings.

Well-timbered woods. The Estate is bordered by the River Arun.

In first-class order.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY NOW OR BY AUCTION LATER.

A LOW PRICE WILL BE ACCEPTED.

Sole Agents and Auctioneers, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

THE WELLS ESTATE, EPSOM.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY on the outskirts of the town and under a mile from the station.

CLOSE TO FAMOUS GOLF LINKS.

RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT AS A HIGH-CLASS BUILDING ESTATE.

AN ISLAND SITE. 42 ACRES IN EXTENT.

ENTIRELY SURROUNDED BY EPSOM COMMON.

Included is a delightful COUNTRY HOUSE in the centre of the estate approached by 250 yards carriage drive, 11 bed rooms, three bath rooms, fine hall, four charming reception rooms, complete domestic offices. Fine stabling for eight horses. Garages. Cottage and Chauffeur's Room. Main drains, water, gas, and electric light.

LOVELY OLD-WORLD GARDEN OF GREAT HISTORIC INTEREST.

ALL ON A SOUTHERN SLOPE WITH MAGNIFICENT VIEWS.

For SALE PRIVATELY or by AUCTION on MAY 14th.

Solicitors: Messrs. Maynell and Pemberton, 30, Old Queen-street, Storey's-gate, S.W.

Sole Agents and Auctioneers: WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

ST. GEORGE'S HILL GOLF.

Adjoining the beautiful Estate, half-mile from Station, express trains in 40 minutes. South aspect. Sand soil.

"WITHDEAN," WEYBRIDGE.

A Comfortable FAMILY HOUSE, containing 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms, hall, three reception rooms, and billiard room.

Main electric light, gas, water, and drainage. Garage, stabling, and Chauffeur's Rooms.

CHARMING WELL-TIMBERED GARDENS,

ABOUT FIVE ACRES.

Would be SOLD as a whole, or in four lots.

Public Auction at the London Auction Mart on May 14th next.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Dod, Longstaffe and Fenwick, 16, Berners-street, W.1.
Auctioneers.—Messrs. WILSON and Co., 14 Mount-street, W.1.

DIXON & CO.,

TEL.: SUTTON 3079 (3 LINES).

RAILWAY APPROACH, SUTTON, SURREY.

And facing Railway Station, CHEAM. Tel.: Sutton 1252; and at WALLINGTON.

PROPERTIES BY AUCTION, 29th MAY (unless previously sold).

CHEAM.

High ground. Occupying a secluded position five minutes station and omnibuses, easy reach Banstead Downs and two excellent golf courses. Substantially built detached FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY,

"MAYFIELD," SANDY-LANE.

ON TWO FLOORS.

All appointments of the best quality and all latest modern conveniences. Electric light. CENTRAL HEATING. Six bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms, principal and secondary staircases, lounge hall, fine drawing room 28ft. 8in. by 20ft. 10in., dining room 20ft. 9in. by 16ft. 9in., winter garden, complete well-arranged domestic offices.

Picturesque well-timbered gardens of about ONE and TWO-THIRD ACRES, TENNIS COURT, mature orchard. Range of heated glass houses. ENTRANCE LODGE with three rooms, scullery. BRICK GARAGE with two rooms over.

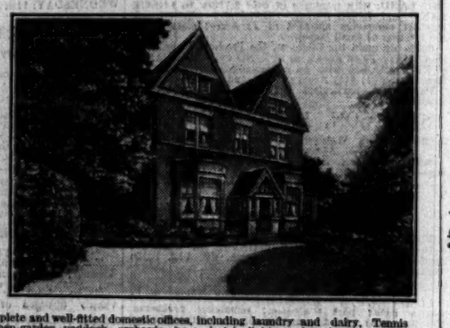
SUTTON.

Well-wooded district. Easy reach two stations. Close to buses. Convenient for Morden Tube. *Ten miles from London.*

Most easily worked, imposing, substantially built and excellently appointed detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

"THE GRENNELL," GRENNELL-ROAD.

Standing in very fine, well-planted and maintained grounds and gardens of NEARLY FOUR ACRES, with VALUABLE BUILDING FRONTAGES on THREE SIDES. Well-arranged accommodation, seven bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, charming drawing room, with polished oak parquet floor (25ft. 3in. by 21ft. 3in.), dining room (25ft. 6in. by 15ft.), large morning room; pretty winter garden.



Ground-floor lavatory, very complete and well-fitted domestic offices, including laundry and dairy. Tennis and other lawns, forest trees, kitchen garden, paddock, orchards, &c.; electric light, modern improvements. Summerhouse. Greenhouse. DETACHED GARAGE or stabling.

WALLINGTON. By Order of the Executors. In one of the best residential roads in the district. Chalk soil. 5min. station, shops, and buses.—Attractive, well-built Detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

"NEWLANDS," HOLMWOOD-GARDENS.

Conveniently planned TWO FLOORS. Electric light, modern improvements. Five bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, large loft (could be converted into bed room), three good reception rooms, kitchen, tiled scullery; attractively laid out gardens; garage space.

CHEAM. Fine high situation. 10mins. station and shops. Near Banstead Downs and Golf Links.—Attractive modern Detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

"HILLRISE," BURDON-LANE.

Eight bed rooms, tiled, well-fitted bath room, oak-panelled hall, ground-floor lavatory, drawing room 20ft. 7in. by 15ft. 4in., oak-panelled dining room with slatted ceiling 20ft. 7in. by 16ft. 2in., morning room, loggia, good domestic offices; tastefully laid out gardens: TENNIS LAWN, rose walk, kitchen garden, heated greenhouse; DETACHED GARAGE.

ILLUSTRATED PARTICULARS OF THESE PROPERTIES MAY BE OBTAINED FROM DIXON & CO., as above.

11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

Telephone: Gros. 1453. (Private Branch Exchange.)

EWART, WELLS & CO.

EXECUTORS' SALE: BELOW PROBATE VALUATION.

ESTIMATED COST, £20,000. TO-DAY'S PRICE, £6,500.

FAVOURITE BERKHAMSTED. 45 MINUTES OF LONDON. NEAR NUMEROUS GOLF COURSES.

EXCEPTIONAL EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES.

THIS CHARMING OLD RESIDENCE OF THE MANOR HOUSE TYPE, and possessing considerable character, approached by a short drive, containing two halls, four reception, 11 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, capital offices, handsome oak staircase and secondary ditto. CO.'S ELECTRIC LIGHT, GAS AND WATER. CENTRAL HEATING. MAIN DRAINAGE. INDEPENDENT HOT WATER. Hunter stabling, garage for four or five cars, cottage, small farmery. The gardens are an exceptional feature, being magnificently timbered. They include wild garden; grass walk, tennis lawn, orchard, walled kitchen garden, the whole extending to

33 ACRES FREEHOLD. PRICE £6,500.

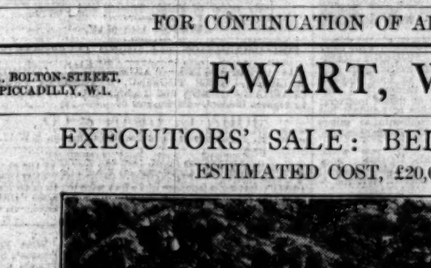
WARNING.—The house is close to the road from Berkhamsted to Aylesbury, and this might be considered a drawback by certain persons, whilst others will appreciate its advantages.

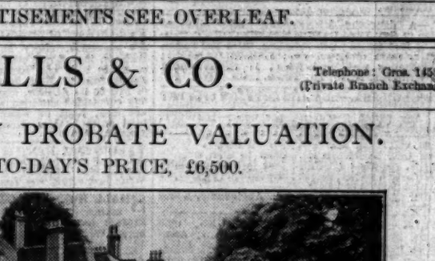
LIBERAL MORTGAGE TO AN APPROVED BUYER.

STRONGLY RECOMMENDED FROM PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE BY MESSRS. EWART, WELLS & CO., 11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

£3,450. A GEM OF A BYGONE AGE. £3,450.

BETWEEN WALTON HEATH AND OXTED. ONLY 18 MILES FROM TOWN.





RESTORED BY THE EMINENT ARCHITECT, MR. BAILEY SCOTT.

A man and wife can run the house and garden and it can be shut up like a flat when required. Long drive, three sitting rooms, five bed rooms, bath room (additional easy); electric light; co.'s water. "Ideal" boiler; main drainage, telephone; garage; beautiful grounds with paved terrace and Dutch garden; tennis court, rockery, &c., kitchen garden and nut walk. Cottage if required.

ABOUT 2 ACRES. FREEHOLD ONLY £3,450.

ILLUSTRATED PARTICULARS OF SOLE AGENTS, EWART, WELLS & CO., 11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

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EWART, WELLS & CO.

WONDERFUL WEST COUNTRY BARGAIN.

DEVON AND SOMERSET BORDERS.

400 FEET UP. FACING SOUTH.

HUNTING. FISHING. SHOOTING.

EXQUISITE XVIth CENTURY HOUSE WITH MODERN CONVENIENCES.

Nine bed and dressing rooms, bath room, three reception rooms. Co.'s electric light and gas. Main drainage. Constant hot water. Large garage. Stabling. Cottage. Lovely old-world gardens with tennis lawn, walled kitchen garden. Numerous fruit trees, paddock, grassland, in all about

13 ACRES. £3,500.

Inspected and recommended by EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Grosvenor 1453.)

ONLY £2,750.

BEAUTIFUL RED BRICK QUEEN ANNE HOUSE IN THE GARDEN OF ENGLAND,

amidst absolute rurality, and within easy reach of the coast; 200ft. up, facing south; entrance and inner halls, three reception, good offices, with servants' hall, principal and secondary stairs; eight bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms. Lighting, central heating, modern drainage, Co.'s water, telephone; garage for two cars, stabling; cottage and other buildings. The gardens without being too extensive are delightful; orchard and paddocks near by.

6 ACRES. FREEHOLD.

Illustrated particulars of EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, W.1. (Grosvenor 1453.)

FARMS AND NURSERIES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

CHARMING RURAL HOME EASY DAILY REACH TOWN.

RESIDENTIAL DAIRY FARM, 22 miles London; 143 acres (mostly rich pasture); nice house, bath (hot and cold); telephone; company's water, &c.; modern cowhouse for 42, lighted electricity; water-bowls, milking plant; two cottages. FREEHOLD £3,750 or offer.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

EASY DRIVE SUFFOLK COAST.

RESIDENTIAL PLEASURE FARM 40 ACRES; charming old Residence with beautiful exposed old oak; beautiful lounge, dining and billiard rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room; hot water, electric light; pretty gardens; ample buildings; good sport. Great sacrifice at £2,200.—WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.

STUD FARM, TRAINING ESTABLISHMENT or PEDIGREE STOCK FARM.—"THE WARREN FARM, STREATLEY," near to training downs, conveniently near Wantage and Newbury. 215 ACRES, nearly all well-watered grass; splendid modern buildings; Cottage Residence. For SALE by AUCTION 31st May.—Full details of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

HIGH GROUND nine miles of READING.

£1,700.—To be SOLD, a very genuine POULTRY FARM as going concern. Up-to-date plant, 1,000 head of birds. House with three bed, &c. Outbuildings: 27 ACRES. Owner's water. Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

POULTRY FARM, AS GOING CONCERN, 27 ACRES.

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